

New Advertisements.

GRAND CONCERT.

The Members of the DUTCHER TEMPERANCE REFORM CHOIR...

TUESDAY EVENING, 29th inst., repeating the Concert given by them...

ST. NICHOLAS, SCRIBNER'S ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE

For Girls and Boys.

An Ideal Children's Magazine.

Messrs. SCRIBNER & Co., in 1873, began the publication of St. Nicholas, an Illustrated Magazine...

OVER 50,000 COPIES.

It is published simultaneously in London and New York...

Good Things for 1878-9.

The arrangements for literary and art contributions for the new volume—the sixth—are complete...

"A JOLLY FELLOWSHIP"

Will run through the twelve monthly parts, beginning with the number of November, 1878...

"HALF A DOZEN HOUSEKEEPERS"

By Katharine D. Smith, with illustrations by Frederick DeMunn...

"RUMPTY DUDGE'S TOWER"

Written by Julia Hawthorn, and illustrated by Frederick DeMunn...

The November Number.

Attention is especially invited to the November number, which in many respects approaches nearer to our ideal than any we have issued...

MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE,

CHATHAM.

At this Establishment will be found—

Letter and Note Papers, Purse and Portfolios, Fancy Notes and Envelopes, Boxes, Blotting, Ink, and Stationery.

Foolscap, Post, Royal, Medium and Demy Papers.

PERFORATED BOARD,

White, Gold and Silver.

Rulers of all kinds, Darning Needles, Sewing Machine, Pins, Buttons, and Tracing Paper.

Fabre's Ink and Pencil Erasers

WRITING & COPYING INKS,

Of the best makers.

ACCOUNT BOOKS,

Day Books, Bills Payable and Receivable, Journals, Cash Books, and Note Books.

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Reading, Writing, Drawing, Grammar, Literature, Geography, and History.

We are now preparing for the

HOLIDAYS,

and will, in a few days, open the most attractive display of

FANCY GOODS

FOR

X'mas and New Year

Ever offered to the Miramichi.

The different lines will be full and complete, embracing an endless variety of

MORNING AND OTHER BOXES, LADIES' WORK BOOKS, HOLIDAY BOOKS.

TOYS

TOY BOOKS,

TOYS FOR BOYS

AND

TOYS FOR GIRLS.

VASES

In China and Glass

TOILET SETS,

CHROMO MOTTOES!

CHRISTMAS CARDS!

New Year Cards!

Our Patrons may rely on having a very full stock to select from.

Full announcements will be made as the stock comes in.

D. G. SMITH,

MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE, CHATHAM.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

NEW GOODS

AT

J. B. SNOWBALL'S!

BLANKETS!!

BLANKETS!!!

Just received from the Manufacturer in England,

600 PAIRS OF WHITE AND GREY BLANKETS!!!

From the lowest quality of Camp Blankets, size 2 yds. x 1 1/2 yds., to the finest Real BATH, size 3 1/2 yds. x 3 yds.

Prices ranging from \$2.00 to \$16.00 per pair.

This is undoubtedly the largest and cheapest Stock of BLANKETS in this market.

20 PIECES OF GREY CAMP BLANKETING,

VERY HEAVY, 80 INCHES WIDE.

WHITE TWILLED KERSEYS FOR DRAWERS.

BOYS' & GIRLS' WOOL UNDERWEAR,

In Suits of SHIRTS AND DRAWERS combined.

JUST THE ARTICLE FOR THIS CLIMATE. CALL AND EXAMINE.

Sept. 23, 1878.

DRESS GOODS!! DRESS GOODS!!!

FOR FALL 1878.

RECEIVED VIA HALIFAX

5 Cases of the newest and most fashionable Fabrics in

DRESS MATERIALS,

—CONSISTING OF—

Coloured Persian Cords, Coloured Scicillians, Coloured Wool Serges, Coloured D'Cosse' Cloth, Coloured Camels Hair Cloth (FOR POLONAISE).

COLOURED "LORNE" CLOTHS (heavy), for Winter Polonaise and "Usters."

—ALSO—

Black Cobourgs, Persian Cords,

QUEEN'S CORDS.

Plain Scicillians, Scicillian Cords (a novelty).

BLACK "D'OSSE" CLOTH,

(STYLISH AND VERY DURABLE.)

All the above are marked UNUSUALLY LOW, and all warranted FIRST-CLASS.

Sept. 23rd, 1878.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF

ELECTRO-PLATED WARE,

Ever shown in Miramichi,

which I have personally selected from one of the best Houses in New York. The Stock consists of

Tea Sets, Ice Pitchers, Dinner and Breakfast Casters, Pickle and Fruit Stands, Butter Coolers, Cane Baskets, Card Receivers, Spoons, Forks, etc.

Every Article warranted to give satisfaction.

I have also on Hand, a large Stock of Jewelry and Fancy Goods, Pipes, Cigars, Tobacco, and all smokers Requisites, for sale LOW, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ISAAC HARRIS.

Remember the Staid, next "Argyle House", - - - Water Street, Chatham. June 4th, 1878.

FURNITURE WAREHOUSES.

Charlotte St., ST. JOHN.

(OPPOSITE KING SQUARE.)

WE have just opened at our NEW PREMISES an altogether New Stock of Goods, completely filling the spacious Warehouses, without exception, the finest in the Dominion, and such a variety of desirable articles, that we are confident we can supply any City on the Continent. The stock comprises Beautifully Upholstered PARLOR SETS and Groups in the Latest and Leading styles, very richly Carved and Inlaid, A Superb Stock of

WALNUT BEDROOM SETS

with French Bureaux and Dressing Cases. We call special attention to these Sets, as their equal cannot be found elsewhere in the City. A large assortment of OFFICE DESKS, TABLES and CHAIRS. Besides these we are showing

WARDROBES, BOOKCASES, SIDEBOARDS, WALNUT BUREAUS, and SINKS, EASY CHAIRS, CAMP CHAIRS, ROCKING CHAIRS, LIBRARY TABLES, CENTRE TABLES, PARLOR CHAIRS, HAT TREES, WHATNOTS, PATENT ROCKERS, SOFAS, LOUNGES, BED LOUNGES, DINING TABLES and CHAIRS, LOOKING GLASSES, CRIBS, and a full line of the BEDROOM SETS, and all kinds of GREAT BUREAU, CLOCK & EXCELLENCE MATRESSES, FEATHER PILLOWS, &c.

PRICES LOW, TERMS LIBERAL.

STEWART & WHITE.

JUST OPENED

Martin's Jewelry Palace,

3 MARKET BUILDING, CHARLOTTE ST., SAINT JOHN, N. B.

4 CASES OF SILVER PLATED WARE, consisting of

CANSTERS, BUTTER COOLERS, PICKLE STANDS, CUP STANDS, CANNERS, CUP BASKETS, NAPKIN RINGS, BUTTER KNIVES, SILVER FORKS, PICKLE AND TABLE FORKS.

LARGE TABLE FISH.

NOW LANDING:—

80 QLS. LARGE CODFISH.

For Sale low by

HARDING & HATHWAY, 17 and 18 South Wharf.

LONDON HOUSE,

CHATHAM, N. B.

Retiring from the DRY GOODS trade.

CLEARANCE SALE!

GREAT BARGAINS!

A lot of yard wide Prints from 8 to 12 cents per yard.

Dress Goods in variety, from 12 cents per yard upwards.

Wool Scarfs and Cloths at cost.

Cottons, Flannels, Hosiery, Shirts and Pants very cheap.

IN STOCK:—

Flour, Corn and Oatmeal, Tea, Sugar, Tobacco Soap, —cheap for cash.

20 tubs Butter and Lard to close a consignment of

RICHARD HOCKEN W. S. L.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, Miramichi, N. B., every THURSDAY morning at 10 o'clock, by the office of the publisher.

It is sent to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain (Postage prepaid by the Publisher) for \$1.00 a year—the money, in all cases, to accompany the order for the paper.

Advertisements are placed under classified headings.

Advertisements, other than yearly or by the season, are inserted at eight cents per line nonpareil, for eighty cents per inch per line for each insertion.

Yearly, or season, advertisements are taken at the rate of Five Dollars an inch per year. The matter in space secured by the year, or season, may be changed under arrangement made therewith with the Publisher.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circulation distributed principally in the Counties of Kent, Northumberland, Gloucester and Restigouche (New Brunswick), and in Bonaventure and Gaspé (Quebec) among country and inland settlements, Fishing and Agricultural pursuits, offers superior inducements to advertisers. Address: Editor, "Miramichi Advance," Chatham, N. B.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1878.

Departure of Lord Dufferin.

The Earl of Dufferin left Canada for Great Britain on Saturday last. A despatch of Saturday afternoon says:—

Notwithstanding the worst storm of the season, and this morning, thousands of citizens turned out to say farewell to the Governor-General. The wind was blowing a hurricane and the rain fell till 10 o'clock. A and B troops of Canadian Hussars formed a guard of honor and conducted His Excellency to the Queen's Wharf where B Battery, 8th Royal Rifles, City and River Police, and a brilliant staff of officers received him. He was conducted to the pavilion, where were assembled to meet him the Mayor and the city corporation, Sir John A. Macdonald, and other Dominion dignitaries, Sir Patrick McGeoghegan and staff, Hon. Messrs. Bowell, Pope, P. E. L. Aikens, McGreevey, Joly, Langlois, Chauvigny, Goss, Deane, Stanley and others. After the presentation by the Mayor of the municipal address, His Excellency was conveyed by the Police to the "Polytechnic" and sailed out at 11.30, followed by H. M. S. "Argus" and "Sirius," and the river steamers "St. Lawrence" and "Maid of Orleans," having large bands of music on board. All through the drenching rain thousands of people crowded Durham Terrace, Governor's Garden and all points from which a view of the steamer could be obtained. A salute of nineteen guns was fired from the Citadel.

We are quite sure all classes in the Dominion follow the departing Viceroy with their best wishes and that they desire for him good fortune, wherever he may go. His official career in this country has, doubtless, been a pleasant one to himself and if it has not been so it cannot be on account of both the Governor and the governed not having pretty much of their own way in matters of mutual interest. Lord Dufferin is fond of travel and observation and our people are fond of seeing and being in good terms with their great men. His Excellency honored them to their hearts' content and they paid the bills promptly, and with liberality. It is probable that we shall never have another Governor-General who will deliver so many speeches, receive so many addresses and travel so many miles over the country in his official capacity; and while no blame is to be attached to Lord Dufferin for spending our money in this way, so long as we encouraged him in doing so, it might be well for the Government to turn over a new leaf with his successor and in their conferences with him in reference to his journeys and other undertakings at public expense, bear in mind that we are less than four millions of people, with a revenue of only some twenty three millions, that the country is very extensive in proportion to its population and that times are too hard for expensive vice-regal pilgrimages all over our wide domain.

Lord Dufferin's term of office has been a successful one. The functions of a Governor-General, while they are largely perfunctory are often of the greatest public consequence. His Excellency has acquitted himself admirably, whether as host at Rideau Hall, as the centre of all the fuss, insels and feathers of Parliamentary openings and prorogations, as the head of our Canadian Privy Council, the representative of the Queen on occasional visits among the Yankees, or as the mouth-piece of Her Majesty's orders from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Where stationariness has been required Lord Dufferin has shown himself abundantly equal to the occasion; among our gushing and effervescent American neighbors, as well as when surrounded by our own people of the same class, he has always said and done what suited them, managing at the same time to preserve his own dignity and to laugh—if he laughed at all—far up his sleeve; and among the learned men of this side of the Atlantic he has been a *seant*. The Earl and his excellent Countess, are loved because they have displayed a disposition to make everybody brought within their circle happy and we join with the rest of our fellow-subjects in wishing that they may always be as happy as they tried to make us in Canada, and that His Excellency's successor in office may be equally popular, if not equally expensive.

About Farming.

Referring to our remarks of last week on the subject of farming the Freeman says:—

"One of the reasons why this Province does not make greater progress is that in many parts of it those who should be farmers have really little knowledge of the business, and little energy, and are content to drag on year after year without increasing the quantity of land under cultivation, or adopting any improvements in the method of cultivation, or increasing or improving their stock, and that so very many are ready at all times to abandon their farms and take employment as lumberers, etc., at wages out of which, even if they are prudent and economical they can save little."

The Freeman is right in its facts and it is because of the apathetic and listless manner in which so many of our country people conduct their farming operations, as well as on account of the absolute need of a better appreciation of farming, generally, that we urged the necessity of "missionary work" in our agricultural interests."

We believe the Provincial Government would do well should it take steps to diffuse more information than it does among the people in reference to the inducements offered them under the Free Grants and Labor Acts. We know it is a common thing for some journal-ists as well as politicians to complain that much has been done to bring people from abroad into the country, while those at home have been

neglected and had little done to prevent them from going away. It is true that much money has been spent on Immigration—more than should have been spent—but, at the same time, excellent inducements were, and are offered to our own people to settle on our best farming lands and make homes for themselves. Any number of intending settlers on ungranted lands may obtain Free Grants and, when they have complied with certain necessary conditions, a certain sum of money to assist them in establishing themselves in homes in our own Province. While something has been done in the way of informing the people on this subject, there are yet many persons who know little or nothing about it. This Government should take steps to remedy.

Now that the policy of reducing the subsidies for steam service is settled and the suspension of the powers of the Government in respect of the Railway Act of 1874 is a recognised fact, the opening up of good farming lands by the construction of Settlement Roads might be more extensively engaged in. A few thousand dollars expended annually in such works would be far more beneficial to the Province and its people than the tens of thousands which have been little better than wasted in such enterprises as the St. Martin and Upham and Grand Southern Railways, which seem to be only monuments of unnecessary legislation and misdirected public enterprise.

We believe that much may be done by the press and our public men to make our farming population more alive to the importance of rousing the faults referred to by the Freeman. Too little is known of the science of farming, because so few persons have been induced to study the subject. For our part, we shall be glad to open our columns to any of our farming friends who may desire to discuss the matter for the benefit of their fellow-farmers and are competent to do so. Those who have succeeded know best what are the chief difficulties to be overcome and the surest methods by which success is attained. No question can be more profitably agitated, because there is none of such general importance to the whole country.

Kent Railway.

A paragraph is going the rounds of the press, stating that "Messrs. Sayre and Johnson visited Fredericton last week to urge the Government to renew the Richibucto Branch subsidy. The Government promised to look into the matter." The *Chimico Post* comments on the announcement as follows:—

"If the Government looks into it favorably, it will no doubt secure the support of Kent."

Those who understand the position of the Kent Railway matter feel of the Government of the Province ought either to make the contract with the Company or pay over to it a sum equal to what has been expended in surveys, partial construction, etc. If the Company is not entitled to have its claims favorably considered, on their merits, the Government would do a wrong to give the subsidy whether it wrongly secured "the support of Kent" or not. We trust the Post does not, in this respect, speak for the new element in the Government.

The Provincial Exhibition, etc.

Referring to the late Provincial Exhibition, which it pronounces a merely local affair, the *Sackville Post* says:—

"The exhibition of Northumberland, Kings or Westmorland stands pre-eminently higher than St. John. The North Shore has never yet had an exhibition. Formerly it was shut out from the world, but now, both Chatham and Newcastle are readily accessible from all sections, and no grounds at all exist why the next exhibition should not be held there, or, if not there, in Westmorland."

"We do not favor large grants of public money for exhibition purposes, when other and more important branches of agriculture are starved, but if we are to have them, let the money be fairly and equitably distributed."

The Post seems to be a little out of sorts because the Exhibition was not held in Westmorland and it might as well say so plainly. Neither Chatham nor Newcastle offered any inducements whatever to the Government with a view of securing the Exhibition, for the people of both these places knew it would be useless to do so, Fredericton having been selected from the first. Indeed, the chief purpose for which the Miramichi seems to have been created and permitted to exist—so far as the rest of the Province is concerned—is that it may contribute about one third of the whole Crown Lands revenue of the Province for expenditure in the favored counties. When the Local Government exhibits something like a disposition to refrain from crushing our lumber industry we may then hope for consideration for our agricultural interests also.

The Orange Case.

All the cases against the Montreal Orangemen have fallen to the ground. Several members of the Society were charged with "unlawful assembly" on the 12th of July last, and others were charged with being "members of an illegal order." Judge Ramsey, who presided, charged strongly against the prosecution, and the Jurors, without leaving their seats, acquitted the prisoners. Judge Ramsey had words of comfort for the Orangemen, however. After declaring that "there is not one tittle of evidence to show that it was an unlawful meeting or that the Orange Order is an unlawful society," "that they were not feared as the perpetrators of unlawful acts, but were exposed to the unlawful acts of others in doing what, as far as we know, they have a perfect right to do," he said:—

"The Orange procession is a ridiculous one, dressed out in these trumpery things give offence to some persons. But they are not obliged to expose themselves to be offended; they might have remained at home in their houses. We are told that there were some five thousand on the street. Mr. Mercer more moderately says two thousand, and it is to be hoped that there are not more than two thousand persons so foolish as to waste a day in this manner. Well, we must enquire was the act of the Orangemen in assembling a criminal act? I have spared no trouble since I know the law was to come up for trial in studying the case, and I must tell you that it was not a criminal act. The conduct of the Mayor has been unbecomingly brought into the case, and as such is the case the Court may refer to it. It may be open to criticism or discussion, but it appears to the Court that he acted very discreetly and wisely, and not only so, but his right, but his lauded duty, to adopt

any means possible for the maintenance of peace. His act was that of preventing the madman from throwing himself into the river to test some life-saving power."

The end has not yet been reached, as the indicted Orangemen talk of taking proceedings against the city for false arrest. As Mr. Mackenzie Bowell is to be a member of the new Government it is more than likely that the Orange troubles will not be so prominently before the public as they have been in the past.—St. John Globe.

The New Government.

The new Government is, at last, formed and the over-anxious papers will be enabled to change their criticisms from the speculative to the positive. The Cabinet consists of:—

"Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, Premier and Minister of the Interior.

"Hon. H. L. Tilly, C. B., Minister of Finance.

"Hon. R. D. Tapley, C. B., Minister of Public Works.

"Hon. J. H. Pope, Minister of Agriculture.

"Hon. James McDonald, Minister of Justice.

"Hon. J. C. Pope, Minister Marine and Fisheries.

"Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs.

"Hon. L. F. R. Masson, Minister of Militia.

"Hon. L. B. Baly, Minister of Inland Revenue.

"Hon. Senator Aikens, Secretary of State.

"Hon. H. L. Langvin, Postmaster General.

"Hon. John O'Connor, President of the Council.

The gentlemen whose names have a star prefixed were members of the Cabinet which went out of office in 1873. It is said that Hon. R. D. Wilnot is to be given a seat in the Government without office, and that he will be Speaker of the Senate, but we can hardly believe such an arrangement is seriously contemplated.

The Halifax "Herald"

A specimen of journalism peculiar to that city and its bitter party feuds. In its issue of last Thursday it indulged in one of its frantic fits, charging those who differ from it in politics—both Dominion and Local—with the worst of public crimes and misdemeanors. The language employed was peculiarly its own and of so low and vindictive a character as to reflect discredit on the party the paper professes to represent, to say nothing of those who are immediately responsible for what appears in its columns. Happily that style of writing is seldom seen in print now-a-days, as it is giving place to editorial matter requiring better thought, better heart, better taste and a more correct gauge of what public sentiment approves.

Eight Per Cent.

People interested in the condition of the English money market wondered last week at the sudden rise in the Bank of England discount rates to eight per cent. That rate, however, was only nominal and was caused by most of the banks of the country refusing discounts in the excitement following the suspension of the Glasgow Bank and the collapse of a large number of prominent business houses. The money market continues panicky, however, and as high as seven per cent. is paid for discounts in some of the outside banks.

A New Story.—Little's Living Age.

In its issue for the week ending October 19th, begins the publication, from the author's advance sheets, of a new serial story by George Macdonald. The new story is entitled "Sir Gibbie," and promises to be one of much interest.

Stranger's Obituary.

It is a little singular that the obituary notice of Mr. Stranger, who was published by the *Halifax Herald* a short time ago, is now announced as a prospective member of the new Cabinet by the same paper.

The Re-elections.—Writs are out for the elections in constituencies whose members have accepted office in the new Government. Polling day is fixed for Nov. 11th. Hon. Mr. Tilly will probably, be returned without opposition.

Lower Gloucester Roads, etc.

A correspondent, who writes from the lower portion of Gloucester County, complains of the manner in which the public road service there has been attended to in the past. We regret that his letter contained no references which were calculated to mar the effect of the facts stated, and are, of course eliminated by us. We have no doubt that it is very expediting to be obliged to suffer from the inconveniences of bad roads when one is convinced in his own mind that money which should have been devoted to bettering their condition has been improperly spent or not spent at all, but it is better when laying such matters before the public to do so in a way that will command the respect of the reader. Correspondents will please observe that while we are very desirous of serving every public interest we cannot allow personal innuendoes and slurs upon parties unknown to us to appear in our columns. When we have anything to say against any man in his public capacity we say it in plain English, which we can stand by, and if correspondents would write under their real names in the same manner, their communications would have all the weight to which they are entitled and be more acceptable. We should like also to hear from our friends when they have good words to tell for their neighbors and not, as is too often the case, only when they have complaints to make. The reason why we open our columns to correspondents is in order that they may assist in encouraging everything in their localities which tends to the general good, but it is not pleasant to find that the pens of our friends lie idle when a good word might often be written to encourage a neighbor, while they are vigorously penning when opportunity for adverse criticism can be made.

Respecting the complaints