

## JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhoea, Kidney Troubles, and Spinal Diseases.

These machines can be had at the following offices, viz:—  
Fredericton, N. B., Kewcastle, Miramichi, N. B., Chatham, Miramichi, N. B., Bathurst, Gloucester Co., N. B., Campbellton, Restigouche Co., N. B., St. Stephen, N. B.  
Agents wanted for P. E. Island and Nova Scotia.

D. McCATHERIN,  
Manager for Maritime Provinces.  
Address all communications P. O. Box 102, Fredericton, N. B.

## NEW "RAYMOND"

With Large Improved Arm, at  
D. McCATHERIN'S SALES ROOM,  
Phoenix Square, Fredericton, N. B.



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## A. L. F. VAN WART, UNDERTAKER

COPERS and CARBETS of all sizes and prices in Wood, Cloth, Walnut and Metallic Robes, and Brown Hatties of superior make and quality, constantly on hand.

Particular attention given to laying out and preserving bodies from discoloring.

Parties ordering Carriages by telegram, can have the same shipped by first train. Can be found day or night at Warehouses, or at Residence, King Street, opposite P. McLean's.

Opp. Edgecombe & Sons' Carriage Factory, York Street,  
FREDERICTON, N. B.  
Fredericton, January 15, 1885



## J. C. RISTEEN & CO.,

MANUFACTURE AND KEEP IN STOCK,  
Sashes, Doors and Mouldings

In all patterns required, cut from thoroughly Kiln Dried stock, in Pine, Ash and Walnut.

SPRUCE AND HARDWOOD FLOORING.

Also, Church and School Furniture.

ALL AT LOW PRICES. GIVE US A CALL.

No. 2, Queen Street,  
Fredericton, Oct. 3, 1888

## L. P. LaFOREST

Offers BARGAINS in all lines of his business.

## TINWARE

in all lines a specialty.

## FURNACES AND PLUMBING,

of all kinds. Prompt and satisfactory work guaranteed.

Phoenix Square, North Side, Fredericton.  
Fredericton, November 23, 1887

## EXHAUSTED VITALITY PHOTOS

of all kinds and styles.

HARVEY'S STUDIO,  
164 Queen St., Fredericton.

Call and have some taken in a NEW STYLE introduced for the first time in this city.

NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE. Copied and Enlarged.

## COAL. COAL.

TO ARRIVE THIS WEEK  
A CARGO OF HARD COAL  
in Chestnut, Stone and Egg sizes.

—ALSO—  
A Cargo of Sidney House Coal,  
due the first of October.

Send in your orders early and get your coal shipped from the vessel by saving double cartage.

—IN STOCK—  
THE BEST GRAND LAKE  
BLACKSTON COAL.

Office and Storehouses, Campbell St., above City Hall.

JAMES TIBBITTS.  
Fredericton, September 19, 1888—1m

## COAL.

To arrive between the 1st and 15th Oct.:

- 200 Tons Old Mine Sydney;
- 150 " Reserve Mine Sydney;
- 100 " English Oil;
- 150 " Joggins Coal;
- 500 " Anthracite Coal;

In Egg, Nut and Chestnut sizes.

Parties requiring Coal, had better leave their orders and get Coal from vessels, and save double cartage.

Coal in stock, Coal Shed, Campbell Street;

Scotch Oil House Coal;  
Caldonia House Coal;  
Joggins House Coal;

E. H. ALLEN,  
18 Regent Street,  
Fredericton, Sept. 26—1f

## STOVE PIPE.

2 Tons Stove Pipe, 5, 6, and 7 inches.  
50 doz. Elbows, 5, 6, and 7 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 5, 6, and 7 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 8, 9, and 10 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 11, 12, and 13 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 14, 15, and 16 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 17, 18, and 19 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 20, 21, and 22 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 23, 24, and 25 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 26, 27, and 28 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 29, 30, and 31 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 32, 33, and 34 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 35, 36, and 37 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 38, 39, and 40 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 41, 42, and 43 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 44, 45, and 46 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 47, 48, and 49 inches.  
300 Feet of Flue, 50, 51, and 52 inches.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS.  
Fredericton, October 9, 1888

## WILEY'S DRUG STORE,

196 QUEEN STREET.

Sponges;  
Sponge Bags;  
Mirrors;  
Hair Brushes;  
Combs;  
Florida Water;  
Perfumes;

—JUST RECEIVED BY—  
JOHN M. WILEY,  
Opposite Normal School.  
October 17

## SAULT STE. MARIE CANAL.

Notice to Contractors.

THE WORKS for the construction of the Canal, above mentioned, advertised to be let on the 21st day of October next, are unavoidably postponed to the following dates:—  
1. Tenders will be received until Wednesday, 7th day of November next.  
Plans and specifications will be ready for examination at this office and at Saint Ste. Marie on and after  
Wednesday, 24th day of October next.

By Order,  
A. P. BRADLEY,  
Secretary.  
Department of Railways and Canals,  
Ottawa, 27th September 1888.

## ROOM PAPER, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SIMON NEALIS.

Men's Suits,  
Boys' Suits,  
Children's Suits.  
VERY CHEAP.

SIMON NEALIS  
April 18  
Steel Nails.

ONE CAR Steel nails just received, and for sale low.

NEILL'S HARDWARE STORE.

## The Teacher

Who advised her pupils to strengthen their minds by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, appreciated the truth that bodily health is essential to mental vigor. For persons of delicate and feeble constitution, whether young or old, this medicine is remarkably beneficial. Be sure you get Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

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"My daughter, twelve years of age, has suffered for the past year from General Debility.

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"About a year ago I began using Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for debility and neuralgia resulting from malaria exposure in the army. I was in a very bad condition, but six bottles of the Sarsaparilla, with occasional doses of Ayer's Pills, have greatly improved my health. I am now able to work, and feel that I cannot say too much for your excellent remedies."—F. A. Pinkham, South Molunness, Me.

"My daughter, sixteen years old, is using Ayer's Sarsaparilla with good effect."—Rev. S. J. Graham, United Brethren Church, Rockingham, Va.

"I suffered from Nervous Prostration, with lame back and headache, and have been much benefited by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I am now 80 years of age, and am satisfied that my present health and prolonged life are due to the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Lucy Moffitt, Killingsly, Conn.

Mrs. Ann H. Farnsworth, a lady 79 years old, So. Woodstock, Vt., writes: "After several weeks' suffering from nervous prostration, I procured a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken half of it my usual health returned."

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## HEMOPATHIC SPECIFICS.

Executors Notice.

ALL PERSONS having any claims against the Estate of the late GEORGE COULTHARD, are requested to present the same duly authenticated, to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of November next, at which time the same will be paid to the order of the undersigned.

W. B. COULTHARD,  
G. E. COULTHARD,  
Executors

Fredericton, October 2, 1888—1m

## STOVES

FOR SALE.

WE have on hand, a very large stock of STOVES, comprising Cook, Cylinder, Close and Patent. These Stoves are first class, and will be sold very low for Cash. For the remainder of the year, also, Four Sizes Hot Air FURNACES, which will be sold at a bargain to clear. We have also on hand, two small Steam Engines, one extra and one extra large, which will be sold very cheap. All orders for immediate payment to either of the undersigned.

GEO. TODD & SON,  
Fredericton, July 25—1f.

## Files. Files.

3 CHANES FILES, assorted sizes, the very best files made we have tried them for years.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS,  
Fredericton, October 2, 1888.

10 BARRELS Raw Lined Oil just to hand, October 10

## Miscellaneous

Best for You and Best for Me.

On the steamer, oh, my darling!  
When the foghorn screech and blow,  
Softly you hearken to the stoward,  
And come and softly go—  
When the passengers are growling  
With a great and noisy din,  
Don't you think I were better darling,  
You and I should go below?

In the cabin, oh, my darling!  
Think not lightly of me,  
Though I rushed away and left you  
In the middle of the sea;  
I was filled with sudden longing  
To gaze upon the deep blue sea;  
It was best to leave you then, dear—  
Best for you and best for me.

The winter of discontent is the coldest of all winters.

Woman's life is made up of little things—among them little babies.

The potato is the most impressive vegetable—at least it's oftenest made.

A contemporary says lawyers are noted for losing their patience. How about doctors? A scholar doctor says that fruit is a perfect food, and that a diet of fruit is sufficient to sustain life and health a long time.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effective. If your druggist has none in stock get him to procure it for you.

Father—My dear, didn't I see Mr. Slim with him around you last evening? Mary (indignantly)—No, sir, you didn't. We had the curtains pulled down and the door shut, and served it at all hours of the day.

The honor of introducing the herb into Europe may be considered due equally to the Dutch and Portuguese. Early in the seventeenth century, tea became known among "persons of quality" in Europe, and in 1602 some Dutch traders carried a quantity of tea (which was then used to make a drink popular in Europe) to China, and by some ingenious device succeeded in making the almost eyed tea-drinkers think it a fair exchange for an equal quantity of very good tea, which was brought home in safety and without the loss of a single Dutchman.

Spreading Disease.

In a paper read before the last meeting of the Canada Medical Association, the author warns the public against possibilities of contagion from what are now generally considered sources of danger. Diseases, sometimes of an extremely perilous type, and which may spread in form of epidemics, may, he urges, be communicated by means of animals to children and adults. Domestic pets may take and spread infection. This, indeed, has been amply demonstrated. The same may be said of cows and horses, from which it has long been known that human subjects may contract such terrible diseases as glanders and hydrophobia. Tubercular and other diseases are also, it appears, transmissible in that way. Throat epidemics have been traced to milk supply. That diphtheria may be imparted by cats was fully established by the medical department of the English Local Government Board in connection with a recent epidemic in Enfield. The same disease may be communicated by fowls. Scarlet fever may be caught from cows, either by milking or the use of milk. Tuberculosis may be disseminated in the same way. This subject was seriously considered at the Paris Congress on tubercular diseases, and at the British Medical Association meeting. The moral of all this evidence is that health authorities, families and individuals should exercise the utmost caution, both in associating either with household pets, or in the use of animal food. With proper care, however, there is no need for alarm.

Mutton Suet.

If everyone could but know the healing properties of so simple a thing as a little mutton suet, no house-keeper would ever be without it. Get a little from your butcher, try it yourself, run into small cakes, and put away ready for use. For cuts and bruises it is almost indispensable, and where there are children there are always plenty of cuts and bruises. Many a deep gash that would have frightened most women into sending for a physician has been healed with no other remedies than a little mutton suet and castile soap. A wound should always be kept clean, and the bandages changed every day, or every other day. A dressing of warm soap suds from the purest soap that can be obtained is not only cleansing, but healing; then cover the surface of the wound with a piece of old white muslin dipped into melted suet. Renew the dressing and the suet every time the bandages are changed, and you will be astonished to see how rapidly the ugliest wound will heal.

How to Reduce your Expenses.

You can do it easily, and you will not have to deprive yourself of a single comfort; on the contrary you will enjoy life more than ever. How can you accomplish this result? Easily; cut down your doctor's bill, or every other bill, and you will come billions and consigned, and therefore low-spirited, don't rush off to the family physician for a prescription, or, on the other hand, wait until you are sick abed before doing anything at all; but just go to the druggist for a few twenty-five cent pills of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative. Take them as directed, and our word for it, your unpleasant symptoms will disappear as if by magic, you will have no big doctor's bill to pay, and everybody interested (except the doctor) will feel happy.

Dealers in grain in Northern Minnesota and Dakota are sending their low grades of wheat to market in such quantities that cars have formed a permanent blockade. Over 2,000 loaded cars are now lying at St. Paul, and it is impossible to do anything with them.

## The Origin of Tea.

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Tea was not heard of in China again for three centuries and a half, when a "Fo hi" priest is said to have advised its use as a medicine. In the ninth century, an old beggar from Japan took some of the seeds and plants back with him to his native land. The Japanese relished the new drink, and built at Osaka a temple to the memory of those who introduced it. This temple is still standing, though now almost seven hundred years old. Gradually the people of Tartary and Persia also learned to love the drink, and serve it at all hours of the day.

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## The Agricultural Show

Of the St. Marys and Douglas Society.

The List of Prize Winners.

Reported for Farmer by Mr. Alonzo Kelly.

On Thursday, October 18th, the St. Marys and Douglas Agricultural Society held their annual Fair. The day was fine and many took advantage of the fact to visit the Keswick, where the fair was held. The exhibit was very creditable although not quite up to the expectations of those visitors who had been there two years ago. That the show was not equal to the one two years ago, is accounted for in several ways. One is that many farmers were unable to attend on account of having to take care of their harvest, which, up to the present is not all harvested.

Among the animals exhibited, the horses came in for a good share of attention, particularly the three year olds.

Inside the exhibition building on either side, were to be seen roots, apples, grapes, pears, grains, butter, cheese, etc., etc.

Mr. Josiah Hallett of Douglas, exhibited some splendid pears. These pears were large and particularly fine looking not excelled in appearance by anything seen in Fredericton.

Some fine specimens of bread were shown made from York County wheat.

The articles of the Domestic manufacture and Fancy Work department, were very creditable indeed in appearance.

The judges of the horses required the draft horses to give an exhibition of their qualities. Only two teams responded owned by John Christie and John Jewett. Mr. Christie's was the victor although not finest looking. This hauling match was one of the exciting points of the show.

The judges of the respective lists of articles were as follows:—  
Grains and Puts.—James Kilburn, Richardson Jones, Whynter Cliff.  
Cattle and Sheep.—L. Albright, E. Morehouse, B. Kilburn.  
Potatoes and Horticulture.—Edward Dunphy, Ira Hawkins, Geo. L. Wilson.  
Horses and Sires.—John Ingraham, Isaac Kilburn, Wm. C. McFarlane.  
Linen and Boots.—James Tennant, Ira Hawkins, J. T. Clark.  
Fancy Work and Domestic Manufacture.—Mrs. Minnie Yerxa, Miss Mary Ferguson, Alonzo Kelly.  
Butter and Cheese.—Mrs. McGibbon, Geo. McFarlane.

After the work was done by the judges, they partook of an excellent dinner at Mr. Thos. Colter's. Mr. Colter is an adept in the art of getting up a dinner and although I can not say, as many do, that the tables groaned under the weight of good things not having heard them, I think I can truthfully testify that some of the guests groaned under the weight of good things. At the close of the day Mr. Geo. Colter, Pres. of the Society made known the names of the prize winners which were as follows:—  
Thomas Colter—Plymouth Rock Fowls, 2nd; Geese, 1st; Poultry, 2nd; Ball over one year, 2nd; White Oats, 1st; Black Oats, 2nd; Beans, 1st; Berlin work, 1st; Bush Beans, 1st; Sausis Potatoe, 1st; Bush Beans, 1st; Berlin work, 1st.  
Ernest Abbott—Parlin work, 1st; Bread from "heat grown in York, 1st; Bread, imported Flour, 1st; Packed Butter, 3rd; Eggs over two years, 1st; Sow over one year, 1st.  
Joseph Hawkins—Roll Butter, 1st; Packed Butter, 2nd.  
Walter Dunphy—Cotton Stockings, 1st; Carrots, 1st; Cabbage, 2nd; Tomatoes, 2nd; Brood Mare, 2nd; three years Gelding, 1st; Sucking Colt, 1st.  
Ross Currie—Counterpane, 1st; Early Rose Potatoes, 1st.  
Merrithew Bros.—Packed Butter, 1st; Lamb, 1st; Ball over two years, 1st; Steers over two years, 1st; one year Heifer, 1st; Milk, 1st; Cow, 1st; Heifer Calf, 1st; White Oats, 2nd; Early Rose, 2nd; Daotah Red Potatoes, 2nd; Horses, general purposes, 1st.  
Robert Sloat—Fancy Flannel, 1st; Woollen Blankets, 1st; Homespun, all wool, filled, 1st; Stockings, 1st; Hard Soap, 1st; Packed Butter, 1st; Pears, 2nd; Daotah Red Potatoes, 1st; Beans, 1st; Bush Beans (colored), 2nd; Pumpkins, 2nd; Brood Mare, 1st; Horses for general purposes, 1st; Yearling Colt, 2nd; White Flannel, 1st.  
Joseph Hallett—Braid Work, 2nd; Pears, 1st; Grapes, 1st.  
Clayton Patterson—Quilt, 1st; Crochet Work, 2nd; Embroidery Work, 1st; Lace Work, 1st.  
Thomas E. Morehouse—Ball Call under one year, 1st.  
William Colburn—Socks, 1st; Soft Soap, 1st; Cabbage, 1st; Onions, 1st; Hops, 1st.  
Joseph Dunphy—Colored Turkeys, 2nd.  
Gabriel Bartt—Plymouth Rock Fowls, 1st; Steers, 1st.  
Tyler Colburn—Wool Socks, 2nd; Cotton Socks, 1st; Wool Carpet, 1st; Crochet Work, 1st; Knitting Work, 2nd; Netting Work, 2nd.  
Whitefield Esty—Maple Sugar, 1st; Geese, 2nd; Ducks, 2nd; Turnips, 1st; Pumpkins, 1st; Squash, 1st; Filly, 1st; Yearling Colt, 1st.  
John Jewett—Ewe over two years, 2nd; Draft Horses, 2nd.  
Rev. Mr. McKel—Shawl, 1st; Counterpane, 2nd; Flowers, 1st.  
Alex. McGibbon—Ram Lamb, 2nd; Ram over two years, 2nd; Wheat, 1st; Carrots, 2nd.  
Wm. Colter—Wheat, 2nd; Beauty Hebron Potatoes, 1st; Stallion over two years, 1st.  
Norman Hallett—Grapes, 2nd; Colored Turkeys, 1st; Pears, 2nd.  
Jacob Esty—Ball over one year, 1st; Turnips, 2nd; Blood Beets, 2nd; Spring Pig, 2nd; Berlin Work, 2nd.  
Geo. Mitchell—Stallion over two years, 2nd; Stockings, 2nd; Knitting Work, 1st.  
James Yerxa—Filly over three years, 2nd.

## The Origin of Tea.

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"I have taken Ayer's Sarsaparilla with great benefit to my general health."—Miss Thirza L. Cramer, Palmer, Md.

"My daughter, twelve years of age, has suffered for the past year from General Debility.

A few weeks since, we began to give her Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Her health has greatly improved."—Mrs. Harriet H. Battles, South Chatham, Mass.

"About a year ago I began using Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a remedy for debility and neuralgia resulting from malaria exposure in the army. I was in a very bad condition, but six bottles of the Sarsaparilla, with occasional doses of Ayer's Pills, have greatly improved my health. I am now able to work, and feel that I cannot say too much for your excellent remedies."—F. A. Pinkham, South Molunness, Me.

"My daughter, sixteen years old, is using Ayer's Sarsaparilla with good effect."—Rev. S. J. Graham, United Brethren Church, Rockingham, Va.

"I suffered from Nervous Prostration, with lame back and headache, and have been much benefited by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I am now 80 years of age, and am satisfied that my present health and prolonged life are due to the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—Lucy Moffitt, Killingsly, Conn.

Mrs. Ann H. Farnsworth, a lady 79 years old, So. Woodstock, Vt., writes: "After several weeks' suffering from nervous prostration, I procured a bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and before I had taken half of it my usual health returned."

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Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.  
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## The Agricultural Show

Of the St. Marys and Douglas Society.

The List of Prize Winners.

Reported for Farmer by Mr. Alonzo Kelly.

On Thursday, October 18th, the St. Marys and Douglas Agricultural Society held their annual Fair. The day was fine and many took advantage of the fact to visit the Keswick, where the fair was held. The exhibit was very creditable although not quite up to the expectations of those visitors who had been there two years ago. That the show was not equal to the one two years ago, is accounted for in several ways. One is that many farmers were unable to attend on account of having to take care of their harvest, which, up to the present is not all harvested.

Among the animals exhibited, the horses came in for a good share of attention, particularly the three year olds.

Inside the exhibition building on either side, were to be seen roots, apples, grapes, pears, grains, butter, cheese, etc., etc.

Mr. Josiah Hallett of Douglas, exhibited some splendid pears. These pears were large and particularly fine looking not excelled in appearance by anything seen in Fredericton.

Some fine specimens of bread were shown made from York County wheat.

The articles of the Domestic manufacture and Fancy Work department, were very creditable indeed in appearance.

The judges of the horses required the draft horses to give an exhibition of their qualities. Only two teams responded owned by John Christie and John Jewett. Mr. Christie's was the victor although not finest looking. This hauling match was one of the exciting points of the show.

The judges of the respective lists of articles were as follows:—  
Grains and Puts.—James Kilburn, Richardson Jones, Whynter Cliff.  
Cattle and Sheep.—L. Albright, E. Morehouse, B. Kilburn.  
Potatoes and Horticulture.—Edward Dunphy, Ira Hawkins, Geo. L. Wilson.  
Horses and Sires.—John Ingraham, Isaac Kilburn, Wm. C. McFarlane.  
Linen and Boots.—James Tennant, Ira Hawkins, J. T. Clark.  
Fancy Work and Domestic Manufacture.—Mrs. Minnie Yerxa, Miss Mary Ferguson, Alonzo Kelly.  
Butter and Cheese.—Mrs. McGibbon, Geo. McFarlane.

After the work was done by the judges, they partook of an excellent dinner at Mr. Thos. Colter's. Mr. Colter is an adept in the art of getting up a dinner and although I can not say, as many do, that the tables groaned under the weight of good things not having heard them, I think I can truthfully testify that some of the guests groaned under the weight of good things. At the close of the day Mr. Geo. Colter, Pres. of the Society made known the names of the prize winners which were as follows:—  
Thomas Colter—Plymouth Rock Fowls, 2nd; Geese, 1st; Poultry, 2nd; Ball over one year, 2nd; White Oats, 1st; Black Oats, 2nd; Beans, 1st; Berlin work, 1st; Bush Beans, 1st; Sausis Potatoe, 1st; Bush Beans, 1st; Berlin work, 1st.  
Ernest Abbott—Parlin work, 1st; Bread from "heat grown in York, 1st; Bread, imported Flour, 1st; Packed Butter, 3rd; Eggs over two years, 1st; Sow over one year, 1st.  
Joseph Hawkins—Roll Butter, 1st; Packed Butter, 2nd.  
Walter Dunphy—Cotton Stockings, 1st; Carrots, 1st; Cabbage, 2nd; Tomatoes, 2nd; Brood Mare, 2nd; three years Gelding, 1st; Sucking Colt, 1st.  
Ross Currie—Counterpane, 1st; Early Rose Potatoes, 1st.  
Merrithew Bros.—Packed Butter, 1st; Lamb, 1st; Ball over two years, 1st; Steers over two years, 1st; one year Heifer, 1st; Milk, 1st; Cow, 1st; Heifer Calf, 1st; White Oats, 2nd; Early Rose, 2nd; Daotah Red Potatoes, 2nd; Horses, general purposes, 1st.  
Robert Sloat—Fancy Flannel, 1st; Woollen Blankets, 1st; Homespun, all wool, filled, 1st; Stockings, 1st; Hard Soap, 1st; Packed Butter, 1st; Pears, 2nd; Daotah Red Potatoes, 1st; Beans, 1st; Bush Beans (colored), 2nd; Pumpkins, 2nd; Brood Mare, 1st; Horses for general purposes, 1st; Yearling Colt, 2nd; White Flannel, 1st.  
Joseph Hallett—Braid Work, 2nd; Pears, 1st; Grapes, 1st.  
Clayton Patterson—Quilt, 1st; Crochet Work, 2nd; Embroidery Work, 1st; Lace Work, 1st.  
Thomas E. Morehouse—Ball Call under one year, 1st.  
William Colburn—Socks, 1st; Soft Soap, 1st; Cabbage, 1st; Onions, 1st; Hops, 1st.  
Joseph Dunphy—Colored Turkeys, 2nd.  
Gabriel Bartt—Plymouth Rock Fowls, 1st; Steers, 1st.  
Tyler Colburn—Wool Socks, 2nd; Cotton Socks, 1st; Wool Carpet, 1st; Crochet Work, 1st; Knitting Work, 2nd; Netting Work, 2nd.  
Whitefield Esty—Maple Sugar, 1st; Geese, 2nd; Ducks, 2nd; Turnips, 1st; Pumpkins, 1st; Squash, 1st; Filly, 1st; Yearling Colt, 1st.  
John Jewett—Ewe over two years, 2nd; Draft Horses, 2nd.  
Rev. Mr. McKel—Shawl, 1st; Counterpane, 2nd; Flowers, 1st.  
Alex. McGibbon—Ram Lamb, 2nd; Ram over two years, 2nd; Wheat, 1st; Carrots, 2nd.  
Wm. Colter—Wheat, 2nd; Beauty Hebron Potatoes, 1st; Stallion over two years, 1st.  
Norman Hallett—Grapes, 2nd; Colored Turkeys, 1st; Pears, 2nd.  
Jacob Esty—Ball over one year, 1st; Turnips, 2nd; Blood Beets, 2nd; Spring Pig, 2nd; Berlin Work, 2nd.  
Geo. Mitchell—Stallion over two years, 2nd; Stockings, 2nd; Knitting Work, 1st.  
James Yerxa—Filly over three years, 2nd.

## The Origin of Tea.

The tea-plant grew for endless centuries in Central Asia, and the earliest Celestials blandly assert that the drink was invented by Chin Nong some five thousand years ago. A poetic version makes it sixteen hundred years ago, and gives the following account of its earliest appearance: In the reign of Yuen Ty, in the dynasty of Ts'in, an old woman was accustomed to proceed every morning at daybreak to the market-place, carrying a cup of tea in her hand. The people bought it eagerly, and yet from the break of day to the close of evening the cup was never exhausted. Among orphans and beggars. The people seized and confined her in prison. At night she flew through the prison windows with her little vase in her hand.

Tea was not heard of in China again for three centuries and a half, when a "Fo hi" priest is said to have advised its use as a medicine. In the ninth century, an old beggar from Japan took some of the seeds and plants back with him to his native land. The Japanese relished the new drink, and built at Osaka a temple to the memory of those who introduced it. This temple is still standing, though now almost seven hundred years old. Gradually the people of Tartary and Persia also learned to love the drink, and serve it at all hours of the day.

The honor of introducing the herb into Europe may be considered due equally to the Dutch and Portuguese. Early in the seventeenth century, tea became known among "persons of quality" in Europe, and in 1602 some Dutch traders carried a quantity of tea (which was then used to make a drink popular in Europe) to China, and by some ingenious device succeeded in making the almost eyed tea-drinkers think it a fair exchange for an equal quantity of very good tea, which was brought home in safety and without the loss of a single Dutchman.

## Best