

Digby Still Conservative.

Digby County has again been heard from, and once more our friends the Grits have been doomed to disappointment. Mr. Jones, the Conservative candidate, is elected, and although his majority is not as large as that obtained by the late Mr. Campbell, over Mr. Vail, the result must be very gratifying to the Liberal Conservatives all over the Dominion.

The St. John Telegraph seeks comfort in the thought that Mr. Jones' majority is a small one. It would hide from its readers, if it could, the fact that the Conservative candidate was a young man without political experience, while his opponent, Mr. Robicheau, because of his influence among the French, was much stronger than his party.

The Grits were dead sure of capturing Digby from the Conservatives. They nominated Mr. Robicheau not because of any love of the French, but because they found that it would be a losing game from the start to put in the field their first choice, Mr. Chas. Barrell, and because they felt that the nomination of Mr. Robicheau would be a good card among the French Canadians, most of whom were known to be supporters of the Government led by Sir John A. Macdonald.

That move on the part of the Grit wire-pullers was partially successful, for while but few of the French changed their political principles, many of them abstained from voting. Mr. Robicheau in his personal canvass among them having assured them that if he was elected he would go to Parliament independent of either political party, and as the representative of the Acadians.

While Mr. Robicheau was appealing to the race prejudices of his compatriots, others of his party were trying to incite Roman Catholics generally to oppose Mr. Jones by the lying stories that he was their bitterest enemy. Nor was that all. The county was over-run with Yarmouth Grits, who in their hope to redeem Digby to Gritism, made the most infamous declarations regarding the Dominion Government and the Conservative Candidate. Mr. Longley worked the Commercial Union fan for all it was worth in favor of Mr. Robicheau, and the oft repeated slander was again uttered that the Canadian Government was opposed to Reciprocity. Notwithstanding all this, Digby County has shown by its vote that it is opposed to the men whose only policy is that of sectional, race and religious strife, and in favor of the Government of which Sir John A. Macdonald is the honored head.

The Farmer extends his congratulations to the member elect for Digby. He is a young gentleman of rare abilities, and will no doubt take a leading place among the people's representatives at Ottawa. Latest revised returns place Mr. Jones' majority at 33.

The Recent Burglaries.

We heartily agree with the St. John Sun's suggestion that the services of the best detectives in America should be secured in order to ferret out the perpetrators of the burglaries committed recently in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. Our people are not easily alarmed, but we do not wonder at their being considerably exercised over the Gibson and Hampton burglaries. While there is any doubt as to who the daring operators are, no business man can feel that his premises are safe, nor can any housekeeper feel that his building is secure. The bringing of professional detectives to this Province would not be a reflection on the Fredericton or St. John police. Our officers, for their chances, are energetic capable men. But they have had so little experience in such cases as the ones referred to, that they are apt to work too much on one or two clues, instead of studying every phase of a case. Besides, there is, we fear, a slight spirit of jealousy among local officers when working up important criminal matters. In the desire to deserve all possible credit in connection with a great crime, some of our home men may sometimes neglect to keep their fellow officers posted as to what progress they are making. There should be perfect confidence among all officers engaged on such an important affair as the Gibson or Hampton robbery. Otherwise one officer may be unconsciously undoing the work of another, and by this means defeat the ends of justice.

The alleged shortage of \$10,000 in the accounts of the prothonotary of Quebec, referred to in the last issue of the Farmer, seems to have been misconceived. The whole of the affair is explained as follows: The prothonotary's deposits from petitioners in contested elections are, by the Provincial Election law, ordered to be deposited with the treasurer of the Province, pending the trial of each case before the courts. This, it appears, has always been regularly done, but the Federal law governing the Dominion elections does not authorize the prothonotary to place these deposits for the contested elections of members of the Commons with the Provincial Government. It was only last week that the reference of the subject made months ago by the prothonotary to the local authorities, under whose control he acts, was settled by the receipt of an order to deposit all such funds with the Provincial treasurer, which was accordingly done on Wednesday last.

The writ has been issued for the election of a member to the Quebec legislature in Laprarie. Nomination 23rd; polling 30th.

An Emphatic Denial.

The absurd canards which Mr. Jeremiah Travis, the disappointed place seeker, has circulated through the medium of the Ottawa Free Press, and Halifax Chronicle, and other journals of the same class, have elicited a complete and unequivocal denial from Mr. H. H. Bligh, the revising officer for Antigonish. In a letter to the Casket of that town, Mr. Bligh says:—"I will make the denial, and will make it as explicit and as positive as my command of the English language will enable me. In reference to election contests in this county, I say emphatically that I never was engaged in, nor was I ever aware of, nor did I ever tell or intimate to Mr. Travis or any other person that I was ever engaged in, or was ever aware of, any act or acts of bribery or any illegal or corrupt practice in connection with any election in which the honorable Minister of Justice was a candidate."

I trust I have now made myself understood, but in order that my denial may be made clearer and more emphatic, I will refer to that clause of the interview which is the substance of the whole matter, and is the only one, in my opinion, which the people who are interested in the public generally are interested. Referring to myself the interview proceeds to say: "He then went into it wholesale, supplied with money by Mr. Thompson and buying up votes largely, claiming that his acts secured the minister's election. In denial of this, I must run the risk of repeating what I have already stated when I say that Mr. Thompson never furnished me with money for the purpose of buying votes for any other ulterior purpose. That never asserted to Mr. Travis or to any other person that I had money from Mr. Thompson for any other purpose than to buy votes or votes with, or that I did buy a vote or votes. I never claimed that my acts secured the minister's election. If I had so claimed, it would have been an assertion of self conceit, not of bribery."

The inside history of the Liberal fight in Nova Scotia last winter is coming out. There was plenty of money for the workers, got from the corruption fund in Ontario, and the majority of seats the Liberals did not get, it is now said cost them \$80,000. The Yarmouth Times has been furnished with some facts bearing on the matter, from which it appears that the wire-pullers promised that for \$100,000 they could sweep seventeen seats. They only received the smaller sum, however, and fell ten short in their estimate. Sir Charles Tupper was the subject of a special onset, and for Cumberland county \$15,000 was put out. Antigonish and Colchester also received \$5,000 worth attention, while Halifax, in the attempt that was made to carry it at any cost, called for extra appropriations. There is said to be a good deal of dissatisfaction on the part of the providers of the boodle, who seem to have been asking questions the purveyors do not find it convenient to answer, with the result that a certain coldness characterizes the private communications to each other of the parties of the first and second part of the understanding.

The United States federal government does not grant subsidies to aid in the construction of roads for development of the country. The American federal debt does not represent public works of this nature. Yet in the past twelve years over 39,000 miles of road have been closed, representing a nominal capital stock and bonded debt of nearly \$2,310,000,000. This sum itself is more than ten times the present public debt of the Dominion.

The following is from the Toronto Telegram:—"For years the Globe has been raising issues that sweep the country in advance of an election. Results show that the country did the sweeping at the polls. The infamous gerrymander, the atrocious Franchise Act and Riel are now as dead as the late Pharoah? And the support of the organ will grow the daisies on the grave of commercial union before another crisis is upon us."

The Toronto Mail, in an article on modern miracles, says: "The Montreal, N. B., Transcript, for instance, must know that that party has no chance whatever of obtaining office with Mr. Laurier as its leader, while Sir John lives; yet it contrives to make itself believe that victory is close at hand, though nothing short of a miracle could bring it about."

We understand that a few energetic gentlemen have interested themselves in the matter of providing an open air concert by the Fredericton Brass Band once a week. This is a praiseworthy move, and only requires a little financial assistance from those who can well afford to give to make the concert a grand success.

A Nova Scotia paper complains that "Sir John A. Macdonald has induced Sir Donald Smith to invest \$25,000 in the new Tory organ to be established in Toronto." The same journal in February last, claimed Sir Donald as a Grit diamond of the first water.

The very important statement was made yesterday at the Medical Society meeting at St. John, that the new treatment for consumption has been in process of trial in this Province for some time past with favorable results.

It is said that a British regiment is to be sent for a trial trip to India by way of the Canadian Pacific railway, and that they will stop over and finally straighten up any discontent there may be lingering around in the Northwest.

Mr. Chapais, editor of Le Courrier du Canada, and a son-in-law of Sir Hector Langevin, will be the Government candidate in Dorchester county, Quebec, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Duchesney, g. r.

Conservatives were elected yesterday for Brixton division of Lambeth and Hornsey division of Middlesex, England, defeating two Gladstonians.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of the cavalry and infantry schools of Canada being in future designated "Royal."

The Irish Crime Bill received the Royal assent yesterday and is now in force.

GENERAL NEWS BUDGET.

The Doings of the Week Concisely Chronicoled.

Knapp, the great gun maker, is dead. Diphtheria is fearfully prevalent in and about Quebec. For a thoroughly good Extract of Lemon, try the "Royal."

The Irish Crimes Bill has been read a third time in the House of Lords. The N. B. lobster business is dull, the English market being overstocked.

Parnell is to be banquipped by Liberal members of the English Commons. Hon. Mr. Cassin, has become a member of the Ottawa Irish Catholic temperance society.

In many parts of Ireland the crops are so poor that the people are beginning to fear famine. There are 148 lodges and nearly 8,000 members of the I. O. G. T. order in New Brunswick.

The new substitute for Pills-Campbell's Cathartic Compound. Easily taken much more effectively than any other.

Teemer has challenged Franko to row him a three mile race for \$1,000 a side, contest to take place in August.

An oil and an excursion train collided near St. Thomas, Ont., last week, and several persons were burned to death.

The Halifax Temperance League are raising a guarantee fund of \$600 to rigidly enforce the liquor license law.

St. Hyacinthe, Quebec, woolen and carding mills were burned on Monday. Losses \$100,000; insurance \$75,000.

A Graham County, N. C., girl poisoned herself last week, because her father was opposed to her lover marrying her.

Chief Butler Sharp, the ex-New York alderman, has been sentenced to four years prison, and to pay a fine of \$5,000.

Newfoundland papers publish detailed stories of distress verging on starvation at Labrador, and round the coast of New Brunswick.

Hon. Mr. Thompson issued his warrant for the extradition of Bazar, who is wanted at Brussels, Belgium, on a charge of embezzlement.

Herbert Peppard, Wm. Lindsay and Oliver Tupper, of Great Victoria, P. E. Island, were drowned while attempting to cross to Noel in an open boat, last week.

In the return match at Dublin between the Canadian cricketers and the gentlemen of Ireland, the Canadians made 200 runs and the Irish 100. In the first match the Canadians were badly beaten.

The shooting for the Interprovincial trophy took place at Charlottetown, P. E. I., on the 14th inst. resulting in a victory for Nova Scotia, by 83 points, over New Brunswick and 64 over Prince Edward Island.

An engine and car ran off the track near Spring Junction on the night of the 11th. A switch having been changed, maliciously, it is stated—with the intention of wrecking on the morning of the 12th, a train with 200 passengers on board.

The "Titanic" is the largest armoured vessel ever built. She is owned by the British Admiralty. Her hull is estimated to cost \$3,000,000, the propelling machinery \$2,000,000, gun-mountings, \$700,000, and the guns \$500,000.

A sensation has been caused in Sumner county, Ga., by the discovery that Col. Wm. J. Reynolds, one of the wealthiest farmers in the state, died last month, bequeathing the bulk of his fortune to a negro woman, a negro woman who was formerly his slave.

The St. Lawrence Sugar Refinery, Montreal, which was one of the largest in the Dominion, was destroyed by fire on the 15th inst. Loss \$800,000; insurance \$420,000. One man lost his life and several were injured. By the fire 400 men are thrown out of employment.

Sunday was the hottest day known for years in Ontario and different parts of the United States, the mercury indicating 104 in the shade in several places. In Philadelphia, New York and other cities in the U. S., there were hundreds of cases of sunstroke, many of them fatal.

A disastrous collision took place early on Monday at Myrtle Beach, 20 miles from Toronto, on the Ontario and Quebec division of the C. P. R., between two freight trains. Both engines and about a dozen cars, and their contents were wrecked. The Ontario and Quebec division was seriously injured, including a Drakehamer and a locomotive.

The Montreal Acadian notes that nobody knows where ex-President McLellan of the Maritime Bank has gone. In leaving St. John by the night train, he was supposed to have taken the railway gate man and appeared anxious to avoid observation. He was released because no person would make a complaint against him. It is said that a number of books, discovered by the liquidators, hastened his exit.

A Skeville despatch of the 10th says: "To-day, while Chaucer Sears was driving a load of lumber with horses and a driver, the load, the wheel passing over his body and head, killing him instantly. The accident happened near George Campbell's, in Upper Sackville, and the driver, who leaves a wife and ten or eleven children, is only a few months ago that he had one of his hands cut off by a circular saw."

The Winnipeg Commercial says that the increase in the acreage in Manitoba has been large, estimates varying from 20 to 25 per cent over last year, according to the districts whence the reports come. With the crop harvested in good condition, and the yield in keeping with previous years, the farmers will have in the neighborhood of 9,000,000 bushels of wheat for export this fall.

Referring to the reduction of vendors' commissions on one per cent, an Ottawa despatch states that the change will not affect the whole postal system, and only apply to large cities such as Montreal, Toronto, and Quebec. It is expected, however, that the change will be extended to all cities of the Dominion.

There was a panic in Woodstock one day last week, over the reported weakness of Bank of Nova Scotia. Citizens, alarmed by the late failure of the Maritime, piled into the bank and demanded their money. The cashier cashed their cheques as fast as money could be counted out, but still the run continued, and outsiders arrived in town that night so as to be on hand when the bank opened next morning. Reassuring telegrams were received, however, and the bank is in higher estimation than ever.

Redmond, nationalist member of Parliament, speaking at Coolnamoy, Ireland, on Sunday, said he deeply regretted that his services, but regretted his latest speech, which amounted to a charge that was little short of folly, against the advice given by the Irish leaders, and a charge of cowardice against the people. The tenants, Redmond said, ought not to engage in a struggle against the bayonets of their enemies. Davitt, replying to Redmond, said he would not accept any account with Parnell's advice, but would not be dictated by any sub-leader of the Irish people.

Saturday's Halifax Herald says:—Archdeacon Glavin yesterday received a cablegram from Rev. Dr. Edgill, chaplain general of the British forces, finally declining the bishopric of Nova Scotia, to which he had been elected by the synod. This result was predicted from the first, and was expected by a great many, was feared by others. The refusal of the sacred office by Dr. Edgill is sincerely regretted by his supporters in this city. The synod was adjourned on the 10th, when it will again meet and elect another man. It is generally understood that a local man will be chosen this time. The work of preparing the site of the new cathedral for laying the corner stone on centennial day, is now proceeding, and the programme of celebrating the centennial and laying the corner stone on August 1st, is being carried out with great interest. The work of consecrating the new bishop, will be successfully carried out.

A Good Act. "As a cure for all summer complaints of highly recommended Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberries, having often cured the best results. I have often been thanked for recommending it." William Haw. Ancoeter, Ont.

THE FAR WEST.

A Frederictonian's Spicy Sketch of a Recent Trip from

Winnipeg to Victoria, B. C.

By LEONARD W. JOHNSON.

I respond to the request of the Editor of the Farmer, for an article upon the North West, for the purpose of giving a more correct view of the country, and of the people who inhabit it. I have been to the West, and have seen the country from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and have seen the people who inhabit it. I have seen the country from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and have seen the people who inhabit it. I have seen the country from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and have seen the people who inhabit it.

A trip over the length of the Canadian Pacific Railway from the St. Lawrence to the Pacific is a continuous object lesson to the Canadian people. It makes it plain in its three thousand miles of track, and upon every variety of scenery and much of industry. Farming in all its various forms, and of special work, mining of all the minerals, and manufacturing in almost every line is carried on in sight of the railway trains. Commerce in every grade, from the barter of the Indians to the largest transactions of the best money institutions, is conducted along its lines, modern appliances for comfort and convenience are utilized no more frequently anywhere, the telephone is found in every hamlet, and the coast of New Brunswick is all in the towns, and the electric light shows the channel to the Victoria even to the harbor of the Quebec and Montreal. All the country needs to be filled with people, not people transported from our Eastern Provinces when they are so much needed at home, but people who are born in the West, and who are the over-crowded countries of England and Scotland.

The first strong impression one gets is the lack of population. The prairies and plains are so much in sight that the few dwellings here and there give an impression of loneliness and desolation. The country is a vast, open, and unbroken expanse of prairie, and the few dwellings here and there give an impression of loneliness and desolation. The country is a vast, open, and unbroken expanse of prairie, and the few dwellings here and there give an impression of loneliness and desolation.

Next, one is impressed with the immense quantity of stock on the prairie. For a thousand miles in almost a straight line, the prairie is covered with stock, and the few dwellings here and there give an impression of loneliness and desolation. The country is a vast, open, and unbroken expanse of prairie, and the few dwellings here and there give an impression of loneliness and desolation.

Why are there not more? The average Manitoban would answer now, "because of the cruel monopoly of the C. P. R.," but the visitor cannot readily be made to believe that the reason for the great extent of the prairie population is the failure of the eastern men who settled there to make a general farming country, similar to their old homes in the East. They are not farmers, but stock raisers, and they are not stock raisers, but stock raisers, and they are not stock raisers, but stock raisers.

Major Bell, manager of the Bell farm near Regina, expressed much in his conversation. He said to me, we have five thousand acres of wheat growing on the Bell farm; if I can get the price of wheat to go up to a very handsome sum, and make up for the loss of the stock, and make up for the loss of the stock, and make up for the loss of the stock.

Probably Winnipeg has suffered as much as any portion of the North West, if not more, by reason of over speculation, "booming," but yet the city impresses the visitor favorably as to its present and future. The main street of the city is a fine specimen of substantial building, and the streets are clean and well kept. The city is a fine specimen of substantial building, and the streets are clean and well kept.

An article in a German paper describes the way in which the augmentation of the German army recently decided on has been carried into effect. The strength of the cavalry has not been increased, chiefly for economical reasons. That thirty infantry battalions, one of rifles and twenty-four batteries of field artillery, were added to the master rolls. The military train and railway corps have likewise been considerably reinforced.

The thirty infantry battalions have been divided into three regiments. Five regiments have been raised, four of which are allotted to the Fifteenth Army Corps, stationed at Alsace-Lorraine, and one to the Twelfth Army Corps, stationed at Metz. The remaining five regiments are added to four battalions of various regiments. Of the twenty-four new batteries, seventeen are Prussian, two Bavarian, and five Saxon and two Wurtembergian.

The Beauty of Woman is her crown of glory. But alas! how quickly she loses the ruddy bloom of youth, and how early she is overtaken by the grey hairs of old age. It is one of the greatest boons ever conferred upon the human race, for it is the only one which is not shared by the man. It is the only one which is not shared by the man. It is the only one which is not shared by the man.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Newspaper Notes and Notions of Everything.

It is computed that China has 450,000,000 people, the less said the better in spite of its pretty location. We soon cross the Columbia during June were 2,931. Cucumbers are green, but they get the best of a fellow sometimes. Two teams of English cricketers will be touring in Australia next winter. Fifteen cricketers were sold in California last week, and brought \$1,000 per pair. Barum, the great showman, was recently robbed of \$200 by an American pickpocket. The consumption of beer in New York City is estimated at 12,000,000 glasses per day.

One hundred Baptists were knocked senseless by lightning in a Tennessee church last week. At least 84 different languages or dialects are regularly spoken in the City of New York. There are more than sixty thousand persons confined in the penal institutions of the United States. It is reported in refined and intelligent Mormon circles that Brigham Young is to appear on earth again.

Hanlan is going to abandon rowing after the season closes. He says he is tired of earning a hard living. Pickles should never be kept in glazed ware as the vinegar form a poisonous compound with the glazing. Ruskin says that Scotch is "the sweetest, finest, and most useful of all the living dialects of Europe." It is now becoming fashionable for young married people to take no wedding tour themselves, but send the old folks. The latest style of dress coat just brought over from England, is a short round coat in place of the conventional swallowtail. Use only the best Condition Powders for your live stock. Ask for "Maud S." price 25 cents.

The New York State Legislature has passed an Act compelling hotelkeepers to furnish every sleeping room with a rope for escape. It is said that Maud S. has been driven twelve single miles this season, the fastest of which was made 2 1/2 and the slowest in 2 1/2. The enormous sum of two millions of dollars is said to have been offered for Senator Sanford's rich marble quarries in the North West. The assessed valuation of property in New York City for the present year, shows an extraordinary increase of \$80,672,377 over that of last year.

There are at present sixty-six insurance companies licensed to do business in Canada, most of them having their headquarters in the United States. Steel-framed cars are now being manufactured in England, with a view to lightness and speed, but it is doubtful if they will be used for the purpose. Dr. John Hall of New York, gets a salary of \$20,000 a year from his church, and \$50,000 more from the newspapers and magazines for which he writes. In the Sydney, Australia, lighthouse is the largest electric light in the world. It has a power of 180,000 candles, and can be seen from ships fifty miles out at sea.

The longest clock pendulum in the world is at Avignon, France. It is 67 feet long, and requires four and a half seconds to swing through an arc of one and a half feet. Edison is experimenting on his latest discovery, by which messages can be transmitted from ship to ship by means of steam whistles, operated by keys like a telegraphic instrument. A journeyman shoemaker in Biogen, on the Pacific coast, has invented a water velocipede, with which he has made successful trials, and which promises to lead to a regular aquatic sport.

The first cargo of tea from Japan over the Canadian Pacific Railroad arrived in London last week before last, and is ten days less than by the Suez. A syndicate bought ten acres of Ohio ground by small lots, but when they went to bore for natural gas it was found that the small proceeds from artificial gas cleverly buried in a rubber bag. The final communication from Rome to McElroy, ex-communication. Father McElroy will be the second Roman Catholic priest ex-communicated in this country. The other was Dr. John Murray Forbes, who was ex-communicated in 1859.

A Chicago firm uses from 8,000 to 10,000 gallons of blood daily to make buttons, ball-caps, breastpins, combs and other trinkets. Evaporation leaves pure albumen, which is dried into thin sheets and broken up and pressed into various shapes. Bodily health and vigor may be maintained as easily in the heat of summer, as in the winter months, if the blood is purified and filled with life-giving elements. Every person who has used this remedy has been greatly benefited. Take it this month.

A toothpick manufacturing association in Maine has contracts for the coming year sufficient to load a train of 50 cars with nothing but toothpicks, and meanwhile will take out of the State five thousand millions of these little implements. The new buildings at London for "D" School of Infants will shortly be completed, when the Minister of Militia will at once organize the new corps. Major Smith of O'Connell Toronto, is spoken of as the candidate with promotion to a colonelcy. Roses are the fashionable flower of the present season in London, the national emblem being chosen in honor of the Jubilee. Beds of shaded roses are arrayed on dinner tables, and so many perfume artists have been the victims of the fashion, that the perfume of the deepest damask red down to pale sea roses.

Some persons have periodical attacks of Canadian cholera, dysentery or diarrhoea, and have to use great precautions to avoid the disease. Change of water, cooking, and green fruit, is sure to bring on the attacks. Dr. J. J. Ross's Cholera Remedy is the best medicine in the market for all summer complaints. If a few drops are taken in water, or in any liquid, the symptoms are noticed no further trouble will be experienced. A consignment of 40 horses purchased in Canada for service in the cavalry and artillery has just been received at Aldershot. Fourteen of the horses were of the best quality, very good, thirteen as good, twelve as inferior as too old or too young, and six as indifferent. The Canadian bootman who took part in the Sudan campaign has to share in the best of boot-makers, who have the Khedive of Egypt is about to make. The star will be of similar design to that given for the Egyptian campaign of 1882, and will wear on it the years 1884-86.

At the time of the North West uprising, Princess Louise forwarded for the use of the troops, a large supply of medicines, surgical appliances, and other necessities. This Her Royal Highness has ordered to be distributed among the principal hospitals. Mrs. A. Nelson, Bradford, writes: "I was a sufferer from Chronic Dyspepsia for eleven years. Always after eating, an intense burning sensation in the stomach, at times very distressing, caused a drooping languid feeling, which would last for several hours after eating. I was recommended by Mr. Poppelwiler, Chemist of our city, to try Dr. Cassell's 'Peppermint Cure' and I was thankful to say that I had not been better for years; that burning sensation and languid feeling had disappeared, and I was able to eat my stomach. Others of my family have used it with best results." The coal-beds of China are five times as large as those of Europe, while gold, silver, tin, copper, iron, lime, and other minerals are all found in the greatest abundance. Owing to the prejudice of the people the mines have never been worked to any extent, it being the popular belief in China that if these mines were opened, thousands of demons and spirits imprisoned in the earth would come forth and fill the country with war and suffering.

Two more Fortunate. Mrs. Uriah Johnston, cured Mrs. Herbert, writes:—"MINARD'S LINTMENT cured me of a very sore nose, and also inflammation in the eye, which was cured all and I believe it is the best inflammation remedy I ever used. It is the best inflammation remedy I ever used. It is the best inflammation remedy I ever used."

JULY.

Midsummer Sale

GREAT BARGAINS!

For Cash Only.

John J. Weddall's

AT DURING

This Month.

CASH ONLY.

Mr. Weddall being about to make extensive alterations in his place of business, has decided to offer the balance of his stock of

Sweeping reductions in Silk, Taffeta and Lisle Goods; Ladies and Children's Hosiery; Hamburg Embroideries; Prints, Sunshades, &c., &c.

Remnants. Remnants. A large lot of Remnants in Prints, Gingham, Searskers, Dress Goods, &c., marked down regardless of cost.

Four Button Kid Gloves, Black and Colors, 75 Cents; Two Button, 1st Choice, Josephine Kid Gloves, 75 cents.

Bargains in Carpets. Bargains in Every Department.

TENNANT DAVIES & CO., 302 QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON.

July 20, 1887

Let there be no Mistake.

This is for CASH ONLY; all Goods placed upon the Books will be charged Full Price.

ONLY 75c. 85c. \$1.00.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST SHIRTS

AND DRAWERS, F. B. EDGECOMBE.

ever offered to the Public.

We can sell a good suit of UNDERCLOTHING, Summer, 1887.

at either of the above prices.

WHOLESALE.

This Department is now filled with Choice

C. H. THOMAS & CO.

N. B.—Also on hand, a large stock of White and Regatta Shirts, from 75c. upwards.

C. H. T. & Co. Fredericton, July 11, 1887.

Examine our Stock before you purchase elsewhere.

Has much pleasure in announcing that his stock of

Ladies, Gents, Boys, Youths, Misses and Children's Shoes.

He would call special attention to his immense stock of

Ladies' French Kid

BUTTON BOOTS,

ranging in price from

\$2.50 to \$6.00 a pair.

He has them in B C C D and E widths.

A nice stylish French Kid Button Boot in Ladies' sizes, for \$2.50 a pair.

WIGWAM SLIPPERS

in Ladies, Gents, Boys, Misses and Children's sizes.

A. LOTTIMER, No. 20, Queen Street, Fredericton, July 4, 1887.

Midsummer Sale

GREAT BARGAINS!

For Cash Only.

John J. Weddall's

AT DURING

This Month.

CASH ONLY.

Mr. Weddall being about to make extensive alterations in his place of business, has decided to offer the balance of his stock of

Sweeping reductions in Silk, Taffeta and Lisle Goods; Ladies and Children's Hosiery; Hamburg Embroideries; Prints, Sunshades, &c., &c.

Remnants. Remnants. A large lot of Remnants in Prints, Gingham, Searskers, Dress Goods, &c., marked down regardless of cost.

Four Button Kid Gloves, Black and Colors, 75 Cents; Two Button, 1st Choice, Josephine Kid Gloves, 75 cents.

Bargains in Carpets. Bargains in Every Department.