

Wants, Etc.

Teacher Wanted.

A SECOND or Third Class Female Teacher is wanted for the School in District No. 1, Lower Newcastle. Apply, stating salary, to
WILLIAM JENNIS, JR.,
Secretary to Trustees,
Lower Newcastle.

Teacher Wanted.

WANTED, for School in District No. 3, Atwood, Church Point, a SECOND CLASS FEMALE TEACHER. Apply to
JAMES ANDERSON, Secretary.

Teacher Wanted.

A THIRD CLASS FEMALE Teacher is wanted for School District No. 7, Parish of Nelson. Address, stating salary, to
THOS. O'SHEA, Secretary,
Millerton P. O., Derby,
Northumberland Co.

Teacher Wanted.

WANTED for District No. 4, Chatham, a First Class Male Teacher to take charge of the Advanced Department, 1st November. Apply stating salary to
WM. MORRISON,
Sec'y to Trustees.

Teacher Wanted.

A THIRD CLASS FEMALE Teacher is wanted for Lower Napin, District No. 5, Parish of Gloucester. Apply to
BENJAMIN SWEZEY,
79th St.,
October 14th, 1882.

1st Class Teacher Wanted.

A FIRST CLASS Male Teacher is wanted for District No. 1, Derby, to commence Nov. 1st, 1882. Apply at once stating salary expected.
JOHN HETTS,
WM. ALLISON, JR., Trustees,
WM. T. CROCKER, Sec'y.
October 17th, 1882.

Teacher Wanted.

A Second Class Female Teacher is wanted for the School in District No. 8, Parish of Nelson. Salary from Trustees \$60 per term. Address
JOHN S. O'NEIL, Secretary,
Chathamford Post Office,
Northumberland.

Teacher Wanted.

WANTED for District No. 2, Parish of Newcastle, a SECOND CLASS FEMALE or a THIRD CLASS MALE TEACHER. Apply to
WILLIAM GRAY,
Sec'y to Trustees.

Teacher Wanted.

A THIRD CLASS FEMALE Teacher is wanted in District No. 1, Parish of Atwood, Northumberland. Address, stating salary, to
JOHN O'NEIL, Sec'y to Trustees, Esquimaux.

Executors' Notice.

ALL persons having any just claims against the Estate of Francis J. Letson, Esquire, late of Chatham, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested to A. H. Johnson of Chatham, Barrister at Law, within three months from date and all persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to him.

Probate Notice.

New Brunswick, Northumberland County, S. S.
To the Sheriff of the County of Northumberland or any Constable within the said County, greeting:
WHEREAS Richard Hutchinson, only acting Executor of the last Will and Testament of Matthew Carriethers, of the Parish of Newcastle, in the County aforesaid, Survivor, deceased, has represented to me that the personal and real estate of the said deceased is insufficient for the payment of the debts due by the said deceased, and has prayed that I should grant a license to authorize him to sell the real estate of the said deceased for the payment of the said debts;
You are therefore required to cite the heirs and next of kin of the said deceased, the creditors and all other persons interested in his said estate to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at my Office, Newcastle, on the 10th day of November next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause why license to sell should not be granted to the said petitioner, as prayed.
(S. S.) Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court this twenty-third day of October, 1882.
(Sgt.) SAM THOMSON,
Register of Probates,
Northumberland.

NOTICE.

BARQUE "Liberté" 501 tons register, chartered in London, England, in 1882, to load a cargo of bright deals and for batons at Miramichi from the factories of Messrs. Negre Bros. of Cote, France, is now in this port, and all whom it may concern are hereby notified that said vessel will in a few days be ready to receive cargo, of which due notice will be given.

Horse and Colt for Sale.

OISE DRAUGHT HORSE, 7 years old, weighs 1,200 lbs. (Osteo) and runs 10 miles per hour. Mule, weighs 1,010 lbs. For further particulars apply to
WM. KER,
Chatham, October 25th, 1882 79

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any legal claims on the Subscribers are requested to render the same for payment and all persons indebted to the said Subscribers are requested to make immediate payment for any Real Estate he may own in the County will be accepted—indolence and delay will be the property at Douglastown.
R. HUTCHISON,
Miramichi, Oct. 10, 1882.

CHANGE OF TIME TABLE.

Stmr. "Andover,"
Captain, Wm. Beattie, Purser, Jas. A. Rundle.

WILL run on and on WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 27th and on MONDAY, OCT. 2nd, 1882, as follows: MONDAYS, TUESDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, FRIDAYS AND SATURDAYS.

Leave Newcastle for Chatham, 9.00 a.m.
Chatham for Newcastle, 11.00 a.m.
"Indiantown for Newcastle, 2.30 p.m.
Owing to lowness of water on the South West the Andover at present will run from St. John's to Indiantown at high water. The time of departure from Indiantown will therefore only be as above, when tide permits.

THURSDAYS.
Leave Newcastle for Redbank, 6.00 a.m.
Redbank for Chatham, 8.00 a.m.
Chatham for Redbank, 11.00 p.m.
Redbank for Newcastle, 4.30 p.m.
Calling at Douglastown every trip at Kerr's Mill and Bushville when required, and run to trips from Chatham.
R. R. CALL,
Newcastle, Sept. 26th, 1882.

PRESSED HAY.

WE OFFER—

500 Tons Choice Hay,
Harvested in perfect condition, delivered on cars here.

ALSO DOMESTIC MADE

WOOL SOCKS AND MITTS

AT MARKET RATES.

Jos. L. Black,
Sackville, 26th October, 1882. dec 21

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM. NOVEMBER 2, 1882.

A Cherry Eight-Year-Old.

With the present number the ADVANCE closes its eighth year. Although its first few years of existence were marked by some discouragements, a fair degree of prosperity has since attended it and we have the satisfaction of knowing that the paper is now fully established as a commercial enterprise. In 1874 the town of Chatham, with nearly five thousand inhabitants, was without a paper, the *Gleaner*, which had been for some time, edited by Mr. Tracy, having ceased to exist. The ADVANCE being established and failing to please a number of gentlemen who were rather peculiar in their ideas of what a newspaper should be, the *Herald* was called into existence. It lingered for a while, but lacking sufficient support, soon went to join the innumerable train of unsuccessful and defunct journals. For a while the ADVANCE had the local field to itself, but in a weak moment a few citizens, chiefly of Newcastle, encouraged the transfer of the late *Star* from Fredericton to Chatham. Although that paper came with a great flourish of trumpets and promised to do much which the ADVANCE would like to see performed, it brought only disappointment and loss to those who were interested in it and, like the *Herald*, ceased to exist before any announcement of its publishers' intentions to retire from the field were made. The experience of the public with these papers was calculated to damage journalism on the Miramichi, for the people naturally formed their notions of newspapers from what they knew of them, personally, and it is a matter of regret that those who encouraged Mr. Tracy and Mr. Collins to start papers in opposition to the ADVANCE did not more fully realise their obligations to the public in the premises. Of course they were not good judges of the requirements and qualifications necessary for a successful editor, but having encouraged and endorsed the persons named as they did, those citizens were morally bound to see that when the *Herald* and *Star* could no longer live, the editors should not be forced to run away from their creditors. It has been against newspaper ventures of the *Herald* and *Star* kind that the ADVANCE has had to make its way to a sound business standing, and our business people, who know what it is to compete with rivals who never propose to pay their bills, can sympathize with us in the struggle we have had. Some of our Newcastle opponents have succeeded in inducing others to join them in founding a new journal, partly on the ruins of the *Star*, but as it was, evidently, started "for spite" we cannot wonder that it has met with very little more encouragement than its predecessor. We would not refer to the *World*, but for the fact that after we welcomed it to the Miramichi, in the expectation that it would not do discredit to the place, it fell almost at once into the hands of the *Star* and forfeited the respect we should like to entertain for every newspaper published. The three papers we have mentioned, then, and the ADVANCE have been candidates for popular favor during the past eight years. Those three papers and the *Advocate* have been rivals—and rivals who did not stick at trifles in manifesting their rivalry—against whose efforts we have attained our present position, and we would not, to-day, change places with them if they could all be combined. We have endeavored to do no discredit to the Miramichi, to reflect the best sentiments of its people, to promote its business interests, to assist in clearing the way for whatever might benefit town or country and keep them abreast of the times. In taking part in this work, we have been encouraged by a host of friends with whom we have acted all along, in the hope of uniting the intelligence, the moral and business forces and the more tangible elements of general well-being, in order to secure for the Miramichi and its people the position they should occupy in the estimation of other portions of the country, and that the claims of Northumberland upon those who may be called upon to rule in both our local and federal politics, might receive more just recognition than they have done in the past. Our efforts in this direction have frequently been misinterpreted and misrepresented by those who imagine their interest lies in keeping the Miramichi divided against itself, and one of the most unpleasant duties we have performed has been the exposure of the acts and motives of the few men among us who have lived so long in and by party strife that they seem incapable of realizing that there is a more excellent way of promoting their own and the community's welfare. Taking, however, the bitter and sweet together—our discouragements and successes—we have reason to be thankful that we have passed through the most trying and damaging of the elements that could be opposed to our success and either removed them or left them so far behind that their faint echoes are but reminders of the victories we have achieved. The ADVANCE has reached a period in its history when it can afford to be magnanimous in its treatment of those who have endeavored to destroy it. There are those in high places whose threats to exterminate us are of quite recent

date, but if they have not grown ashamed of such silly and uncharitable utterances, we can only pity them with a sincerity that disarms resentment. Those with whom we have had occasion to differ and who have pushed matters to extremes have, we hope, learned that while we may reluctantly give hard hits we are not given to whining over such returns of the same sort as they have been able to make. At any rate, we shall start our new and ninth volume next week with more to encourage us than we have ever before experienced on a similar occasion, feeling that we have fewer enemies and more friends than ever and that we are better than ever prepared to render to each according as they may deserve at our hands.

THANKSGIVING.—Thursday, 9th inst., is proclaimed as a day of Thanksgiving by the Governor-General and also by the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick.

KINGS COUNTY.—Mr. Downville and Professor G. E. Foster were again nominated on Tuesday for the representation of Kings County in the House of Commons.

MR. SAYRE still pursues Messrs. Wheten and LeBlanc in Kent. It will be remembered that both of those gentlemen were returned by large majorities to the local legislature at the general election, that Mr. Sayre, who was a defeated candidate, petitioned against them and that they resigned. At the election held a few weeks ago Messrs. Wheten and LeBlanc were again returned and Mr. Sayre defeated by a decisive majority as before. Mr. Sayre has again petitioned with a view of disqualifying Messrs. Wheten and LeBlanc. The course taken by the defeated candidate will appear to many people a very vexatious one.

British Parliament.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—Parliament reassembled to-day. Previous to the assembling of the Commons the Irish members held a meeting, at which they were chiefly occupied in arranging petitions referring to the imprisonment of Gray. Lord Mayor Dawson, of Dublin, has a hundred petitions to present in the House of Commons. Lord Churchill, Conservative, contended that the present sitting was irregular. After the Appropriation Bill had received the Royal assent, Churchill moved for an adjournment of the House, in order to protest against the autumn session. He made a long historical review. He declared, amidst loud cheers from the Tories, that the House of Commons had ever been jealous against monarchical or ministerial tyranny. Mr. Gladstone contended that the precedents quoted by Lord Churchill were inapplicable. The House had full power to take the present course. Lord Churchill had small knowledge of Parliament if he thought the Government would be upset by a vote of want of confidence on the Appropriation Bill. Gladstone cited a precedent in 1820, when the House adjourned in July, reassembled in August, and transacted business of various kinds. Thus he said Lord Churchill's assertion was entirely destroyed, smashed, pulverized. (Cheers and laughter.)

Sir Stafford Northcote commended Lord Churchill's action. He asked Mr. Gladstone whether he would adhere to his financial view of the situation or make a statement in reference to the war in Egypt. The House by 209 to 142 defeated Lord Churchill's motion.

General Notes and News.

The advance in the price of iron in England has caused the leading dealers in Montreal to advance their rates twenty-five cents per one hundred pounds.

Jay Gould has invested fifteen million dollars in the name of his wife. This will insure his widow getting a little something, even if the lawyers do get hold of his will.

A Cairo despatch says.—Among the documents belonging to Arabi, in the possession of the authorities is a letter from the Sultan's religious adviser to Arabi, seriously imploring the Sultan in the course Arabi pursued.

Wolsley reached Dover and London on Saturday and was enthusiastically welcomed in both places. In London, of course, an immense multitude awaited his arrival at the station and ovated him in the British fashion. He proceeded to Balmoral to pay his respects to the Queen. For some time to come he will be a lion of the first order.

The fine New York theatre in which Mrs. Langtry was to have made her first appearance in America, burned down on Monday, a couple of hours before the hour at which the performance was to begin. So the eager New Yorkers were disappointed; but this accident will be made a part of the sensationalism of the whole affair, and will help to still further advertise the lady.

It is reported that a bank cashier recently applied for a two months' leave of absence, which was granted him. A short time after his departure the suspicions of the directors were aroused by the singular correctness of his balance sheet. An expert was at once employed, who made a careful examination of his books, and discovered everything to be all right. This is a remarkable case, and nearly caused a run on the bank.

The dry goods clerks of Toronto have formed a mutual benefit association. Several gentlemen in addition to becoming patrons have given liberal donations to the funds. John MacDonald & Co. have donated \$200. One clause of the bylaws is to the effect that any member whose illness may be the result of intemperance or immorality will not be permitted to derive any benefits from the association. It is their intention in time to establish a reading room in which the members may spend a spare hour.

Mr. Smithers, President of the Bank of Montreal, was waited upon to-day by our reporter in regard to the half-yearly dividend of 5 per cent. declared yesterday, which, though equally as large as the last dividend, was a little disappointing to some parties, who for some reason expected more. "It is just as large as last year," said Mr. Smithers. "If anyone expected more, we cannot help it; we never said anything to lead anyone to the belief that it would be more."

"Are the profits accruing from the C. P. R. bonds included in this dividend?" "I do not know that that is any concern of the public. I may say, however, that they are not included in it."

"Are the figures published in a contemporary (the *Witness*) as an unofficial statement correct?" "They are not correct. I wonder what is gained in publishing such garbled and misleading statements."

"In regard to your statements last June as to the enormous discounts of banks and the dangerous influence on trade, do you still hold to the same opinion?" "I do, and even more so. I would not only say the same now, but would make it much stronger. The total of loans and discounts of banks is swelling still higher and our imports are heavier than ever and still more overbalancing our exports."

Amos Hudgin, Toronto, writes: "I have been a sufferer from Dyspepsia for the past six years. All the remedies I tried proved useless, until Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure was brought under my notice. I have used two bottles with the best results, and can with confidence recommend it to those afflicted in like manner."

Egyptian Matters.

A Cairo despatch of 24th ult. contains the sensational statement from Khartoum that the False Prophet, at the head of the whole aboriginal population of the Sudan, reinforced by cannibal tribes of Central Africa, utterly defeated Abd-el-Kader and Grevy, Egyptian Governors, in seven sanguinary pitched battles. The Egyptian loss in killed and wounded was 5,000, with a stand of arms, including 5,000 Remingtons. The remnant of the Egyptian army took refuge in Khartoum, and was being besieged there. All the provinces south of that city are lost to Egypt, and Khartoum is in danger of being captured. The prophet permits the pouring of boiling tallow into the eyes and ears of captives, and otherwise fiendishly tortures them. His men-at-arms in some cases actually devour the prisoners for refusing to recognize him as the true prophet and caliph. Dr. Schweinfurth states that there is a movement for a real revival of Islam, comprising Afghanistan and Morocco, and the doctor is confident the movement will embrace Khartoum. The prophet's adherents increase like wildfire, and the prophet himself is said to be marching toward Cairo. Abd-el-Kader is known to fame as the Commander of the Forty Thieves under Sir Samuel Baker. Giegler is a German engineer. Schweinfurth's communication also says the capital of Khartoum has been besieged for forty days, and its capture is expected. This is all very high-colored and, therefore, not to be entirely relied upon.

Arabi's correspondence for the last two years was given up by his son this morning, and deposited with the British Consul-General. It includes a voluminous correspondence with Constantinople and minutes of secret sittings of the Baroudi Cabinet. It is said the correspondence is highly compromising to the Sultan and other high officials here and in Turkey. It is understood that much of the delay connected with the trial of Arabi is due to the fact that the Egyptian Government is becoming more and more disposed to abandon the prosecution.

There is much anxiety in many parts among Europeans owing to the appointment of several of Arabi's officers on Government missions. Arabi says that events have proved to him the folly of hoping in any further national movement or of trusting the Sultan, and that the happiness of Egypt necessitates the virtual government of the country by the English. It is rumored that the proceedings against Arabi waiting trial may be stopped by the decree of exile against the ringleaders and amnesty to the others.

Scott Act in danger in Fredericton.

A Fredericton despatch says: There is more excitement to-day over Scott Act matters than at any time before or during the elections. The Scott Act party were alarmed to learn this morning that the returning officer of St. Ann's Ward (which casts 55 majority for the Act), through ignorance of the law, or inadvertence, had neglected to initial the ballots cast in that ward. Their minds went back to a somewhat similar error in the Albert Dominion election, and when it was reckoned that if the St. Ann's vote should be thrown out on scrutiny, the Act, which had been carried by only 41 majority, would be in a minority of fourteen, the worst fears took possession of their souls. The Anti-Scott party of course were jubilant over the prospect of overturning the result, as announced yesterday, and on the streets the question in various lights. Legal opinion was eagerly sought and as much divided. The Anti-Scott party determined to take objection to the returns, and when the returning officer opened his court for declaration Saturday they, through counsel, demanded a scrutiny before the County Court Judge.

LATER.

A later letter says.—The Anti-Scott party will not demand a scrutiny, as the legal grounds for procedure are not deemed feasible. Wm. H. Quinn is the name of the delinquent returning officer. The police will endeavor to effect a strict enforcement of the law. Over a dozen cases of illicit liquor-selling have been reported in St. Mary's, Gibson, and Nashaville Village, York Co., and will be disposed of by local magistrates this week. On Saturday a noble red man was convicted and fined \$50, or two months' jail, at Fredericton.

Dyspepsia.—Strengthen your digestion tone the stomach for utilizing and assimilating every atom of food you take; the body needs it for strength and vigor.—Zoppe cleanses the entire system, stimulates the Liver, keeps you regular. Letters come in daily, telling of cures and help from Zoppe. Positive proof of the health and vigor it gives in a 10 cent sample. Ask your druggist.

The Bank of Montreal's last Dividend.

MONTREAL, Oct. 24.—The importance of the Bank of Montreal as a great financial institution is made more manifest every recurring half year in this commercial metropolis by the anxiety that is noticeable, not in one circle but among all classes, to learn its rate of dividend the moment it is declared. This morning, from twelve to one o'clock, numbers of people were parading St. James street, from the solid banker down through all grades, each one eagerly speculating upon what the decision of the directors of the leading bank then in secret session would be. This intense anxiety arises from the fact that of late years all the monetary institutions have been falling into line with the safe policy of the leading bank, which acts as a level to others whether to moderate or to increase their dividends.

Had the Bank of Montreal given six per cent. chances are that all the other local banks would have augmented their dividends likewise, but as the parent institution follows its conservative course the younger branches will imitate it in the same prudently.

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The Loyalists' Monument Question in St. John.

From the St. John "Globe."
At a quarter to 8 o'clock on Saturday evening six gentlemen only had put in appearance in the Institute, the number being made up to exactly 30 at the hour announced for the commencement of the proceedings and afterwards increasing to about 140. Shortly after eight o'clock, His Worship Mayor Jones, accompanied by Judge Palmer, and Messrs. D. S. Kerr, T. B. Hanington, E. T. C. Knowles and George Stewart, took their seats on the platform amid loud applause. Coming forward, and surveying the "beggarly array of empty benches," His Worship said that he had called a meeting in compliance with a requisition signed by about 300 citizens of St. John, the majority of whom it appeared did not care to be present or were very late in arriving. (Laughter.) As Mayor of the City of St. John, he did not feel he should be doing justice to the position he held if he presided over such a meeting. His Worship called on the meeting to elect a chairman, (cheers and laughter.)

Mr. D. S. Kerr, (who seemed greatly perturbed as he surveyed the scene), said he thought the Mayor was right, and as it would not be wise to proceed without the Mayor's presence, he moved an adjournment. (Cries of "No," and applause.)

Mr. C. N. Skinner nominated Mr. C. Weldon for Chairman. Mr. Weldon declining the honor, Mr. A. Chipman Smith moved the adjournment of the meeting to such future time as the Mayor might decide. Mr. Kerr seconded the motion. Mr. Skinner said the motion could not be put without a chairman, when the Mayor consented to act so far as to put the motion, which he declared carried. A scene of wild confusion now ensued, laughter, cheers and cat-calls blending in the general uproar. When the tumult had somewhat subsided, a standing vote was taken, the majority being found in favor of continuing the meeting. His Worship then left.

On motion of Mr. Skinner, Mr. A. Chipman Smith then took the chair, and at the same time Messrs. Skinner and Tuck, in response to Mr. Kerr's invitation took seats on the platform. Mr. J. Gilis Jones and Mr. Geo. E. McLaughlin also occupied seats there.

Mr. D. S. Kerr was then called upon to move the first resolution.

Mr. Kerr, who had come provided with an enormous array of plans, specifications and contracts and resolutions, selected the first formidable looking document, and forthwith delivered a speech which lasted for three quarters of an hour. Having given a very exhaustive history of the Loyalists in all parts of Canada and the Maritime Provinces, Mr. Kerr exhibited the elevation plan of the proposed structure, which he said was to be erected on the site of the bell tower. The monument, as seen in the drawing, bore a striking resemblance to Smeaton's lighthouse on Eldon rocks. Mr. Kerr seriously claimed that such an erection would not only be "beautiful for ever" but that it would possess health giving properties of a very high order, as the exercise essential to attaining its summit and the inhalation of the balmy breezes off the Bay of Fundy could not fail to decrease the bills of mortality in the city. (Loud and continued laughter.) The speaker was commencing what promised to be a lengthy description of the monument, when it was suggested to arrange. "Oh," said Mr. Kerr, "all that is already arranged, and the contract signed. They were giving the man a fair price for his work and not doing like the government giving contracts to Tom, Dick and Harry." The chairman, "No politics if you please." (Laughter, cheers and loud cries of "Question.") Mr. Kerr could not understand the cries of "Question" unless they wanted to defeat the affair; he moved that the resolution be adopted. It asked that a committee be appointed to erect the monument, the cost—\$10,000—to be defrayed by subscriptions from various sources.

Judge Palmer, who was to have seconded the resolutions, having been a retreat. Mr. George Stewart performed that duty. Mr. M. McLeod thought there ought to be some further discussion before the meeting was appealed to. (Applause.)

Mr. J. G. Jones was called on but would not respond.

Mr. Kerr said he felt very ill-used; he was being treated fairly. (Laughter.) The question was then put, when it was declared carried amid cheers and what seemed to be derisive laughter.

Mr. Kerr moved that the Mayor be one of the building committee.

This motion was lost.

A variety of uncouth sounds resounded through the house as Mr. Kerr again took the front of the platform, and Messrs. Skinner and Tuck retired to the body of the hall.

Mr. Kerr then waxed wroth, and said he was willing to leave the hall and never return (loud applause.) It was the most disorderly meeting he ever saw. He moved the adjournment, and if the motion was accepted, he would never show his face before them on a public platform again. Mr. E. T. C. Knowles sternly rebuked the audience for their levity, and want of attention to the address of Mr. Kerr. He seconded the motion for an adjournment.

On the vote being put, it was negatived by a large majority, but the chairman said he would be made a fool of no longer and declared the meeting adjourned. A general stampede then took place, accompanied by sounds suggestive of a bear garden or a badger fight.

When the announcement was made at five per cent. it did not take the city generally by surprise, but our Wall Street bulls were evidently disgusted, as they have been filling the minds of the dupes with the prospect of a one per cent. bonus in addition. It has not come, however, and the stock will probably decline to such a reasonable price that bona fide investors will be induced to take it off the street. This would be a consummation devoutly wished. Bankers here without exception approve of the policy of the directors of Montreal and say that any other course at the present time would have been hazardous if not perilous, no matter what savings the bank has made.

A BANKER'S FORECAST.
A leading banker stated this afternoon that it was an utter mistake to think, as most people do, that banks are making high profits at present, and this would be demonstrated, he said, when the semi-annual statements appeared. He admitted that they were getting higher rates of discount, but not from their old and regular commercial customers, who still got accommodation at six per cent. He predicted tight and dear money until the opening of next spring, as farmers in the west cannot be induced to market their grain at present rates, and this is beginning to be felt in the great number of renews demanded by country dealers who cannot get in their debts.

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eral stampede then took place, accompanied by sounds suggestive of a bear garden or a badger fight.

When the announcement was made at five per cent. it did not take the city generally by surprise, but our Wall Street bulls were evidently disgusted, as they have been filling the minds of the dupes with the prospect of a one per cent. bonus in addition. It has not come, however, and