

McGraw-Hill

AGRICULTURE THE BASIS OF A NATION'S WEALTH

L. C. MACNUTT, Editor and Proprietor.

FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1886.

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OLD AND RELIABLE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES!

"Imperial" of London, England;
"Aetna" of Hartford, Conn.;
"Hartford" of Hartford, Conn.;
"Northern" of London, England;
"City of London" of London, England;
"Fire Insurance Association" of London, England.

Representing in the aggregate in Capital and Assets, over
One Hundred Million Dollars.

All kinds of insurable property covered at Low Rates.
Detached Residences insured for three years at very low rates.
A fair and satisfactory adjustment of loss guaranteed, and claims promptly paid.
LIFE POLICIES written in the Old Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, Assets \$104,000,000—the wealthiest in the world, and pays the largest profits.

JOHN BLACK, Barrister, &c.,
Agent for York County.

Fred. Dec. 16, 1885

JOHNSON'S ARDOLINE LINIMENT

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.
PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS
MAKE NEW, RICH BLOOD.

MAKE HENS LAY CHICKEN CHOLERA.

BURPEE'S FARM ANNUAL FOR 1886

W. ATLEE BURPEE & CO., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THE MOUNT ASTOR FARM, five miles from St. John, containing 90 acres. Cuts 50 tons of Hay, is well watered, and has a fine view of the Bay. Good Barns, and large Dwelling House on the Property, will be sold on favorable terms.

WARREN LELAND,

Largest Hotel Enterprises
of America, says that while a passenger from
New York on board a ship going around Cape
Horn, in the early days of emigration to Cali-
fornia, he learned that one of the officers of
the vessel had cured himself, during the voyage,
of an obstinate disease by the use of

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Since then Mr. LELAND has recommended
AYER'S SARSAPARILLA in many similar
cases, and he has never yet heard of a failure
to effect a radical cure.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

GEO. HATT & SONS.

CHRISTMAS GOODS!
Now on hand a full stock of
GROceries
FOR THE
Holiday Season.
Our goods are all fresh and of
the best quality, and at prices that
Challenge Competition.

500lbs. White's choice Confectionery.
Candy from 12 cents upwards.
GEO. HATT & SONS.

Agriculture

Preserve the Hides.

The majority of farmers occasionally kill a cow or sheep, either for family use or to be sold dressed. The hides, especially of beef, is always worth taking considerable pains to care for properly. Yet, either from ignorance or carelessness, a large number of damaged hides are regularly sold in the market.

CARRIAGE and SLEIGH FACTORY!

King Street, Fredericton, N. B.
R. COLWELL, - - - Proprietor.

CARRIAGES, WAGGONS, SLEIGHS and PUNGS

Build to order in the latest and most durable style.

MATERIAL and WORKMANSHIP OF THE BEST
PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO
Painting, Trimming and Repairing Carriages, etc.

ON HAND:
FOR FALL AND WINTER TRADE
A LARGE LOT OF
IVEYS,
PIANO BOX,
TOP PHETONS,
WAGON CONCORDS,
GENERAL GRANDS
AND A LARGE LOT OF
SLEIGHS AND PUNGS
TO BE SOLD CHEAP.

"Golden Fleece."

Christmas Bargains! JACKET AND ULSTER CLOTHS.

The Subscriber has on hand a LARGE
Stock of
**LADIES'
Jacket & Mantle Cloths,**
In Colored and Black for Winter wear,
which he intends to dispose of
At Half Price.
Parties desiring an article of this kind, will find
it to their advantage to call at the

FURS!

We have in stock Ladies' Furs, consisting of
**Seal, Persian Lamb,
and Chanchille.**

Ladies' Fur Lined Cloaks and Gents'
Persian Lamb Caps,
which will be sold less than cost.

Also, a lot of
**Ladies' Jackets, Ulsters, and
Knit Vests at Half Price.**

THOS. A. SHARKEY.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE
DILYNESS, DIZZINESS,
DROPSY,
INDIGESTION,
FLUTTERING
OF THE HEART,
ACIDITY OF
THE STOMACH,
HEADACHE,
DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
AND every species of disease arising from
disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH,
AND BOWELS.

J. G. McNALLY'S BARGAIN COUNTER

CHRISTMAS BAZAAR.

IN order to make trade lively and cash easy,
I have decided to open on December 12th,
a Bargain Counter and Christmas Bazaar for
short time only. The Bargain Counter is at the
old stand, Corner Store, opposite City Hall,
and will be found hundreds of useful and
valuable articles at one-half the usual prices, gen-
erally. Please call and examine. I have made
a number of large inducements for this purpose,
and feel sure you will be repaid for your visit.

What are Bazaar Goods? Attractive special-
ties that are elegant and wonderfully cheap.
Every important town in Europe has its Bazaar
Stores, where fascinating novelties are display-
ed, few of which ever find their way to this mar-
ket. I have undertaken to place some of this
class of goods before my Customers this Christ-
mas. Please remember Bargain Counter is in the
Corner Store, Christmas Bazaar in Chapel Store,
second door above, Opening day December 12th.

BRASS GOODS

SOLID SILVER SPOONS!

TWO more lots of these elegant Brass goods
just to hand. Also a nice lot of Solid Silver
Spoons, at
S. F. SHUTE'S,
Fredericton, Dec. 16, 1885.

Raise Good Colts.

How many farmers they are still to be found in different parts of the country, who imagine it a clever thing to breed from aged and exhausted dams, intent upon the aged beasts paying their way, and knowing that their work is far less profitable than that of the younger mare, these farmers give little heed to the fact that poor, unseasoned colts are produced by this manner of breeding. Everything does not depend upon the stallion. He should, to be sure, possess qualifications of a high order, to be of a rugged constitution and have a good degree of vital energy; but even such a sire cannot impart all the desirable blood to the dam should be, to say the least, a sound, vigorous animal, and not just ready to drop in her tracks.

Then again, if good colts are wanted, do not depend alone upon the general appearance of the stallion or mare, but back the man, and the greater assurance of obtaining the desired results the breeder will have, based upon the principle that "like produces like."

The Poland-China Breed of Swine.

The Poland-China is a breed of pigs of ascending pedigree, using that term in its application to the breed, and not to individuals, which of late have each their own complete pedigree, running back through several generations of careful breeding. We do not need to inquire into the history of the origin of the breed to recognize it as one of great value. It is regarded by a great number of the best and largest swine raisers of America as the very best porking machine in the country, and by all who know much about pigs, as the best of the many distinctively American breeds. Any one can see, by its general form, color and markings, that the Berkshire breed had contributed largely to its formation, and the latter knows very well that in the quality of its flesh, it closely approaches that of its admirable English breed. The qualities which especially recommend it to the American pig raisers, are its hardiness, rapidity of growth, large size, and the favor with which it is regarded by butchers, pork-packers, and others. It has excellent hardy, and produces very little offal. Its bones are small. It is a prolific breeder, kindly and docile in large or small herds, though particularly adapted to the former. It is fit for slaughter at any age, and at six months old ought to weigh two hundred pounds, or over. At a year old, three hundred and fifty pound pigs are not rare, and at eighteen months to two years old, not a few turn the scale at five hundred to six hundred pounds. The color, which is black, or nearly so, with some white in flecks or spots upon the body, and usually with white face and feet, adapts it to our hot summers—American Agriculturist.

A Wholesome Drink.

The casein or curd left in butter-milk, is in nature and composition, almost exactly the same as lean beef. It is so finely divided and diffused that it can be digested and begin to be appropriated almost as soon as it enters the stomach. The mild lactic acid tonic, with the casein, tones up and nourishes the stomach, and supplies nutriment to the whole body, as it is soon carried to every portion by the circulating blood. Then, in the absence of the less digestible (butter) and on account of its minutely divided state, the buttermilk is disposed of, and out of the way of the stronger food of the table, while the stomach itself does not come to the heavier task already warred out by a cooking up a heavy lunch. Physiologically, or physiologically at least, good buttermilk is the best between food and drink, except so much pure water as is needed to supply the waste by perspiration. A moderate quantity, from a coffee cupful to a pint of the curd, is enough to keep the stomach and bowels in good order, and to prevent unpleasant effects. If, in any case, it tends to looseness of the bowels, as of itself it very seldom will, a trifle of ginger taken before or after will usually be corrective.

Imported Eggs.

The California grocer says: The imported trade in eggs has just five years. In 1880 it had actually no existence. In 1881 the product began to come in small quantities from Germany, Denmark, Sweden, and Norway, and now in the first and fourth quarters of each year the imports arrive in very respectable commercial quantities. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884, there were imported 16,487,204 dozen eggs valued at \$1,777,340. Nearly the same amount was paid in 1883 for a million dozen less, a considerable gain in food supply for the two years at a very small additional outlay. The principal foreign sources of imported eggs are the British North American Provinces, even British Columbia having contributed 300 dozen to American tables during the year 1884, while Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island sold us 11,594,215 dozen at 43¢, 07¢, and Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and the Northwest Territory sent us 11,694,215 dozen, and took away in return \$1,908,296 of American money.

Keep the Lads on the Farm.

Many a bright boy, reared on the farm, becomes inoculated with a desire to try his fortune in the city, and in many cases, this wish is fostered by his indulgent mother. She can't bear to have her son toiling in the field when she is sure he would graze a profession. So she manages to crowd him through a college, and he commences his legal studies in a lawyer's office. Years pass before he can be admitted to the bar; and how long must he contend against fearful rivalry and difficulties before he finds himself favored with a tolerable practice? But, granting that he at length becomes eminent and wealthy, what sacrifices must be made in health and constitution before he shall have found himself at the summit of the toilsome ascent—to say nothing of the little time afforded him through his long and weary journey

FARM NOTES.

The more rapidly the animals are finished and fattened the greater the profits.
The best sugar product of the world exceeds that of cane sugar by nearly 450,000 tons annually.

Eggs that are gathered for hatching should be as uniform in size as possible—that is all that are put under the same hen.

It is claimed that the grains of corn which grow on the tassels will produce new varieties, often differing most widely from the parent stock.

Many English farmers practice shearing their lambs early in mid-summer, and claim that a great growth of carcasses is obtained thereby.

The escaping ammonia from the manure, unless stables are kept clean and pure, often causes sore eyes and lung troubles in the animals sheltered in a farm.

A farmer thinks he has discovered that the common larkspur is fatal to the potato bug. He proposes next year to plant it numerously among potato vines.

The members of the American Cytodendro Association are again agitating the plan of raising the registry fee on importations—stallions at \$100, mares to \$50.

When long silvery hairs are found extending beyond the feathers on the lower part of the body of the bird it is almost a certain indication of health and hardiness.

In 1880 the United States produced \$50,000,000 worth of poultry, and France, a country infinitely smaller in territory, produced just twice as much, \$100,000,000.

Do not make the mistake of confining your cattle too closely, but permit them to go free a sufficient time to get all the good water they want, and have plenty of exercise.

The missing trees in the orchard should be replaced by thrifty young trees of some choice variety. It pays to keep all the space within the boundaries of the orchard fully occupied.

There is a pigeon roost near Framingham, Ind., where countless thousands of the birds congregate every night, almost destroying the timber by breaking the limbs with their immense weights.

The city of London, England, eats in one year butcher's meat to the value of \$250,000,000, and consumes in a year about 1,400,000 oxen, 1,500,000 sheep, 1,300,000 calves, and 250,000 swine.

True economy in farm matters is wise use of resources, with care to prevent waste. The word signifies something more than saving for there is economy in dispensing the proceeds of labor as well as in husbanding.

Wood ashes can often be purchased cheaply of those who have no land to use them on, or do not know their real value, and it is well to collect all of them that can be collected conveniently and spread around the fruit trees.

The supervisors of Tulare county, Cal., are requested to offer a bounty for the scalp of jack-rabbits, but so numerous are these animals there that it is said at the rate of one cent a dozen the county treasury would soon be exhausted.

Grooming warms the surface of the body by quickening the circulation of the blood, and does not let in the cold as some suppose. Nothing can be more unhealthy than a condition which tends to close the pores of the skin.

Do not forget that vegetables grown on rich soil are more tender and palatable than those that have been grown on thin soil. Keep this in mind and give the garden a heavy coat of manure and caustic lime during the winter.

Every farmer should have a comfortable room where he can mend harnesses or tools, or "tinkering" in days when he cannot work out of doors. It will save many a penny, and the having things in good repair next spring will save much time then.

It is claimed that the best time to sell steers is when they are two years old, as up to that time all they eat helps to build them up—create new tissue and bone—while a large part of that which they eat after that goes to supply wasted tissue.

The agricultural value of fertilizers is just what the farmer using them in each case, and in each season, with his practice, get out of them. This can only be determined by the near himself, and may not be the same from year to year, even when precisely the same article is used.

Horses that have a rackful of hay before them all the time will grow poor, when if fed a limited quantity with some grain they will become fat. The rack filled with hay becomes offensive from the horse's breath, and the animal must be partly starved before he will eat it.

It has been demonstrated by experiment that English thoroughbred horses imported among the Arabs will excel the Arab in speed, but will soon equal it in endurance. The staying qualities of the thoroughbred do not suffer by comparison with those of the famous courser of the desert.

On the eggs of the Asiatic breed of hens, and indeed all the dark-colored eggs, are preferred by cooks and confectioners, and also by those who use them boiled, to the white-shelled ones. The latter, excepting those of game fowls, are deficient in flavor. The dark-colored eggs, as a rule, are larger and heavier than the others.

Expose the Fraud.

Patent medicine venders are now putting up counterfeits in packages as large as a nigger's foot for 25 cents, but they are utterly worthless. One small package of Sherwin's Condition Powders is worth a dry-load of them.

Miscellaneous.

"Button parties" are becoming popular. We don't know whence they derive their name, unless it is because they're almost sure to come off.

"An't it to you paid me that five dollars you owe me," said farmer Smith of Stanley to his neighbor.
"Tain't due," was the reply.
"But you promised to pay me when you got back from Fredericton."
"Well, I ain't been there yet," he replied.
Little Jenny's big sister is entertaining Mr. Skibbers, and thinks she can get along without any assistance; so she puts the little one on the bed, and says:
"Come, little pet, it's time your eyes were closed in sleep."
"Guess not," said Jenn; "Mother told me to keep my eyes open when you got Skibbers here together."
A colored vagrant was brought before the Police Magistrate the other day. "You are a chronic vagrant. You have been punished time and again for begging and stealing," said the Judge. "Hole up, dar, Judge! I never been accused of begging. I've never want to jail five times, and to do penitentiary twice, but I was for stealing every time. Don't try to make me out wusser den I is."
F. Burrows of Wilkesport, writes that he was cured of a very dangerous case of inflammation of the eyes, and that he was cured by the use of five bottles of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Feels great pleasure in recommending it to the public, as he had proved it (for many of the diseases it cures) to his own children, and in nearly every instance it was effectual. Be sure you get the genuine.

Professor: "Why does a duck put his head under water?"
Pupil: "For divers reasons."
Professor: "Why does he go on land?"
Pupil: "For sundry reasons."
Professor: "Next time you may tell us why a duck puts his head under water."
Second Pupil: "To liquidate his bill."
Professor: "And why does he go on land?"
Second Pupil: "To make a run on the bank."

The more you fill a barrel the more it will weigh, said the teacher.
Please, ma'am, is there any exception to the rule? asked an archer.
None whatever. Everything you put in the barrel adds weight to it.
I know an exception, broke in Bobby Sharp.
I guess not. What is it?
Well, ma'am, the more holes you put in a barrel the lighter it gets.

A TRINITY OF EVILS—Biliousness, Constipation and Dropsy, exist together. By disciplining the liver and opening the stomach simultaneously, they may be eradicated. The promptitude and thoroughness with which Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Compound cures these evils, and removes this trinity of physical evils is a fact widely appreciated throughout Canada.

In the little village of Mount Pleasant, in the county of Staffordshire, England, there is a child, whose extraordinary growth excites great wonder. Little Alice, as she is humorously called, is but 4 years of age, yet, while her height is 4 feet, three inches, her weight being no less than 5 feet, so that literally she is broader than she is long. She is bright, intelligent, and remarkably pretty, her hair being of a beautiful golden hue. Her size does not interfere in the least with her activity, as she may often be seen playing with the other children of the village, and her wandering in their company through the country lanes. Her appetite is enormous.

It is certainly glad tidings to the poor invalid to be informed of a remedy that will give prompt and sure relief in case of painful suffering. Hop Bitters, the great Kidney and Liver Cure, adapted for internal and external use in all ordinary aches, pains, lameness and soreness. It cures rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat, croup and all inflammatory pains.

Success in Life
There are some who seem born under a lucky star. Everything they touch is a success, and what is ill luck to others is a find to them. But such geniuses are no pattern. The most of people must depend for success in life upon some plain common sense every day plan, and as a rule, the more they do better on one dollar than another will on a dollar and a half or even two dollars, will wear better clothes, eat better food, and have more time to spend in their own improvement. A dollar in one woman's hands goes more living and comfort for the family, than two dollars expended by another. And such people are not to be envied. They are not in the little things; know how to provide comforts, and know how to save sickness and doctor's bills. They waste not, and want nothing that they do not need. Hop Bitters is a dollar in money, but another dollar in the habit, and they always gain. HUMBREY'S Mucilage (144 pages) richly bound in Cloth and Gilt, will be sent free upon application to the Co., 109 Fulton St., New York.

Can You Answer This?
Is there a person living who ever saw a case of acute biliousness, nervousness or neuralgia, or any disease of the stomach liver or kidneys that Hop Bitters will not cure?
"My mother says Hop Bitters is the only thing that will keep her from severe attacks of neuralgia and headache."—H. C. QUINN, Miss.
"My little sickly, puny baby, was raised into a great healthy boy, and I was changed from a sick bed by using Hop Bitters for a short time."—A. YORNO, ANDERSON.

No one to worry about any Liver, Kidney or Urinary trouble; especially Bright's Disease or Diabetes, as Hop Bitters never fails of a cure where a cure is possible!—T. R. ARRY.

I had severe attack of gravel and Kidney trouble; was unable to get any medicine or doctor to cure me until I used Hop Bitters. —T. R. ARRY.

Unhealthy or inactive kidneys cause "gravel," Bright's disease, rheumatism and a host of other serious and fatal diseases which can be prevented with Hop Bitters if taken in time.

Lansdown, Mich., Feb. 2, 1885. I have sold Hop Bitters for ten years, and there is no medicine that equals them for bilious attacks, kidney troubles and headache. —H. C. QUINN, Miss.

Monroe, Mich., Sept. 25th, 1875. Sir: I have been taking Hop Bitters for an inflammation of kidneys and bladder. It has done for me what four physicians failed to do—cure me. The effect of the Bitters seemed like magic to me. —W. L. CARTER.

Genesee—Your Hop Bitters have been of great value to me. I was laid up with typhoid fever for over two months and could get no relief until I used your Hop Bitters. It cured me from debility, or any one in feeble health, I can't say too much for them. —J. C. STROZBERG, 209 Fulton St., Chicago, Ill.

Paralytic, nervous, tremulous old people are made firm, quiet and sprightly by using Hop Bitters.

None genuine without a bunch of Hop Hitters on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous counterfeits with "Hop" or "Drops" in their name.