Wm Cuddigan may 11 82

OBSERVE THE LOW SLIP ON THE PAPER—THE DATE ON IT INDICATES THE TIME TO WHICH THE SUBSCRIPTION IS PAID. PROMPT REMITTANCES ARE EXPECTED FROM THOSE WHO HAVE NOT ALREADY MADE THEM.

MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.

VOL. 8---No. 30. CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, MAY 25, 1882. D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR. FOR TERMS—See Business Notice.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

SCALERS' CARDS—Lumber Surveyors' Scale Cards for all lengths up to fifty feet and all diameters up to twenty-four inches. There are two kinds—one printed on ordinary cardboard, at *five cents each* and the other, on heavy mounting board, at *ten cents each*.

SURVEY BILLS, giving no. of raft, block mark, no. of pieces, sup. ft. of spruce, pine and battens separately, totals, etc., at *twenty-five cents per dozen*.

MAGISTRATES' BLANKS.—Executions for Debt, for Road Taxes, for Poor and County Rates, School Rates; Summonses for Debt, for Witnesses in Summary Conviction cases, for Defendant do., Subpœnas, Capaises, Affidavit for do., Warrants for Arrest, Notices of Claim for Debt—*ten cents per dozen; fifty cents per hundred*.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Deeds, with and without Warranty, and Mortgages, *five cents each*, School Secretaries' Rate Bills, *fifty cents* per hundred or *ten cents* per dozen. Bills of Lading, Bills of Entry (all kinds) Report Inward and Outward, Entry Outward, Ship Stores, etc., etc., *twenty cents* per dozen. Permits *fifteen cents* per dozen.

ANY OF THE ABOVE SENT FREE BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF PRICES NAMED.

SHERIFFS' AND SUPREME AND COUNTY COURT BLANKS on hand or printed at shortest notice.

COMMERCIAL, AUCTIONEERS', SOCIETY, CLUB, BAZAAR AND OTHER PRINTING promptly executed.

Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

Address D. G. SMITH, CHATHAM.

General Business.

ANTHRACITE AND SOFT

COAL.

The Subscriber has for sale

100 TONS Anthracite Coal, best quality
500 Tons Soft Coal, in Lump, Stove, and Nut Sizes.
50 Tons Blacksmith Coal.

THOS. F. GILLESPIE.

ALBERT LIME.

THE A. B. LIME AND CEMENT CO'Y

Are now prepared to furnish their

Best Quality Selected Lime

By the Car Load at all STATIONS on the ALBERT and INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAYS.

This Lime differs from all other Brands in the market—having peculiar cement qualities, which hardens it like stone, and makes it impervious to the action of water. It requires no cement to improve it, and is the CHEAPEST in the market for all purposes.

For Agricultural purposes it can be furnished by the car load in bulk, CHEAP, and is the best as well as the cheapest fertilizer known.

All orders should be addressed
THOMAS McHENRY,
Manager A. B. Lime & Cement Company,
Hillsboro, Albert County

BANK OF

NOVA SCOTIA.

CAPITAL, ... $1,000,000,
RESERVE FUND, ... 275,000

DRAFTS GRANTED ON

MONTREAL
NEW YORK,
BOSTON,
and all points in the LOWER PROVINCES

Sterling Exchange Bought and Sold.
American Drafts Negotiated.

Collections made at all accessible points. Interest Allowed on special deposits.

OFFICE IN CHATHAM—Kerr Building, Water Street.

OFFICE IN NEWCASTLE. — Rooms formerly occupied by R. R. Call, Commercial Wharf.

HOURS.—10 a. m. to 3 p. m. SATURDAY, 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

F. R. MORRISON, Agent.

RESTAURANT.

OYSTERS by the Pint, Quart, or Gallon.

OYSTERS served at short notice in all the ordinary styles.

—ALSO—

HOT COFFEE, BREAD, TARTS, PIES.

T. H. FOUNTAIN.

☞ Next to Ullock's Livery Stable. ☜

Hotels.

Metropolitan Hotel,

[Adjoining Bank of Montreal,]

WELLINGTON STREET, CHATHAM, N. B.

J. F. JARDINE, PROPRIETOR.

First Class Rooms and Table
It is the constant aim and practice of the Proprietor to meet the requirements of the travelling public, who may rely upon finding at the "Metropolitan"

a Man who Knows How to Keep a Hotel.

ANGLERS AND SPORTSMEN

are provided on the premises with ice and all other necessary facilities for the care and shipment of fish and game.

In addition to teams for carrying the

Mails and Express

matter between the Railway and town offices,

the "Metropolitan" Turnout

is always on hand on the arrival of trains for conveying passengers wherever they may desire to go.

A new

Sample Room Building,

practically designed after consultation with

LEADING COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS

is now in course of erection on the Hotel grounds It contains

FIVE SAMPLE ROOMS

calculated to meet the requirements of all classes of business.

The location, grounds, general appearance and style of management of the "Metropolitan" are such as to invite and retain the patronage of all travellers. J. F. JARDINE.

BARKER HOUSE,

Fredericton.

I BEG to announce to the travelling public that I have again assumed charge of the Barker House, so well and favorably known, and it will be my aim to give entire satisfaction to my patrons as hitherto.

TERMS: FROM $100 TO $1.50 PER DAY, ACCORDING TO LOCATION.

Coaches are in waiting on the Arrival, of all Steamboats and Trains.

I shall continue to run

THE LIVERY STABLES

in my usual first class style, and would respect fully solicit the continued patronage of the public
ROBERT ORR.

PARK HOTEL

KING SQUARE,

ST. JOHN - - N. B.

FRED. A. JONES, - - - Proprietor
(Of the late Barnes Hotel.)

WAVERLEY HOTEL.

NEWCASTLE,----------MIRAMICHI, N B

THIS HOUSE has lately been refurnished, and every possible arrangement made to ensure the comfort of travelers.

☞ LIVERY STABLES, WITH GOOD OUTFIT ON THE PREMISES.

ALEX. STEWART.
Late of Waverly House, St. John.) Proprietor

Canada House,

CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK.

WM. JOHNSTON, - - - PROPRIETOR.

CONSIDERABLE outlay has been made on this House to make it a first-class Hotel, and travelers will find it a desirable temporary residence, both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within two minutes walk of Steamboat Landing, and opposite Telegraph and Post Offices.

The Proprietor returns thanks to the Public for the encouragement given him in the past, and will endeavor, by courtesy and attention, to merit the same in the future.

GOOD STABLING ON THE PREMISES

STEAM MILL

FOR SALE!

The Rotary Steam Saw Mill, situated at the lower end of Chatham, opposite Middle Island, known as the "Perley Mill," with all the machinery belonging thereto, including Planer and Box Machines.

To an active enterprising man, this offers a splendid opportunity for investment, as it will be sold at a bargain.

Terms easy.

For particulars apply to

G. STOTHART

Chatham, Sept. 28,

GENERAL BUSINESS.

Golden Ball, Shoe Store

—AND—

FURNITURE EMPORIUM.

The Golden Ball Boot and Shoe Store is the oldest established in Miramichi. It is now fifteen years since we commenced business exclusively in the above line, and we can now point with pleasure, to hosts of patrons, who have invariably, purchased from us, during that length of time. The reason is plain. We buy entirely from the best manufacturers, consequently our goods give satisfaction. We might purchase cheap, shoddy goods (that are only meant to sell and not to wear) but by pursuing that policy, it would be impossible to retain our customers. The best goods are the cheapest in the end.

We have full lines of

Infant's, Children's Misses', Youth's, Boy's Women's and Men's Boots Shoes, Slippers. etc.,

at the lowest possible price compatible with good quality.
Also a large assortment of

Trunks, Valises, and Hand Bags, Sole Leather and Shoe Findings.

Seven years ago we opened our FURNITURE EMPORIUM, and have witnessed a steadily increasing business. We keep in stock all varieties of BEDROOM, KITCHEN AND PARLOR FURNITURE, LOUNGES, SOFAS, HALL STANDS, WHATNOTS, WARDROBES, BOUQUET TABLES, SIDEBOARDS, EXTENSION TABLES, SPRING BEDS, IRON BEADSTEADS, STRETCHERS, ETC.

—ALSO.—

Mattrasses, Bolsters and Pillows of all kinds, Mirror Plates, Excelsior Etc.

—JUST ARRIVED.—

A Few Splendid Parlor Suites, in Raw Silk and in Hair Cloth.

FOTHERINGHAM & CO

In Store,

50 CHESTS TEA, very good and cheap.
100 Bbls. and half bbls. HERRING.
100 Qtls. CODFISH.
20 Bbls. and half bbls. MACKEREL

Pork, Flour,

Meal, Molasses, etc.

☞ Any of the above will be sold low.

ALSO, IN STOCK,

a full stock o

General Dry Goods,

At remarkable LOW PRICES.

ARGYLE HOUSE,

CHATHAM.

WM MURRAY

LONDON HOUSE,

CHATHAM, N. B.

THE Subscriber will sell off the Balance of his Stock of Fancy Goods at GREATLY REDUCED Prices—

Dressing Cases, Work Boxes, Writing Cases,
Glove Boxes, Reticules, Albums, Games,
Fancy Boxes, Opera Glasses,
Cigar Cases, Meerschaum Pipes.
Pocket Books, Parian Ware, Bronze Goods, and numerous other articles suitable for Christmas and New Years' Presents. ALSO—Groceries, Pickles, Sauces, Canned Goods, Spices, Citron and Lemon Peel, Extracts, Cocoa, etc etc.

IN STORE—Flour, Corn Meal, Oat Meal, Tea, Sugar, Butter, Lard, Soap, Onions, Tobacco, at LOWEST WHOLESALE and RETAIL PRICES.

RICHARD HOCKEN.

SUGAR, FRUIT, ONIONS, &c.

LOGAN, LINDSAY & CO,

Have Received :—

45 BBLS. EXTRA C. SUGAR
30 do Granulated do.;
10 Boxes ORANGES;
5 " LEMONS;
10 Bbls ASTRAL OIL;
DAILY EXPECTED.
150 Bbls. ONIONS;
350 Boxes Layer, London Layer, Loose Muscatel and Dehesa RAISINS;
2 Cases BURNETT'S EXTRACTS;
New Walnuts, Almonds, Quinces, &c.;
25 Bbls. AMERICAN OIL, &c., &c.

78 and 80 King Street, St. John.

In the Estate of Alexander Ferguson.

All persons are cautioned against settling any claim or paying or handing over any property of said estate to James Robinson, pending the decision of the Courts in reference thereto.

WILLIAM FERGUSON,
HUGH FERGUSON,
CHRISTINA FERGUSON,
JESSIE PARKER
MARGARET PARKER.

Derby, 9th May, 1881.

Salesmen Wanted.

To begin work at once on Sales for Fall 1882 for the

FONTHILL NURSERIES

THE LARGEST IN CANADA.

Head Office - Toronto Ont.

Branch Offices { Montreal P. Q. / St. Paul, Min.

We can employ in addition to our already large force

100 ADDITIONAL CANVESSERS

and want men who can give their full time to the business. Steady employment and good salaries to successful men. It does not matter what your previous occupation has been. If you are

WILLING TO WORK

your success is almost certain. The best of references required. Apply to

J. W. BEALL,
MANAGER.

STONE & WELLINGTON.
NURSERYMEN, MONTREAL, P. Q.
3e29

William Rae,

Upper Water Street, Chatham, N. B.,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Italian, Sutherland Falls and Rutland Marbles.

—MANUFACTURER OF—

Grave Stones and Monumental Memorials, in Foreign or Native Stone.

☞ A good selection on hand ☜

SPIRITS AND RYE WHISKEY.—Arrived from Toronto: 15 barrels Goderham Worts' Pure Spirits, 65 per cent. o. p.; 35 barrels Goderham & Worts' finest Rye Whiskey.

JOHN W. NICHOLSON.
St. John.

VICTOR HUGO.

The Northumberland Agricultural Society's Entire Horse "VICTOR HUGO," will travel the usua circuit the coming season, at the usual low price $4.00, and for the accomodation of persons living outside the circuit of travel, he will be found at the stable of the groom, Mr George Dickson, Napan.

D. T. JOHNSTONE, Secretary.
Chatham, April 22nd 1882.

Brokerage, etc.

W. & R. Brodie,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants

AND

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

No. 16, ARTHUR STREET,
Next the Bank of Montreal
QUEBEC.

WILLIAM J. FRASER,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

TEAS, SUGARS, MOLASSES &c.

HEAD OF CENTRAL WHARF,

UPPER WATER STREET,

HALIFAX, N. S.

CONSIGNMENTS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

HARNESS!

Having commenced business in my NEW FACTORY, I am prepared to manufacture harness of all descriptions from the

Light Driving to the Heaviest Team Harness.

And as I work the best stock that can be obtained in the market. I warrant satisfaction

COLLARS A SPECIALTY which we warrant. A few of those

CELEBRATED VICTOR HUGO COLLARS,

always in Stock,

Carriage Trimming Neatly Executed

and carefully shipped.

Work from abroad punctually executed.

ALFRED B. PALLEN,
Opposite Ullock's Stables.

Chatham, N. B.

For Sale,

750,000 Pine Shingles,

—AT—

R. FLANAGAN'S.

Dressmaking.

MISS B. CLARK, begs to inform the ladies of Miramichi, that she is prepared to attend to any orders in the above line with which she may be favored.

Room up-stairs, Mr. Thomas Kingston's,
Water Street Chatham

Catamaran Boat for Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale his well known Catamaran boat, the fastest and safest raft on the Miramichi.

For terms and other particulars apply to

D. G. SMITH,
Chatham

TIN SHOP.

I have now opened the well known establishment formerly occupied by the late James Gray, and with the kind patronage of former friends, am prepared to execute all work in

TIN,

SHEET-IRON,

GAS-FITTING.

Granite Ware, Japaned Stamped and Plain.

TINWARE

always on hand, which I will sell low for cash.

PLOUGHS,

Also, a nice assortment of

Parlor and Cooking Stoves,

fitted with PATENT OVENS the inner shells of which draw out for cleaning purposes.

Those wishing to buy cheap would do well to us a call.

☞ *Shop in rear of Custom House.* ☜

A. C. M'LEAN.

Chatham July 22.

CHEESE.

450 Best Quality Factory Cheese. For sale at a Bargain of 3 cts. per pound, below usual prices.

C. M. BOSTWICK & CO.

St. John, N. B., Jan. 28, 1882.

IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS.

GLOBE and ANGLE VALVES
STEAM COCKS;
GLASS WATER GAUGES;
STEAM GAUGES.
INJECTORS, STEAM PUMPS;
RUBBER and LEATHER BELTING,

And a Full Line of Machinists' Supplies.

WISDOM & FISH,
41 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.

HOLLAND GIN

IN BONDED WAREHOUSE.

55 Quarter Casks Gin,
35 Octaves, do.
320 Green Cases, do.

FOR SALE BY

LEE & LOGAN,

45 and 47,

DOCK STREET --- ST. JOHN

TURBINE WATER WHEEL.

FOR SALE.

ONE new Leffell Turbine Water Wheel—52 inch, with 8 feet of EXTRA SHAFTING, 5 inch diameter, CROWN WHEEL PINION, PILLAR CLOCK, and STEP.

J. B. SNOWBALL.

Chatham Nov. 1st.

At Private Sale.

THE House and Property at present occupied by James Brown, Esq., in the Town of Newcastle. Apply to the Proprietor.

WM. RUSSELL, JR.

Douglastown, May 1st, 1882. 5t3

Fresh Seeds, etc.

JUST IN TIME

—AND—

Warranted to be Imported

Fresh this Spring.

VEGETABLE and FLOWER

SEEDS!

COMPRISING

SEVENTY Varieties of the Former and ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY of the Latter.

THE BEST STOCK EVER IMPORTED HERE.

☞ The Seeds are all tested before being offered and customers can see them growing for themselves. Sent postage paid to any part of the country.

☞ Call and get a Catalogue, at the

"MEDICAL HALL,"

(Oppposite Hon. W. Muirhead's.)

J. D. B. F. MACKENZIE.

Chatham, May 3, 1882.

FARMERS

AND

GARDENERS.

We wish to call your attention to our complete assortment of

FRESH SEEDS.

As usual, our stock is the best and most reliable to be had in the market. We make it a point of always keeping only the first quality of seeds, and will guarantee every package sold.

Flower Seeds.

These are carefully selected. Very choice, comprising every variety indigenous to the climate For particulars see our catalogues.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE. ☜

Newcastle Drug Store.

E. Lee Street, - Proprietor.

Newcastle, April 10, 1882.

Just Received.

Fresh Garden and Field Seeds.

50 Bushels "Lost Nation" "Odessa" and "Fife' Seed Wheat.
20 Bushels Timothy Seed.
500 lbs Western Red Clover Seed.
200 lbs Large Late Red Clover Seed.
5 Bushels two row'd Barley.
5 " Field Peas.

AND A LARGE LOT OF

CHOICE GARDEN SEEDS,

all warranted fresh and true to their kinds.

Bottom Prices!

D. CHESMAN.

Chatham, April 20, 1882.

TO FARMERS.

TO ARRIVE.

35 BUSH. FYFE SEED WHEAT;
15 BUSH. CHOICE TIMOTHY SEED;
6 BUSH CHOICE RED CLOVER;

Parties requiring any of the above can book their orders with the Subscriber at

LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

W. S Loggie.

Commercial House.

Now opening a very large assortment of

NEW SPRING

Staple & Fancy Dry Goods,

MILLINERY, HATS, CAPS, CLOTHING, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET, BAGS, CURTAIN MATERIAL, TABLE LINEN. DOYLIES, NAPKINS, TOWELS, HAMBURG, TRIMMINGS, LACES, EDGINGS & FRINGES, HALL & ROOM PAPER, OILCLOTH, SMALL WARES, & NICK, NACKS,

☞ Agency for Buttricks, New York, Fashions.

W. B. HOWARD.

The Golden Opportunity!

DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR!

Just Received and to Arrive :—

25 BOXES SOAP, different grades; 10 Half Chests CHOICE TEA; 2 cases Oranges; 2 cases Lemons; 50 boxes assorted Crackers; 5 bbls. assorted Crackers; 5 bbls. Maple Sugar; 5 cases Pickles; 5 cases Lime Juice; 3 boxes, each, Lemon, Citron and Orange Peel; 3 bbls. Dried Apples; 3 bbls. Cheese; 50 boxes Smoked Herrings; 3 cases Figs, No. 1, in 4 and 2 lb. boxes; 5 tubs Excellent Fresh Lard; 2 cases Honey; 3 cases Corn Starch; 3 cases Pea Meal; 3 cases Celery Salt, a most delicious article for soup, etc.

Call and see our Stock before Purchasing Elsewhere.

☞ The above are a few of the Leading Articles to be found in our large Stock of Candies, Nuts, Fruits, Tobaccos, Cigars, Perfumery, etc., etc.

Country produce taken in exchange for Good at HIGHEST PRICES.

NOTE THE LENDING LIBRARY.

W. & J. STABLES,

Corner Duke and Cunard Street, - - Chatham.

Teacher Wanted.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, a second class Male Teacher, for School District No. 1, Parish of Nelson. Apply to

J. P. BURCHILL
JNO. O'BRIEN } Trustees
THOS. DOOLAN JR.

TO LET.

THE Subscriber offers to let, with possession given immediately, the House and Store on Upper Water Street, adjoining the "ADVANCE" Office, and at present occupied by the Misses Maher For terms and other particulars apply to

ANN LYONS.

Chatham, May 9th 1882. tf

Medical.

DR. JOSEPH B. BENSON,

Residence of late Dr. S. Benson,

WATER STREET - - - - CHATHAM

Dr. J. S. Benson,

RESIDENCE:

Duke Street, - Chatham.

JOHN M'CURDY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

CHATHAM, N. B.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY, An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all Diseases that follow as a sequence of Self-abuse; as loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other Diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a premature grave.

Before.

☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

After.

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
Toronto, Ont., Canada

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

This standard article is compounded with the greatest care.

Its effects are as wonderfu and satisfactory as ever.

It restores gray or faded hair to its youthfu color.

It removes a eruptions, itching and dandruff; and the scap by its use becomes white and clean.

By its tonic properties it restores the capiary, glands to their normal vigor, preventing baldness and making the hair grow thick and strong.

As a dressing nothing has been found so effectual or desirable.

Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer of Massachusetts, says of it: "I consider it *the best preparation* for its ntended purposes."

Buckingham's Dye,

For the Whiskers.

This elegant preparation may be relied on to change the color of the beard from gray or any lother undesirable shade, to brown or black, at discretion. It is easily applied, being in *one preparation*, and quickly and effectually produces a permanent color which will neither rub nor wash off.

—MANUFACTURED BY—

R P HALL & CO

NASHUA, N. H.

DR. CHANNING'S Sarsaparilla

FOR THE BLOOD

CURES SYPHILIS, SCROFULA, SALT-RHEUM, ALL SKIN-DISEASES, TUMORS, ENLARGEMENT OF THE LIVER AND SPLEEN, RHEUMATIC AFFECTIONS, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, BLADDER AND URINARY ORGANS, LEUCORRHŒA, CATARRH, AND ALL DISEASES RESULTING FROM A DEPRAVED AND IMPURE CONDITION OF THE BLOOD.

A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF

RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

AND THE

DOUBLE IODIDES.

Space forbids the giving more testimony in this place, in favor of this great medicine. Is not one certificate, however, from an eminent and well-known Physician like Dr Bessey, of Montreal, sufficient to establish its superiority over the numerous mixtures called Blood Purifiers offered by Druggists and others?

T. C. STRATTON, Esq.

Montreal, Feb. 1st, 1877.

I cannot but regard the formula from which Dr. Channing's Sarsaparilla is prepared, as one of the best possible combinations to constitute an effectual remedy, for the cure of *Blood Impurities*. So far as my experience leads me with this remedy, I can testify to its great value in the treatment of all Strumous and Cachectic affections, as Glandular Enlargements, and a wide range of skin affections; as a reliable preparation for general use as a *blood purifier*, I know of none equal to it, combining as it does, all the imputed virtues of Sarsaparilla, and several other valuable remedies, with the extraordinary alterative properties of the "*Double Iodides*," and of none that can be more highly recommended as safe, certain and reliable, and I have every confidence that such a remedy for general use, taking the place of the many worthless nostrums of the day, will be a great boon to suffering humanity, and its use will be attended with the most satisfactory results. It should be invaluable to persons beyond the reach of medical advice, and will, no doubt, become popular with Medical men throughout the country.

Respectfully yours,
W. E. BESSEY, M.D
Beaver Hall Square.

NOTE.—Dr. Channing's Sarsaparilla is put up in large bottles, with the name blown in the Glass, and retails at $1.00 per bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars. Sold by Druggists generally, and most Country Stores. Be sure, and ask for Dr. Channing's Sarsaparilla and take no other. If not readily obtained in your locality, address the General Agent.

Perry Davis & Son & Lawrence,
377 St. Paul Sreet, Montrea

Wanted.

A second or third class school teacher, 1st May, for District, No. 13, Neguac, Alnwick. Apply to

V. ALLAN,
Sec'y to Trustee.

Neguac, 20th March, 1882.

Wanted.

GROCERY CLERK—Two or more years experience also a boy to learn the Dry Goods business. Address

A. B., Post Office, Chatham

BUSINESS NOTICE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, Miramichi, N. B., every THURSDAY morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of that day

It is sent to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain (Postage prepaid by the Publisher) at the following rates :—

If paid in advance,	$1.00.
" " within 2 months	$1.50.
" " after 2 months.	$2.00.

Advertisements are placed under classified headings.

Advertisements, other than yearly or by the season, are inserted at *eight cents* per line nonpareil, (or eighty cents per inch) for 1st insertion, and *three cents* per line (or thirty-six cents per inch) for each continuation.

Yearly, or season, advertisements are taken at the rate of $6·75 an inch per year. The matter in space secured by the year, or season, may be changed under arrangement made therefor with the Publisher.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circulation distributed principally in the Counties of Kent, Northumberland, Gloucester and Restigouche (New Brunswick), and in Bonaventure and Gaspe (Quebec), among communities engaged in Lumbering, Fishing and Agricultural pursuits, offers superior inducements to advertisers. Address

Editor "Miramichi Advance," Chatham N. B.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM. - - - MAY 25, 1882.

The Gerrymandering Bill.

One of the most disgraceful measures ever carried through any Parliament, is the Act providing for the redistribution of Parliamentary seats in the Dominion. We referred to it a few weeks ago and now, in order that our readers may understand it thoroughly we ask them to read the following St. John *Globe* summary of Mr. Blake's Speech on the second reading of the Bill. He referred to the fact that that reading was moved in silence and that while the opposition had challenged it no attempt was made by the First Minister or the Government to vindicate the justice of their measure. There was even no attempt made to answer the attack upon that clause which sweeps away the security for fair dealing between Government and opposition, long unsuccessfully fought for by the Liberal party, but which they placed in the statute book when they got into power: the clause which prescribes men of local rank, local station, and character for returning officers; these from their position and standing in the community might be expected to act in a judicial manner. In return the choice of returning officers is left unrestrainedly to the Government of the day, who, of course, may be expected to select their own partizans. Mr. Blake then went on to say :—

Now, Sir, first af all, dealing with the subject of redistribution. The avowed object of this Bill is to deal with certain necessities arising out of the British North America Act, and arising out of the determination of the Administration to consolidate the old county of Lincoln, and the old county of Cornwall by uniting the borough of Niagara to Lincoln, and uniting the borough of Cornwall with the county of Stormont. I say the preamble of this Bill states as the measure of necessity, as the groundwork of these changes which are to be made by it in the Province of Ontario, these two things and these two alone. You find in the preamble of this Bill no statement that it is necessary and expedient to provide a greater equality among the various constituencies of Ontario than now exists as a reason for adjustment: but you find this and this only; "Whereas by the census of the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-one, and in accordance with the British North America Act, 1867, the Province of Ontario is entitled to four additional members in the House of Commons." Then omitting the reference to Manitoba "by reason thereof," that is to say by reason of the right of Ontario to four additional members, by reason thereof, and of the intended union of the electoral district of Niagara with the electoral district of the town of Cornwall with the township of Cornwall thereto attached to the county of Stormont, it is expedient to readjust the boundaries of certain of the electoral districts in the said Province of Ontario. There sir, you have the groundwork. By reason of the necessity of giving four new members to Ontario; by reason of the determination to unite the old county of Lincoln, all the parts of it into one, and the uniting of all the parts of Stormont into one, which is necessary to readjust the representation of Ontario; and it is on that narrow foundation, that narrow basis, that the hon. gentleman proposes to justify the revolutionary measure and the readjustment of the whole political map of the Province of Ontario which is contained in the clauses of this bill. Now, Sir, we stated on the occasion to which I have rererred, 10 years ago, the general principle which, according to our mind, ought to be adopted in giving new seats to a Province entitled to them by reason of an increase of its population; and that general principle, not bounded, however, by any hard and fast laws, as we stated it, was that the new seats should, as a rule, be given to the population to which new seats were due. It is fit and proper that some regard should be paid to this increase, and to the use of the power given to the Parliament of having additional seats to bestow to remedy, so far as practicable, the most gross and glaring inequalities at that time existing in the representation. Adopting that principle which I advocated ten years ago, I agreed then, as I agree to-day, that the principle from which the hon. gentleman has wholly departed, that electoral representation was not a mere geographical term, and that it was of the last importance for various reasons, for various most cogent reasons, that the municipal county boundary should be respected, and that electoral districts should not be carved out of various portions of different counties, for the purpose of and in search of a fancied equality, not attainable accurately, not attained even approximately either by the Act of 1872 or by the measure now before us. Now, sir, the duty which devolved upon the hon. gentleman, assuming the consolidation of Lincoln and Stormont, and thus that six seats had to be disposed of, might very easily in my opinion have been discharged, and in a very considerable measure discharged in the direction toward which the indications were so plain, that they have moved even himself.

Mr. Blake then discussed at some length the proposed changes in the electoral divisions, and showed that —the whole six seats would have been established, while at the same time reasonable regard would have been had to those principles which ought to apply, namely, the recognition of municipal county bounds and the assigning of new seats so far as that principle would permit to those places where there was the greatest discrepancy of population, and where there was the largest number of persons represented by only one member at the time of making the arrangement. Now, sir, such an operation as that, or an operation anything like it, or proposals made by the hon. gentleman in any other reasonable way to deal with the seats remaining after he had dealt with those which he has disposed of after the fashion to which I have referred, demanding hardly a touch upon the map of Ontario. They demanded no such wholesale reconstruction, no such wholesale change, no such sweeping of townships to other ridings than those to which they at present belong; no such cutting and carving of the constituencies as the hon. gentleman proposes in this bill. I say it is plain and clear, both from what the hon. gentleman has himself proposed, from his own mode of dealing with the six new seats, from the considerations I have briefly stated as to the true mode of dealing with those seats, from an inspection of the census returns and the map of Ontario, that the basis which the hon. gentleman lays down for these widespread changes is a basis too narrow altogether, and that these changes are not required by the discharge of the duty he was called upon to discharge, but are the outcome of a decision on his part to alter the political map of Ontario in a manner which he thinks will be advantageous to himself.

Dealing with some moral aspects of the case Mr. Blake went on to say :—

The operation in which we are engaged, which, as I have said, is nothing less than wholesale change of the electoral bounds of the Province of Ontario, is in its character a most difficult one. There can be no doubt of that; it is one in which, if you abandon the principle we have been hitherto agreed upon, the principle of county representation, we are wholly at sea. It is one which under any circumstances, even retaining that safeguard, requires the exhibition on the part of some of the great tests which exist for the capacity of a people for self-government under our system; it is one which requires in the minds of those who are to exercise this power a sense of moderation, of justice, of fair play, an exhibition of the spirit which ought to animate legislation, of doing unto others as you would that they should do unto you. There is no right on the part of the majority in Parliament or out of Parliament to pass laws designed to do injustice. The only moral sanction for all laws is justice and fair play to all sections of the community, and when you depart from these principles or the aims and objects you have in legislation, you depart I say from the only moral sanction for real legislation, and you deprive the legislation propounded and brought forward with these aims and objects of those sanctions upon which legislation ought to depend for its being respected and enforced, and you deprive it of the right to the respect of the people, which ought to rest upon the conviction that the aim and object has been, however far short we have fallen of it, to do justice, and that justice has been attained—I say you will find in this measure an attempt professedly to apply to the Province of Ontario a principle not heretofore applied to that Province in this sense, except very slightly, and this slight application was formally condemned by the hon. gentleman himself ten years ago, thus repudiating his own handiwork. He pointed out at that time that this principle was so false that it was not to be repeated again, and those observations were re-echoed from the other side of the House, and so it then became the unanimous sense of Parliament that a departure from that principle was not to be commended, and that from that time out, in this particular, was to be legislated for as the other Provinces were legislated for. I say you find it to-day asserted by the hon. gentleman, though before I sit down I think I shall be able to prove that the application of that principle is a hollow and unfounded pretence, you find it, I say, asserted that the prominent and predominating features as applied to Ontario only—mark you, as applied to Ontario—is equality of numbers in the persons who are to send a member from each county or district, and that equality of numbers which he says he is desiring to give to the Province of Ontario, which he does not give, desirable in itself so far as you can attain it consistently with other and more important objects, at the sacrifice of that county autonomy, at the sacrifice of those arrangements sanctioned by old usage, by common interest, and the circumstances and working of our municipal constitutions; to be sacrificed, I say, in the Province of Ontario, in which the municipal system has been more highly developed, and has derived its greatest strength and vigor.

After a powerful argument why, in view of the importance of the measure, it should have been brought down earlier in the session, he said:

This measure is exceptional in its character. In this, as in all other measures of legislation which you bring before Parliament, you submit when the time and trial comes to the constituencies which sent you to do their business, you submit to the same men and the same set of tribunals throughout the community, you go before them and you say: Five years ago you entrusted me with power to act as your representative. Such and such things have I done. I bring them before you as the fruits of my labours in that capacity, and I ask you to judge—you who sent me to act—whether I am deserving of your continued confidence or no. But this is a measure, sir, which proposes to alter the jury, to alter the tribunal, provide for a different set of jurors, to try those which are to come before them very shortly for trial upon the events of the last four or five years. No longer are we to appeal to the same set of men before whom we fought the battle four years ago. No longer are we to say to them: You returned me by such and such a majority, or you defeated me by such and such a majority and I appeal to you on the one hand to continue your confidence, and on the other hand to reverse your vote of want of confidence on the issues which have been raised during those four or five years. No, it is proposed to provide for a different set of jurors, to whom the hon. gentlemen are afraid to appeal. Now, sir, the operation is most delicate in all in this. Though the Province of Ontario, perhaps beyond any Province, I do not know but I might not say beyond any country possessing representative institutions, in a very marked and extraordinary degree is composed of constituencies, very closely balanced, constituencies in which the range within which you may mark the strength or the weakness of either party is a narrow and limited one, and therefore, a strong popular impulse or a good cause may change very markedly the representation in this House, although with a comparatively slight change in the gross numbers of those who poll on the two occasions which are being contrasted. The hon. gentleman in the course of the debate on the first stage not of this measure, but of the measure which he introduced, declared that it was idle to speak of the constituencies as being of fixed opinions; that they change their opinions according to the times, the circumstances, and ths issue which was before them. We know that there are certain changes in opinion, but we know also it is unnecessary to do more than analyze a few election returns to prove it to you, and these changes in opinion are slow and slight, and that it requires, in the Province of Ontario, but a very slight change in opinion under the impulse of a popular cause, or with the strength of a good cause, to creat a very great change in results. What follows? It follows, of course, that a change in the electorial districts of Ontario, which are very largely of closely balanced constituencies, is a very delicate operation, capable, unless it be very justly performed of producing very great results. Under these circumstances it is that we are called upon to decide this great question, involving the general principle to which I have referred, involving so many complicated details to which it will be my duty to allude. This great question, in which, as I have pointed out, the Government is acting not merely as the promoter of public legislation, but also as the judge in a case in which it is a party; this gerat question in which the majority is dealing with the matter in a sense in which it is bound to consider and will consider what its effect will be upon its own chances of the next election, we are called upon, I say, to enter upon and complete the discussion of this question in a few days and before the country has had a proper time for its consideration; before it has been possible for the members of this House even to apprehend by that communication with constituencies with freeness, and with persons in all parts of the country, what the wishes, the wants and the feelings of the people are, and what the results of the measure may be. This, sir, is the position of the