

There are two other series which seem to require special mention. The first, History and Biography, containing five volumes, and Famous Americans, containing the lives of Franklin Sumner, Webster and Amos Lawrence. They are books which every boy should read, and will be the better for reading.

Another new book, Waifs and their Authors, is now in press, and nearly ready for issue. It will be in the popular quarto form, illustrated. Of our editions, prominent are Tarbox's Life of Israel Putnam, which has been materially reduced in price; Saubine for Boyland; Pansy's three Girls, Picture Book, Mother's Boys and Girls, Picture Book and Our Darlings, all of them enlarged, and in choice bindings.

The Children's Almanac, which created such a sensation last season, should not be forgotten. It is one of the most useful and beautiful little volumes ever brought out by the publishers, and is sold for hardly more than a nominal price. It will be remembered the calendar reaches over five years, and is as good to-day as it was last year.

Medical. SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE For CATARRH. Testimonials from Reliable Druggists. We believe SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE to be a genuine medicinal preparation. Some of our customers are extracted below.

Collins' Voltaic Electric Plasters. Hope for the Afflicted—Relief for the Suffering. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Local Pains, Weak Spine, Weak and Sore Lungs, Coughs and Colic, Head Ache, Weak Nerves, Nervous Affections, Weak Stomach and B. etc., Dyspepsia, Heart Affections, Enlarged Spleen, Catarrh of the Bladder, Shooting Pains through the Joints and Back, Lack of Strength and Activity, Spasms and Fits, and Nervous Muscular and Sympathetic Affections, relieved and cured when every other plan, liniment, liniment and electrical appliances fail.

General Business. BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIRS. How often do we hear the fervent exclamation—"Oh, if I had but my camera!"

J. A. STEVENS, Canada House, Chatham. How often do we hear the fervent exclamation—"Oh, if I had but my camera!"

A GRAND RUSH TO THE COLPITT'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY. Everybody Delighted With the Pictures and also the liberal offer that is made at the above place.

BUSINESS NOTICE. The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, Miramichi, N. B., every Thursday morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of that day.

Advertisements are passed under classified headings. Yearly, or season, advertisements are taken at the rate of Five Dollars per inch per month.

Miramichi Advance. CHATHAM, NOVEMBER 20, 1879. Lumber in Great Britain.

We have Messrs. Farnworth & Jardine's Liverpool Wood Circular of 1st inst., which gives a more discouraging view of the lumber market there than previous advices led us to anticipate.

The arrivals from British North America during the past month have been 43 vessels 32,789 tons, against 46 vessels 38,619 tons during the like period last year.

Timber Cut. ft. Deals, etc. 77 8,008,000 108,771 Standards. 78 5,828,800 103,547 " 79 4,980,000 78,628 "

The import during the month, though less than last year, has been far too heavy for the present limited demand of Square Timber the consumption has been about the same as last year, but there has been a great falling off in the delivery of deals. Stocks of Square Timber are in a moderate compass, but of deals they are too large, the whole excess being in Spruce.

It is evident that a determined effort to reduce the supply of Spruce deals from this side must be made, if the lumber trade is again to become remunerative. A few weeks ago, when a few sales indicated an advance in price there was a mad rush in several directions by those interested in the trade.

Another Exposure of Sir John's Cowardice. Referring to the Marquis of Lorne's despatch to the Colonial Secretary on the Letellier affair the Sentinel says:—This document puts clearly the position assumed by Sir John in the Letellier case.

The "Advance" and the N. B. Government. A number of persons friendly to both the New Brunswick Government and the ADVANCE have, of late, directed our attention to the fact that several provincial journals are indulging a habit of representing this paper as one strongly opposed to the former body.

Hon. Mr. Blake Elected. Hon. Edward Blake was elected by acclamation for West Durham, Oct. 15th, Monday last and made a three-hour speech. He announced himself as a party politician, but not a blind partisan.

The Departmental Printing Job. There can be no doubt that another job has been perpetrated in connection with the Governmental printing. This time the crookedness has been manifested in awarding the contract for Departmental printing. It is charged that the lowest formal tender for the printing was that sent in by Mr. C. W. Mitchell.

The Commercial of New York. The returns of the foreign commerce of New York for October last afford an excellent idea of the revival of business in the United States. The total imports for the month were \$49,000,710, of which \$18,303,538 was specie.

Consumption Cured. An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellow-men.

deavored to evade this point of the question, but the editor of the ADVANCE told him squarely that it was the key to the whole situation; that if it was his intention, now that he was a member of the New Brunswick Government, to address public meetings and canvass personally for the protectionist candidate, as he had theretofore done, he could not expect the support of the ADVANCE for himself or his Government.

A Remonstrance. An advertisement, published yesterday, emanating from the Department of Railways and Canals, calling for tenders for sums-plows and cars of different kinds, indicates a change of railway policy which can hardly be deemed an improvement.

No sooner, however, was his re-election and the position of Surveyor-General thus secured to him, than he commenced a systematic violation of the pledge made to us and also to dozens of other leading Liberals in this County. We need not refer to the extraordinary use he made of the Chatham Railway matter, causing the Government to place itself in a false and ridiculous position, further than to point to the fact that Mr. Adams, in that matter, did not hesitate to attempt the perpetration of what he knew to be a great personal wrong upon a gentleman whose public spirit and enterprise should have won his respect.

On 20th inst., we published the following:—"CIVIL LIBERTY" is the title of an advertisement in another column. People are promised many wonderful things in the Western States and things of that kind course happen there, and while the Denver Land Company may be entirely sincere in their offer, it would be well for any who feel inclined to secure lots from them, to make enquiries as to their good faith through friends in that section before investing. This we consider fair to all parties.

Stung by the defeat which, in his too confident vanity, he assured his colleagues in the Government and other friends abroad, he was able to save Mr. Mitchell from, and realising that he deserved the contempt of hundreds with whom he had broken personal faith, his course has since been calculated to change what was at first only contempt for his want of principle, into intense antagonism which is so natural between honor and dishonor—truth and falsehood. He has, as the representative of the New Brunswick Government in this County used all the prestige and influence which all the position has given him to injure those with whom he has stultified himself, and whose respect he knows he has forfeited.

When asked by those not familiar with the cause of our attitudes towards him why we oppose him, he is mean enough to say it is because the editor of the ADVANCE wanted a contract which he prevented him from obtaining. That might be a powerful motive with most of those who can still admire such a person as Mr. Adams has proved himself to be, but the fact that Mr. Smith was requested by other members of Government to tender for the contract referred to and declined doing so, on the ground that he was not prepared to do the work on account of other engagements, is a sufficient answer to such a characteristic falsehood.

Our position towards the Local Government is one of sympathy, rather than opposition. The regard we once had for it as a body is lessened, it is true, by its inconsistency in dealing with the Chatham Railway matter; its gross blundering in the Tracadie Lazaretto matter and the readiness with which it turned upon old and tried friends here and elsewhere to meet the views of some of its members in regard to Dominion politics. A few years ago it represented something. Since it admitted the Adams element it represents nothing in particular. A few years ago thousands of electors—good men and true—acted by their conviction of right were ready at a moment's notice, to rally for or against it as they might be called upon by a King or a Kelly, a Gough or a Burns and, however far either of these might be wrong, there was no mistaking the fact that they were not the men to condemn each other before the electors and then, when elected, join hands in recurring place and power to themselves.

It is well that political bitterness, which have been engendered through excessive zeal and without the taint of dishonesty, should be forgotten, but in this County, at least, there are those who once rallied to the support of the Local Government to whom it will call in vain when the day of battle next comes. This state of feeling is not so much due to the peculiar circumstances attending the reorganization as to the course pursued by Messrs. Adams and Young, since they became united by a common bond of political trickery and fraud. Their course is one which has taken such hold upon the local political mind that people do not care to look beyond them and will judge the Government of which they are members by them.

For nearly all the members of the Government, personally, we entertain very friendly feelings, and, on that account, regret that they have fallen into such bad North Shore company as we have shown Mr. Adams to be. So long as they are willing to be guided by him, they must share the odium which attaches to his offences, and they will, no doubt, learn, when, perhaps, too late that he will play them as falsely as he has his former friends here. Had he not proved so entirely unreliable and faithless in his dealings with those whose respect he will yet bitterly regret having forfeited, he might have retained their support and in time, welded them into a formidable backing against the Government's opponents, but, now, it would take tenfold the political merit yet discovered in either party to cause the majority in this County to forego their determination to punish Mr. Adams' double dealing and treachery. The Government is, therefore, entitled to sympathy in having to suffer for the sins and shortcomings of a new member who has proved a reproach and source of weakness to it.

U. S. CORRESPONDENCE.—Owing to difficulties which have arisen in consequence of correspondence being imperfectly addressed, an order has been issued by the United States postal authorities requiring the addresses on letters etc., passing through the mails to places in the United States, to be very explicit so as to guard against their being mislaid. For instance, it is no longer sufficient to place the street and number and words "New York City" on the envelope of a letter intended for a person in that great city, but the subscription must read thus, for example: David Copperfield, 138 Dickens St., New York City, N. Y.

The initials of the State or the name of the State in full must appear in all cases. Philadelphia or Louisville, simply will not do—and very properly—but it must be "Philadelphia, Pa." or "Louisville, Mo.," if Missouri, or "Louisville, Ky.," if Kentucky.

And yet Conservative papers have been giving the particulars of the business difficulties of one large concern in St. John and ignoring those of another lately. The discrimination was probably that was to be "increase." By all means let "business be business."

Bank of Montreal. The following is a statement of the Bank of Montreal for the six months ending October 31. We may remark that this is the first occasion on which half-yearly statements have been issued, and is now done according to resolution carried at the last annual meeting. The statement must be regarded as very satisfactory.

United States and the country becomes prospered the imports increase and the balance of trade in favor of that country is lessened.—Telegraph. It is time Canadian trade returns began to give better indications.

Carada Salmon in England. An experimental shipment of fresh salmon from Canada has just been made with every assurance of success in opening a new trade in food supplies.

Correspondence. The Shippegan Breakwater. SUFFERMAN, Nov. 10th, '79. To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance:—Six—In the ADVANCE's account of the late storm of last week, I notice that your Shippegan correspondent has considerably exaggerated, in some respects the damage done, and would have the public under the impression that the Breakwater and Dam at the Eastern Gully are a complete wreck, and that, therefore, the large amount of money spent in its construction is hopelessly lost.

Another strange thing is that instead of the Church being built on land given by Brother James Amos, as Mr. Munro incorrectly asserts, it is commenced on the property of Mr. John Russell. Mr. Munro says that his good work was too much for them that hate the truth. We would prefer truth instead of such misrepresentations as he has given us under the heading of "persecution." Moreover, when he again undertakes to attack the religious condition of Derby—a place which was not behind others in the County in either established churches, religious services, or Sunday Schools, long before he ever set foot in it—he will show more courage by publishing his statement, in some local or other paper circulated in the county, instead of the Christian Visitor which cannot gain much by giving those among whom it may circulate very erroneous impressions of Derby.

It is much to be regretted that this work has not stood the test, as it would have completely satisfied over—thereby making a beach and placing it out of harm's way in future storms. It is the general opinion that if a few piles had been driven on the outside of the dam they would have greatly assisted in keeping the work together. The Breakwater is in as good condition as ever it was, with the exception of the outer end, where some of the brush has been displaced, which, of course, was to be expected, the work not being fully completed; and I am certain, after a severe test to which it was subjected the other day, that it can defy the storms of the future. I am satisfied and have every confidence that this brush structure when once completed will answer, in every respect, the purpose for which it was first intended.

It is to be hoped that the Dominion Government will see the necessity of finishing this work at an early day. It has already done much good, the Gully being better by far than it has been for number of years past. It is very true that we are a "Grit" community, but I can assure you that there is also quite a number of loyal Conservatives who are interested in having the work completed, so, as it has become a necessity for the general good, I hope the Government will extend towards us a little of the generosity so willingly exercised in other localities during the same season in the past.

A FRIEND OF THE COMMUNITY. [Our correspondent, merely said, "The Breakwater is a good deal damaged at the outer end. The dam is entirely carried away and there is not a yard of brush remaining where the dam stood." "A Friend of the Community" says—"The foundation of the dam still remains; but the top work has been carried away in several places" and also "the Breakwater is in as good condition as ever it was with the exception of the outer end where some of the brush has been carried away." We point out the above in defence of our storm report, which was gathered from all quarters in a short time. It is much more easy to write flippantly and condemn a correspondent and, indirectly, a paper's efforts to give the news than to successfully assail facts. We hope no harm, whatever, is done to the Breakwater, as "A Friend of the Community" would have us believe, but his letter shows that what our correspondent sent us so promptly, when we wanted the news, was substantially correct.—EDITH]

Derby Misrepresented. DERBY, Nov. 15th '79. To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance. SIR.—I was much surprised to read in the Christian Visitor a letter from Rev. T. M. Munro entitled "Persecution," which I consider a great injustice to the people of Derby and the Trustees of the school to which he alludes.

In the first place he says that there were no regular services held in Derby, which statement is not correct, as there are and have been, for the last twenty-five or thirty years, four churches in the parish with good congregations supplied by Ministers and regular attendants. The extreme length of the parish is about 15 or 16 miles, and two miles from the house he alludes to, is another school house where Sabbath during the time mentioned by him.

He also says that two of the Trustees, with a very few others, being opposed to Baptist preaching, by aid of the Inspector of Schools, have effectually closed the door against them, which I presume was no easy job, as they actually, on one occasion, broke the lock of the school house door and Mr. Munro made his way in and preached, leaving the door without a lock. During the time between the breaking of the lock and the procuring of another, some articles of clothing belonging to one of the neighbours were stolen from the school house, causing the user to complain to the Trustees in reference to the way in which they were fulfilling their duty by having the school without a lock. The Baptist people were then notified to replace the lock and they did so, the Secretary of the Trustees withholding the price of the lock from the one who was employed by the trustees to do the work and make the fire. The boy appealed to the Trustees who ordered the Secretary to pay him in full. These people, according to Rev. T. M. Munro's statement, held preaching in Derby for upwards of two years. They used the District School's work, never bringing a load or remunerating the district for what they used in any way, except with such preaching as they provided. Numerous complaints were made by different persons and the Trustee who is now standing aloof from the conflict was one of the first to complain to his colleagues concerning these meetings. Others complained that some people from the Nelson side of the river would land on the banks and walk through their fields, trampling down grass and crops, going and coming from the meetings, and last summer at the time of the school holidays, the Baptists, without any authority, took the opportunity of holding what they called Revival Meetings, keeping the building tight and day, as best suited their purposes, and when the teacher came to resume teaching she

Wanted Immediately. \$10,000 BRITISH SILVER. The Subscriber begs to inform the public that he has opened a new Tin Shop, on Canal Street, adjoining Commercial Brokers, where he is prepared to attend promptly to all orders for Sheet-Iron, Tin-work, and Gas-Fitting. PARLOR & COOKING STOVES. MICA! MICA!! CULINARY UTENSILS. CHEAP FORCASH. HUGH P. MARQUIS. Chatham, Oct. 1, '79.

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