Editor "Miramichi Advance," Chatham N. B. General Ausiness.

inducements to advertisers.

0

NEWC STLE, ---AND WANT---

TRY THE PEOPLE'S HOUSE.

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES

You will there find the O LARGEST, CHEAPEST AND BEST AS-JAMES BROWN.

NEW 'CROCERIES, A SPLENDID STOCK,

For Sale.

All that tract of Land and premises known as Lot No. 36, situate in the Parish of Nelson. Semiwagan Ridge, beginning at a stake placed on the southern angle of Let No. 35, granted to Patrick O'Brien, thence by the magnet south 45 degrees East 68 chains of 4 polls each, thence South 45 degrees West, 15 chains, thence North 45 degrees East 68 chains to a hemlock, thence North 45 degrees, East 15 chains to place of beginning. Containing 100 Acres More or Less. There are from 12 to 15 acres cleared and a good barn 30x40 nearly new, on the premises. The Highway runs in front of the said land, which was formerly owned by the late Ellen Reegan, If not previously disposed of, will be sold in front of the office of Wm. Wilkinson, Chatham, on Saturday, 1st of May next, at 12 o'clock, noon, by Public Auction. For further particulars apply to CHARLES REEGAN, Trustees.

Dated 26th Jan. 1880. Brandy! Brandy! 1880.

50 HHDS. Martell BRANDY, pale and dark; 110 gr. casks 20 octaves 800 cases XXX do. 100 cases 125 cases Martell Brandy, flasks, 2 doz. each, pale and dark : 100 cases Hennessy, JOHN W. NICHOLSON. Victoria Wharf, Smyth Street, St. John.

REMOVAL.

DR. J. S. BENSON, has removed to the building on corner of Duke and St. John Streets, opposite Canada House. Chatham, Sept., 1879.

er under all sin Stephe.

Human Hair Goods of all kinds including Ladies' Switches, Curls. Frizzettes, Braids, &c.

Gentlemen's Wigs & Scalps,

Fine Perfumery, Combs, Hair Brushes, Curling Irons, Hair Pins, and Fancy

Goods, Immitation Hair, Braids and Switches, for sale at CONROY & SON'S HAIR STORE,

59 GERMAIN ST., ST. JOHN. Combings and Cut Hair made up in a superior maoner, in all styles that the hair will admit of

good work will admit of. SOUVENIRS.

and at prices as low as regard for the quality of

How often do we hear the bereaved exclaim "Oh, if I just had his likeness; if I only had her Photograph I would not take a fortune for it!" Let such be a warning to those enjoying lie and health. Go while the lamp of lie holds out, while the bloom of physical perfection adorns the cheek, go to J. A. Stevens, Photographer, opposite the Canada House, Chatham, and get one of the best pictures ever taken. Get a dozen Photographs beautifully finished in card or cabinet size, or else some of those Tintypes that he is making at such Don't put it off any longer but come at once. The subscriber keeps a good stock of mouldings that he will make up to any size frame.

J. A. STEVENS, Combs. London and Paris Whiting, Pumice Stone, and Glue, all kinds, Fireproof Metalic Paint (for roofs.)

Don't mistake the place if you want good pictures

-OPPOSITE THE-Canada House, - - Chatham. Motels.

BARKER HOUSE, Fredericton.

BEG to announce to the travelling public that I have again assumed charge of the Barker House, so well and favorably known, and it will be my aim to give entire satisfaction to my pat-TERMS, FROM \$100 10 \$1.50 PER DAY. ACCORDING TO LOCATION.

Coaches are in waiting on the Arrival,

of all Steamboats and Trains. I shall continue to run THE LIVERY STABLES in my usual first class style, and would respect.

fully solicit the continued patronage of the public. ROBERT ORR. hand, previous to the rise in Iron Goods, etc., and buying early before the last heavy advance in all branches of the trade, I am prepared to sell much below what prices would have been otherwise a PARK HOTEL

KING SQUARE, ST. JOHN

FRED. A. JONES, - - - Proprietor (Of the late Barnes Hotel.)

WAVERLEY HOTEL. NEWCASTLE, -----MIRAMICHI, N B THIS HOUSE has lately been refurnished, and every

possible arrangement made to ensure the comfort of travelers. LIVERY STAPLES, WITH GOOD OUTFIT ON THE Late of Waverly House, St. John.) ALEX. STEWART.

Canada House CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK.

WM. JOHNSTON, - - - PROPRIETOR. CONSIDERABLE outlay has been made onthis House to make it a first-class Hotel, and

travelers will find it a desirable temporary residence, both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within two minutes walk of Steamboat Legy, and opposite Telegraph and Post Offices. Proprietor returns thanks to the Public for the encouragement given him in the past, and will endeavor, by courtesy and attention, to merit the same in the future. GOOD STABLING ON THE PREMISES

ROYAL HOTEL. King Square.

HAVE much pleasure in informing my numer-ous friends and the public generally, that I have eased the Hotel formerly known as the "CONTI-NENTAL," and thoroughly renovated the same, making it, as the 'ROYAL" always had the repu- in store, we expect early in March, per good Ship tation of being, one of the best Hotels in the Pro- "Alfarin:" · Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquor and Cigars, and superior accommodation Blackhall's Livery Stable attached. THOS. F. RAYMOND

St John, July 9 1877.

ON IT INDICATES THE TID. TION IS PAID. PROMPT RE. TES ARE EXPECTED DBSERVE THE YELLOW SL ON IT INDICATES THE TIM

VOL. 6---No. 25.

CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, APRIL 22, 1880.

D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR. FOR TERMS-See Business Notice.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

The Subscriber's Stock of DEX GOODS, including the following: White and Unbleached Cottons, Flannels, Denims, Winceys, Mens' and Boy's Tweeds, Dress Goods.

Velvets & Velveteens, blk & cl'd. Hosiery, Men's Tweeds. Flannel & Cotton Shirts, . Clothing, Boots & Shoes, &c., &c., Sail Canvas, Cotton Duck, Lines & Twines Fishing Nets:

MANILLA AND TARR DH MP ROPE.

Also his unusual large and well assorted Stock of

(ENGLISH AND AMERICAN.)

Iron and Steel, Cut, Wrought and Pressed Nails, Plough Mounting, Ploughs, Shovels, Cooking Stoves for Coal and Wood, Pevies, Sporting and Blasting Powder, Fuse, Shot, Glass, Putty, Paints.

Linseed, Lard, Olive, Kerosene, Wool and Lubricating Oils, Varnishes, Patent Dryers. Paint & Whitewash Brushes, Etc.,

1880.

Hammers.

Axes.

Bench, Ship, "imber, Men's Boy's, Hunter's.

Ship and Carpenter's Adze, Augurs and Augur Bitts, all sizes, Centre, Shell, and Nose Bits.

Saws.

Tea Trays, in variety, Hat and Coat Hooks, Screw Hooks,

Wire Riddles and Sieves,

Plumbago. Umbrella Stands.

50 Boxes WINDOW GLASS, 7x9 to 24 by 36.

PUTTY. LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, ZINC.

SPORTING and BLASTING POWDER.

Cod, Mackerel, Trout LINES and HOOKS.

Pots, Kettles, Stew, Sauce and Frying Pans.

Borax, Blue Stone, Saltpeter, Alum, Indigo,

Wash Boards. Door Mats, Rubber do., Table

Window Blind Rollers, Complete for 20c. cheap-

Cudbear, Sulphur, Brimstone, Bee's Wax, Ex

GUNS, Single and Double Barrelled

This Stock is large, call and inspect.

Waggon Axles, Springs and Castings.

Sand Paper, Emery Paper, Emery Cloth.

Grind Stone Fixtures. TAR, PITCH, ROSIN, OAKUM.

Wool, Cotton and Horse CARDS.

REVOLVERS, (in variety.)

CARTRIDGES, all kinds.

CLOTHES WRINGERS.

FUSE, all kind.

Weaver's Reeds.

Rubber Bampers.

Dry and Tarred Paper.

Coal Vases and Hods.

24 Carriage Mats (Alacund Choice.)

BEST REFINED IRON, all sizes.

CAST STEEL. (Pevy Steel, Octagon.)

Coil Chain, 3-16, 1-4, 5-16, 3-8, 7-16, 1-2, 9-16

70 Kegs. Cut Nails and Spikes. Wrought and Galvanized Nails and Spikes.

A Complete Stock COFFIN MOUNTING.

Shovels, Spades, Picks, Hoes, Manure and Hay

Choice VIOLINS, Strings, Steel, &c. &c. RAT TRAPS, the latest and best.

3 doz Cow Bells.

BLISTER STEEL.

Top Mauls, Mallets.

Bench Sail Hooks.

15 " Hay Rakes.

It is quite impossible to enumerate more than a few articles here that I have on sale. But a call

for inspection will show that I have the largest and best assorted stock of General Hardware, ever of-

fered for sale in Miramichi, and equal to any in the Province for variety. Having a large Stock on

branches of the trade, I am prepared to sell much below what prices would have been otherwise, a

Red and White Chalk.

HORSE SHOES, 1,000 lbs.

Boat Nails, ½ to 4 in., Wrought. Caulking Mallets and Irons.

Martine Spikes, Ship Scrapers.

Counter Scales and Weights.

Sailor's Palms, Sheath and Needles.

Roofing Pitch.

Can Hooks.

tract Logwood.

Dye Stuffs, all kinds.

Cross, Cut, Hand, Panel, Tenon, Buck, Rip.

Dird Cage Hooks. Pumps. Wire Cloth, Nos. 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16.

Steelyards, and Spring Balances.

Shell Brackets(in great variety)

" Baskets, Chamber Pails.

She p Shears. Wire Clothes Lines,

Spectacles in Variety.

Stocks and Dies,

Bracket, Fellow and Jig.

ELECTRO PLATED WARE,

WINDOW CORNICES, &C

TEA, TOBACCO, FLOUR, MEAL, &c., at the Lowest Cash Prices.

F. J. LETSON.

Chatham, N. B., March 30, '80. HARDWARE.

J. R. GOGGIN.

SPRING.

Daily Arriving and in Store.

Locks and Knobs.

175 Dozen, in Door, Mortise, Rim, Dead, Store Door, Front Door, Cupboard, Night, Stock, Cabin, ter's, Claw, Tack &c., 8 and 10 lb. Sledges. Piano, Wardrobe, Chest, Trunk, Box, Drawer, Till, Knobs-Mineral, Percelain, Bronze, Ebony, Silver Plate, Cut Glass, Mahogany, and all kinds DOOR BELLS, (Plated)

Hinges.

1,200 prs. Butts, Brass Do., Table, T. Strap, Chest, Plate, Hook and Eye, Barn-Door and Gate, Door Rollers, and Hangers. I have made a specialty in Locks, Knobs and Hinges. The Stock being large and well assorted. Having bought early, before the last heavy advance. I can sell under present wholesale prices. BOLTS-all sizes from 12x11 to 12x3 Washers all sizes. Clinch Rings.

Square and Hexagon Nuts. 500 Gross WOOD SCREWS, assorted. Hames, Traces, Halter Chains, Horse Halters, (cheap.) Harness Mounting and Polish. Brass and Iron Jack Chains, all sizes.

A full and complete Stock of

JOINER'S TOOLS,

the largest and best assortment yet offered, call Table & Pocket Knives.

165 Doz. Table Knives and Forks, Ivory Handle Ivory Carve:s, Bone and Horn Carvers and Steels, Plated Forks. (Table Knives, \$1 00 per doz.and upwards) Pocket Knives in (great variety), Butcher, Sheath, Shoe, Putty and Oyster. Can

10 Dozen WADE & BUTCHER'S Celebrated

Electro-Plated & Silver Spoons, Forks, etc., etc.

Oils, Paints, Varnishes.

Boiled and Raw Linseed, Seal, Machine, Neatsfoot, Castor and Olive, Turpentine.

White Leads. Brandram's No. 1, Genuine Lion & Beaver, XX and XXX, Crown and Anchor,

Colored Paints. Black, Red, Blue, Green, Yellow, Brown, Drab,
Paris Green, Chromes, Indian Red, Persian Red,
Vermillion, Drop Black, Ultramarine Blue, Prussian

Red Lead, Litharge.

Blue, Vandykes, Rose Pink, Lampblack, Burnt and Raw Umbers, Burnt and Raw Siennas, Patent Driers. Red and Yellow Ochres, Graining Colors and

Varnishes. Body Finishing, Gearing, Rubbing, Pale Oak, Fine Pale Carriage, Best Copal, Extra No. 1 Furniture, Demar, Japan Driers, Imp Black, Patent

Knotting, Walnut, Stain and Stove Pipe. GOLD LEAF AND BRONZE. Brushes.

50 Doz. Paint, Varnish, Sash, Marking, Steneil Camel's Hair, Whitewash, Scrub, Shoe, Deck, Tar. Black Lead, Horse and Dandy.

Chamoise Skins. RATCHET DRILL BRACES, Hand, Barber's Patent

(all kinds) Files, Rasps, (all kinds.) Copper and Iron Rivets, all kinds and sizes Tacks of all kinds. Boat, Finish. Clout, Pump, Wrought, Pressed, Clinch, Galvanized Nails and Spikes. Horse Nails

> J. R. GOGGIN. General Hardware Merchant, Chatham, N. B.

BEST REFINED IRON.

Lowmoor, Swede, Londonderry and English common Bolt Iron and Pie Iron.

CAST STEEL.

Thos. Firth and Son's Extra Axe. Tool and Drill Steel.

Spring, Sleigh Shoe & WHY WILL YOU BE BALD Tire Steel.

----ALSO :*----ROUND MACHINE STEEL The greatest Hair restorer in the World, Manufacture of SPEAR & JACKSON.

Black and Galvanized

A special lot of Galvanized sheet Iron :-6 ft x 39 in. x 20 gauge. First class make (Davies') and well adapted for LOBSTER BOILERS, &c. Besides a heavy stock 11,224 Bars Refined Iron.

2,566 Bdls. Hoop fron. I. & F. BURPEE & CO. St. John, N. B.

SUGAR, FRUIT, ONIONS, &c.

WHEN YOU GAN BUY

CARBOLINE

AT THE NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE

AUGUST FLOWER

Oct '9

MATTISON'S, ROBINSON'S AND

Also the largest variety of Patent Medicine ever

FELLOW'S COMPOUND SYRUP,

NO .. THROP & LYMAN'S EMULSION OF COD LIVER OIL,

AT THE NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE.

Canary, Hemp, Rape. Maw & Millet Seed for Birds,

FIRST CLASS DRUG STORE.

as well as all sundries usually kept in a

DYSPEPSIA BITTERS,

E. LEE STREET, Proprietor,

LOCAN, LINDSAY & CO, Have Received :--45 BBLS. EXTRA C. SUGAR;

SAINT JOHN. 10 Boxes ORANGES: " LEMONS 10 · Bbls. ASTRAL OIL; DAILY EXPECTED . 150 Bbls. ONIONS;

Boxes Layer, London Layer, Loose Muscatel GENERAL and Dehesa RAISINS: 2 Cases BURNETT'S EXTRACTS; Commission Merchants New Wainuts, Almonds, Quinces, &c.; 25 Bbis. AMERICAN OIL, &c., &c. 78 and 80 King Street, St. John

W. E. VROOM.

No. 16, ARTHUR STREET, Next the Bank of Montrea QUEBEC.

WILLIAM J. FRASER, IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

TEAS, SUGARS, MOLASSES &c. HEAD OF CENTRAL WHARF UPPER WATER STREET. HALIFAX N.S. CONSIGNMENTS PROMPTLY ATTENDED To

SHIP BROKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS MARINE INSURANCE AGENTS,

T. F. KEARY,

REAR OF CUSTOM HOUSE, CHATHAM IMPORTER & WHOLESALE & RET' (L

DEALER IN Choice Brands of Wines.

General Ausiness.

LIQUORS and CIGARS, For Sale by CANNED GOODS, ETC. JOHN PALLEN, E. LEE STREET, A large quantity of bottled ENGLISH

ALE and IRISH PORTER on hand nd for sale by the dozen or barrel. Institute of the

Brothers of the Christian Schools.

St. Michael's Classical and Commercial College,

CHATHAM, - - - N. B. This College has for its object to impart to young men, together with the benefit of a Christian edu cation, the necessary knowledge of commerce in all its branches, and whatever else may fit them for

Terms of Board and Tuition. Board and Tuition for the Scholastic year, payable in advance, in two terms : \$70; Sept. 1st : The Board dates from the 1st or 15th of each month, according as the pupil entered in the first Physician's fees, medicines, Instrumental Music Navigation, Telegraphy, Drawing and Stationery,

- - - - 20 00 " Instrumental Music - - 20 00 " " Commercial Diplomas are given to those who

For further particulars apply to

BRO. LOUIS, Director. PRINTING

Invitation Cards, Raffle Tickets. Bill Heads. Business Cards.

Handbills. Pamphlets. Reports. Books, etc., etc.

PRINTED AT THE 'Miramichi Advance" Office,

Tin Shop. JOW

he has opened a new Tin Shop, on Cunard of taking into consideration a certain offer of con-Street, adjoining Carmichael Bros., store, where position, made by the Insolvent at a meeting of

Sheet-Iron, I'm-work,

and Gas-Fitting. PARLOR & COOKING STOVES MICA MICA! CULINARY UTENSILS AT CHEAPFORCASH TO HUGH P. MARQUIS.

Chatham, Oct. 1, '79.

Store, 50 CHESTS TEA, v. ry good and cheap. 100 Bbls, and half bbls, HERRING. 100 Qtls, CODFISH.

20 Bbls, and half bbls, MACKEREL. Pork, Flour, Meal. Molasses, etc.

AT Any of the above will be sold low. ALSO, IN STOCK,

Ceneral Dry At remarkable LOW PRICES.

a full stock of

ARGYLE HOUSE,

CHATHAM.

WM MURRAY Feb 17, 1880

GOLDEN BALL. **BOOT & SHOE STORE**

---AND---

Furniture Emporium.

We are in receipt of full lines of kinds of WINTER GOODS, comprising:

BOOTS, SHOES Rubbers, Overshoes, &c., &c.

houses only, our Stock can be relied on for dura- some in the past, who have committed trespasses bili'y, the satisfactory nature of our sales during thereon by cutting trees and doing other damage. the last twelve years being proof of the same. We would, therefore, respectfully solicit a call | cording to law.

before purchasing elsewhere FOTHERINGHAM & Co. Chatham, 27th Nov., 1879.

Brokerage, etc. LUKE STEWART, SHIP BROKER & COMMISSION MERCHNT.

NEW BRUNSWICK & R. Brodie,

DEALERS IN PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Arnold,

SMYTH STREET, ST. JOHN N. B.

Medical.

HEARTBURN,

JAMES DOYLE, .

--OR---SOUR RISING,

Oppression after eating, and every form of DYS-PEPSIA are soon relieved by PERISTALTIC LOZENGES The restore the action of the Liver and Stomac nd cure COSTIVENESS and its results

JOHN KAIN. - - Nelson. LINIMENT. for Internal and External Use. CURES—Neuralgia, Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough,

Whooping Cough, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhea, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbas, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. AYER'S

For all the purposes of a Family CURING Costiveness, Jaun-

Newcastle.

and Breath, Head-Diseases, Bilious-ness, Liver Com-plaint, Dropsy, Tet-ter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, euralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and

Pills. They are the safest and best physic for sugar coated, they are easy to take; and being purely vegetable, they are entirely harmless. ----PREPARED BY----LOWELL MASS.,

and our best citizens, send certificates of cures per-

IN MEDICINE.

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

INSOLVENT ACT OF 1875 AND AMENDING ACTS.

In the matter of British N. T. Underhill, an A meeting of the creditors of the above named Insolvent is hereby called for Thursday, the twenty ninth day of April next, at my office in Chatham, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose he is prepared to attend promptly to all orders for his creditors, held this day in my office in Chatham which at such meeting was duly approved of by a majority of the creditors present at such meeting; which offer was to pay the sum of one cent on the

Dated at Chatham, this 30th day of March ,1880. JOHN ELLIS, Assignee.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday 24th ay of April next, in front of the Registry Office. in Newcastle, between the hours of 12 noon, and All the right, title and interest of Jeremiah Casey. in and to all that piece or lot of Land, situate, ly the upper half of the Lot letter O, granted to James Gillice; bounded Easterly, by Alexander Esson's lands; Westerly by Lot N. granted to Ge . rge Flett; Northerly by the Southwest Branch of said River, and extending Southerly to the full extent of the original grant, and known as the David Mott property; being the lot of land conveyed by W. L. Stuart to the said Jeremiah Casey and Patrick Casey, junior, by deed dated 13th March, A. D., 1868, and being the land and pre-mises upon which the said Jeremiah Casey at present resides, containing 150 acres more or less. Also, all the right, title and interest of Timothy McCarthy, in and to all that piece, parcel or lot of land, situate lying and being on the Semiwagan Bidge, in the Parish of Nelson and County aforesaid, and bounded as follows, viz :- Southerly, by the Queen's Highway or Great Road, leading through the Semiwagan Settlement, Westerly by lands owned by Michael Mahar, Easterly by lands

occupied by John Walsh, and Northerly by wilderness or Crown Lands—being the lands and pre-mises upon which the said Timothy McCarthy at present resides, and containing 200 acres more or

Carthy and Jeremiah Casey. Sheriff's Office, JOHN SHIRREFF, January 5, A.D.1880.) Northumberland County

have appointed William Cottier of Newcastle my Deputy for the County of Northumberlan o all whom it may) JOHN SHIRREFF Northumberland County

WM. A. PARK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor,

CASTLE STREET NEWCASTLE, N.B

Notice to Trespassers.

All persons are hereby forbidden to land on

in and to all that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being on the South side of the Northwest Branch of the river Miramichi in the Parish of Southesk, bounded in front by the said river; Above by the Indian Reserve lands, and below by Lot number Twelve, and in rear by the second tier of lots; and is known as Lot letter N in the grant thereof to the late Neil McLean, deceased; and contains 185 acres more or less, being the same land and premises on which the said Joseph White now resides :- except the small piece of the said Lot heretofore conveyed by the said Joseph White to the Trustees of the Presbyterian Church for a

Feby. A. D. 1880, umberland Co. LAND FOR SALE.

JOHN SHIRREFF.

Sheriff of North-

Willard against the said Joseph White.

Sheriff's Office.

Newcastle, this 23rd,

Or to L. J. TWEEDIE,

lands of the late James Kerr, Esq., and Michael Delaney, containing five acres. There is a good Frame Barn on the premises. The field is now under grass and cuts about eight tons hay, annually. For Terms of purchase apply to the

TOILET SETS

If the above is not sold before the 1st day of

May, it will on that day be offered at Public Auc-

tion, in front of Letson's Weigh Scale, at 12 o'clock

PURSES in Variety and good value, at the MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE. nance Minister's attention to this, in order increase of prices, the amount of imports for some reason not generally understood, R. H. ARNOLD

Miramichi Adrance,

THE BUDGET DEBATE.

We close our reports of the Budget debate at Ottawa with this issue of the ADVANCE, other important matters claiming attention. These reports, some of them-especially those given herewith-however, but mere outlines of the speeches, have been sufficient to indicate how nobly and effectively the Liberals have assaulted the policy of the party in power, and consistently stood by the principles of Government which have always finally brought suc-

the people. The following is the telegraphic Synopsis of Mon. Isaac Burpee's

cess to themselves and contentment to

with cheers, said, so utterly had the out.
promises made by the Minister of Finance Management to the Lower Provinces been falsified by | coal and sugar duties. its operation, that very grave apprehensions must exist in every right-thinking mind, as to the permanence of the Confederation, should the present fiscal policy be continued for any length of time. He proceeded to refer to the increase which had taken place of late in the ordinary expenditure of controllable expenditure had been very rose together. considerably diminished during the admin-Eruptions & Skin | istration of the late Covernment, it was Diseases. Billious- now going up at an alarming rate, and this was all the more to be regretted be. It was decided to go on. cause there was no reason why it should not be kept down to the minimum attainshow how much they excel all other Pills. They | upon public works was accompanied by a pass a satisfactory examination in the requisite They purge out the foul humors of the blood; they Intercolonial, which might have been condecline of revenue from that source. The stimulate the sluggish or disordered organs into action; and they impart health and tone to the whole being. They cure not only the every day it cost, without diminishing its efficiency complaints of every body, but formidable diseases. | was being run at loss, which had to be Most skilful physicians, most eminent elergymen, made good out of the revenues of the counormed, and of great benefits derived from these

try. Receipts from canals, on which so much had been spent, were decreasing. children, because mild as well as effectual. Being There was reduced receipts also from slides and booms. The Pacific Railway an alarming degree. Taxation in New | what were the gross receipts of revenue for | proved, that the price of sugar was in-Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Brunswick was greatly increased by the the month of March.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS nance Minister's statements to the con- \$760,000 more than for the corresponding After recess Mr. Burpee resumed. He turns for March separately. gave statements of receipts and expendi- MR ANGLIN, after alluding to some retario and Quebec paid since the Union | the Finance Minister, said that many dollar at the time of reconveyance by the Assignee

NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &C. OFFICE :- OVER THE STORE OF W. PARK, Esq further advantages, and his visit itself was imports was a wise thing for the Govern- of the member of cotton operatives ema capital advertisement. Referring to St. | ment to do, hon. gentlemen on this side | ployed in the cotton mills, but nobody John factories, he would not say the tariff | could claim credit for having increased | had yet condescended to give particulars. hadrained them, but it had not helped them. | the prosperity of the country. In this | Mr. Gault-The increase is 1,000 over The West had advantages, as the splendid respect also, during the years 1871-72-73, the number employed last year. water power on, and fifty factories on the imports were enormously increased Mr. Anglin said he had noticed that all Welland canal showed. The purchases of over those of former years, showing that these comparisons were made between New Brunswick in Ontario and Quebec during that time the people were only had increased from \$300,500 before the incurring those debts which they had Mr. Gault—Why not? and as we make it a point to buy from the best | Bay du Vin Island, as has been the practice with | Union to four or five millions a year now, | subsequently to pay during the long years | All such persons will hereafter be dealt with 40

> The same having been seized under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court, at the suit of Oliver porting 420,000 people of the Dominion, The subscriber offers at private sale, the field situate on the Easterly side of the Richibucto Road, in the Parish of Chatham, between the Road, in the Road, Union, to 80 cents per ton in 1878, and man could expect, a failure of the revenue Mr. Longley-It was affected by the \$1.90 to \$2 under the present tariff. He by reason of the increasing trade depres- price of cheese in England. quoted from Mr. Tilley's speech in St. sion. During that year, for the first MR. ANGLIN said that was exactly what John condemning the slight increase made time, justice had been done to some hon, gentlemen on this side claimed last by Mr. Cartwright, yet he, himself, im- places in the Maritime provinces by year and what they claimed now. He was ANDREW DUNCAN.

ferred to the Finance Minister's expressed anxiety to do all in his power to relieve St. S10,000,000 in four months, as against \$14, 000,000 of the preceding eight months in John, and the statement that he had a order to make the receipts square with his Government behind him who would sec-expectations. He (Mr. Anglin) trusted ond his efforts in that direction. If they | that it would come, but he hardly believed were sincere in this desire he asked them to reduce the duty on shipbuilding materials, on lumber supplies, on woollen and cotton goods and other necessaries, placing great industries in as good position as they were before the N. P., and as they were before the N. P., and the expenditure went or at its property of the expenditure went or at its property or at its property of the expenditure went or at its property or at conferring a great boon on the mass of consumers. Mr. Burpee concluded a rate we should in two years have a deficit

esting information and was listened to gentleman was bold and reckless enough Hon. Isaac Burpee, who was received with close attention by the House through. to increase the estimate for the next

revenue and expenditure, and argued that man's estimates to the extent of \$300,000 by a proper remedy and the reduction of or \$400,000, his receipts were far below salaries a million annually could be saved. his expenditure. Although the people the Dominion, and showed that while the Messrs. Anglin, Cassey and Robertson or \$8,000,000, that money had not, un-

ting all night, was it not unreasonable to go | OI those for whose interests on. The debate would take another day. tariff had been increased. Hon. gentle-The Speaker decided that Mr. Robertson had the floor. He proceeded to reply to manufacturers of cotton, sugar, and wool: Purifying the Blood, are the most congenial ed by the late Government. The increase Mr. Longley. He argued that protection might suit the United States, where raw material for sugar refineries, leather, boot

the adjournment of the debate.

import our raw material.

Mr. Anglin's Speech. MR. ANGLIN said that before entering must, when built, be run at great loss to upon his remarks, he would like to ask the the country. Our debt was increasing to Finance Minister if he could inform him gentlemen on this side claimed and had

Mr. Odgen followed briefly, when Mr.

tariff and the province paid three to four | SIR S. L. TILLEY said that the Customs per cent. more proportionately than the receipts for the months of January, Febother provinces, notwithstanding the Fi- ruary, and March were \$3,524,534, or

period of last year. He had not the rethe people did not like to pay duty they might buy this class of article. The hon. tures since the Union, showing that On- marks of a personal character made by Minister seemed to think that because he had a majority at his back, he had a right into the Federal treasury an amount equal | the opponents and some of the friends of to make the people buy any particular to \$68 per head; Nova Scotia, \$53 per | the Liberal party had taunted the leaders head; New Brunswick, \$71; Manitoba, of the Opposition by saying that had they saying that had they to demand that he should consult not Island, \$26 per head. He controverted tective tariff, they might have been in Tilley's statements about improved West | power for many years to come. But they | SIR L. TILLEY-I did not make that India freights, and contended that the | were proud to say that neither in public | statement. I called attention to the fact savings banks receipts were not a true criterion of prosperity. Coming to the St. John petitions, he said there were not taking advantage of public folly. The that this was a grade of sugar which any gentleman might use, and it paid half a cent less duty than last year. It was said twenty but were voters; many were sup- | Minister of Railways had repeatedly re- | that was not refined sugar. I replied that porters of the Finance Minister. It was | turned to the old and familiar cry that the | this was sugar used by the poor man, and bona fide; there was nothing irregular late Government was the Government of was cheaper now than before. about it, and though he regretted it did | deficits, while their predecessors were the | Mr. Anglin-I have it on the authority not reach sooner, it did not deserve the party of surpluses. He would endeavour of gentlemen in the trade that.one-tenth stigma cast on it by the Minister. He to give a few figures to show what founda of the sugar now used is of this class, and held that the tariff was less popular tion there was for that assertion. In 1867 as a matter of fact the poor people do not then when enacted. Many members when they entered into Confederation, use it. The Finance Minister grew enwere reticent about it, and others who | their expenditure was very low, as the | thusiastic about the improvement of the voted for it, would gladly return to smaller Provinces had been accustomed West India trade; but the hon. member a revenue tariff. He believed the people, if now consulted, would overwhelmingly finances, and so their example had been West India trade was not improved, but pronounce against it. It had not satisfied followed for a time by the Dominion. on the contrary was almost annihilated, ing and being on the south side of the Southwest Branch of the Miramichi River, in the Parish of Nelson, and County of Northumberland, known as tion practiced upon the people of N R S13 687 000 while their expenditures were sectional dissatisfaction. It was a decep- under this tariff their receipts were in 1867, quantity of sugar brought to Halifax tion practiced upon the people of N. B. \$13,687,000, while their expenditures were could not be sold to the Redpaths, who, who were opposed to an increase of taxa- \$15,486,000. But in 1868 the desire for having a monopoly, refused to pay a fair tion and were promised taxation would expansion had become evident, and the price, and the sugar had to be sent to not be increased. He quoted Mr. Galt's expenditure was increased to a little over Boston or New York. The Minister of budget speech of 1866, in which he ex- \$14,000,000, but the revenue had grown | Railways had stated that the increase of pressed a desire to abolish customs duties also by an unnatural increase of the tariff. the coal and sugar duties at Montreal haraltogether and do his utmost to make Cana- which it was found necessary to make, bor was \$40,000; but the hon, member da a cheap country to live in. He (Mr. | and there was still a slight surplus. He | for Cardwell had stated that the whole in-Burpee) held, in view of Mr. Galt's present | went on to show how the expenditure had | crease of the harbor dues was \$40,000.

connection with the Government, it was grown steadily under the Conservative | This being a more probable statement. proper to reproduce this statement. It Administration, and to their efforts to he (Mr. Anglin) was bound to accept it in was in accordance with the statement of meet that expenditure by increasing the preference to the other. The effect upon Confederation in New Brunswick. He tariff and altering the mode of collecting | shipping had been to injure rather than quoted from campaign papers of that date it. This expenditure had at last, in 1873- to benefit it. Ship owners under this to show that free trade and low taxation 4, risen from \$19,174,000 to \$23,316,000 tariff were deprived of coasting trade, and were the main points in the Confederate and not content with this increase of near- were left to do the best they could in the platform. In 1876 the present Minister ly \$4,500,000, the Government had sought | contest for the shipping of the world. He of Railways denounced the entering wedge to throw the onus of that increase upon was utterly surprised the Government of protection when Mr. Cartwright raised the late Administration. And it was also should continue this sugar monopoly. the tariff. In like manner the Minister to be noticed that the increase was of such A more unjust, grinding, cruel monopoly The same having been seized under and by virtue of Finance denied, and Sir John Macdonald a character, that for the most part it was never existed. They were told that the of an Execution, issued out of the Supreme Court by David Ritchie, John Ritchie Robert Ritchie, characterized as an absurd falsehood, the statutory and permanent, so that their effects of this was to make the monopostatement that if he regained power they successors could do little or nothing to lists rich and give them money to spend would increase taxation. In 1866 the tariff reduce it. The Government could not among the people, but it would be much in New Brunswick was 10 per cent., now | pretend that the prosperity during their | better if this money went into the hands it averaged 24. Replying to the Finance former administration had not been caused of the people themselves, instead of those Minister's contention that the tariff favor- very largely by the American war and monopolists, to whom no doubt the Goved Great Britain as against the United the inflation which it caused. Further, ernment looked for help in time of need. States, he contended the true test was the percentage of duty on the volume of duti- prosperity was so unbounded as had been would say that the people were not as able goods. The duty on such goods from represented. He believed the manutac- well able to buy cottons as before, and Great Britain in 1878 was 191 per cent., tures of the country grew relatively faster they bought in small quantities. He had and this year 24 per cent, while in United | under the old 15 per cent. tariff than the | no doubt, however, that the Canadian States dutiable goods it was respectively | manufactures of the United States, unless | factories supplied what demand there 22 and 23 per cent., showing that while in | in some such articles as could not be | was. It had been stated in this House United States goods the tariff showed manufactured to advantage in a small and never denied, that the Hudon cotton little increase, it showed 5 per cent. as community. During Mr. Mackenzie's mill in 1878 declared a dividend of 27 per against Great Britain. He corrected other administration, notwithstanding the com | cent. If other factories paid no dividend statements of the Finance Minister under | paratively small increase in the population | at all it was because of lack of business this head. The manufacturers visited by of the country, the exports from the four skill. The people of this country could Sir Leonard had accumulated thirty-two old Provinces increased over those of the not be expected to tax themselves in ormillions under a revenue tariff. No five previous years by \$33,000,000. The der to supplement a lack of ability among wonder they received the Finance Minis- imports during the same time were almost cotton manufacturers. Very large stateter with open arms, as he was to give the same, so that it keeping down the ments had been made as to the increase

MR. ANGLIN-Because during the six while we sent them little in return and of depression. During the first and second | months previous to the last twelve months many factories in St. John were injured | years of Confederation expenditures did not | the present party was in power. He conand others closed since the tariff, though | increase much, and those of Public Works | tended that taxes on this article were perhaps not on any account of it. The N. were comparatively speaking, a mere bag-P. was unsuited to the Maritime Pro- atelle. The amount of interest to be paid goods. It was claimed that cottons were vinces. He quoted from the Toronto did not increase. The interest paid dur- cheaper now than before; but if that was Mail, the statement that St. John ing the years of the Mackenzie Adminis- the case, home manufactured goods could and Halifax would fall off while Mon- tration was greater by \$8,000,000 than in do without the tariff, for the people would To be sold at Public Auction on Thursday the treal and Toronto would fill up and pro- the former years. During that time \$25,- not import cottons for amusement when sper. The policy of the Government was 000,000 was spent on Public Works, and they could buy them cheaper in the country Office, Newcastle, between the hours of 12 noon to build up the west at the expense of though it was said that a great deal of try. The woollen manufactures appeared and 5 o'clock p. m.

All the right, title and interest of Joseph White the east, and place further away the post this was not justified, the late Governing the late sibility of the Maritime Provinces manu- ment found themselves irretrievably com- been increase of the price of goods, and facturing for the Dominion. Coming to mitted to a larger portion of it when they in this case also the duties were so arranglumber, he said taxation on articles used | took office. The Minister of Finance ad- | ed as to bear most heavily upon the poor in this industry was 111 to 22 per cent. mitted that this account for interest people. It was claimed last session that He gave statistics to show that in New should be taken into account, though the the coal industry would be benefitted. Brunswick it largely over shadowed other | Minister of Railways had never done the | True, anthracite coal had been cheaper. industries, covering from one-half to Opposition the justice to make that ad but it paid duty all the same, and the outtwo-thirds of our exports. Wages were mission. When the Liberal Party came put of coal from Nova Scotia was less than not more than half what they were years | into power the depression had just begun, | in the previous year. The country had ago. In the Dominion the production and they economized so well, that they been told that the increase of the price of and export of lumber averaged thirty mil- kept the expenditure \$880,000 within the wheat had been due to the National Policy: lions, of which 65 per cent. represented revenue, when shortly after Prince Ed- but he would like to know how it labor employing 83,983 men, and so sup- ward Island came in. It was out of the came that under the additional duty of 15 question that the Intercolonial Railway cents barley had not likewise increased? or 85,000 in New Brunswick. He main- should be left unfinished. The depression The people of Ontario knew by this time tained that this first and shipbuilding still costinued. The Minister of Rail- that the price of barley, like other cereals. next, should be kept as free as possible ways had often spoken as though the was influenced simply by prices in the from taxation. Under the present tariff Government by some means could bring world's markets. It had been claimed the profits depended on low wages and prosperity back to the country, give bet- that the price of cheese would be greatly

> Government agent at Paris, had said of the mass of the people there was no hunger plaints were made of the lack of money MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE. New Brunswick ships. He called the Fi- nor distress. Now, notwithstanding the and a poor demand for goods, proved that,

dens of taxation on the people. According to all accepted calculations the depression should have passed away three years ago. Hon. gentlemen might be wise enough after the fact. He believed some stated that they knew that it would last. Some even said that they had Providence on their side—rather a blasphemous argument. The late Government properly re-fused to be responsible for the acts of their predecessors, and for the deficit of the first year of their Administration, as claimed that the wrong might be righted. The kept within the estimates. But during Finance Minister, last year, stated in Par- the first year of the present Governliament that a drawback would be allowed | ment they had exceeded the estimates equal to the duty paid. He gave an elaborate statement of the effect of the Administration the total deficits amount-tariff on sugar, with respect to duties and ed to \$2,364,540, but if there was decost, showing a large decrease in revenue, ducted the amount spent on the Interwhile customers paid more. He showed colonial Railway, which the Hen in detail how largely the new tariff had Minister of Railways claimed should have increased the cost of cotton and woollen been charged to capital, the deficits amgoods, blankets - quoting invoices and ounted to only \$1 864.540 considerably customs' entries—and showing an increase in various articles needed by the poor, of 20 to 44 per cent. In concluding he rewell arranged and well delivered speech of four millions of dollars. But, as though amid Opposition cheers. His speech not satisfied with the present vast pro-abounded with most valuable and inter- portions of the expenditure, the hon. year \$1,500,000. In order to make up Mr. Gunn followed dealing with the deficiencies the hon, gentleman estimated large receipts from the increased duties Mr. Longley followed, expressing the he imposed, but notwithstanding that the belief that something more than N. P. was receipts from the duties imposed on coal needed to restore the equilibrium between | and flour alone exceeded the hon. gentle-At the close of Mr. Longley's speech, had been taxed to the extent of \$7,000,000 fortunately, all gone into the Domi-Mr Mackenzie asked whether after sit- nion Treasury, but into the pockets men on this side admitted last session that the National Policy would benefit the but they claimed that while it benefitted a few, it could do only injury to the vast body of the industries. The hon. memand shoe factories, cotton factories, was ber for Cardwell had claimed that sugar produced in the country, while we had to was relatively cheaper now than last year. but the Finance Minister did not make that claim. The former had taken quota-Anglin, seconded by Mr. Rogers, moved | tions at a time when the prices fluctuated very much. Choosing a few days when prices in Montreal were relatively lower than in New York, he had asked the

had decreased and the people were worse off than before. The increase of expendi-

ture compared with the revenue was not the fault of the late Government, unless it

was a fault not to have increased the bur-

House to draw a conclusion therefrom favourable to the claim he made. Hon. creased to the people of Canada by an average of one cent a pound, and that this increased duty went, not into the Dominion Treasury, but into the hands of the monopolists. The Finance Minister had taken the course of bringing in a sample of raw sugar, and stating in effect that if

merely their wants, but their wishes.

the burden fell on the laborer. Coming ter crops, better prices, and better freights increased, but he had noticed the Montreal

mediately he got into power more than the erection of public works. Not- glad to see the hon, gentlemen coming doubled the tax. The Minister had pro- withstanding this their expenditure was round to recognize the control of the mised the ship-builders' deputation to less by \$1,000,000 than their reven- market held by laws of supply and demand. place them in as favorable a position as | ue. Comparing the amount of food, | How had the farmers been benefitted? A efore the N. P., but it had not been clothing and luxuries of life which had kind Providence, not with a view to aid done. New Brunswick ship builders were been used, it would be found that the the Tory cause, but with a gracious intenentitled to \$100,000 drawback under this people were as happy during the five years | tion of blessing the human family, had romise, which they had not received, of Liberal administration, as during any vouchsafed to this country a splendid har-At the MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE. and there was no sign of it being given to time of the hon. gentlemen opposite. He vest, and owing to the failure of the Roman Catholic Prayer Books them. He quoted from the Monetary knew there had been during that time English crops our farmers secured good Times to show what Senator Fabre, the great commercial depression, but among prices. But the fact that in Ontario com-