#### Miramichi and the North Shore.

F THE CURLING CLUB are to meet to morrow evening at half-past seven. CORRESPONDENTS must send their names with their favors. "Smelt" of Tabusintac

had better call at this office. PORTAGE RIVER. -Tenders are to be asked at once by Supervisor McDougall for the new Portage River Bridge. The

structure will be five hundred feet long. M. C. CLARK, DENTIST, can be found in Newcastle at Mrs. McAllister's residence every Friday and Saturday, where he will be prepared to attend to those desiring his services, commencing Friday, Oct. 5th. '77.

NEW SAW MILL AT ROGERSVILLE. -The new Saw Mill of Messrs. Cowie and White, at Rogersville Settlement, is now in suc- be closed. In 1854 a prohibition law had cessful operation. It is a Waterous Rotary | been introduced into this Province but it time in Bathurst.

evening last. He held the office of Colwas also on the Commission of the Peace for Kent County. He leaves behind a record for sterling probity which will be remembered to his honor for many years to thrown on the subject, and though he was

THE CANADA SCHOOL JOURNAL. - We have to acknowledge the receipt of the Canada School Journal for January. This educational serial is published at Toronto and is neatly got up. The first page contains an excellent portrait of Theodore H. Rand, A. M., D. C. L. Superintendent of Education in this Province, which is accompanied by a short biography, in which a sketch is given of the great services rendered by Dr. Rand towards the development of the educational system of Nova Scotia, when Superintendent in that Province, and the circumstances which led to his being appointed to a similar position in New Brunswick. The Journal contains many interesting articles on educational subjects and notes and news relative to School matters from various sections of the Dominion. The December number opens with another biographical notice, that of the Rev. S. S. Nelles D. D. o Victoria College, Coburg, accompanied with a well executed portrait, a series of these biographical notices of prominent educationists, with portraits, being an agreeable feature of this publication, which is intended as an "Educational Monthly for Teachers, Trustees and Friends of Education."

MR. WM. Wyse ventures to publish characteristic letter in the Advocate, in which he enters a general denial of the charges formulated against him by the gentleman he so roundly abuses. He says the boat for which he was paid was procured for Overseer Perley and is now in his possession. We take Mr. Wyse's explanation of that transaction at its face and merely suggest that if he had not meddled in the matter of a boat required by another Overseer the item would not have appeared against him with nothing to represent it.

Mr. Wyse endeavors to explain away his course in reference to the Salmon Licenses by repeating what the Department says is an untruth. He says the Salmon fishermen were not prepared to pay for their licenses and that he was authorized to give them credit, etc. He charges that many of those to whom he gave credit have repudiated their notes, etc., and that the sums due by such repudiators amount, in the aggregate, to \$189.51. He further states that the repudiators have acted on Mr. D. G. Smith's advice in thus breaking their promises and repudiating their notes. We believe Mr. Wyse obtained the promises and the notes referred to under false representations of his position, but we are authorized by Mr. Smith to state that if any fisherman or other person has said that gentleman advised them to repudiate their notes or break their promises they do so without any warrant of fact for what they say. Quite a number of fishermen heard the Minister say he would take care that the liberty Mr. Wyse took with the Order in Council would not be repeatminds to let him take the consequences. For all this Mr. Wyse has only himself to blame, although it is in keeping with his both sides of the House were amused. official record that he should lay the blame quite as difficult to get Mr. Wyse to father the consequences of his official acts as it has been some of his other little delinquencies in the County. The Department is hardly to be congratulated on Mr. Wyse's style and language as a correspondent, but he is responsible to the Minister and the public for what he causes to be published. and we regret, for the sake of all considerations involved that Mr. Wyse's last effort has shown him to be so eminently fitting a lieutenant of the Inspector for the Pro-

#### The Dutcher Reformers' Entertainment.

On Tuesday evening the Dutcher Re formers held their weekly meeting in the Masonic Hall, which, as usual, was completely filled on the occasion, shewing that the interest felt in these meetings is unabated, and that the efforts made to render them popular are appreciated by the people of Chatham, who are indebted to the organization for much material bene fit, as well as many evenings of agreeable and inexpensive recreation during the past

The President, L. J. Tweedie, Esq., occupied the chair, and opened the meeting by calling on the Rev. J. C. Herdman. one of the Chaplains, to engage in prayer. Tne choir sang the anthem "How beautiful upon the Mountains.'

The Rev. Mr. McBain then delivered an address dwelling on the habit of drinking as one that deceives and allures, enforcing his text with many amusing anecdotes

which were well received. Miss Sarah Gillies then sang "Send for

mother, Birdie's dying." Mr. Geo. Fox of Newcastle, then gave a very amusing Irish Reading, "Jimmy

Butler and the Owl," which was loudly applanded. Mr. Desbrisay next sang "Bessie the

sailor's wife." The Rev. J. C. Herdman followed with a short address, in which he gave a humorous account of the late journey and visit of members of the organization to Tabusintac, for the purpose of forming a new as- Fogo at the manse. After refreshments, sociation there, which resulted in 135 peo- the party proceeded to the church where The meagre report referred to is more conple signing the pledge. In conclusion he referred to the first meetings in Chatham held by Mr. Dutcher, at which he had assisted, and the strength which the organization then founded, had since gained. He

castle next addressed the meeting, expressing his gratification at being present. He said there was little new to be said on temperance, but he would make the bold assertion that every man, woman and child present in that hall had suffered either directly or indirectly from intemperance, and when he saw so many before him on this occasion, he asked himself the cause, and the answer was, the deep necessity which existed for reform, as the

police reports in the daily papers, and the voices from the jails and penitentiaries attested, and he thought it was a dispensation of Providence that the temperance movement had become so universal. There were 19 or 20 places in Chatham where liquor was sold legally, and the change must be wrought by the people themselves, for if the present temperance spirit was kept alive, these establishments must

Mill, and the machinery was running some | had proved a failure. He did not believe in prohibition, and thought that success in HENRY LIVINGSTON, Esq., of Richibucto' this matter was only to be attained by one of the best known and most respected educating the people. He then referred residents of that County, died on Saturday to the crimes which resulted from drunkenness, instancing the narrow escape which lector of Customs at Richibucto until about | alad had lately at Newcastle from murdering a year ago, when he was superannuated and his mother, and the case of Timothy Mc-Carthy at Shediac. In conclusion he said an illumination like that of a headlight from a locomotive required to be

> speech. [Applause.] Signers to the pledge were now requested to come forward, and the choir sang one or two pieces during which some 25

not prepared that evening, he would be

happy at some future time to give them a

names were added to the roll. Miss Jessie Templeton sang "Sweet spirit hear my Prayer," after which a temperance dialogue was given by Masters

Ernest McKay and A. G. Templeton. A humorous reading entitled "Peter Sorghum on Love," was next given by Mr. Geo. Fox of Newcastle, after which Mr.

song, "Robin Thomson's Smithy." Mr. P. Williston of Newcastle next delivered a short address to young men. urging them to abstain from intemperance, after which Mr. A. G. Ridling sang

"Come back to Erin." The President now said they had hoped to hear other gentlemen from Newcastle that evening, but on account of the lateness of the hour, that pleasure would have to be deferred to a future occasion. The proceedings were then brought to close by the choir singing the Doxology.

members of the choir for practice would take place in the Masonic Hall at 3.30 this (Thursday) afternoon.

### New Pilot Schooners.

Mr. William Tait, has nearly completed a new schooner 471 feet keel, measuring about 25 tons, to be launched on the open ing of navigation.

Mr. Frank Martin has laid the keel and is now framing a vessel of 46 feet kee that will measure about 24 tons. Mr. Joseph Jimmo has in frame and is

now ceiling a schooner of 47 feet keel. measure about 24 tons, to be launched at the opening of navigation. The above three vessels are building at

Mr. Allan McEachren is building, at the lower end of Chatham, a pilot schooner 44 feet keel that will measure twenty two

### "Bold as a Lion!"

Hon. Mr. Mitchell appears to be at about "the end of his tether" in reference to Mr. Anglin, as he is in politics generally. He determined to run Mr. Anglin out of Gloucester a few years ago and was, himself, run out of that County, glad to escape the ire of the people of Tracadie. At Ottawa last session he thought he had more he endeavored to injure Mr. Anglin, the better that gentleman seemed to thrive, so when the Speakership matter came up on Thursday last and our "plucky" member ascertained that his party was in a minority of over sixty, he concluded that he would shirk the vote forced upon the Gregan and Miss J. Williston. Miss ed and they heard Mr. Wyse promise to House by himself and others. Just before Maggie Noble then recited, "No wonder resign. They felt he had been doing a division was had, therefore, he rose from you're ashamed,"which was well received. wrong and they, doubtless, made up their his seat and walked out, pretending that Master Johnnie Noble delivered a short his right to be present had been questioned. No wonder the despatches say that citation by Mr. Thomas, after which Mr.

### bellton.

a community is so moved in a good cause, as is that of Campbellton at the present time. Mr. Ben. Walker of Bangor, better known as "the Temperance Threshing committee of Y. M. C. A., and seconded by C. C. Carlyle, Esq., of Chatham, lately held a series of most successful meetings, commencing on Monday the 4th inst, and lasting during the week, and succeeded in organizing a club, the most enthusiastic and numerous-in proportion to the population of the town-of any in the Provinces, numbering as it does 450. A torchlight procession was one of the means employed to excite enthusiasm in the cause. On the evening of the 6th inst., a most stirring address was delivered at the meeting by Mr. J. R. Pigeon, of St. John. During the week the Rev. Mr. Tibbets, J. B. McKenzie, and several other gentlemen. ably supported Messrs Walker and Carlyle. On leaving Campbellton, Mr. Carlyle had the thanks of that town tendered to him by the club, and felt encouraged to make laughter and after Mr. H. McDougal had an onslaught on the traffic in Bathurst. where there is now an active and well organized committee at work, and on Tuesday evening last, Mr. Ben. Walker held a successful meeting there.

### The Dutcher Reformers in

Tabusintac. On Thursday morning last a large party of the Dutcher Reformers of Chatham, (27 in number,) headed by their President L. J. Tweedie, Esq., and other office-bearers of the society, started about 9 o'clock, on the long projected visit to Tabusintac, for the purpose of forming a branch of the Dutcher organization at that place. The ladies mustered strongly on the occasion, and the journey was safely performed, with the loss of only one whiffle-tree, al-

though the roads below Neguac were very heavy. The party arrived about 5 o'clock and were received and entertained in the most hospitable manner by the Rev. Mr. a meeting was held, the edifice being filled to its utmost capacity.

Mr. Fogo took charge of the direction of affairs, and after the Rev. J. C. Herdman had opened with prayer, briefly in- are at the disposal of its Councillors (who the question. Had he proposed a rival then bade farewell to the platform at Chat- troduced the deputation, assuring them receive \$30.00 per year for revising a list candidate there would have been more tory to escape from the United States their conduct, applaud a man like Sir ham, for a time, saying wherever he hap- that they were welcome to Tabusintac. of Electors, which formerly was done for sense in his proceedings, but he presented troops, and have since remained on the John A. Macdonald, and seek his restorapened to be, he would do his utmost to He then left the meeting in the hands of \$12.00) who never fail to appoint Bye- no alternative, and the logical result of a vernment made a friendly but unsuccess.

man, Messrs. D. McLaughlan, W. Wyse, C. Bourne of Newcastle, and other gentlemen, there being in all some thirteen short addresses. Suitable music was furnished by the choir whose singing was much appreciated.

The pledge books were now opened and 135 signatures were placed upon them, those signing receiving the badge of the

The report of the Committee appointed to nominate office-bearers for the new association was adopted, and among others, David Petrie, Esq., was elected President, and the Rev. Mr. Fogo, Chap-

In conclusion an enthusiastic vote of thanks was passed to Mr. and Mrs. Fogo, also to the members of the Chatham deputation. The latter left Tabusintac about midnight and arrived in Chatham about 8,30 on Friday morning.

#### That Barnaby River Speech.

Some of our friends have, during the past week, wondered at the worse than silliness of many parts of Mr. Mitchell's speech at Barnaby River, as reported in the ADVANCE of 7th inst. They say they can scarcely believe that Mr. Mitchell would talk such nonsense and that the report must have been intended as an exaggeration. We confess that up to the time the report was placed in our hands, we thought some of our friends, who told us of similar speeches of his made elsewhere, must be in error, but the gentleman who reported for us at Barnaby River is one who is entirely reliable and his report was a faithful and true one. He wrote nothing which was not said by Mr. Mitchell, as all who heard the hon, gentleman can bear witness.

The Report mentioned the fact that hats were kept on generally at the meeting and the "Clacquers" who do Mr. M's talking in the County during his non residence, have seized upon the fact as an Mathew Russel sang a humorous Scotch | intended slur of ours upon the Barnaby River people. The latter, however, know the statement was made. 1st because it was true and 2nd because there was no thing in Mr. Mitchell's conduct on the occasion to merit any better treatment. The people of Barnaby River are of the sturdy, independent class, who only take their hats off to those who win their respect. The "Clacquers" say it was so cold in the School House that people had to keep their hats on. If Mr. Mitchell had any very strong friends at Barnaby River they would have had the building It was announced that a meeting of in a more comfortable condition for him. or if he had not been afraid of the cost he might have engaged some one to secure the proper temperature. Mr. Mitchell and his Clacquers can't fool the Barnaby River people, and there was a cool time of it there, hats or no hats.

## Correspondence.

and will be glad to publish anything that will advance the interests of our readers, individually, or in the communities in which they live. Local News Items, Notices of Improvements-either moral or physical-Reports of Meetings, Agricultural, Lumbering, Fishing, Mechanical and other Inlustrial notes are especially welcome. We do not expect that all who desire to assist us in the above way are good writers, but that should not deter them from sending along their favors. We want the news and will see that it goes into the paper in proper shape.]

### Temperance at Hardwicke.

HARDWICK, Feb. 7th, 1878. To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance, DEAR SIR :- In the absence of your old correspondent, "Teazer" your readers may, by this time, think that temperance in Hardwick has died out, but such is not the case. The Executive Committee do not deem it advisable to meet as often as is done in more thickly settled districts. On the 15th January there was a meeting when quite a number of old topers considered it time they had taken their last glass and joined the Reformers, and on Mr. Anglin at a disadvantage and voted Tuesday evening last quite a large meeting to turn him out of Parliament without a took place in the village school house. hearing. He found, however, that the President Mills occupied the chair, assisted by Vice Presidents McLean and Gregan. A welcome being sung by the choir, Chaplain, Mr. Chas. Authony offered prayer. Rev. W. B. Thomas was then called upon and delivered an able address, followed by a song, "the Badge of Blue," by Mrs. address with great spirit, followed by a re-George Tait delivered an address in which headvised young men to "stick to Dutchon other shoulders. It appears to be The Temperance Movement at Camp- er," and the young ladies to have nothing to do with young men who drink intoxicating liquors or break their pledge. A A correspondent writes "It is not often recitation by Miss J. Williston was received with applause, after which Mr. Jas. McLean and Miss McLean sang a song, "I will not drink for a thousand years." Miss Maggie Robe tson gave a recitation Machine," acting under the auspices of a | in good style and Wm. Tait and Miss Tait then sang, "My Title clear." Mr. Chas. Anthony being then called upon, gave one of his able temperance speeches in which he fully agreed with the ADVANCE that there can be no Law enacted that will be

as effective in driving drunkness form our land, as the cultivation of a healthy moral sentiment. After the reading of the pledge, the President called on those who wished to sign to come forward, when some ten or twelve responded, the choir singing a Hymn. A collection was then taken up. Mr. Thos. McMaster sung. "The reason why." It was now announced that there was 111 names on the book which elicted great applause, John A. Mills then gave a recitation "The Commodore," A duet by Mr. Thomas and Mr. J. McRae, of Black River caused much sung a song in his usual good style, the meeting closed by the audience singing the

### The Reason Why.

Yours Truly,

REFORMER.

To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance. SIR :- The report of the proceedings of the Municipal Council of Gloucester, published in the Advocate of the 30th January to whom he could be formally introduced. is very significant

We look in vain, for statements of receipts and expenditure of the County tor the past year; for the report of Bye-road Commissioner &c. Even the Reports of the Committees of the Council is suppress-

Though it is nothing new for the people of Gloucester to be treated in this manner of Parliament thus established. After a yet knowing the Councils of the other Counties around us have given details in full, for the information of the Ratepayers, it is time our "Secret Society" should also take steps in the same direction. spicious for what it conceals than anything | with counter-cheers for Sir John. But he

The reason will appear evident when we of many of his followers by announcing tish Crown. consider the money offices of each Parish, that he would insist on taking a vote on pened to be, he would do his utmost to further the cause. His speech was follow-further the cause. His speech was follow-by the choir

The then left the meeting in the hands of the D. T. R. of Chatham. During the evening addresses were de
During the

to a Committee of the Council for settle-

modesty to shame-amounts received for from Bye-Road Commissioners &c., &c. These would tell against them when they murmur "There is no pay for the Councillors," so they prudently withold details of such from the public eye.

We often hear it said that the Councillors should be paid, but when we see them on the eve of Election striving so hard to get a return of the people's confidence, when we see one who has public money at his disposal, keep a good margin on hand for this emergency, and use it lavishly buying up votes, we cannot but think, after all, that it is a paying business. It appears that the only discussion of any importance at the last session, was on

the safe keeping of the "iron box"-that magnet of attraction which draws them from the furthest points of the Countythe receipts and expenditure of the different branches of the County service being of minor importance, and almost unworthy Not wishing to intrude further on your

aluable space, Mr. Editor, I will conclude by saying that the men who have been entrusted with the people's affairs, have most shamefully abused the confidence reposed in them, by witholding in formation to which they are all entitled. A RATEPAYER.

Gloucester, Feb. 9, '78.

#### From Northesk.

NORTHESK, Feb. 11th, 1878. To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance: DEAR SIR :- I would like to ask through the columns of your paper where the fishery officer is, in view of the fact that there are ten or twelve small meshed nets fish. ing on Whitney Flats and vicinity. Those the fishermen who would like to have our heries protected say that he has take his cue from the Inspector and while the latter is writing about things he knows nothing about, our self-sufficient fishery officer is standing at the street corners in Newcastle, telling the idlers and boys of his wonderful exploits on the Northwest. And when these two worthies, each in h peculiar fashion, is making a bluster trying to deceive the public and retain office, the fisheries are left to look out for them WHITNEY FLATS.

> Correspondence of Toronto Globe. Notes From the Capital.

OTTAWA, Feb. 7. The crowd of members of both Houses that reached Ottawa by the early morning trains to-day, in addition to previous arrivals, showed that more than usual interest attached to the opening proceedings of Parliament. During the forenoon the subject of discussion was mainly the probabilities as to the course likely to be taken by

the Opposition in the anticipated event of Mr. Anglin's re-nomination to the Speakership. The general opinion seemed to be that there would be no contestation over this matter. Some, however, thought that Sir John A. Macdonald would not let the opportunity pass of forcing the supporters of the Government to vote for what, from his point or view, would be an objectionable step on the part of the Government. It was argued, on the other hand, that not a few Opposition members would be reluctant to vote against Mr. Anglin, and use their influence with their chief in that The Conservative organ here had a long article arguing on technical grounds that Mr. Anglin could not be elected until ne had been formally introduced, and that this ceremony could not take place until a

Speaker had been installed in office. At three o'clock the House looked nearly full, and the crowded galleries bespoke the interest felt by the public. Mr. Patrick, the Chief Clerk, cocked hat on head, took the chair, and Black Rod in due form-bowing, not as usual, to the chair but to either side of the House-summoned the Commons to the bar of the Upper Chamber. There sat Sir Wm. Buell Richards, the Deputy Governor, while the President of the Senate on his behalf directed the Commons to return to their House and elect a Speaker.

No sooner had the members regained their seats than the Clerk, standing on the step in the front of the Speaker's chair, began to read the returns of seats vacated and elections held during the recess. He had not proceeded far when Sir John A. Macdonald interposed with a protest that the Clerk could not make any communication to the House until the Speaker had been elected. Mr. Patrick, who had sat down for a moment, stepped back to his position, and without noticing the objection read on to the end.

Mr. Anglin was already seated in the House, and Messrs. Jones, Laurier, Haddow, and Malouin walked up the floor, loudly cheered by the members on the right of the Chair. Mr Mackenzie then moved, seconded by

Mr. A. J. Smith, the election of Mr. Anglin as Speaker. If the Conservative Leader had let the motion pass in silence, he might have made what capital he could, when he next took the stump on his picnic excursions, out of the re-appointment of the member for Gloucester. But as it was, he not only received a humiliating defeat, but brought ridicule upon himself and his whole following. His argument, such as it was, amounted to this: that as no rule with regard to the introduction of members existed in Canada the English rule must apply, which rule or practice. dating back to an order of the House of Commons as old as 1688, or, as, with a profound knowledge of history, he declared to be, during Cromwell's Protectorate, provided that new members should be introduced to the Speaker in order to secure that they should be the better known to the House. The House, he held, was not constituted: it was only an assembly of persons elected, and Mr. Anglin could not take his seat until a Speaker was elected He admitted that in Dr. Kenealy's case the rule had been waived on the motion of the Premier, but that, he said, was under the pressure of necessity, which did not exist in the present case. Some other points he raised were really too puerile to be noticed, but the gist of his case was that the House could not possibly break through the law passing attack on the Government he sat

Mr. Mackenzie's rising was the signal for a burst of cheering from his followers, and the Opposition appearing to be thus reminded of their duty, began to respond

House" by his reply to the Opposition made as may lead to their permanent and to ignorance of the real truth. "None so leader-Would it be believed that the Many of our poor unpaid servants are most absolutely conclusive answer to Sir well aware that if details of the expendi- John's proposition was to be found in Sir ture of the public moneys were to appear, John himself? If his argument were good their names would appear in connection for anything he certainly had no right to with such amounts as would put their be in his place, still less to move resolutions or give a vote. For it so happened revising, Jury-men's fees, private contracts | that in 1875 Sir John, being one of some thirty members unseated on petition and re-elected, had actually proposed to Mr.

> Anglin that they should all take their seats without any introduction at all. This Mr. Anglin had consented to, and it was not until in the session of 1876, when Dr. Orton had inadvertently taken his seat without subscribing the rolls, that the Speaker had suggested that as a matter of convenience, not of rule or necessity, the ceremony of introduction should be revived in all cases. The engineer was fairly hoisted with his own petard. But his argument founded on British practice was quite as easily disposed of. There the members are sworn in before the Speaker in person. Here the Clerk is by statute empowered to discharge the duty of administering the oath and seeing the names recorded, so that even if the advertisement of the return in the Gazette were not sufficient, the identification by an officer of the House was complete, and identification is all the House requires. It was of course perfectly absurd to sup-

> the law, merely because the ceremony of formal introduction was not complied with. When Mr. Mackenzie had concluded there were some calls for the yeas and nays, Mr. Mackenzie Bowell being particularly urgent in demanding a division. There was, however, evidently a mutiny

pose that a dozen or more gentlemen duly

elected should be dispossessed of their

Mr. Masson, after the members had been called in, raised the point of order that unless there were a second nomination no votes could be recorded, but the impertur-

in the Opposition ranks.

Then Mr. Mitchell got up and wanted to know if he could vote, and as he got no answer, made rapidly for the door. Mr. Masson, too, fled, but thought better it, and returned. Mr. Costigan was missing, and Mr. McKay Wright refused to vote Yea or Nay. The division showed for the motion 116, and against it 52, a majority of 64 for the Government on what was intended to be a grand assault on the Ministerial position. The announcement of the numbers was loudly cheered, and the cheering was renewed when the Speaker-elect was conducted by his mover

and seconder to the chair. Messrs, Malouin and Haddow, respectively elected for Quebec Centre and Restigouche, voted with the majority, as also did Mr. DeCosmos and Mr. Pope (P. E. I.) The movement is felt to have been a foolish blunder, as unwise in its purpose as it was feeble in its execution.

The division on the motion for the appointment of Mr. Anglin Speaker, was as

Yeas-Appleby, Archibald, Aylmer, Bain, Barthe, echard, Bernier, Bertram, Biggar, Blackburne, Blaine, Blake, Bolduc, Borden, Borron, Bourassa Bowman, Boyer, Brouse, Brown, Buell, Burk, Burpee, (St. John), Burpee, (Sunbury), Cartwright, Casey, Casgrain, Charlton, Chevel, Christie, Church, Cockburn, Coffin, Cook, Coupal, Dawson, DeCos ios, Delorme, De St. Georges, Devlin, Dymone Ferris, Fiset, Fleming, Flynn, Forbes, Galbraith, eoffrion, Gibson, Gillies, Gillmor, Greenway, Hadow, Hagar, Hall, Holton, Horton, Huntington, Irving, Jette, Jones (Halifax), Kerr, Killam, Kirk, me, Lajoie, Landerkin, Langlois, Laurier Macdonald (Cornwall), Macdonald (Toronto), Mac onnell (Inverness), Macdougall (Elgin), McDougall Renfrew), McKay (Cape Breton), Mackenzie, M. Craney, McGregor, McIsaac, McNab, Malouin, Metcalf, Mills, Norris, Oliver, Paterson, Perry, Pettes, Pickard, Pope (Queens, P.E.I.), Pouliot, Power, Ray, Robillard, Ross (Durham). Ross (Middlesex), oss (Prince Edward), Ryan, Rymal, Scatcher ibley, Sinclair, Skinner, Smith (Peel), Smith (Sel kirk), Smith (Westmoreland), Snider, St. Jean, Tas ereau, Thompson (Haldimand), Thomson (Wel-

and), Trow, Wallace (Albert), Wood, Yoe, Young NAYS-Baby, Benoit, Blanchet, Bowell, Brooks Cameron, Campbell, Caron, Cimon, Colby, Cuth bert, Daoust, Desjardins, Donahue, Farrow, Flesh er, Gibbs (Ontario North), Gibbs (Ontario South). Gill, Haggart, Hurteau, Jones (Leeds), Kirkpatrick angevin, Lanthier, Little, Macdonald (Kingston) IcDougall (Three Rivers), McKay (Colchester leCallum, McCarthy, McQuade, Masson, Monteit ontplaisir, Mousseau, Ouimet, Pinsonneault, Platt lumb, Pope (Crompton), Robinson, Robitaille, Rochester, Rouleau, Roy, Stephenson, Thompson (Cariboo), Tupper, Wallace (Norfolk), White (Hastings), White (Renfrew), Wright (Ottawa)—53.

OTTAWA, Feb. 8. - The Governor-General's speech was delivered this afternoon. and is as follows :-

Hon. Gentlemen of the Senate: Gentlemen of the House of Commons: In again summoning you for the dispatch of business, I am glad to be able to say that nothing beyond the ordinary

business of the country requires your at-It afforded me great pleasure to have had an opportunity before my departure from Canada of visiting the province of Manitoba and a portion of the outside terlast autumn. I have now had the advantage of visiting every province in the Dominion during the term of my government

I am happy to be able to say that the arbitration on the fishery claims under the terms of the Washington Treaty has been concluded, an award has been made by the Commission of \$5,500,000 as compensation to Canada and Newfoundland for the use of their fisheries during the term of the present treaty. This amount is much less than that claimed by my Government, but having assented to the creation of the tribunal for the determi nation of their value, we are bound lovally

to assent to the decision given. The exhibition of Canada manufactures and products at Sydney, New South Wales, was successfully carried out. I trust that the result will be the opening of a new market for Canadian goods, even in so remote a region as the Australian colonies. ipments of Canadian productions having een made. The expenditure will slightly exceed the estimate, but, I doubt not, the cost to Canada will be repaid by the extension of her trade.

Preparations have been uninterruptedly carried on during the last six months for securing an ample but select exhibition of Canada's products and manufactures at the Great Exhibition to be held at Paris during the current year. A further estimate will be required to meet the expenditure. His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, as chairman of the British Commissioners has assigned a most prominent place to Canada in one of the main towers, where a Canadian trophy is now being

A very disastrous fire occurred in June last in the city of St. John, which caused the destruction of a large portion of the city, including all the public buildings owned by the Dominion Government. My Government deemed it necessary to contribute \$20,000 to assist in relieving the immediate wants of the people who were destitute by so appalling a calamity. I also sanctioned the appropriation of some public money with which to commence the erection of new buildings for the public usiness, which acts you will be asked to confirm in the usual way.

During last summer my Commissioners made another treaty with the Blackfeet. Blood, and Piegan Indians, by which the Indian title is extinguished over a territory of 51,000 square miles west of treaty No.4 and south of treaty No. 6. The treaty has been made on terms nearly the same as those under treaty No. 6, though somewhat less onerous. The entire territory west of Lake Superior to the Rocky Mountains and from the boundary nearly now been acquired by peaceful negotiation with the native tribes, who place implicit had already struck a chill into the hearts faith in the honor and justice of the Bri-

Early in the summer a large body Indians under Sitting Bull, from the United States, crossed into British terri-Samuel Thomson, Esq., Q.C., of New. livered by Mr. Tweedie, Rev. J. C. Herd. terests in this respect have to be referred | Department of Public Works, to the Premier soon "brought down the hoped that such arrangements may yet be patriotic Canadian. It is not due simply Ottawa, Feb. 7th, 1878.

peaceful settlement, and thus relieve Ca- blind as those who will not see." Goldwin hada of a source of uneasiness and heavy

The surveys of the Pacific Railway have een pressed to completion during the past season, a complete instrumental survey of the route by the valleys of the North Thompson and Lower Frazer River has been made with a view to ascertain definitely whether that route presents more favorable features, than the routes already surveyed to Dean Inlet and Bute Inlet respectively. It is believed that the additional information now obtained will enable my Government to determine which route is the most advantageous rom Tete Jaune Cache to the sea. Full information will be laid before you at an early day of the season's work in this and other directions.

I am happy to be able to congratulate you on the abundant harvest reaped in all quarters of the Dominion, and I rejoic that under this and other influences there has been some improvement in the revenue returns, thus indicating, I trust, that the commercial depression that has so long affected Canada in common with other countries is passing away. My attention has been called to some perfection in the existing system of

auditing the public accounts, and a measure providing for a more thorough and effective supervision will be submitted for

The prospect of obtaining at an early day greater facilities for reaching the North Western Territories, and the Province of Manitoba is sure to attract alarger number of settlers every year and as much of the prosperity of the Dominion depends on the rapid settlement of the fertile lands in those territories, it is desirable and necessary to facilitate such settlements as much as possible. In order rights to join in the election of Speaker to effect this, measures will be submitted after complying with all the provisions of for your consideration concerning the registration of titles, the enactment of a homestead law, and the promotion of railway enterprise in districts not touched by the Canada Pacific Railway.

Your attention will be called to a measure for better securing the independence of Parliament. Experience has shown that certain changes may advantageously be made in Departmental arrangements existing at present. A bill will be submitted to you for accomplishing the purpose without increasing the expenditure of number of Departments. It is very desirable that there should be

uniform legislation in all the Provinces respecting the traffic in spirituous liquors. Hitherto that trade has been regulated b Provincial laws, or laws existing before the Confederation of the Provinces, although there has been lately a conflict of authority as to the jurisdiction of the local authorities. A bill making the necessary provisions will be submitted for your con-

Various measures found necessary for the amendment of existing laws will also be submitted for your approval. Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

The estimates for the ensuing year will e laid before you at an early day. have been prepared with an anxious desire lic service and the execution of pressing public works within the limits of the ex. | Ont., Proprietors for the Dominion. pected revenue without increasing the burden of taxation. I have directed that the public accounts

of the past financial year shall be laid be-

### A Brazen-Faced Hero.

(From the Galt Reformer.)

Sir John Macdonald had so little respect for the honesty and intelligence of his audience the other night as to come out plainly in defence of the Pacific Rail way iniquity, and almost to glory with brazen-facedness in the whole transaction. He made a defence—but what a defence it was! Some factshe directly lied about : some he misrepresented, and he remained perfectly silent about others the mere mention of which would be extremely embarrassing upon the occasion. Facts which had to be met in some manner, he tried to make light of; and when more was required he solemnly asked his Maker to bear witness to what hundreds of his hearers knew to be false. This is strong language, but it is the language of truth, and no desire on our part to appear charitable in the eyes of the public will prevent us from calling black black, when the occasion demands it. All the misstatements made by Sir John we have neither time nor space at present to correct, but to some of them we can briefly refer. He had the hardihood to pretend that the \$162,500 of Sir Hugh Allan's gold taken by himself and his colleagues was an ordinary election subscription. No one knew better than himself how utterly devoid of truth this pretence was. Sir Hugh, on his own acknowledgement, published during the summer of 1873, regarded both political parties with indifference; and like the man of the world that he is, coolly surveyed the political situation, weighed the influence of the men he had to deal with, and laid his plans deliberately, with the intention of securing the control of the great undertaking about to be launched the Government. Nothing was more clearly proved than that Sir Hugh refused to advance one dollar until the bargain was made that he should control the Pacific Railway charter, handing over to him and his company \$30,000,000 and 50,000,000 acers of land. Instead of the money being an election subscription. Sir Hugh had so little confidence in them that he would not accept the word of Sir John and his colleagues, but compelled them to sign a document agreeing to recoup to him the money he had advanced for a corruption fund. Here is the document-one of

the proofs of what we say -: Private and Confidential. DEAR SIR HUGH .- The friends of the Government will expect to be ASSISTED WITH FUNDS in the pending election, and any amount which you OR YOUR COM-PANY shall advance for that purpose SHALL BE RECOUPED to you. A memorandum of immediate requirements is

Your's very truly, GEO. E. CARTIER. (Signed)

\$110,000

Sir John Macdonald.....\$ 25,000 Hon. Mr. Langevin ............ 15,000 Sir Geo. E. Cartier.... Sir J. A. (additional). ..... 10,000 Hon. Mr. Langevin.... 10,000 Sir Geo. E. Cartier (additional) .. 30,000

Hundreds of his hearers could have told Sir John that the sworn evidence before the Royal Commission proved that, in effect, he gave Sir Hugh Allan the charter with one hand and with the other took Sir Hugh Allan's \$162,500, and then deliberately went to work to corrupt the constituencies with the money so basely obtained. What is Canada coming to when a leading politician can with brazen face defend so shameless a transaction; to say nothing of his finding hundreds, even thousands, of partisans to uphold him? We often point to the United States as affording glaring instances of corruption in high places, yet the Americans quickly punished Oakes Ames, and others engaged

in the Pacific Scandal. But Canadian Conservatives are eager to put persons far more guilty than Oakes Ames in places of the highest trust and honor. And vet to the 55th degree of north latitude, em- they are the people who are always talking bracing about 450,000 square miles, has about placing "Country before Party." That any man with any patriotism, any sense of moral recititude, any capability of discrimination in regard to the relative importance of various public questions, can. under any possible pretexts they offer for

Smith was probably right when, four years ago, in dealing with this subject and referring to these same people, he penned the following lines which to-day are not

less to the point than they were then:-A long period of Government by corruption has not failed to produce in the political quarters a criminal population which looks forward to another escape of its favourite hero from a 'tight place,' just as the community of Seven Dials would have looked forward to another escape of Jack Sheppard from the 'Stone Jug.' The language held by these people is the precise counterpart of the language held by the followers of Tweed and Butler in defence of there respective chiefs."

ORDINANCE AND ADMIRALTY LANDS. -A despatch dated Ottawa. Feb. 1st, says the Government does not intend to fill up the office of Commissioner of Ordinance and Admiralty Lands, made vacant by the death of Lt. Col. Coffin, but that it will be abolished altogether and the business of the branch will be merged with that of the Dominion Lands Department, under the direction of Col. Dennis. Surveyor

### NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it? If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore throat; one dose cures Bronchitis. Fifty cents Worth has cured an OLD STANDING COUCH. One or two bottles cure bad cases of PILES and KIDNEY TROUBLES. Six to eight applications cure ANY CASE OF EXCORIATED IPPLES OR INFLAMED BREAST. bottle has cured LAME BACK of eight years' standing. Daniel Plank, of Brook. field, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful cure of a Crooked LIME, by six applications" Another who has had ASTHMA for years, says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and \$100 would not buy it if I could get no more." Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N. Y., writes: "One small bottle of your ECLECTRIC OIL restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in FIVE YEARS." Rev J. Mallory, or

Wyoming, N. Y., writes: "Your ECLECTRIC OIL cured me of Bronchitis in one week." It is composed of SIX OF THE BEST OILS THAT ARE KNOWN. Is as good for internal as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS .- Ask for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. See that the sig-

nature of S. N. Thomas is on the wrapper, and the names of Northrop & Lyman are blown in the bottle, and Take no other. to provide for all the branches of the pub- Sold by all medicine dealers. Price, 25 cts. NORTHROP & LYMAN, Toronto. NOTE. - Eclectric - Selected and Elec-

> "PULMONARY CONSUMPTION arises from decline or deficiency or vitality in the natural bioplasm or germinal matter; and this deficiency manifests its effects not only in general wasting or atrophy of the whole body, but also in a peculiar degradation, chiefly in the lungs and ymphatic system, of portions of Bioplasm into a sluggish, low-lived, yet proliferating matter, which, instead of maintaining the nutrition and integrity of the tisues (which is the natural office of the bioplasm) clogs them, and irritates them with a substance which is more or less prone to decay and eventually involves them also in its own disintegration and destruction.' To remedy this deficiency by sustaining the vitality and sufficiency of the Bioplasm and thus provide the general building up of the whole system, is the office and design of Robinson's Phosphorized Emul-

sion of Cod Liver-Oil with Lacto-phosphate of Lime Prepared only by J. H. Robinson, Chemist, St. John N. B., for sale by Druggists and General Dealers. Price \$1 perful to the constitution

bottle: six bottles for \$5. CONSTITUTIONAL CATARRH REMEDY, the only certain, safe and effectual cure for Catarrh, builds up the system and cures all other diseases at the same time. Sold by Dr. J. Pallen Chatham. Asthma, Rose Cold, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Leucorrhoea, Diseases of the Kidneys, Nervous Debility, take their leave when the Constitutional Catarrh Remedy is used as directed. Price one dollar per bottle. For sale by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers.

### MARRIED

DIED.

sinclair, Jr., to Miss Maggie Johnston, both of

#### On the 4th inst., at his residence on the Richibucto Road, after a short illness, Martin Diggan,

New Advertisements.

CARD

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND. I have withdrawn from this contest owing to the act that I am not popular in the country parishes and not wishing to put the County to the expenses of holding an Election. I will be better prepared next summer to run the County after the experience and popularity lately gained, and will also be etter able to express my views. I hope my late action will encourage our young men to come for-

JOHN McGUIRE.

# NOTICE!

ward as candidates and not leave the whole thing

to the hands of one or two, as I believe that op

tion will be made at the next Session of the Legislature of this Province, for the passage of an Act to vest in the Trustees of School District No in the Parish of Newcastle, in the County of orthumberland, certain lands in the said Parish of Newcastle, known as the Moorfield School Prop erty, and to authorize the sale thereof and also the Application of the proceeds arising from such sale the said Trustees, for School purposes. Newcastle, 12th Feb., 1878.

### TENDERS FOR CEDAR POSTS.

MENDERS are invited up to FRIDAY the 22nd inst., for the delivery on the Chatham Driving Park, not later than the 15th day of May next, of 500 Cedar Posts of the following sizes: 375 11 ft long, not less than 8 inches at the top.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accept-ROBERT BAIN, Secy.-Treas. Chatham, Feb. 8, '78.



Tenders for Grading, Bridging, Track-Laying, &c.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender Pacific Railway," will be received up to noon of FRIDAY, the 1st day of Boundary at Emerson, a distance of 63 miles. For plans, specifications, approximate quantities. orms of tender and other information, apply to the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, Ottawa, and at the Office of the District Engineer, Winnipeg. Contractors are notified that Tenders will not be onsidered unless made strictly in accordance with printed forms, and-in case of firms-except there are attached the actual signature and the nature of the occupation and place of residence of For the due fulfilment of the Contract, a cash posit to an amount of five per cent on the bulk sum of the Contract will be required.

To the Tender must be attached the actual sigtures of two responsible and solvent persons, residents of the Dominion, willing to become sureties for the carrying out of these conditions as well as This Department does not, however, bind itself

F. BRAUN, Secretary.

NEVER-FAILING RELIEF

New Advertisements.

AFFORDED BY SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE.

of any proprietary medicine, that the RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH does intevery case afford instant and permanent relief. No matter of how long standing, or how severe the disease, the first dose gives such evidence of its value in the treatment of Catarrhal affections that confidence is at once felt in its ability to do all that is claimed for it. The testimony of physicians, druggists and patients is unanimous on this point, and the accumulating evidence is in point of respectability superior to any ever before obtained in favor of a popular remedy. The proprietors, therefore, may justly feel proud of the position this remedy has attained, and believe it worthy of its reputation.

10 YEARS A SUFFERER. From Hon. Theo. P. Eggert, Bristol, R. I.

Messrs. WEEKS & POTTER: Gentlemen, - Feeling Messrs. Weeks & Potter: Gentlemen, — Feeling thoroughly convinced of the efficacy of Sanford's Radical Curr for Catarry, I am induced to drop you a line to say that although I have been sceptical of all the nostrums advertised as "radical cures," I have never found anything that promises such relief and ultimate cure as that of Sanford's. I have been afflicted with this dreadful disease for more than ten years, and not until recently I have been afflicted with this dreadful disease for more than ten years, and not until recently could I be induced to persevere with any until I read the letter of Mr Henry Wells, and can truthfully say that after using five or six bottles I am thoroughly convinced of its curative properties. Hoping that others similarly afflicted like myself will be induced to make the trial, I am, gentlemen, very truly, etc. THEO. P. BOGERT, Bristol, R. I., July 24, 1877.

### CATARRHAL AFFECTIONS.

Such as Sore, Weak, Inflamed, Red, and Watery Eyes: Ulceration and Inflammation of the Ear; Ringing Noises in the Head; Sore Throat; Elongation of the Uvula and Swelled Tonsils; Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Dizziness, Clouded Memory, Loss of Nervous Force, Depression of Spirits, — are all carefully and scientifically treated with this remedy according to directions which accompany each bottle, or will be mailed to any address on receipt of stamp. receipt of stamp.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhaling Tube, with full directions for use in all cases. Price \$1.00. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas. WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

# VALUATION ACTED **VULIAIG PLASIER**

Affords the most grateful relief in Rheumatism, Weak Spine, Local Pains, Nervous Affections Local Rheumatism, Tic Douloureux, Nervous Pain, Affections of the Kidneys, Fractured Ribs, Affections of the Chest, Colds and Coughs, Injuries of the Back, Strains and Bruises, Weak Back, Nervous Pain of the Bowels, Cramp in the Stomach and Limbs, Heart Affections, Enlarged Spleen, Bruises and Punctures, Rheumatism of the Wrists and Arms, Asthma, Gout, Local and Deepseated Pains. Pain in the Chest. Stitch in the Back, Pain in the Hip, Varicose or Enlarged Veins. Crick in the Back and Neck. Pain and Weakness in Side and Back, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Lumbago, Whooping Cough, Sharp Pains in the Breast, Heart Disease, Quinsy, Diabetes, and for Lameness in any part of the Body.

Price, 25 Cents.

Ask for COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists throughout the U hited States and Canadas, and bf WEEKS & FOTTER, Proprietors, Boston, Mass.

THE GREAT FEMALE REMEDY.

Clarke's Periodical Pills. This invaluable Medicine is unfailing in the cures of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It mod erates all excesses and removes all obstructions and a speedy cure may be relied on In all cases of nervous and spinal affections, pain, in the back and limbs, fatigue on slight exertions palpitation of the heart, hysterics and whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurt-

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved. JOB MOSES, New York, \$1.00 and 12 1-2 cents for postage, enclosed to Northrop & Lyman, Toronto Ont,, general agents for the Dominion, will ensure a bottle containing over 50 pills, by return mail.

MEETING. THE Ladies of St. Peter's Church, (Anglican) Derby, having decided to hold a TFA MEET-ING and FANCY SALE in the ensuing season, for the purpose of procuing funds for the completion of the Parsonage, have, in the meantime, formed a Society for the promotion of that object, and hereby respectfully solicit assistance. Contributions will be received by the subscribers or the Rector,

and the smallest tokens of interest in the work accepted with thanks MRS. WM. HARTT, PRES. MISS ANNIE BETTS, V.-PRES.

MRS. W. T. CROCKER, SEC. MRS. HENRY BETTS. Solicitation. MISS SAUNDERS Derby, Jan. 17, 1878.

LONDON HOUSE, CHATHAM, N. B. MALL AND WINTER DRESS GOODS, Prints. Cottons, Flannels, Woolen Scarfs and Clouds Hosiery, Underclothing, ready made Shirts, Ladies

and Gents Silk Scarfs and Ties, which I offer at a

ALSO. - Hardware, Cutlery, and Groceries, Canned Goods, Pickles, Sauces, Spices, Paints, Springs and Axles. WHOLESALE.

Flour, Corn and Oatmeal; Tea, in chests, hf-chests and quarters; Tobacco, Soap, Sugar, Wrappins RICHARD HOCKEN.

Chatham, 25th Oct., 1877.

AT CHEAP STORE OF R. F. WADDLETON & CO.

-ARE SELLING-DRY GOODS.

FANCY GOODS. LADIES' & GENTS' BOOTS. MADE CLOTHING, ETC.,

at reduced prices. Canada House" Building, Chatham. Commercial College.

The Day and Evening Sessions will b resumed on WEDNESDAY, January 2nd. ITE desire to intimate to intending Students that they need be under no apprehensions

as to difficulty of obtaining Board in St. John, as we have made arrangements for their accommoda tion; and if on their arrival in the city they wil drive directly to Mr. Robert C. Quinn's Private Boarding House, 146 Carmarthen Street, they will be kindly cared for. Races will depend upon accommodation, and will not exceed those current BEFORE the fire. Circulars, descriptive of course of study, &c mailed free on application to

EATON & KERR. St. John, Nov. 9, '77 ANCHOR LINE.

THE following Spring Sailings of this Line have been arranged: From Glasgow, .... COLUMBIA .... March 13th .. SCANDINAVIA.

From Glasgow, .... Scotia. (Unless prevented by unforseen circumstances), for Halifax, N. S., and St. John, N. B. Importers will note that the Glasgow Steamers not call at Liverpool, but English Goods will be shipped at Glasgow on Through Rates from English points to Halifax, St. John and all the usua places in N. B. and N. S. FREIGHT AS PER ARRANGEMENT

For further information apply in Glasgow, Liver pool and London, to Henderson Brothers; in Halifax, to T. A. S. DeWolf & Son; in Chatham, to D G. Smith, or in St. John, to SCAMMELL BROTHERS

PASSAGE.

Magee Block, Water St. St. John, N. B.

SIGN PAINTERS wanted in every section of the United States and Provinces to answer this advertisement. Address, DANIEL F. BEATTY, Washington, N. J.