

# MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.

VOL. 8--No. 35. CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, JUNE 29, 1882.

D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.  
FOR TERMS—See Business Notice.

## GENERAL BUSINESS.

### Golden Ball, Shoe Store

The Golden Ball Boot and Shoe Store is the oldest established in Miramichi. It is now fifteen years since we commenced business exclusively in the above line, and we can now point with pleasure, to hosts of patrons, who have invariably purchased from us, during that length of time. The reason is plain. We buy exclusively from the best manufacturers, consequently our goods give satisfaction. We might purchase cheap, shoddy goods (that are only meant to sell and not to wear) but by purchasing that policy, it would be impossible to retain our customers. The best goods are the cheapest in the end.

Infant's, Children's, Misses', Youth's, Boy's Women's and Men's Boots Shoes, Slippers, etc., at the lowest possible price compatible with good quality. Also a large assortment of Trunks, Valises, and Hand Bags, Sole Leather and Shoe Findings.

Seven years ago we opened our FURNITURE EMPORIUM, and have witnessed a steadily increasing business. We keep in stock all varieties of BEDROOM, KITCHEN AND PARLOR FURNITURE, LAMPS, SOFAS, HALL STAIRS, WARDROBES, WARDROBES, BOUQUET TABLES, SIDEBOARDS, EXTENSION TABLES, SPRING BEDS, IRON BEDSTEADES, STRETCHERS, ETC.

Matresses, Bolsters and Pillows of all kinds. Mirror Plates, Excelsior Etc.

A Few Splendid Parlor Suites, in Raw silk and in Hair Cloth.

At lowest prices.

FOTHERINGHAM & CO

In Store, 50 CHESTS TEA, very good and cheap. 100 lbs. and half lbs. HERRING. 100 QTS. CODFISH. 20 lbs. and half lbs. MACKEREL.

Pork, Flour, Meal, Molasses, etc.

ALSO, IN STOCK, a full stock of General Dry Goods.

ARGYLE HOUSE, CHATHAM, N. B.

THE Subscriber will sell off the Balance of his stock of Fancy Goods at Greatly Reduced Prices.

LOGAN, LINDSAY & CO, CHATHAM, N. B.

45 BLS. EXTRA C. SUGAR. 10 Boxes ORANGES. 5 LEMONS. 15 BLS. ASIRAL OIL. 150 BLS. LARD. 2 Cases BURNETT'S EXTRACTS. 2 Cases ADAMS' ANDERSON'S. 25 BLS. AMERICAN OIL, &c. 78 and 80 King Street, St. John.

Salesmen Wanted. To begin work at once on Sales for Fall 1882 for the FORTHILL NURSERIES.

100 ADDITIONAL CANVESSERS and want men who can give their full time to the business.

WILLING TO WORK Your success is almost certain. The best of references required. Apply to J. W. BEALL, MANAGER.

STONE & WELLINGTON, NURSERIES, MONTREAL, P. Q.

William Rae, Upper Water Street, Chatham, N. B.

Italian, Sutherland Falls and Rutland Marbles.

Grave Stones and Monumental Stone, in Foreign or Native Stone.

PHIRTS AND RYE WHISKY.—Arrived from Toronto: 15 barrels Goodham's Pure Rye Whisky, 25 barrels Goodham's & Worts' finest Rye Whisky. JOHN W. NICHOLSON, St. John.

VICTOR HUGO. The Northumberland Agricultural Society's Entire Horse "VICTOR HUGO," will travel the circuit of the coming season, at the usual low price \$4.00, and for the accommodation of persons living outside the circuit of travel, he will be found at the stable of the groom, Mr George Dickson, Napas.

MONARCH BILLIARD TABLES. We are agents for the Brunswick & Belton Co's. celebrated Billiard Tables and Billiard Furnishings generally.

At Private Sale. THE House and Property at present occupied by James Brown, Esq., in the Town of Newcastle. Apply to the Proprietor.

MONARCH BILLIARD TABLES. We are agents for the Brunswick & Belton Co's. celebrated Billiard Tables and Billiard Furnishings generally.

ONE new Laidlaw Turbine Water Wheel—52 inch, with 8 feet of EXTRA SHAFTING, 5 inch diameter, CROWN WHEEL, FINISH, PILLAR, CLACK, AND STEEL. J. B. SNOWBALL, Chatham, Nov. 1st.

PERISTALTIC LOZENGES. Restore the action of the Liver and Stomach, and cure CONSTIPATION in its incipient stages.

FOR SALE BY LEE & LOGAN, 45 and 47, DOCK STREET, ST. JOHN.

## Brokerage, etc.

W. & R. Brodie, GENERAL Commission Merchants

DEALERS IN FLOUR, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

Next the Bank of Montreal QUEBEC.

WILLIAM J. FRASER, COMMISSION MERCHANT,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN TEAS, SUGARS, MOLASSES &c.

UPPER WATER STREET, HALIFAX, N.S.

China! Glassware! EARTHENWARE!

A FULL ASSORTMENT At Lowest Prices.

G. STOUGHT, RECEIVED THIS WEEK.

Men's White Dress Shirts, AT 75 CENTS EACH.

Working Shirts, 45 CENTS.

REGATTA DO., FROM \$1.00 EACH.

JAS. C. FAIRBY, NEWCASTLE.

Pasturage. THE Subscriber offers to let two fields on his farm, well watered, for the summer.

Light Driving to the Heaviest Team Harness.

CELEBRATED VICTOR HUGO COLLARS, always in Stock.

Carriage Trimming Neatly Executed.

EDWARD JOHNSON, Auctioneer.

Executors Notice. ALL persons having any just claims or demands against the Estate of the late William Logan of Chatham, deceased, will please present the same, duly attested to the undersigned, at Chatham, Attorney at Law, within three months from this date, and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to pay the same to the said R. Carman.

JOHN W. NICHOLSON, WHOLESALE IMPORTER AND Commission Merchant.

OFFERS FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING GOODS IN BOND OR DUTY PAID.

Martell brandy in H's and Quarter cases—Pale and Dark. Martell brandy in cases, XX—Pale and Dark. Hennessy Brandy in cases X. John De Kuper & Son's finest quality Gin H's and Quarter Cases. John De Kuper & Son's Gin in Green Cases. Wm. Finlay's Scotch Whisky in Quarter Cases. Old Dublin Whisky—12 years old—in cases. Highland Malt Scotch Whisky in Quarter Cases. Fine Blended Glenlivet Whisky in Cases. Port Wine, various grades. Port Wine, Hunt's celebrated A.V.A. and AVAT. Sherry, Richard Davis' celebrated Wines. Champagne, in bottles. Goodham's & Worts' finest quality Pure Spirits in bottles. Rye Whisky in H's and Quarter cases. Bourbon Whisky in bottles. Bow's India Pale Ale in H's and bottles. Guinness' Stout, in H's and bottles. And sundry other goods.

VICTORIA WHARF, SMYTH ST., ST. JOHN, N. B.

HEARTBURN OR—SOUR RISING, FOR SALE BY LEE & LOGAN, 45 and 47, DOCK STREET, ST. JOHN.

55 Quarter Casks Gin, 35 Octaves, do, 320 Green Cases, do.

IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS. GLOBE AND ANGLE VALVES. STEAM COCKS. GLASS WATER GAUGES. STEAM GAUGES. INJECTORS, STEAM PUMPS. RUBBER AND LEATHER BELTING.

And a Full Line of Machinists' Supplies.

WISDOM & FISH, 41 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.

HOLLAND GIN IN BONDED WAREHOUSE.

TIN, SHEET-IRON, GAS-FITTING. Granite Ware, Japaned Stamped and Plain.

TINWARE. Always on hand, which I will sell low for cash.

Also, a nice assortment of Parlor and Cooking Stoves, fitted with PATENT OVENS the inner shells of which draw out for cleaning purposes. Those wishing to buy cheap, do well to give us a call.

Shop in rear of Custom House. A. C. M'LEAN, Chatham, July 25.

## Fresh Seeds, etc.

FARMERS AND GARDENERS.

We wish to call your attention to our complete assortment of FRESH SEEDS.

As usual, our stock is the best and most reliable to be had in the market. We make it a point of always keeping only the first quality of seeds, and will guarantee every package sold.

Flower Seeds. These are carefully selected. Very choice, comprising every variety indigenous to the climate. For particulars see our catalogues.

REMEMBER THE PLACE. NEWCASTLE Drug Store. E. Lee Street, - Proprietor. Newcastle, April 10, 1882.

TO FARMERS. TO ARRIVE. 35 BUSH FYFE SEED WHEAT. 15 BUSH CHOICE TIMOTHY SEED. 6 BUSH CHOICE RED CLOVER.

Parties requiring any of the above can book their orders with the Subscriber.

LOWEST MARKET PRICES. W. S. LOGGIE.

Pickles, Sauces, Teas, Spices, &c. LOGAN, LINDSAY & CO. are receiving from London, etc., etc.

17 Bbls. Crosse and Blackwell's Pickles and Sauces; 3 Cases Lea & Perrin's Worcestershire Sauce; 30 Cases Arrow Brand; 25 Bbls. WHITING; 1 Chest Indigo; 2 Cases Lard; 3 Bales Cloves; 2 Cases Sage; 1 Chest Cassia; 100 Boxes Canada Blue and White Starch; 40 Cases Prepared Corn; 50 " Limejuice and Syrup.

AND SHORTLY EXPECTED—250 Half-chests Fine Congo Tea; 50 Bbls. Morton's Pickles; 10 Cases Lard; etc., etc. LOGAN, LINDSAY & CO. St. John, May 12.

WANTED—AT MRS. H. M. DIXON'S Employment Office—Girls to hire in respectable families as nurses, housemaids and general servants; also, hotel cooks. Good wages given. Situations obtained free of charge. Apply to Mrs. H. M. DIXON, Agency Work Shop, 154 German Street, St. John, N. B.

Commercial House. Now opening a very large assortment of NEW SPRING Staple & Fancy Dry Goods.

MILLINERY, HATS, CAPS, CLOTHING, TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET BAGS, CURTAIN MATERIAL, TABLE LINEN.

DOYLIES, NAPKINS, TOWELS, HAMBURG, FRIMMINGS, LACES, EDGINGS & FRINGES, HALL & ROOM PAPER, OILCLOTH.

SMALL WARES, & NICK, NACKS, Agency for Buttricks, New York, Fashions. W. R. HOWARD.

E. H. THOMPSON'S ART GALLERY, (Opposite Canada House, Chatham.)

Old Pictures Enlarged.

Finished in Oil, Water Colors or India Ink.

PHOTOGRAPHS AND FEROTYPES taken and satisfaction guaranteed.

Picture Framing and Mounting at short notice.

The Golden Opportunity! DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR! Just Received and to Arrive:—

5 BOXES SOAP, different grades; 10 Half Chests CHOICE TEA; 2 Cases Oranges; 2 Cases Lemons; 20 Boxes assorted Crackers; 2 Bbls. Assorted Crackers; 5 Bbls. Maple Sugar; 5 Cases Pickles; 5 Cases Lime Juice; 2 Boxes each, Lard, Cotton and Orange Peel; 3 Bbls. Dried Apples; 3 Bbls. Cheese; 50 Boxes Smoked Herring; 2 Cases Fig. No. 1, in 4 and 2 lb. boxes; 5 Bbls. Excellent Fresh Lard; 2 Cases Honey; 3 Cases Corn Starch; 3 Cases Tea; 3 Cases Cider; salt, a most delicious article for soup, etc.

Call and see our Stock before Purchasing Elsewhere.

The above are a few of the Leading Articles to be found in our large Stock of Candies, Nuts, Fruits, Tobaccoes, Cigars, Perfumery, etc., etc. Country produce taken in exchange for Good at HOMER PACKS.

NOTE THE LENDING LIBRARY. W. & J. STABLES, Corner Dock and Canal Street, - Chatham.

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## Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, JUNE 29, 1882.

THE MASONIC HALL MEETING.

The Masonic Hall Meeting, held on the call of Mr. Thomas Troy, one of the Candidates in the late contest for the representation of Northumberland in the Provincial House of Assembly, on Monday evening of last week, was a large one and nearly all the seats were filled when the meeting was called to order, while the place was packed to the door before the close.

No little interest was manifested in the meeting for several reasons. First, there was a general desire to hear Mr. Troy, who, in the beginning of his canvass, had appeared in the same hall to make his first speech and did not succeed—an experience of many public men under similar circumstances—and next, because it was known that Mr. D. G. Smith had asked Mr. Troy's permission to address his fellow-citizens in defence of the ADVANCE and himself against the attacks made upon them in the canvass by the Surveyor-General.

It was also known to quite a large number of the Surveyor-General's friends that as that gentleman was not to be present, he had arranged with Mr. Tweedie, ex-M. P. P. to be his deputy and great things were expected from that quarter. It afterwards transpired, in fact, that Messrs. Adams, Call, Tweedie, Sadler and others, had met the afternoon before, at a Chatham rendezvous and arranged a grand coup de main, by which Mr. Troy's meeting was to be turned into a Waterloo for the friends of the Opposition candidates—all by the eloquence of the Surveyor-General's deputy—Mr. Tweedie—and the congenial spirits at his back who stationed themselves conspicuously nearest the door, in order that they might with the more facility, "keep up steam."

On motion of Mr. John Bell, J. B. Snowball, Esq., was appointed Chairman, and he called upon Mr. Troy to address the meeting. That gentleman made a speech of about three quarters of an hour, in which he referred to the fact that he was not a candidate by his own seeking, but had come out at the solicitation of his friends. Proceeding, he dealt with the several points covered by his speech at Newcastle on Nomination day and which was quite fully reported in last week's ADVANCE. He urged the right of the working men of the County to more adequate representation than they had yet secured and claimed that by bringing on the elections of 1878 he affirmed that Mr. Adams had then appealed to voters to elect him on his record as an opposition man, although that gentleman thought fit to now deny the fact. Such being the case he had acted inconsistently in going into the Government, which he did only a few days after being elected. Messrs. Laundry and Hanington had been equally as inconsistent as Mr. Adams, for they also had opposed the Government in the canvass and, like him, entered it when they were offered an opportunity to do so. If, instead of doing this, those three gentlemen had held out, they would, doubtless, have, thereby, assisted in its overthrow, and the formation of what they were elected to secure—a new Government.

After referring to the Government's inconsistency in the matter of the Legislative Council, Mr. Troy took up the subject of the property qualification required of those who offered as candidates for the Local Assembly. If the principle was correct that no such qualification was required of those who came forward as Dominion candidates, why should it not prevail in respect of those for the House of Assembly? Why should the people's choice be thus narrowed down to one great class of men, to the ignoring of another as intelligent and, certainly, as well qualified in other respects?

The Government was entirely too large—there were too many in the Executive in proportion to the number of members in the House, thereby giving the Government an undue influence.

At Newcastle, on Nomination Day, Mr. Tweedie had referred to the desirability of having the head of the Education Department in the House of Assembly. About a quarter of the whole revenue of the Province was devoted to the support of Education and as that Department of the public service spent so much, it was only reasonable that its head should be directly responsible to the House and people. It might, however, be urged that special qualifications were required to enable a man to properly direct educational affairs, yet if the system were brought more within the scope of the requirements of a common school education, it would not be difficult to get a man in the House properly qualified for the headship of that service, while it would, he believed, be more in accord with public sentiment.

He next referred to the indebtedness of the Province, showing the difference between the amount of debt assumed by the Dominion at Confederation and the actual indebtedness.

Here some person shouted out "Give us local politics!" "Speak grammatically, please!" whereupon Mr. Troy said "If you don't like my grammar you may go out." [Mr. Troy did not say "you can lump it," as stated by the "World."] The difference between the assumed and actual debt, together with the balance on hand as well as the special subsidy of \$63,000 a year, which we had up to 1877 had been all spent. We had obtained \$150,000 in lieu of the Export Duty from the Dominion Government, besides the extra lumber tax,

and, yet all was spent and the Province was a borrower from the Dominion treasury to the extent of half the yearly subsidy, on which interest was being paid—showing reckless management, which needed to be checked. We had rolled up a debt of over a million dollars of which Northumberland received only \$86,000, for the Chatham Branch Railway, while it seemed that the southern parts of the Province were able to get almost anything they asked for. This County was entitled to more favorable consideration than those portions of New Brunswick, because of her large contributions to the stumpage revenue and she should also have credit for a proportionate share of the Export Duty Subsidy of \$150,000. Notwithstanding these claims, however, we were asked to be satisfied with \$9,000 a mile as subsidy for the Valley Railway.

He also referred to the canvass made against him that he came out to split the Catholic vote, and showed—as he did at Newcastle—how unworthy it was in those who used it and how degrading was the imputation involved therein against Catholic independence of thought and action. He closed his admirable speech by an honorable appeal for support, and thanks for the considerate treatment he had received on the same platform on the occasion of his first appearance. [Mr. Troy's speech was frequently applauded during its delivery and also with great heartiness at the close.]

There were at once a dozen or more calls for Mr. Tweedie and a large number for Mr. Smith. The Chairman said he believed it was understood that Mr. Smith was to speak next in defence of himself against attacks of the Surveyor-General and he would, therefore, call on Mr. Smith. As that gentleman proceeded to the platform a few of the boldest of Mr. Adams' friends continued to say "Tweedie," while others cried out "Adams isn't here," "Don't attack a man behind his back," but they evidently concluded that the game of their Newcastle associates could not be played with success, and that Mr. Smith's fellow-citizens were determined that he should have a hearing.

When Mr. Smith had taken his place on the platform Mr. Tweedie came hastily up and handed some papers to the Chairman, saying something about what Mr. Adams had told him to do.

Mr. Smith's Answer to the Surveyor-General's Charges.

Mr. Smith said—It had not been his intention to take any part in the platform discussions of the present canvass, because he was not a Legislative candidate, but the Surveyor-General had made such attacks upon him, personally, as well as upon his paper—from this platform a fortnight ago, as well as at Newcastle on Nomination Day, and during the canvass in different parts of the County—that he was sure his fellow-citizens would, as a matter of fairness, hear his defence. He could not reply to the attack made upon him by Mr. Adams at the Chatham meeting a fortnight ago because he was among those who had arranged that meeting, one of the conditions thereof being that candidates only were to speak. Surveyor-General Adams had taken advantage of that opportunity to abuse him in language which no gentleman, or public man, was justified in using, and had intensified the offence at Newcastle, calling him (Mr. Smith) a "slanderer," "blackguard," "falsifier" and even a "public thief" until some friends of common decency, who were, no doubt, in sympathy with the ADVANCE and its editor, interrupted the gentleman, when he (Mr. S.)—no Mr. Adams, as a local paper in that gentleman's interest, had stated requested that the Surveyor-General be allowed to say what he pleased, to make as great a blackguard of himself as his taste might dictate, but he desired it to be understood that when that gentleman's speech was ended he (Mr. S.) would claim the right to be heard in reply. He had attempted to do a hearing, but was prevented—not by the meeting—but by a few irresponsible, or rather, persons who were responsible to a few gentlemen who evidently had them there for the purpose. He did not hold Newcastle blameless in that matter, for he believed the sentiment of the place protested against the outrage, and that its people were indignant at those who had incited as well as those who had actually committed it. He had told them, on that occasion, that they should hear from him in another place and he was here to-night to keep that promise. He must thank Mr. Troy for the opportunity that gentleman had afforded him to vindicate himself.

When he had obtained Mr. Troy's permission to address this meeting he, at once, acquainted Mr. Adams with his intention, addressing to him the following note:—

CHATHAM, June 17, 1882. Hon. M. Adams, Surveyor-General, Newcastle. Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge that he will address the electors in Masonic Hall, Chatham, on Monday evening next, and has thought fit to allow me the privilege to address them in my defence against the attacks you have thought proper to make upon me in Chatham, Newcastle and other parts of the County. I therefore notify you of my intention in order that you may be present if you so desire.

Truly yours, D. G. SMITH.

He had received a not very courteous reply and one which was, to his mind, unnecessarily long. He would read it.—

To D. G. Smith. Sir: I am in receipt of your letter of 17th inst., informing me that Mr. Troy, one of the candidates, will address the electors of Chatham this evening. I have no objection to Mr. Troy's doing so, but regret exceedingly I cannot be present to hear Mr. Troy's answer to Mr. Adams' speech. I have, however, placed the last three words in italics as a warning to you to be careful in your defence against the attacks I have made upon you, and requesting my presence to hear you, I am obliged, though reluctantly, to decline your invitation. I can imagine, however, what you will say and, if you can only do so, I will be more than satisfied to see you. I have no more to say at present, and I will be glad to see you at any time.

With the most sincere pity and contempt, I am, Sir, MICHAEL ADAMS.

[Messrs. Tweedie, Sadler, O'Malley, Doyle, Sullivan, at hoc genus omne, made a desperate attempt to get up applause over Mr. Adams' letter, which turned out

to be the original of the paper carried, for Mr. Adams, by Mr. Tweedie, to the Chairman and intended, no doubt, to be read by that gentleman. It has been since "told us that when this letter was prepared 'the party' thought it was so 'heavy' severe" that Mr. Smith would not dare to read it.]

ATTACKS ON THE "ADVANCE" BY PRESS AND PLATFORM—MEAN WARFARE.

Mr. Smith said he was sorry Mr. Adams could not be present and also that he had deemed it necessary to send so ill-natured a notification of the fact. Perhaps there were some gentlemen present who might be asking themselves why he was not content to reply to Mr. Adams' attacks in the ADVANCE—why he should come upon the platform in his defence. His answer was,—because that gentleman, who had established one paper here which had lingered and died in discredit, and had now two local journals at his back, was not satisfied with meeting the ADVANCE in journalistic discussion. He was not satisfied with the personal attacks of the vilest kind made by these papers upon him, but had taken advantage of the canvass to discuss and abuse the ADVANCE and its editor as if they, and not the Government's management of Provincial affairs were the issues of the pending contest. It was not enough that these papers—two of them—should wage war upon the ADVANCE—while according to one of them did not pay its employees' wages and was soon to go out of existence. Why, it was hinted, when the late representative of the County at Ottawa did not again present himself for re-election, that the ADVANCE must now cease to exist, as if any one man could so affect it. That gentleman was but the head in the many hands of a party, and it was the principles of that party, which the ADVANCE represented—principles which could not die. Those principles were to-day, stronger than ever in the minds of the people of Northumberland, and so long as they lived and sufficient men here believed in them, just so long would the ADVANCE live—and that, he could tell his opponents would be a very long time yet. The hon. gentleman and his friends had started several papers during the last seven or eight years, each of which was to kill off the ADVANCE. Yet he (Mr. S.) had seen a few journalistic funerals in Chatham. However, when one went down another

had sprung up, and the last venture in that line appeared to be a little more healthy than the rest. Like many other youngsters, however, it played with the dirt and made mud pies and, sometimes it dabbled its dirty little hands against the ADVANCE and its editor, but he hoped it would, with matured experience, learn how unwholesome such conduct was, and that it was far better to be respectable and well-behaved, as the ADVANCE was.

The Surveyor-General and his friends seemed to have determined that they must not only attack the ADVANCE through their papers but make public meetings addressed by him of such a character as to intimidate Mr. Smith and his friends as to prevent him from attending them as a reporter of the press. Vice epithets and false charges were addressed to him, (Mr. S.) in the most pointed manner by the Surveyor-General at these meetings—language intended to incite the worst passions of his followers and suggestive of violence, language which he regretted that any public man should employ, language that was degrading to the hon. gentleman, personally, to the County he represented and far beneath the dignity of a man holding the high position of Surveyor-General of the Province.

ATTEMPTS TO DRIVE THE PRESS FROM THE FIELD.

In replying to that gentleman's attacks he would not do so in kind. He had no personal quarrel with him. He spoke in his capacity, as a journalist, who had criticised the public acts of a representative of an important constituency, and member of the Government. He felt also that the difficulties of the situation were somewhat discouraging. He had never before attempted to make a public speech and realised that he had to combat against the platform experience of the Surveyor-General, who had been accustomed to such efforts. That gentleman was an "old hand" at public speaking and his ability in that line had been fortified by long experience from the time when he had first gone stumping through the County in behalf of the gentleman whom he now held up as the embodiment of a detested "Jedger influence"—against the candidate of Mr. Mitchell, the representative of the County at the present time. But he (Mr. S.) could not shrink from the duty thrust upon him. He would not be deterred by intimidation and he stood up in defence of free public discussion and the liberties of the press, against the unbridled abuse and license indulged in by a man in an important public position—a man who had preached the doctrine that he (Mr. S.) must be "boycotted" and driven from the country. Mr. Adams had charged him with all kinds of offences against him (Mr. A.), with hounding and vilifying, misrepresenting and persecuting him, but the charges were not true, and Mr. Adams could not sustain them. He (Mr. S.) would not detain the audience by particular references to the slanderous attacks that had been made against him individually, by that gentleman and his friends, but he would "only say that he had lived

his slanders down and he was not afraid of any comparison of character as a citizen between himself and those of the ADVANCE with the organs which were at their back. From the time when he came here, more than seven years ago, he had found these gentlemen's hands against him, his offence being that he differed from them in regard to public matters and stood between them and their designs which he believed to be against the public interest.

MR. PARK'S ERRORS.

Before proceeding to take up the most important points of the Surveyor-General's attacks he must refer to two matters in which he thought Mr. Park—the other Government Candidate in the contest—had been unfair towards him. One of these was the ADVANCE's criticisms of that gentleman's position and conduct in the matter of the Miramichi Valley Railway. He would merely say, in passing, that before he concluded, he would justify any criticisms he had made in regard to that matter. Mr. Park's other point, in which he endeavored to make his auditors believe that the ADVANCE had represented lawyers as having no principle could not be proved by reference to the ADVANCE's columns. What the ADVANCE stated referred to the two lawyers we had in the last House, and he was willing to leave their regard for the principles they had professed during the canvass of 1875 to the judgment of men who [knew what principle meant.

"THE TICKET"—ITS FORMATION AND REPUTATION.

The Surveyor-General had been kind enough to represent that he (Mr. Smith)