Board of Works

THE Maritime Farmer.

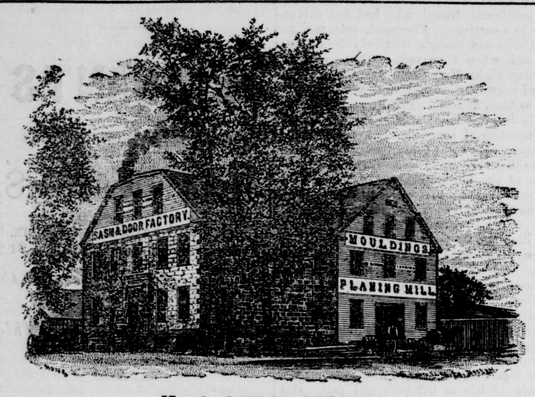
AGRICULTURE THE TRUE BASIS OF A NATION'S WEALTH

LORAN C. MACNUTT, Editor and Proprietor. FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1887. VOL. VIII., NO. 49

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL —AND— EXTERNAL USE.

Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhœa, Kidney Troubles, and Spinal Diseases. We will send free, postpaid, to all who send their names, an Illustrated Pamphlet containing information of very great value. Everybody should have this book, and those who send for it will ever after thank their lucky stars. All who buy or order direct from us, and request it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall be refunded if not abundantly satisfied. Retail price, 25 cts.; 6 bottles, $1.50. Express prepaid to any part of the United States or Canada. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., P. O. Box 2137 Boston, Mass.

THE MOST WONDERFUL FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN.



No. 2, QUEEN STREET.

DOORS, SASHES, BLINDS AND MOULDINGS

FOR BUILDING PURPOSES,

always on hand, or made to order, from kilndried stock. Flooring, Sheathing, Clapboards, Stair stock, &c., &c. Also

Furniture in Bedroom Suits, &c., &c.

OFFICE FURNITURE, &c., ON HAND.

☞ All of the above will be sold LOW for cash or approved payments.

Fredericton, April 6 J. C. RISTEEN & CO.

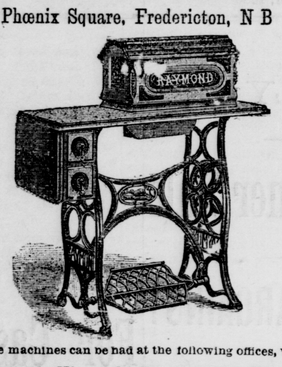
CALL AND SEE THE

NEW "RAYMOND,"

With Large Improved Arm, at

D. M'CATHERIN'S SALES ROOM.

Phœnix Square, Fredericton, N B



These machines can be had at the following offices, viz:—

Fredericton, N.B., Newcastle, Mir michi, N.B., Chatham, Mirmichi, N. B., Bathurst Gloucester Co., N. B., Campleton, Restigouche Co., N. B., St. Stephen, N. B.

☞ *Agents wanted for P. E. Island and Nova Scotia.*

D. McCATHERIN,
Manager for Maritime Provinces

☞ Address all communications P. O. Box 162, Fredericton, N. B.

H. D. CURRIE, D. D. S.,

Surgeon Dentist.

OFFICE:

First Door below Peoples Bank, Queen Street, Fredericon, N. B.

OFFICE HOURS—9 A. M. to 1 P. M., 2 to 5, and 7 to 9 P. M.

Fredericton, May 20, 1887

F. J. SEERY, M. D., C. M.

Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh;
Licentiate of the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh;
Licentiate of the Faculty of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow.

Special Certificate in Midwifery.

OFFICE:

Fishers' Building, Cor. Queen and York Streets.

RESIDENCE—109 Brunswick Street.

Fredericton, May 18, 1887—1y

FRANK M. BROWN, M. D.,

Physician & Surgeon,

Office, Corner Queen and Regent Sts.

RESIDENCE:

Cor. Brunswick and Westmorland Sts. Fredericton, N. B.

June 8—3mos.

VOCAL CULTURE.

Mrs. JOHN BLACK

WILL GIVE INSTRUCTION IN

SINGING,

To a limited number of pupils.

Terms made known on application at residence corner of George and Sunbury streets.

Bugs. Bugs. Bugs.

JUST RECEIVED:

100 LBS PURE PARIS GREEN; Granulated Corn Meal; Roler Oat Meal, Granulated Oat Meal; Corn Meal, Flour, at

W. H. VANWART'S.

June 15

Haying Tools.

JUST RECEIVED:

70 DOZEN Scythes, 30 dozen Scythe Snaths; 20 dozen Hay Forks; 30 dozen Hay Fork Handles; 50 boxes Scythe Stones; 100 dozen Hay Rakes, for sale Low, wholesale and retail, at

NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE.

Farm for Sale.

THE FARM formerly owned by GEORGE T. TEED (containing one hundred acres) situate at Dorn Ridge, Parish of Douglas, York Co., is offered for sale with crop thereon.

This Farm cuts considerable hay, and can be purchased on reasonable terms.

Apply to

WILLIAM A. QUINN,
Barrister.

P. S.—Parties not wishing to purchase the Farm can have an opportunity of buying the standing grass thereon.

W. A. Q.

Fredericton, July 13, 1887—tf

House to Let.

THAT DESIRABLE HOUSE and Premises, next below residence of Geo. F. Gregory, Esq., on George Street. Apply to

CHAS. W. BECKWITH,
City Hall.

Fredericton, April 27—tf

TO LET.

A VERY superior 7 Octave HAINES BREWSTER PIANO, will be let to a good party at reasonable rent.

☞ Can be seen at my office.

JOHN RICHARDS.

Fredericton, May 25

GREAT RUSH!

New 5 and 10 Cent Store,

Queen St., Fredericton.

JUST OPENED:

A large Stock of New Goods consisting of:

Glassware, Tinware, Woodenware, Hardware, Jewelry, Soaps, Pictures, Tops and thousand of Useful and Fancy Articles, at

5 and 10 Cents Each.

Fredericton, June 22

Cement.

JUST RECEIVED:

25 BARRELS best Portland Cement. For sale LOW by

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

July 13

Solid Steel Scythes

ARE not a new thing with me, as I have had them for several years; also the celebrated

Rixford Scythe.

☞ Give me a call.

Z. R. EVERETT.

PURE PARIS GREEN

—AT—

Neill's Hardware Store.

June 29

1887 Spring, Summer. 1887

J. R. HOWIE,

PRACTICAL TAILOR.

THE Subscriber begs to inform his numerous patrons that he has received his Spring and Summer Stock of the latest patterns, consisting of

English, Scotch and Canadian

TWEEDS,

Corscrews, Diagonals,

—AND—

WORSTED COATINGS,

&c., &c., &c.

In addition to myself and son, I have secured the services of a first-class Cutter from New York, and therefore I am prepared to guarantee a perfect fit and the very latest New York Fashions.

I have also a large and most thoroughly assorted stock of Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hats and Caps, and Ready-Made Clothing for adults and children.

JAMES R. HOWIE.

Fredericton, June 1

Don't Read This!

Unless you want to buy Goods

CHEAP.

We claim to have the Largest and Best Stock of

SILVERWARE

in the City. Our Stock consists of

Tea Setts, Tete a Tete Sets, Pickle Stands; Dinner and Breakfast Casters; Cake and Card Baskets, Salvers, Vases; Fruit and Preserve Dishes, Ice Pitchers; Syrup Pitchers, Butter Coolers, Spoon Holders, Biscuit Jars, Toast Racks; Toilet Stands, Jewel Cases, &c., &c.

Also, a nice line of

Table, Desert, Tea, Sugar, Berry, Fruit, Mustard and Salt Spoons; Fruit, Butter and Paper Knives; Napkin Rings, Children's Mugs and Setts, &c.

REMEMBER

that we sell goods from 20 to 30 per cent. Cheaper than any house in the City.

☞ **DON'T FORGET THIS** ☜

It is no Chestnut.

S. F. SHUTE,

Queen Street, Fredericton.

June 15

REMOVED!

F. J. McCAUSLAND,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

Has Removed his place of Business from the stand in Wiley's Building, to the stand lately occupied by C. A. McCausland,

Corner Queen and Carleton Streets,

where he will attend promptly and carefully to **Watch and Jewelry Repairing.**

He has on hand, and will sell Low for Cash, a fine line of

WATCHES

—AND—

JEWELRY,

and a handsome line of Plush Goods.

☞ Remember the place, corner Queen and Carleton Streets.

Fredericton May 18, 1887—1y

LIME, PLASTER,

Cement, Coal, Hay,

Oats, Feed, Seeds,

—AND—

FERTILIZERS.

Best Grand Lake and O. M. Sydney

BLACKSMITH COAL.

All of the above always on hand at

JAMES TIBBITTS'.

Campbell St., above City Hall.

Fredericton, June 29, 1887—3m.

SEEDS!

JUST RECEIVED:

Lower Canadian Timothy,

EQUAL TO

HARVEY,

Choice Western Timothy,

ALSIKE CLOVER,

NORTHERN RED CLOVER,

All of which are Fresh, and will be sold at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE.

W. E. MILLER & CO.,

155 and 159 Queen Street.

☞ Call and compare samples before purchasing.

Fredericton, May 18

Hats and Caps.

HATS and Caps of all kinds, for Men, Boys and Children, at greatly reduced prices. Must be cleared out to make room for the Spring Stocks.

S. NEALIS.

If You Would Avoid Ammonia,

—USE—

WOODILL'S

German Baking Powder.

July 20

The Appetite

May be increased, the Digestive organs strengthened, and the Bowels regulated, by taking Ayer's Pills. These Pills are purely vegetable in their composition. They contain neither calomel nor any other dangerous drug, and may be taken with perfect safety by persons of all ages.

I was a great sufferer from Dyspepsia and Constipation. I had no appetite, became greatly debilitated, and was constantly afflicted with Headache and Dizziness. I consulted our family doctor, who prescribed for me, at various times, without affording more than temporary relief. I finally commenced taking Ayer's Pills. In a short time my digestion and appetite

IMPROVED

my bowels were regulated, and, by the time I finished two boxes of these Pills my tendency to headaches had disappeared, and I became strong and well.—Darius M. Logan, Wilmington, Del.

I was troubled, for over a year, with Loss of Appetite, and General Debility. I commenced taking Ayer's Pills, and, before finishing half a box of this medicine, my appetite and strength were restored. —C. O. Clark, Danbury, Conn.

Ayer's Pills are the best medicine known to me for regulating the bowels, and for all diseases caused by a disordered Stomach and Liver. I suffered for over three years with Headache, Indigestion, and Constipation. I had no appetite, and was weak and nervous most of the time.

BY USING

three boxes of Ayer's Pills, and, at the same time dieting myself, I was completely cured. My digestive organs are now in good order, and I am in perfect health.—Philip Lockwood, Topeka, Kans.

Ayer's Pills have benefited me wonderfully. For months I suffered from Indigestion and Headache, was restless at night, and had a bad taste in my mouth every morning. After taking one box of Ayer's Pills, all these troubles disappeared, my food digested well, and my sleep was refreshing.—Henry C. Hemmenway, Rockport, Mass.

I was cured of the Piles by the use of Ayer's Pills. They not only relieved me of that painful disorder, but gave me increased vigor, and restored my health.—John Lazarus, St. John, N. B.

Ayer's Pills,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.

OVER WORKED Women

For "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated school teachers, milliners, seamstresses, housekeepers, and over-worked women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all restorative tonics. It is not a "Cure-all," but admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most potent Specific for all those Chronic Weaknesses and Diseases peculiar to women. It is a powerful, general as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, and imparts vigor and strength to the whole system. It promptly cures weakness of stomach, indigestion, bloating, weak back, nervous prostration, debility and sleeplessness, in either sex. Favorite Prescription is sold by druggists under our *positive guarantee*. See wrapper around bottle. **Price $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00.**

A large treatise on Diseases of Women, profusely illustrated with colored plates and numerous wood-cuts, sent for 10 cents in stamps. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

SICK HEADACHE, Bilious Headache, and Constipation, promptly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pellets. 25c. a vial, by druggists.

BEST ON *EARTH*

SURPRISE SOAP

THE GREAT SELF WASHER **TRY IT**

A marvel of efficiency and economy. Quality never varies. The purest and best for all household purposes; washing and cleaning without injury to hands or fabric. No boiling, scalding or hard rubbing necessary. The saving of fuel alone pays for the soap. Makes white goods whiter, softens woolen goods and makes colored goods brighter. One soap for all purposes, Toilet, Bath, Laundry, Scrubbing, &c. Read the directions plainly given on each wrapper and learn the new "Surprise" way of washing clothes, saving time, money, labor and worry of the old way. Wash day is made a pleasure by the use of SURPRISE SOAP and joy and smiles take the place of tired looks. Save 25 Surprise wrappers, send to the manufacturers with your address and get a handsome picture for them. Ask your grocer to show you the picture. SURPRISE SOAP is sold by all leading grocers. If not obtainable at your home send 6 cents in stamps to us for sample bar.

The St. Croix Soap M'f'g Co., ST. STEPHEN, N. B.

DR. FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY

CURES CHOLERA, CHOLERA INFANTUM, DIARRHŒA, AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS. SOLD BY ALL DEALERS.

COUGHS, COLDS, Croup and Consumption CURED BY **ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM** 25c. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.

Canned Fruit, &c.

EVAPORATED Apples, 10 boxes Spices; 9 doz. Royal Baking Powder; Canned Peaches, Canned Peas; Lime Juice, &c., &c., at

W. H. VANWART'S.

June 15

HUMPHREYS'

DR. HUMPHREYS' BOOK Cloth & Gold Binding 144 Pages, with Steel Engravings, MAILED FREE. Address, P. O. Box 1810, N. Y.

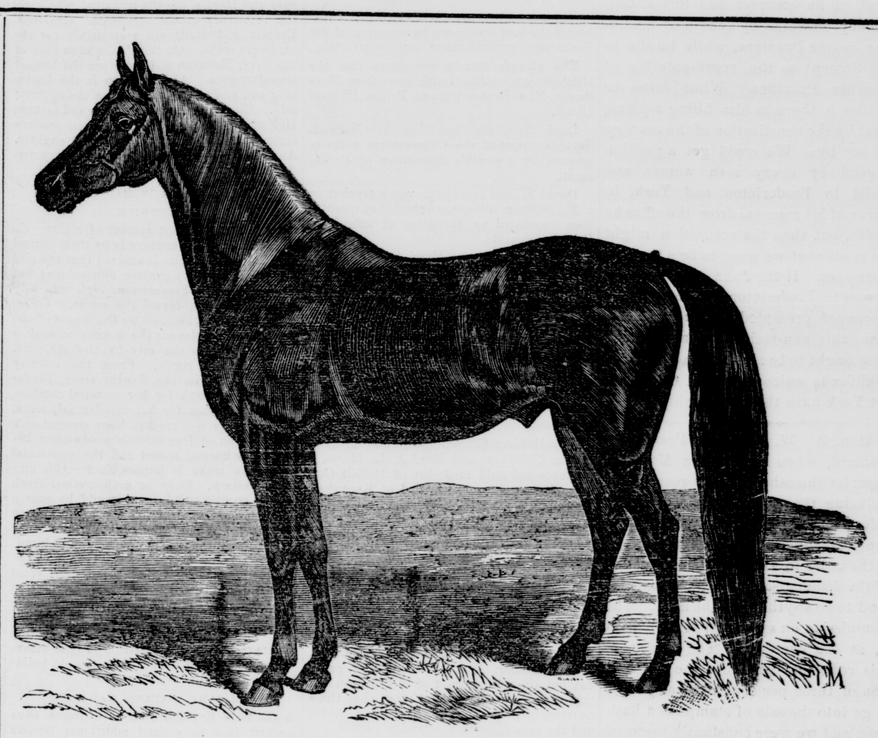
LIST OF PRINCIPAL NOS.	CURES	PRICE.
1	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	.25
3	Crying Colic, or Teething of Infants	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting	.25
7	Coughs, Cold, Bronchitis	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo	.25

HOMEOPATHIC

10	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods	.25
12	Whites, too Profuse Periods	.25
13	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains	.25
16	Fever and Ague, Chills, Malaria	.50
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding	.50
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.50
20	Whooping Cough, Violent Coughs	.50
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.50
27	Kidney Disease	.50
28	Nervous Debility	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed	.50
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00

SPECIFICS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price.—HUMPHREYS' MEDICINE CO. 109 Fulton St. N. Y.



SIR CHARLES, 2745.

Is the fastest Standard bred Trotting Stallion in New Brunswick. He can show a 2:16 gait in stud condition. He is a trotter by right of inheritance, as his sire Mambrino Charta had a record of 2:30¾, and was the sire of Helena 2:35. His grand sire had a record of 2:29¼, and is the sire of Mambrino Sparkle 2:17. His great grand sire, Mambrino Chief, was the sire of Lady Thorn, 2.18¼. His dam, Lady Messenger, was the dam of Crown Princess, trial 2:18; Crown Prince 2:25, and Grey Chester, trial 2:39. It seems almost impossible for a horse so powerfully bred in speed lines to avoid siring trotters.

☞ Terms: to insure, $20; by the season, $15. ☞ For particulars, address **JOHN McCOY, St. Marys, N. B.**

Agriculture

A correspondent of the FARMER asks:—"How close can corn of different varieties be planted without mixing?" Will some of our farmers who have had practical experience answer our correspondent.

Shoeing Horses.

Dr. George Fleming, the widely-known chief veterinarian of the English army, has introduced a method of shoeing horses that is commended in our foreign exchanges. The following extract is taken from *The Mark Lane Express*, London:—

In the newly-issued report on the health of army horses during the past year, Dr. George Fleming, the principal veterinarian to the forces, deals with the subject of the winter shoeing of horses at some length. The instances of the serious embarrassment and accompanying heavy losses, even disaster, occurring to armies in which provision for enabling horses to travel on ice-covered roads had been neglected are many. Among the most notable have been the retreat of the French army from Russia in 1812, the retreat of the Danish army from Schleswig to Sonderberg during the Prusso-Danish war in 1865, and the disastrous flight of Gen. Bourbaki's army corps into Switzerland in the Franco-German war of 1870-71. Our own army during the two winters it remained in the Crimea was, it may be said, completely immovable, it being impossible to "rough" the horse's shoes so as to give the safe foothold on the ice. All the ordinary methods of "roughing" are more or less objectionable, either because of the time required to effect it, the the damage done to the horses' hoofs, the expense, the inefficiency or the complexity of the means. What is above all needed is a method which is at once so simple that it can be immediately applied by every trooper without recourse to farrier or forge, and so durable and effective, as well as safe and inexpensive, that it will cause but little inconvenience in using or cost in providing. All this is equally true of horses used for all non-military purposes. The subject has long occupied the attention of the army, and we are glad to know that a method which has been invented by Dr. Fleming—and may be freely used by any one—appears to meet all the requirements above stated. Trials have been made with it at Aldershot, and others have been carried out by the 4th Hussars at Edinburgh and the battery of artillery at Glasgow during the past winter, all of which have demonstrated its value. It consists merely of an ordinary shoe, in which four holes are punched, and in these holes pegs with a pyramidal head can be put in a few seconds. In the machine-made shoes made by the army, round holes are drilled in the process of manufacture, and the pegs are round ones made of cast steel.

Square pegs are equally effective, and the society for prevention of cruelty to animals issue an illustrated description from which a farrier's apprentice could easily make them. The 4th Hussars report the experiment as a great success. The cogs (pegs) are easily put in and taken out; very few have been lost and none need be if they are carefully put in. They are also easily sharpened when they are worn down, and they last well." The horses so shod travelled on the ice and snow-covered roads nearly every day without accident, and with absolute safety, the men putting in the pegs on leaving the stables and taking them out on returning to barracks, without the intervention of the farriers. The method is so inexpensive that for a few pence a horse can travel securely at any pace on ice for a month, and it is so simple and readily applied that the horses of a whole army can be prepared for marching on the most slippery roads within half an hour. A small case, weighing less than one pound, will contain sufficient pegs to last from two to three weeks, in addition to the tool for their removal or insertion.

THE QUEEN OF PERFUMES—"Lotus of the Nile.

Dorset Sheep.

Dorset sheep are being introduced into Ontario. The following from the Dublin *Farmers' Gazette* will be read with interest:—

Dorsets are unrivalled for producing the earliest fat lambs for the London and other markets. They drop a greater proportion of twins and triplets than any other breed, and are most excellent nurses. The original sheep were much smaller in size than the improved Dorsets, but neat, tolerably well shaped and thickly wooled. Their faces and legs were white, the limbs somewhat long, but without coarseness; their shoulders low, and loins broad and deep; their lips and nostrils black, with a frequent tendency to assume a fleshy color. The improved breed may now be described as straight and deep in the body; the ribs are well arched, the loin broad and the neck well set on. They are full in the shoulders, without coarseness; and the hind limb well let down towards the shank, forming a good leg of mutton. The general features are pleasing, the head stands well up, the eye quick and lively, the face rather long and thin, and the lips and nose pink or flesh-colored; the bone is small, giving all the appearance of a hardy and useful breed of sheep; they are excellent nurses, good folding sheep, and the mutton is well flavored; although they have been so much improved, they nevertheless retain their hardiness and fecundity. The rams have good heads and countenances, with a bright eye and splendidly curved horn, constituting one of the grandest heads of any breed of sheep in the world. They have good necks and shoulders, straight backs, wide loins, and are as fine in the bone compared with the weight of mutton they carry, as the Southdowns. The fleeces of the yearling ram weighs from ten to twelve pounds each, when they have been well kept.

Rust in Wheat.

The following, taken from the *American Cultivator*, gives some reasons why late grains rust:—

There is a universal belief among farmers that grain delayed in ripening is almost sure to rust. This is one reason why they try to sow early so that there may be a longer time of development and root growth during the early part of the season while the soil is cool and moist. In these conditions the plant food is more largely mineral and less nitrogenous, and there is possibly some difference in the character of the stalk and leaf, making one more susceptible than another to attacks of fungus. An application of mineral fertilizer to grain hastens its ripening, and it also makes the straw bright and free from rust. In winter wheat a dressing of phosphate prevents winter killing, while if there is a strip that the fertilizer does not reach, it will bring some partly thrown out wheat plants which will head out a week later than they should and usually be badly rusted.

It is not alone the high-priced phosphate that will produce this result. A dressing of salt in the spring will generally make the grain to which it is applied free from rust, even though grown on land so rich as to promote extremely vigorous growth. Wood ashes or mineral potash will produce the same result. It is probable that the mineral plant food gets in the stalk and thus obstructs the passage from the roots of more sap than the stalks and leaves of the grain can thoroughly assimilate. On soil very rich in nitrogen and defficient in mineral plant food, grain grows too much to leaf and straw. They become fairly gorged with sap that cannot be converted into anything of value because lacking in the mineral elements required to make grain. This is not often seen, mainly because stable and other manures of nitrogenous character also contain a considerable proportion of mineral plant food, and in their decomposition in the soil make its inert minerals available for plants. Sometimes, however, we find places where the nitrogen is disproportionately large. Here the straw becomes over heavy and falls down, and in breaking over sap exudes which is quickly attacked by rust.

The position of such grain differs apparently from that which rusts only because it is late and has seemingly no excess of growth. But this difference is not so great as it seems. The late growth is pushed forward suddenly in hot weather, when nitric acid is rapidly developing in the soil. Cool, drying winds check alike the development of nitrates in the soil and of rust on the grain. Sometimes when cultivating corn or potatoes with horses fed on whole oats, the grain is voided in the droppings and grows in patches late in the summer where it fell, being covered at the last cultivating. These oats are always exceedingly vigorous, but the plants invariably rust so early that the grain is made light and chaffy. It shows that it would never do to plant oats in hills, so that the plants could stand by themselves and be cultivated as we do with corn. When it comes to heading and filling, the check which the numerous oat plants standing side by side give to each other is helpful rather than hurtful. Those who have planted a few wheat grains by themselves, and given them particular care so as to make the most from a little seed, almost always find their crop is troubled with rust. Many new varieties are thus condemned, while if sown in a body, as it usually is, the crop would prove a success. Late wheat is almost always thin on the ground. It is made late by killing out of the greater part of the stand and injuring the rest.

Do not Neglect the Calves.

If farmers more generally realized to what an extent the size and value of their cattle, and the profit in raising them, depended on the way in which the calves are cared for during the first six months, there would be more pains taken to keep these growing from the start. A calf that is neglected and stinted in its food during the first months of its life, will almost always show the effects of it afterwards, and seldom recover even under the best of care, so as to reach the size and weight that it would have had it received proper treatment at the outset. Better sell the calf for veal than attempt to raise it without giving it the care it needs. Calves should be taught to eat as early as possible, so the milk ration may be supplemented by other foods that will insure a rapid growth. They should also be allowed plenty of exercise in a good pasture.

It is and has been a common idea for years, alas! too common, that the whip is a powerful agent for getting work out of a horse. It would be taking to high ground to say that it should never be used; but surely its use should not be attempted by the horseman who is himself out of temper. A man that cannot control himself is certainly unfit to control a horse. If the whip is used when the driver is in a fury, it is sure to be laid on indiscreetly and without restraint, hence the object aimed at is frustrated as the horse becomes either unduly excited or obstinate. Kind usage will get much more work out of both men and horses in the long run.

Persons keeping ordinary sows would find it greatly to to their advantage to buy a good boar from any well known breeder; the result would be certain to be highly satisfactory to them in their litters, and they would very soon come to the conclusion that good pigs, as well as good stock of any other kind, are much more likely to be profitable than inferior, slow-growing, long-snouted mongrels.

Enjoy Life.

What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means of enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worn out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof, that *Green's August Flower*, will make them free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver complaint are the direct causes of seventy-five per cent of such maladies as Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the Head, Palpitation of the Heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of *August Flower* will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cents. Try it.

ALL SORTS.

The Faults of Preachers.

Some are too weak, and some are too stong,
Some are too short, and some are too long,
Some are too stout, and some are too thin,
Some always out, and some always in,
Some are too good, and some are too bad,
Some are too grave, and some are too glad,
Some in their clothes are too exquisite,
Some never study, and some never visit,
Some are too fine, and some are too plain,
Some preach the same sermons again and again,
Some, spite of whatever the critics may say,
In the midst of their most solemn sermons look gay,
And some, howe'er pleasing the fact they rehearse,
Some in their business transactions are muffs,
Some can't keep their temper but get into huffs,
Some are too high, and some are too low,
And some in their first sermons tell all they know,
Some are too humble, and some are too proud,
Some are to faint, and some are too loud,
Some have many faults, some have but one,
But I never heard tell of one that had none.

PAIN-KILLER has cured cases of Rheumatism and Neuralgia after years standing.

During the recent Indian raid in Arizona the Apaches travelled fifteen miles on tiptoe to hide their trail.

When you cannot rest from Asthmatic troubles, Southern Asthma Cure will at once relieve. Double treatment in each package.

Queen Victoria sings beautifully. She was a pupil of Lablanche, and he used to say that if she was not Queen of Great Britain she might be queen of song.

How foolish it is to make fun of the home-made bustle. There is not a girl who makes her own bustle but is backed by some of the most influential papers of the times.

The superiority of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is shown by its good effects on the children. Purchase a bottle and give it a trial.

A man the other day wishing to be witty, accosted the junk man down town as follows: "You take all sorts of trumpery in your cart, don't you?" "Yes, jump in, jump in!"

The remedy which most successfully combats malarial disorders, is Ayer's Ague Cure. It is a purely vegetable compound, and contains neither quinine nor any other dangerous ingredient. Warranted to cure chills and fever.

Butcher (to young housekeeper)—"How would you like a leg of mutton or beef, mum?" Young housekeeper (thoughtfully) "We had a leg of mutton yesterday, I guess you may send a leg of beef."

A Merchant writes: "Minard's Liniment has saved many from a terrible death here, as diphtheria has been very prevalent. MINARD'S LINIMENT cures it every time when taken internally and externally. For Congestion and all Throat and Lungs disease it equal to a doctor in the house.

Bartender—Your refusal, to trufsal me to a paltry drink of whiskey fills me with astonishment and indignation.

Bartender—All right sir. You can fill yourselves up with astonishment and indignation and it won't cost you a cent; but if you want to fill up with whiskey you will have to put down the cash.

We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhœa, cholera, and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

A simple and usually successful mode of extracting a needle or any piece of steel o iron that has broken off in the flesh is by the application of a simple pocket magnet. Iron filings have a way of imbeding themselves in the eye which defies almost every ordinary means for their extraction. For their removal a small, blunt pointed bar of steel, well magnetized, will be found excellent.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflamation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind.—Feb. 1, 1y.

Out of a population of two millions, Paris contains 200,000 artisans. The public force is represented by 25,495 policemen; ministers of public worship, 1,859; lawyers, 5,000; members of the various branches of the medical profession, 18,000; teachers, 9,800; authors and journalists, 5,634. In Paris there is one pauper to every eighteen inhabitants, whereas in London you do not count one in thirty. Not far from Belleville there stands a house affording shelter under its roof to no fewer than 189 families—that is to say, about five or six hundred persons. It is situated at No. 129 Rue du Faubourg du Temple, and is known by the name of Maison de la Grace de Dieu. This house comprises four court yards and nineteen staircases, and is under the control of a single *concierge*, who is elected by universal suffrage.

Prompt Results.

"I was very sick with bowel complaint. Two physicians did me no good. I tried other medicines but all was no use until I tried Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry. The next day I was like a different man." Geo. H. Peacock, of Stroud, Ont.

The leading milk contractors of Boston have formed a strong combination, with a capital of some $700,000, to control the milk supply and to crush out the competition of smaller concerns.

Improved Care of Animals.

Every thoughtful observer must have marked how in late years the devices for the comfort of our dumb servants have improved. Better cars for their transportation; better yards for their keeping, better stables, stalls and feed for their comforts. People find that it pays best to keep good stock, and to keep them well. Interest and humanity both demand good keeping. This extends to their care in sickness as well as in health, and this improvement reaches farther than is generally supposed.

Strolling into an extensive establishment where some of the best stock in the country is kept, a fine animal was brought from his stall evidently suffering with severe colic. He could not stand a moment, scringing with and pain, pawing, could be hardly kept on his feet. The foreman eyeing him for a moment stepped to a little case, opened it, took a small bottle, and with a little bent glass tube ejected a few drops upon the tongue. The horse was soon easier, and after a second dose in half an hour, began nibbling his hay. "That's the way we do it," said the foreman—"no bottling, no balling, no bleeding or blistering for any disease, only HUMPHREY'S VETERINARY SPECIFICS. They cure every time. We have not for years used any other medicines, and don't lose any stock from sickness." They are being used everywhere.