extinguishing Indian titles under new

treaties. Increased interest in consequence moneys borrowed to pay for work contracted for by the previous Government, such as completion of the Intercolonial, ten millions, the Caual improvements twenty millions, also Pacific Railway etc.

To these must be added the new salaries and cost of working of the Weights and Measures Act passed by the Macdonald Government.

Then too the Tories, just before beag turned out superannuated many officials whose superanguation allow ance had to be provided for by their successors. They had also appointed 629 of their friends to office, and increased the salaries of 1381 more. For all such of these appointments as were allowed to stand, the Liberal Government had to provide the salaries! Under such circumstances, it is marvellous that the expenditure was kept by Mr. Cartwright within the limits that 1 have stated, an increase of only \$200,-00, or less than five cents per head on the people of the Dominion! The Tory increase of expenditure in eight years is found to be over three dollars per head.

These figures are incontrovertable and fairly exhibit the relative economy and extravagance of the two Governments. The Budget Speech of Sir Samuel Tilley was a rather labored effort. He stumbled in his attempt to explain away to them all. He was a great Parliamenthe deficit of this year. He was very tary authority of a conservative and emisolemn when he tried to explain why the increased revenue of \$2,200,000 which he had predicted would be raised under the National Policy, had not been realised. He contended that the the dying words of one of England's most new tariff was a great success, that it does not affect any one Province more injuriously than another, and that New Brunswick was as prosperous under it | paid to the great worth of one who was no as any other Province. In a word he declared the tariff of last year "marvel- proceed.

tions in it! New Brunswickers who have heard Sir Samuel in his palmiest days, would not have had their expectations realized. His speech lacked the fire, the fluency, the clearness and convincing power of his addresses of other times. when, with his Province at his back he spoke from conviction and feared no long remain a household word among the man. Almost beyond a doubt, his convictions are against the extravagance for which he has to provide, against the Protection Policy, which gives the lie to his early free trade record, and undoubtedly he is for gool reason afraid

he proposed nearly one hundred altera-

of Cartwright. Sir Richard Cartwright followed in a characteristic speech. He speaks very rapidly, one hundred and fifty words to the minute, is a master of argument, sarcasm and ironv, with an occasional gleam of humor. He seems to have an unbounded conviction of the justice of his cause, and of his ability to do it justice. And the latter conviction, though perhaps too apparent is well founded. He is an able, polished and convincing speaker, and on thi occasion, not only made his own defence in knightly style, but made such a telling onslaught upon the financial policy and extravagance of the Government, as was felt to be unanswerable by argu-

Sir. Charles Tupper replied in masterpiece of invective, in which he applied to Sir. Richard every opprobrious epithet that Parliamentary rules admit of. His fine voice rang out in indignant tones for more than two hours, during which time the interest, which was intense during Cartwright's deliverance, never flagged. As an exhibition of long power, and endurance it was admirable. As a piece of Parliamentary vituperation it was tremen dons. It rallied his party finely, and they cheered him to the echo. It was not finance, however, though it suited the men behind him better than if it had dealt with facts, which are stubborn things, and are alike against him and

It was past midnight when Mr Mackenzie rose to reply, cheered loudly by the men behind him. He proceeded in his calm incisive manner, eliciting applause and laughter, and making capital points for half an hour, when the Government wished to adjourn the House, and he sat down, to resume on Friday. This being the next Government day, Mr. Mackenzie resumed the debate and made a telling speech "Charley "Rykert, as he is called, the member for Lincoln, and one of the most worthy of the Tory orators replied. He keeps a scrap book, and when he once gets up, does not know when to sit down. He does not, however, rise so often as Plumb. During Rykert's onslaught put the schools in a more efficient on the Grits, as he called them, the House paid very little attention, and the interest for the first time in this debate flagged. More than half the mem- | would not say the law could not be bers went out. At one time the report- chargeable. If we had extravagant and prayer that the American people will ers, all but one, left the gallery, turning the backs of their chairs toward the Tory orator. But he went on all the same, and the official reporter had of He believed in all school children stand-"take him." The spectators in the gallery waited for what was to follow, it being known that Ross Middlesex, a rising and popular speaker | But St John has abused the school on the Liberal side, would reply. Those who waited were not disappointed of a rich treat of fact, argument, humour and ready retort. It was one of the best speeches of the debate.

The House adjourned when Mr. Ross concluded, but the debate will last two or three days longer, as there are a good many who desire to speak, Cluding several from New Brunswick.

# Death of an Eminent M. P.

Hon. Luther H. Holton, who was the leading English Member of Commons from the Province of Quebec, died suddenly at the Russell House on Sunday morning last, at about halfpast one. Se had spent the evening at the Rideau Club, where Hon. Mackenzie Bowell gave a dinner, and returned to the Russell about 11, and later retired apparently in his usual good health and spirits. At twenty minutes past one, he rang his bell which was answered by the night messenger, all others having great distress. The messenger proposed telephoning for a doctor. He

minutes later, Doctors Grant, Tupper indirect way. He condemned the preand others arrived he was dead. The event caused the most widespread regret and genuine sorrow, not only the distinguished gentleman was known. He was about 63 years of age and had been a long time in public life. In the House of Commons he was recognised

questions affecting parliamentary practice and privilege. He was a staunch Liberal and his party, by his sudden taking off, lose one of their most gifted and effective champions. The Telegraph's Ottawa despatch of 15th says At the opening of the House, to-day, nearly every member was in his place.

Sir John A. Macdonald, in a voice temu-

lous with emotion, rose to ask the House to adjourn, expressing the shock with which he, yesterday, heard of Mr. Hol-The shock was as great as if they had seen him fall sinking in the chair now vacant. The House could not proceed He could vouch for what all the world could vouch for the steadfast honesty, the incorruptible purpose that ran through all the deceased's actions, commercial, perindustry and kindness had endeared him nently judicial mind. He knew how great a loss to the Liberal party his death was, and how deeply it would be felt and de plored, but the loss to the House and to the country would be as great. Looking at his sudden departure, he could adopt

illustrious sons: "What shadows we are and what shadows we pursue.' Mr. Mackenzie, still more deeply affect ed, replied, joining in the just tribute then more. The less was too great, and he felt himsels overcome with emotion unable to

lously perfect," but before he sat down Mr. Laurier followed in ar tribute to the many public and virtues of one, whose vigor was exempt exempt from weakness. A strong party country according to his strong convictions of right, yet so as not to leave an revered and honored him. Though not born among them he had made his home there. His lefty mind, his earnest pat- whole, are in a position to avail themriotism and his kindly nature endeared him to all good men, and his name would people of Quebec.

Several other members having spoken the House adjourned until yesterday. Sound and Sensible Talk about our

School System.

Whatever may be the arguments in favor of the abolition of the Legislative Council, there are none stronger than this—that it keeps, in a comparatively non-effective branch of the Legislature in which their good sense cannot have its proper effect upon the administration of public affairs, a number of gentlemen who ought to be in a posi tion to materially influence the policy of the Government. Hon. Thos. R. Jones who, as many of our readers know, is a leading merchant of St. John and a gentleman of sterling integrity. every day common sense and emmently practical ideas, and other members of the "Lords" well qualified to second his efforts, ought, by some constitutional change, to be sent to the Assembly for the purpose of compelling the Government to adopt their ideas in regard to school affairs. We find that while members of the Assembly, in dealing with the address in reply to the Speech, dodged the real issues with which they ought to have dealt-or perhaps, did not realise them-members of the Legislative Council were eminently practical in their handling of the several paragraphs of that document.

official report is as follows :-Hon. Mr. Jones inquired in what way the school system was to be changed. The school bill he denounced as a teetotal failure. The Government should take hold of the matter and make radical changes, for they were sadly needed. As far as he was con cerned, he had always been willing to be taxed for the education of the youth people did not know of my coming, and of the country as far as the three arts, | could not prepare for any dramatic display reading, writing and arithmetic were of wretchedness and want." He reports concerned, but he was altogether op- searching every corner of scores of houses, posed to the present extravagant system, which was only a benefit to the rich man's children at the expense of the poer man. He attacked the school trustees of St. John for their extravagance in erecting that costly school house on Duke street. He had hoped that after the fire, such an expensive school house would not again be put up, but it was. The erection of costly school houses was a poorly devised scheme Neat little wooden school buildings, and plenty of them would be much better. He spoke of the bad effect of having so many scholars huddled up in the one school. He also referred to the carelessness of the teachers, and he

Hon. Mr. Hibbard thought the law was not at all chargeable with so much as it had been charged, although he trustees the law was not to blame for ducted affairs. He did not believe in dition is one of happiness in comparison the erection of expensive buildings. ing on the same footing, and if the poor man's child, by diligence and perseverance, rises head and shoulders above the rich man's child he deserves it. law. The time must come when so much of the revenues of the country cannot be taken for the support of education. The large supply must be stopped. At present about one-third

hoped His Honor would endeavor to

taken to support education. Hon. Mr. Jones replied that it was not because of so many poor children in the schools, he complained, but of the grouping together of so many children in the one school house. Under the action of the trustees the law had been

of the revenues of this Province

a perfect fail are. Hon. Mr. Ryan spoke briefly. He believed the schools are not now as good as they were ten years ago. He disapproved of that portion of the law

Hon. Mr. Lewis believed that ten or twenty years ago, the country was in a great reason to fear an increase of destimuch better state as regards education | tution in May, June and July. than it is at the present day. The school law was not working satisfactorily throughout the country, and he hoped the Government would take some steps to alleviate the crying evil. The law was a hardship to the poor of the

Hon. Mr. Lindsay believed the Government of the day should make as retired. Mr. Holton complained of liberal provision for the education of the masses as the finances of the country would permit. He did not believe. however, in the country bearing the said : "Wait a while," but a moment expense of the education of those who later said: "You had better send." wished to be lawyers, doctors, etc. These were his last words. The house Educational matters were in a much was aroused. Hon. Mr. Burpee first better state in the country districts than reached the dying man, followed by Sir in cities, he knew, and he could thus with his friend from St. Middle—T. Crimmen and A. H. Johnson. Albert J. Smith and others, only to John. City trustees were not respon- Hill-F. E. Winslow and Jas. T. Griffin.

sent system of inspection.

Hon. Mr. Hanington said he had voted against the school bill at the time of the passing of it, out he was sorry Ottawa, but also in other places where after its passage that all the expectations of the country had not been realized. He had been a trustee himself for 35 years, and during that time school matters went on beautifully. He referred to matters of religion in by both parties as the best authority in the schools during that time. Since the passage of the bill, there had been a great deal of difficulty in his parish. There was one evil that could be remedied by the Government, and should be remedied, and that was the grading. He was never opposed to the country being taxed for common education.

strange to him to find that his honorable friends who had favored the school law at the time of its passage, were now the loudest in their complaints ton's death. He and deceased had never against it. From the first, he saw it was been of the same party, but throughout to be an expensive educational system, their long career in public life, they had and he knew that such difficulties as, been fast friends. It was arrang d, some | now presented themselves, would grow years ago, that the House should not ad- out of it. Throughout the country the journ on the death of members, but in very law is not looked upon with favor, and exceptional cases. This was no common under this law, the schools are not as efficient as they were before its passage. He failed to see that the system gave the same advantages to the poor as to the rich, inasmuch as the poor man had to hear the expense of the education of the children of those who could afford sonal or political. The purity of his to pass them through the higher mind, his great abilities, his energy, his branches. Again, the province has no right to give a grant to the University. It imposes a tax upon the poor man who receives no benefit from it. He believed, though, in every child receiving fair education at the expense of the province. The law, in-the first place, had never been wished God's speed, and could not have luck.

In the main, the speakers above quoted, fairly represent public senti-Mr. McInerney is, we think, in error in his statement that the law does not work well in the country districts. Hon. Mr. Jones. The mistake made allowing the funds of the Province to be improperly appropriated in main taining schools of the higher grades, which the children of "the poor man cannot afford time to attend. nemy behind him. The people of Quebec | branches taught in this almost impoverished province should be those of which the people's children, as a selves of.

### The Irish Famine.

A New York telegram of 10th inst. in reference to the distress in Ireland is a

A despatch from London by Rev George H. Hepworth, states that he has visited the suffering counties of Ireland as a member of the Herald committee. He addresses the donors of the fund and "It is easy to understand the causes of the present poverty. The people have had three bad crops in succession. Things have been growing worse and worse, until the almost utter failure of the crops last year brought them to the verge starvation. They have nothing to plant, a want which the British govern ment will supply by the loan of seed potatoes on very casy terms. They have nothing to eat, a want which you have yourselves so generously helped to supply by gifts, which I am sure you will supplement by other gifts, when you know what is the real state of the case. In order to understand for myself the condition of affairs, I spent a few days under the leadership of Colonel King Harman, covering about 30 square miles on the first day, and over 40 on the second. I visited a large number of small settlements on the west bank of the Shannon in counties Roscommon and Sligo. For about ten hours each day I rode and walked, entering altogether about 100 wretched hovers, which this afflicted people delusively call their homes, and where from morning till night they encounter the dread monotony of want and misery. While fully prepared to meet more or less distress, everywhere, knowing through former visits something of the chronic state of poverty in which the people live, I was not prepared, nor could anything I have ever before seen in any degree, prepare me for

the scenes of abject misery and sickening squalor which I found at every turn. The found no means of subsistence. depicts the famished appearance of the people, who seized bread like hungry wolves, many not having anything to eat for 24 hours. He gives an account of their huts or houses, in which live their cows and pigs with the people. They have eaten all their potatoes, and all the food they now have is a few pounds et Indian meal which they mix in water and make into "stirabout." Mr. Hepworth says: "I have asked again and again what part of their wretchedness is due intem perance. I am assured that it is caused solely by utter failure of the crops, an with all this poverty, the majority of the Ir sh are cheerful. The people are enduring the great stress of suffering with a pluck and courage which are truly admirable. It is my hope not feel that enough has been already done. the costly manner in which they con- | Pinched as the Irish are to-day, their con-

with that in which they will find them selves, in the course of a few weeks. From the early part of April until the first cros is reaped, that will be the season of their real trouble, of their actual struggle for existence. Feed them until the middle of the summer and the blessings of the who of Ireland will rest on your generous hearts. The committee have money, but it is not enough to last until the end of the famine. Hundreds, thousands, tens of thousands are keeping soul and body together by your bounty and generosity. For the sake of charity make one more effort; give your committee the means of than

Donegal next week, and will make another The Mansion House Committee have the upspringing of the agitation in St. informed Mr. Hepworth that they will John, for the removal of the seat of Govheartily co-operate with the Herald Fund which empowers none other than trus- Committee in the distribution of relief. following each other so closely, as to direct sensation and called forth expressions of The committee press the need of economy all provincial eyes, at least, towards Fred in administering the funds, as there is ericton. The politician, in pursuing his to-day.

of starvation. I shall visit Mayo and

town and parish are as follows :-

Chas. Sargent, Wm. Morrison, Wm. H. Hickson John Sinclair. The District Collectors are :-

Petrie Street.

# Shore, etc.

"VICTOR HUGO": - Attention is directed to the advertisement calling for tenders for the Board and travelling of the Northumberland Agricultural Society's Horse, "Vieter Hugo."

NEW LEGISLATIVE BUILDINGS :- Wm. Lawlor, Esq., of Chatham, has put in the lowest tenders for the erection of the new Legislative buildings which the Government propose to build in Fredericton. His tender for a brick structure is \$61,900 and that for stone \$68.880. F.&J. Mc-After recess, Hon. Mr. McInerney re- Cafferty put in the highest tender at

sumed the debate. It seemed rather \$95,700. There were 33 tenders in all. IMMANUAL REFORMED EPISCOPAL CHURCH: - The usual services in this church will be held next Lord's Day at 11 a. m. In the afternoon at three o'clock there will be a sermon to children, and a special service in connection with the opening of the new Sabbath School Room and Vestry. All are cordially invited to attend. All seats always free in this

"HOME AND HOW TO MAKE HOME HAPPY" was the subject of a very interesting and instructive lecture delivered recently in St. Mary's Church School House, Chatham, by Rev. G. Goodridge Roberts, rector of St. Ann's, Fredericton. The Rev. gentleman's audience was a good one, though not so large as it would have been had the weather been more favourable. The excellent lessons of the lecture were effectively brought out, and urged in a manner calculated to leave more than a passing impression on the minds of those present.

### Fox Hunt and Horse Race.

St. Patrick's opened gloriously yesterday, with a bright sun and just enough in the afternoon, there were several thousand persons gathered on the ice near up by Mr. Fav.

Only one fox of the four advertised to be started, was killed. After the Fox Hunt there were trotting races opposite Chatham, the first of which was won by Mr. Thos. Ullock's "McIntyre mare" belonging to Chatham, the second by a horse owned by Mr. Atkinson's of Newcastle. and the third by a horse of Mr. Thos. Vye's Nelson. Our reporter's notes of the particulars are held over until next week.

### An Attractive Entertainment

The Masonic Hall ought to be filled to night, as a very attractive programme is to be presented there under the auspices of St. Andrew's Church. It is as follows : lableau-Statuary .... "Faith, Hope and Charity. "Gipsy Camp. .. "Canadian Nightingales. l'ab eau Vivant Miss Ferguson.

INTERMISSION. Tableau Vivant, (5 scenes,) 'The Mistletoe Bough. ."Diana, Flora and Astrea." ' Mark the Merry Elves", Choir. "Titania and Attendant Sprites." "Pinafore" Scenes, with Music l'ableau, (two scenes,) "How ye Noble Red Man Caught Scalps.'

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN. The price of tickets is thirty cents, and children are to be admitted at fifteen cents each. The entertainment is to com mence at 8 o'clock, but those who wish to secure good seats should go half an hour before that time.

Lecture on Abraham Lincoln Rev. Dr. Burns of Halifax delivered his ecture on Abraham Lincoln in the Temperance Hall, Chatham, on Tuesday even-The chair was occupied by Rev. J. A. F. McBain of St. John's Church, who introduced the lecturer. Dr. Burns, after appropriately opening his subject proceed. ed to sketch the life of the "Martyr President," from his humble infancy in the Kentucky log cabin of his father, to the end of his remarkable career. The strong points of the lecture were the realistic illustrations of the subject's sturdy perseverence in study under the most discouraging circumstances, great industry in forestry and farm-work, sterling integrity and unsullied honor, stern sense of justice and advocacy of human liberty, inswerving devotion to what he conceived to be his duty, regardless of his surroundngs or the pressure of ever-changing public sentiment and prejudice, strong religious convictions and kindliness nature. The lecture was a very instructive one and Dr. Burns did not neglect the many opportunities which-were incidental to his sketch of the great man's life, for emphasising some of the strong points in his character and impressing the lessons they were calculated to teach upon his audience, who frequently applauded and otherwise evinced their appreciation.

Rev. Dr. Jardine of St. Andrew's, in a few well-chosen words, moved a vote of chanks to the lecturer, which being seconded by D. B. Gardiner, Esq. in equally happy terms, was unanimously carried by standing vote and duly acknowledged We cannot have too many of such lectures nd hope that Chatham has not heard the ast of Rev. Dr. Burns' platform efforts. Rev. Mr. McBain, to whose efforts we believe Chatham is indebted for Dr. Burns visit, may congratulate himself on having thus earned the thanks of a large num. er of our citizens.

## Our Legislative Letter.

To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance. The Legislative Session of 1880 opened under rather unusual circumstances. There were a new Governor, new Halls and new and old questions, of importance awaiting consideration. Matters that to make the opening a more usually interesting occasion warding off the otherwise inevitable horror | The sudden death of Governor Chandler and the elevation of Hon R. D. Wilmot to the Gubernatorial Chair, the burning of the Parliament buildings, and ernment, were events so important and course, soon forgets even the death of a Governor, or the making of a new one. We understand that good progress is So our Provincial Legislators have minds tal Question" which will likely come up being made in the work of collecting now, only for the work before them, subscriptions in Northumberland and we and the "probabilities" of the session, etc. hope to be able to publish the names of Many in Fredericton and the surrounding subscribers, and, in some cases, the amounts | country -indeed, I might say in the counties subscribed in our next and succeeding surrounding-looked upon the burning of the old Parliament Buildings in the The authorised Collectors in Chatham light of a God-send. As a special dispensation of Providence to rid the country | the Lower House. A. Leishman, of an unsightly pile, which too long had The Vice Regal expenditures tabled by R. P. B. Joyce, been allowed to remain. It was though that the Chief Commissioner excite much com the movement of the Legislature to secure ment, and especially the charge of one plans and tenders for a new building were thousand dollars for liquors. Then certain Upper (1) W. Wilkinson and Dr. Jas. insincere, and that many years must friends of the Chief Commissioner in Fredelapse before the much coveted structure ericton seem to have made a good thing would rise in splendour and solidity on the out of the reception.

the old wreck, and did not put forth extra | the reception, has been asked for by Mr. efforts to stay the destroyer's march.

But the question has assumed a serious | this week. aspect since then, and the wish is freely expressed that "things were as they were" We hear of the "removal" matter, or the more probable "repairing." These are the two words that are now on every body's tongue, and will be till the Legislature disposes of the question "where and

when are we to meet again?" We have not fairly entered upon the work of the session yet, and the spectator n the Assembly would incline to the belief that he was in a respectable Municipal Council rather than in the New Brunswick Legislature. No speeches, no oratory, no life, no business, no fun and no bills, I was going to say, but that would be a mistake, for has not Mr. Sayre again came to the front with his Legislature Council Abolition Bill and his Bill for the reduction of representation? And has not Mr. Barbarie introduced his Bill relating to the destruction of Caribou, a twin of his wild goose Bill of last session? Then Mr. Thompson monopolised the assembly this forenoon with a Bill to front. preserve the pedigree of horses. These are all important, and no doubt our legisla- to-day. tors consider they are serving their country by talking "horse" or "goose" or

I suppose you have heard there are serious defections in the Government ranks. I have heard that, and I am in clined to believe there is considerable truth in the reports. I don't pretend to be much of a prophet, but from what I can gather, there have been several im portant additions to the strength of the Opposition. I only give you what I hear, and wish your readers to accept it ply with a grain of reservation. Mr. Ryan of Gloucester, Mr. Killam of Westmor land, Mr. Black and Mr. Ritchie of St. light new snow of the previous night's John, Mr. Barbarie of Restigouche, Mr. seemed to have turned out, and by 2 o'clock Opposition. I guess there is no doubt about Messis. Ryan and Killam, and Messrs. Savre and Barbarie are consider-Newcastle to witness the Fox Hunt got | ed safe within the Opposition pale, while the position of Messrs. Elder and Ritchie

is the subject of much speculation. The present assembly is much like a volcano. To use, the words of Mr. Wil lis in the News last winter:- "The Government are standing on a mine that may at at any time explode." The "removal" question draws new lines for the time be ing and the talk is not "are you Government or Opposition?" But, "are you for Fredericton or St. John?" Then. there appears to be a middle party. who favour repairing the old buildings. Some of your North Shore members are said to be in sympathy with the repairing party. But the matter will soon be set at rest-probably this week. It is understood that Mr. Elder will

above the average. I forgot to tell you about the little

breeze we had the other day in the Assembly over the passage of the address. In the skirmish, the Opposition had, I think, the best of it. Mr. Hill, as you know, moved the address. Mr. Hill was one of those independent (?) members of last session, but 'tis said the Government have been able to classify him with them by throwing out a little bait in the shape of assistance in getting the extension of the Grand Southern Railway Charter. Mr. Hill, then, moved the address and was followed by Mr. Blair, who spoke with his usual power and effect. He made said havoc of the Surveyor General's little pamphlet containing "information (?) this evening on "The Philosophy of Sucfor intending settlers." The manner in which he criticized that childish production, was amusing as well as telling. The misleading statements, bad English and

worse grammar and other defects all came in for a fair share of notice. Hon. Mr. Attorney General Fraser folowed the leader of the Opposition. He presents, when speaking, a great contrast to Mr. Blair, the one halting, the other fluent, the first mild in utterance and appearance, the second confident and

Mr. Willis had his usual say, too, on th address. He arraigned the Government on the Vice Regal expenditures, the Exhibition question, etc. and made a very

Mr. Elder, Mr. Davidson and Mr. Land ry also addressed the House briefly, the former gentleman in his usual forcible style. The debate was quite animated, and the attendance of spectators large. Mr. Ryan, created quite a sensation in

the House the other day, when he chargthe Crown Land Management -meaning, of course, the Surveyor-General - with con- full weight. niving with certain parties in Gloucester, to defraud the Revenue. Mr. Adams denies the allegation and

calls his accuser to prove his assertions. Mr. Ryan undoubtedly intends placing himself properly in the matter, and has called for certain information from the Crown Land Department, upon which it is supposed he will establish or endeavor to establish his charges. It is only far to both gentlemen for the public to sus pend judgment until the matter is thoroughly sifted. It would, indeed, be strange if such a cautious gentleman as Mr. Ryan would make such a serious charge against the head of a Department. The session will likely be of the usual

lastoone. I observe your Northumberland Members are prompt in attendance in the Honse and can express themselves clearly and forcibly on the questions that come

length but much more lively than the

Mr. Gillespie is considered the joker of the Assembly, but his j. k is are well-timed and take immensely. his words are few,

but telling. Mr. Hutchison is quiet in his demeanor. but attentive, and can deliver himself forcibly when occasion requires. The senior member from Northumberland is an ornament to the House and commands

The news of Hon. Mr. Holton's sudder regret among the members of the House

give a sketch of the debate on the "Capithis week. In the meantime, I am yours

I hope in my next letter to be able to

## Latest From Fredericton.

Our special despatches of yesterday state that the bill repealing the attackment and garnishes laws was passed by

old site, so people generally in these parts, The return of sums paid to members of find him speechless. When a few sible to any one, save the Council in an Lower-Wm. Savoy and (name not rec'd.) rejoiced to see the flames in possession of the legislature for travelling expenses to

White, and will be laid before the House

Barbarie has given notice for a return showing disposition made of surplus supplies for Vice Regal visitors.

Covert is to move for correspondence with Robert Reid, owner of Mount Pleasant, where Vice Regal visitors stopped while in St. John. Kenny's bill legalizing proceedings of

Restigouche Municipality at adjourned meeting held contrary to law, passed. The question of the seat of Govt. comes up to morrow (Thursday) at noon, on Mr. Ryan's resolution to provide for, the accommodation of the Legislature in Fredericton. Nobody seems to know how it will be received by the House, or how the St. John party will act.

The Government and Opposition lines will be drawn as soon as the capital question is disposed of, and there are rumors that important changes, in the strength of parties are imminent. The Opposition are hopeful while the

Government seem to show a confident

The speaker sports a sprig of shamrock

## Chatham Railway Matters ..

In the official report of proceedings in the Local Legislature on Monday last, we find the following:-

Mr. Barberie asked if the government intended bringing in any bill relating to the Chatham Branch Railway. Hon. Mr. Fraser said it was not the tention of the Government to do so. Mr. Barberie asked what progress had been made in the suit against the Chathan, Branch Railway Co. Hon. Mr. Fraser read the following re-

"The suit brought by the Attorney General and others against the Chatham Branch Railway, Wm. M. Kelly and others, is still pending; copy, bill and interrogations have been served on Solicitors The great objections are those stated by falling, to make the sleighing enjoyable. Sayre of Kent and, some say, Mr. Elder for defendants; no answers have yet been All available teams in town and country of St. John, are in sympathy with the put in. During the last summer it was the Lieut. Governor in Council, that by an advertisement in the Advance newspaper, published in the County of Northumberland, the Chatham Branch Railway and all its appurtenances was advertised to be sold by the Sheriff of Northumberland, under an execution alleged to have

been issued at the suit of one George Kitchen. That pending inquiry into the suit of Kitchen against the Company, negotiations were commenced with a view to a satisfactory settlement of all matters in difference, and in the meantime by arrangement between the Attorneys of all parties interested, the sale and all proceedings relating to this suit were stayed without prejudice, and such negotiations are not vet concluded.

### Bathurst Notes.

MARCH 16th 1880. COUNTY COURT:-The March term of the Gloucester County Court opened this morning, His Honor Judge Williston presiding. There is considerable business before the Court, and it will likely sit up. wards of a week. The following lawyers are in attendance-Rich. F. Quigley of St. John, Messrs. Thomson, Tweedie and Lawlor of Miramichi, and Theops. Des Brisay D. G. Maclauchlan and T. S. Des-Brisay of Bathurst. There are a great many people in town from all parts of the County and the Wilbur House, last evening, presented a lively scene.

ACCIDENT: - A young man named Walter Barron was killed in the woods here on Thursday last. While rolling logs over a landing, the brow gave away carry. ing him with it and killing him instantly. an Act, authorising the establishment and mainte An inquest was held by Coroner Maclauchlan and a verdict of accidental death returned. His funeral, which took place on Sunday afternoon, was one of the largest witnessed here for many years.

LECTURE: -The Rev. Mr. Teed of Chatham lectures in the Methodist Church cess in Life." Admission free. A silver collection is to be taken at the close in aid of the Building Fund.

## Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East Indian missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure for Consumption Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge to all who desire it, this recipe, in German French, or English with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. W. SHERAR, 149 Powers' Block Rochester, N. Y.

CARMICHAEL BROS. advertise, a large line of Groceries, in this week's issue. Bargains may be expected. They guarantee every Barrel of Flour sold by them,

## DIED.

(Announcements of deaths are inserted free, but stended notices and poetry are charged ten cents a At Richibucto on Tuesday, the 2nd. inst., after a

ngering illness in his 72nd, year, Zaecheus Phin

iey, a native of Wilmot, Annapolis Co. N. S. and

he was held in deserved respect and will be long

forty two years a resident of Richibucto, where

# Advertisements. Sheriff's Sale.

oth day of June next, in front of the Post Office.

in Chatham, between the hours of 12, noon and five All the right, title and interest of Paul Sevov. being in the Parish of Alawlek and County of Northumberland. Bounded-Westerly, by lands ecupied by John Savoy, Easterly by lands occu-Bay, and by the barren lands, Northerly by the rear boundary line of said Lot, containing 100 acres more or less, and being the lands and premises upon which the said Paul Sevoy at presen resides, and being the piece of land bought by the aid Paul Sevoy of Edward Williston. The same having been seized by me under and ov virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court by Wm. G. Creighton against the said Paul Sevoy. Sheriff's Office JOHN SHIRREFF.

Northumberland Co. Flour. Flour. BBLS. just landing, For Sale Low. CARMICHAEL BROS.

Labrador Herring and Cod-20 BBLS. Choice Herring,

#### Sugar. Sugar. Renfuth's Cut Loaf Sugar, in 50 lb Boxes.

CARMICHAEL BROS. Choice Imported Tobaccos.

CARMICHAEL BBOS.

McConald's Pilot, old smokers say it is beautiful. May Flower, a good chewing tobacco. Just received, by CARMICHAEL BROS.

Biscuits. Biscuits. 10 BBLS: 20 Boxes, Assorted Kinds. CARMICHAEL BROS.

> NON just received. For sale low to the CARMICHAEL BROS.

Confectionery.

New Advertisements.

#### FLOUR! FLOUR!

Teas, Sugars, Molasses, &c

INSTORE AND ON THE WAY: BBLS. FLOUR, Haxal (Buda ) Snowflake White Pigeon. Bank Sp'g Ex.

Strong Bakers'. Corn Meal, Mason Co. White Beans; 50 bbls. Oatmea'. 250 Half Chests & Boxes Choice Congou Teas. 30 Hhds Choice Antigua Molasses Molasses, Porto Rico & Barbados. 10 " Scotch Refined Sugar. 100 Boxes, Butts and Caddies TOBACCO, Popular Brands. ALSO IN STORE: A FULL STOCK OF

Soda, Starch, Pickles, Pails, Brooms, anned Goods, Raisins Soap, Candles, Oils, Codfish, Pollock, Herring, Salt, &c., &c. for sale at lowest Market Rates by HARDING & HATHEWAY. 17 & 18 South Wharf Agent for 'Mayflower' Soap, "Drury Cove" Lime

#### W. Hoegg & Co's." Lobsters, and Portland Packing Co.'s Canned Goods. St. John, N. B., March 15, 1880. Lobster Cans.

About 10,000 Lobster Cans, and a quantity of Boxes. For sale by the Subscriber.

# LOST.

On, or about Saturday, March 6th between the Miramichi Foundry, and Newcastle, a small Otter

ADVANCE Office, will be rewarded. Chatham, March 16, '80 INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875 AND AMENDING

JOHN ELLIS, Assignee.

In the matter of British N. T. Underhill, an Insolvent. I, the undersigned John Ellis, of Chatham, have een appointed Assignee in this matter. Creditors are requested to file their Claims

### Chatham, 15th March, 1880. To Let or Sell

fore me, within one month.

The house at present occupied by Mr. A. Leishman, situate on St John street, has a good Stone Wall cellar, wood-house attached and well of water on the premises.

The House at present occupied by Mr. T. Keary, on same street, on the north above, with similar conveniences.

The House to the rear of these, on Cunard St. will be let (if required) in two tenements, good Water on the premises. Burn and Garden. Possession of the above given'1st May.

### Chatham, 17th March, 1830. Wanted.

A young man as Clerk in a Grocery Store; must Enquire in writing, at the office of this paper.

ENTIRE HORSE.

# VICTOR HUGO.

Scaled Tenders will be received up to 12 o'clock o in 29th March for the keep and travelling of the we horse, for one year, from 1st April, 1880. The tenders to be left with Mr. D. T. Johnstone Street, opposite the Golden Ball, lately occu-pied by W. H. Frecker. who will give all necessary information Parties tendering must name the Groom in whose care they intend placing the horse during the The lowest tender not necessarily accepted.

### CHARLES SARGENT, Chairman Notice !

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of New Brunswick at ts present session, for the passing of a Bill for

TELEPHONE LINE.

between my Office, Dwelling House, Steam M II and Chatham Branch Station, in the Parish of

Chatham, and County of Northumberland.

# ticulars apply to the Subscriber.

Wanted-Tenders for Painting. The same will be received up to April 1st. For further par-

# JOHN McDONALD, Builder.

1880.

175 Dozen, in Door, Mortise, Rim, Dead, Store Door, Front Door, Cupboard, Night, Stock, Cabin, Piano, Wardrobe, Chest, Trunk, Box, Drawer, Till, KNOBS-Mineral, Percelain, Bronze, Ebony, Silver Plate, Cut Glass, Mahogany, and all kinds

## Hinges.

Hames, Traces, Halter Chains, Horse Halters, cheap.) Harness Mounting and Polish.

Table & Pocket Knives. 165 Doz. Table Knives and Forks, Ivory Handle vory Carve.s, Bone and Horn Carvers and Steels, Plated Forks, (Table Knives, \$1 00 per doz. and upwards) Pocket Knives in (great variety),

Oils, Paints, Varnishes.

#### Brandram's No. 1, Genuine Lion & Beaver, XX and XXX, Crown and Anchor, Red Lead, Litharge.

White Leads.

Body Finishing, Gearing, Rubbing, Pale Oak Fine Pale Carriage, Best Copal, Extra No. 1 Furniture, Demar, Japan Driers, Imp Black, Patent Knotting, Walnut, Stain and Stove Pipe.

# Brushes.

Barber's Patent

Files; Rasps, (all kinds.) Boat, Finish, Clout, Pump, Wrought, Pressed,

# VALUABLE FOR SALE!

General Business.

The Subscriber offers for sale his real estate situated in the Parish of Acadieville, about 7 miles I clow the Acadieville siding on the Inter-Consisting of two 100 acre Lots, fine farming land, with good water privileges, on which is Saw Mill with Shingle Factory, Forge and Tools. There are also two Houses and a good Barn on Half of purchase money may remain on mort-Richibucto, Feb. 24, '80.

The dwelling house situate on the corner lenderson and Duke Street in Chatham. Possession given on the 6 of May next. For urther particulars apply to JOHN HAVILAND, OF A. H. JOHNSON Chatham, 9, of March, '80.

SOCIAL PARTY will be held in the MASON-A IC Hall, under the auspices of the Northumberland Lodge, No. 17, F. & A. M., on the even-

# Tuesday, 30th March,

Dancing to commence at \$ o'clock. TICKETS. - - - \$1.50 Proceeds in aid of E. LEE STREET,

## Sheriff's Sale.

Newcastle, March 1, '80

To be sold at Public Auction, on Tuesday, the 6th day of March next, in front of the Post Office. in Chatham, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 5 o'clock p. m All the right title and interest of James Carter in and to all that piece or Lot of Land and premises situate, lying and being in the Town of Chatham. County of Northumberland, and bounded as follows: Easterly by Henderson Street, Northerly by the lands and property owned by John Haviland, Southerly by the Lands and property owned by the heirs of the late Jeremiah Fitzpatrick, deceased and Westerly by lands owned by Wm. Wyse and by lands owned by Henry Cunard-being the land

berland County Court by Joseph D. McCuliy and Samuel U. McCully, Executors of the last Will and Testament of the late Caleb McCully, deceased against the said James Carter. JOHN SHIRREFF Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, \ SHERIFF OF NORTH'LD 20th Oct., 1879. The above Sale is postponed to Tuesday, the 30th day of March, instant, then to take place at

#### Dated this JOHN SHERIFF. Sheriff of Northumberland 16th Day of March, A. D, 1880. County. Farm for Sale.

the same four and place.

The Subscriber offers for sale that valuable roperty with dwelling, barn and outbuildings, ttuate in Moorfield, opposite Chatham, contain ing about 70 acres, 20 acres of which are in good cultivation, the balance woodland. Possessio given 15th April, next. . For further information apply to JOHN McDERMAID, Moorfield

# To Let.

A. D. SHIRREFF, Chatham.

Apply to MARTIN LYONS, Chatham, 28th Feb 1880 For Sale.

The house and store on South side of Water

#### Pine, Spruce, and Hemlock Boards, Refuse Palings; No.1 and No. 2 Brick. Nalson, March, 4, '80. 411

**Tenders for Painting** 

# Ch tham, March 10, '80. HARDWARE

## J. R. GOGGIN.

SPRING.

# Daily Arriving and in Store.

Locks and Knobs.

## DOOR BELLS, (Plated)

1,200 prs. Butts, Brass Do., Table, T. Strep, Chest, Plate, Hook and Eye, Barn-Door and Gate, Door Rollers and Hangers. I have made a specialty in Locks, Knobs and Hinges. The Stock being large and well assorted Having bought early, before the last heavy advance. I can sell under present wholesale prices. BOLTS-all sizes from 11x11 to 12x1 Washers all sizes. Clinch Rings. Square and Hexagon Nuts. 500 Gross WOOD SCREWS, assorted.

#### Brass and Iron Jack Chains, all sizes. A full and complete Stock of

JOINER'S TOOLS.

Butcher, Sheath, Shoe, Putty and Oyster. Can Openers
10 Dozen WADE' & BUTCHER'S Celebrated Electro-Plated & Silver Spoons.

Forks, etc., etc. Boiled and Raw Linseed, Seal, Machine, Neatsfoot

Colored Paints. Black, Red, Blue, Green, Yellow, Brown, Drab, Paris Green, Chromes, Indian Red, Persian Red, Vermillion, Drop Black, Ultramarine Blue, Prussian Blue, Vandykes, Rose Pink, Lampblack, Burnt and Raw Umbers, Burnt and Raw Siennas, Patent Driers. Red and Yellow Ochres, Graining Colors and Combs, London and Paris Whiting, Pumice Stone, and Glue, all kinds, Fireproof Metalic Paint (for

## Varnishes.

GOLD LEAF AND BRONZE.

#### 50 Doz. Paint, Varnish, Sash, Marking, Steneil, Camel's Hair, Whitewash, Scrub, Shoe, Deck, Tar, Black Lead, Horse and Dandy. RATCHET DRILL BRACES,

(all k.nds) Tacks of al! kinds.

saving of about 20%.

15 Doz. Grass Scythes. Clinch, Galvanized Nails and Spikes. Horse Nails

# Hammers.

Machinist's B. P., Rivetting, Smith's, Carpe ter's, Claw, Tack &c., 8 and 10 lb. Sledges. Axes

Bench, Ship, Timber, Men's Boy's, Hunter's. Ship and Carpenter's Adze, Augurs and Augur Bitts, all sizes, Centre, Shell, and Nose Bits. Stocks and Dies.

Spectacles in Variety.

Saws. Cross, Cut, Hand, Panel, Tenon, Buck, Rip. Bracket, Fellow and Jig. Tea Trays, in variety, Hat and Coat Hooks, Screw Hooks,

Bird Cage Hooks. Pumps.

Wire Cloth, Nos. 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16 Wire Riddles and Sieves, Steelyards, and Spring Balances. Piumbago. Umbrella Stands. Shelt Brackets(in great variety) Sheep Shears. Wire Clothes Lines, "Baskets, Chamber Pails. 50 Boxes WINDOW GLASS, 7x9 to 24 by 36. PUTTY. LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, ZINC.

Grind Stone Fixtures.
TAR, PITCH, ROSIN, OAKUM. SPORTING and BLASTING POWDER. FUSE, all kind. GUNS, Single and Double Barrelled. REVOLVERS, (in variety.) CARTRIDGES, all kinds Wool, Cotton and Horse CARDS. Cod, Mackerel, Trout LINES and HOOKS. This Stock is large, call and inspect. Pots, Kettles, Stew, Sauce and Frying Pans

CLOTHES WRINGERS.

Dye Stuffs, all kinds.

Coal Vases and Hods

Weaver's Reeds.

Borax, Blue Stone, Saltpeter, Alum, Indigo, Cudbear, Sulphur, Brimstone, Bee's Wax, Extract Logwood. Waggon Axles, Springs and Castings. Rubber Bumpers Sand Paper, Emery Paper, Emery Cloth.

Wash Boards. Door Mats, Rubber do., Table

Window Blind Rollers, Complete for 20c. cheapest yet. 1 Cask superior Lime Juice. Plough Rope. Dry and Tarred Paper Roofing Pitch. Can Hooks.

3 doz Cow Bells. 24 Carriage Mats (Alacund Choice.) BEST REFINED IRON, all sizes. CAST STEEL. (Pevy Steel, Octagon.) BLISTER STEEL. HORSE SHOES, 1,000 lbs 70 Kegs. Cut Nails and Spikes. Wrought and Galvanized Nails and Spikes Boat Nails, 1 to 4 in., Wrought. Caulking Mallets and Irons.

Martine Spikes, Ship Scrapers. Top Mauls, Mallets. Sailor's Palms, Sheath and Needles. Red and White Chalk. Counter Scales and Weights A Complete Stock COFFIN MOUNTING. Choice VIOLINS, Strings, Steel, &c. &c. RAT TRAPS, the latest and best. Shovels, Spades, Picks, Hoes, Manure and Hay

and shoes. It is quite impossible to enumerate more than a few articles here that I have on sale. But a call for inspection will show that I have the largest and best assorted stock of General Hardware, ever offered for sale in Miramichi, and equal to any in the Province for variety. Having a large Stock on hand, previous to the rise in Iron Goods, etc., and buying early before the last heavy advance in all branches of the trade, I am prepared to sell much below what prices would have been otherwise, a

> J. R. GOGGIN, General Hardware Merchant, Chatham, N. B.