

General Business. CLOSING BUSINESS. I am now selling off stocks at marvellously low prices in order to close business in Chatham.

Miramichi Advance. CHATHAM. JUNE 21, 1883. CORRECT.—The St. John Globe of Tuesday has a correct and timely article on the Miramichi steam subsidy business.

late Surveyor-General discovered that quite a number of his friends had neglected in the matter of road appropriations during the season when no elections were pending, so he anticipated this year's grant by over \$1,300.

J. R. GOGGIN. Chatham, 17th May, 1883.—64 16

NOW IN STOCK. MANILLA ROPE. ALL SIZES from 6 inch to 41 inch.

White Lead and Colored PAINTS. Good Quality and Cheap. ALSO A FEW CASES OF TAR AND WIGONS' FAMOUS COPPER PAINT.

CHEAP FOR CASH. GEO. WATT. Chatham, April 18th, 1883.

SEEDS. SEEDS. FLOWER & GARDEN SEEDS. WARRANTED FRESH AND PURE.

POTATO ONIONS. NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE. E. LEE STREET, Proprietor.

GOLDEN BALL SHOE STORE AND FURNITURE EMPORIUM. SPECIAL NOTICE. New Departure.

WE ARE NOW SELLING MEN'S HAND MADE DRIVING BOOTS. MEN'S HAND MADE KNEE BOOTS. MEN'S HAND MADE SHOES.

ICE CREAM. CONFECTIONERY, FRUITS, ETC. Fresh Goods of Superior Quality Always to be found at M. J. STAPLES.

Sheriff's Sale. TO be sold at Public Auction, on THURSDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, next, in front of the Registry Office.

COFFINS & CASKETS. The Subscriber has on hand at his shop, a perfect assortment of ROSEWOOD & WALNUT COFFINS.

COFFIN FINDINGS AND FINISHES, WHICH HE WILL SUPPLY AT REASONABLE RATES. WM. McLEAN, Undertaker.

BYE-ROADS.—The conclusion of the list of Northumberland County Bye-Road appropriations appears on the first page of the ADVANCE.

PERSONAL.—Thomas Hanford, Esq., Inspector of Inland Revenue, is in Miramichi on Departmental business.

A New Rig in the Grab-game. After what had transpired in reference to the continuation of the Andover subsidy, up to a fortnight ago, the Miramichi public hoped that the end of the monopoly had been reached and that, at least, one large and unnecessary drain on the Provincial treasury had been effectually and finally stopped.

The public, however, will be astonished to learn that Mr. R. R. Call has renewed his attack upon the public treasury and managed to enlist a powerful interest in his behalf.

Let us look at this proposition:—1st.—It means that the Government, which, according to Mr. Call's organs, had refused—on public grounds—to continue his subsidy, is now to have a pressure brought to bear on it by a lumber corporation to change its policy.

2nd.—It means that a large private corporation, having incurred an alleged liability of so much money per day, is to seek relief by bringing a corrupt pressure to bear on the Government by which the money of the public is to be substituted for that of said corporation in discharging such alleged liability.

3rd.—It means that failing to obtain a subsidy on the merits of his claims, and for public reasons, Mr. Call attempts to make corrupt use of powerful private influences to secure it.

4th.—It means that while Mr. Call could earn \$25 a day by running his boat over the short stretch of river between Millerton and Indiantown for his claim that he loses that amount daily by the Andover being prevented from running to the latter point he has had the effrontery to ask for a Government subsidy on the ground that it did not pay to him the Andover on the Miramichi without one.

5th.—It means that, by his audacious proposal to the Boom people—his attempt to secure their influence in favor of his subsidy, coupled with his allegation of loss of earnings to the extent of \$25 a day—he justifies all we have urged against public money being given to him by the thousand.

The World of Saturday retorts as follows:—"The insinuation that Mr. Adams was the cause of the shrinkage in the grant for great roads in the county, is beneath contempt. There was an amount advanced last year to cover an over-expenditure on by-roads, by, we believe, Mr. Gillespie, but what has the by-road money to do with the great-road grant?"

Now, we did not mention Great Roads at all, as we had no reason for doing so, because we knew that the money was simply expended "where it did most good"—in Mr. Adams' interest. The official list of Bye-Road appropriations—a portion of which we published last week and the remainder of which appears in this week's ADVANCE—a list with Mr. Adams' name attached, together with those of our three other representatives, commences as follows:—

Table with columns: Name, Amount. Annual Grant \$6,714.00. Less over-expenditure, 1882, 1,579.30. Total \$5,134.70.

Turning to the Auditor General's list of warrants issued to cover the above over-expenditure we find that they are as follows:—

Table with columns: Name, Amount. Mr. Adams 120.00, Mr. Gillespie 40.00, Mr. Hanford 20.00, Mr. Stewart 10.00, etc.

The World, as we quote above, said it "believes there was an amount last year to cover over-expenditure on by-roads by Mr. Gillespie." The ADVANCE had said Mr. Adams had anticipated this year's grant by over \$1,300. Which of the two papers gave the truth? We now say on authority of the Auditor General's record that the above warrants from No. 46 to 322, inclusive, covering just \$1,378.30 were authorized by the Governor-in-Council before the late Government resigned, and on the recommendation of Mr. Adams.

Manitoba. Several Miramichi men, who went to Manitoba with a view of settling there, have returned home during the present month and their report of the country is not such as to encourage many to "go west." Those who have come back took away with them sufficient means to buy land and settle in the West if they so decided, and they think they were fortunate in doing so.

Where did the Money go to? In a recent number the World stated that the owner of the Andover had his subsidy withdrawn and that this had "deprived the Northwest Branch of steam service and at the same time, less money has been granted for the roads than formerly."

In reply we said,—"The grant was as large as ever, but there was an election last year and the late Surveyor-General discovered that quite a number of his friends had neglected in the matter of road appropriations during the season when no elections were pending, so he anticipated this year's grant by over \$1,300."

ing scenes transpired while the work of identification was in progress. SECOND DISPATCH. LONDON, June 17.—Several deaths have occurred since the first report and the fatal list is now placed at 186. The rescuers' first efforts were directed towards rescuing the children who were apparently alive, but so tightly were the victims jammed together that it was regarded as dangerous to drag them out of the helpless mass, lest the effort would result in pulling off the limbs of living children as well as mutilating the dead. They, therefore, proceeded steadily and systematically to lift off the topmost ones. A few of those beneath had survived and their moanings and low cries of pain could be distinctly heard amid the excitement and cries of bereaved parents and friends who were thronging the adjacent streets.

The disaster was referred to in all the churches in Sunderland to-day and by many of the preachers in London, and prayers were offered for the parents and friends of the victims. THIRD DISPATCH. LONDON, June 17.—The staircase from the gallery was a winding one. Both the audience and the officials who were in the hall at the time of the disaster were unprepared for some considerable time of the terrible tragedy being enacted at the door.

The Phoenix Park Murders and their Consequences. (Dublin Freeman's Journal, National Organ.) Not merely was the deed almost unequalled in its heinous and cold-bloodedness; it was unparalleled in its effects. It not only sealed the fate of two innocent individuals; it changed that of a nation, and by its effects upon the relations between England and this country, may yet influence the destinies of the entire human race.

Queen Victoria sent a telegram to-day to the Mayor of Sunderland, expressing her grief at the occurrence of the disaster. The children of various Sunday schools also sent telegrams of sympathy, and flags are at half-mast. One Sunday school loses thirty scholars by the catastrophe. Many of the survivors had their arms broken in the crush, and others are suffering from broken ribs or ruptures of internal organs.

John Bright on Protection. LONDON, June 13.—John Bright delivered an address at Bingley Hall, Birmingham, yesterday, before an audience of over 20,000 persons. More than 150 addresses of congratulatory and congratulatory nature were presented to him, and great enthusiasm prevailed. Mr. Bright, in his speech, reviewed the events of the last fifty years, and laid a stress upon the enormous advantage conferred upon the country by the repeal of the corn laws.

Land Law Reform. The Highlanders appear among those who are seeking the reform of British Land laws and leading men among them have formed a society, which seems to give promise of doing good work for the crofters. It has such names among its officers as D. H. McFarlane, Prof. John Stewart Blackie, L. L. D., S. Storey, Angus Mackintosh, of Holme, Henry Broadhurst, M. P., Thos. Burt, M. P., J. P. Edwards, M. P., Dan Grant, M. P., C. Fraser Mackintosh, M. P., Mr. D. Murray and Martin Mackenzie, the gentleman who offered to pay the whole of the crofters' rent arrearsages.

Terrible Calamity in a Concert Hall in England. ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-EIGHT CHILDREN TRAMPLED TO DEATH. LONDON, June 17.—A terrible calamity, involving the death of one hundred and seventy-eight children, occurred in the Town of Sunderland in the County of Durham, last evening. From details thus far received, it appears that an entertainment had been given in Victoria Hall, by a conjuror, which was attended almost altogether by children, several thousand being in attendance. The accident occurred at the close of the performance. The body of the hall had been entirely cleared of its occupants, when some 1,200 little ones came rushing down stairs from the gallery. At the top of the first flight of stairs was a door which opened only about twenty inches, permitting but one child to pass through at a time. At this point, while the mass of children were pushing forward, one fell and was unable to rise, owing to the others crowding on. The result was that a great number were pushed down, trampled upon and suffocated. The scene was terrible and no effort could stop the mad rush of the afflicted children. They came on pell mell and soon one hundred and seventy-eight of them were knocked down and suffocated by others trampling upon them. The greater number of the bodies which were badly impressed with the importances of securing the sympathy and co-operation of all who are interested in the well-being of the Highlanders.

THE OFFICERS OF THE SOCIETY ARE: D. H. McFARLANE, PRESIDENT; ANGUS MACKINTOSH, TREASURER; D. MURRAY, PALACE CHAMBERS, 9 BRIDGE ST., WESTMINSTER, HON. SEC'Y.

Section B Again. (London "Globe" Sat. June 16) By far the most insignificant personage implicated in Section B Scandal is Mr. John Shields, yet it has been left to him to vindicate the innocence of the Government and of all concerned by bringing an action for libel against the Globe. He yesterday issued a writ from the Court of Queen's Bench, and served it. So far as it is possible to gather the exact nature of the action until the full statement of claim is filed, it appears to be a complaint that we charged Mr. Shields with using monies of the firm for corrupt purposes at elections. Until that particular point shall come before jury, we propose to abstain most carefully from any comments upon it. Except in the regular legal way we shall not throw a doubt upon the angelic purity of Mr. Shields, contractor.

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ARGYLE HOUSE. We have now completed our SPRING IMPORTATIONS of British and Domestic Goods. Our Stock is LARGE and laid in at very LOW PRICES, enabling us to offer the very best value in the market.

200 MEN'S, YOUTHS AND BOYS' SUITS much under value. MEN'S HATS, in great variety, and CHEAP. MEN'S CAPS from 12 cents up. 50 DOZ. MEN'S WHITE, FANCY AND WORKING SHIRTS, astonishingly cheap. 10 DOZ. BEST WHITE UNLAUNDRIED SHIRTS in the market at 90c each.

UNION & TAPESTRY CARPETS and Floor Oil Cloths. COTTONS and Staple Goods at Bottom Prices. Tea, Tobacco, Sugar, Molasses, Meal, Flour, Fish, Pork, Salt, (in sacks), etc., etc., etc.

EARLE'S HOTEL, - - NEW YORK. CORNER OF CENTRE AND CANAL STREETS. THE favorite Hotel of Maritime visitors to New York. Convenient to the principal lines of City travel and the main Steamship lines communicating with points north and south.

MIRAMICHI FURNITURE STORE. NEWCASTLE, N. B. THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST, & BEST ASSORTED STOCK IN THE COUNTY.

THE FOLLOWING GOODS NOW IN STOCK: Hair Cloth, Raw Silk and Repp PARLOR SUITS. WHAT-NOTS, CAMP CHAIRS, SIDE BOARDS to order.

LOUNGES, SOFAS. Folding and Combination Chairs. 50 PIECES OF CARPETS: The above Goods were bought for Cash and are offered at LOWER PRICES than any in the trade.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. JAMES C. FAIREY, SOLE AGENT FOR The Uxbridge Organ Company. Newcastle, April 16th, 1883.

SOMETHING NEW. WILMOT'S PATENT CLASP CARPET FASTENERS. These are entirely new articles of beauty and utility, delighting all who see or use them. They are so constructed that they can be put down with ease in a satisfactory manner in one hour, while they permit you to take them up from the floor almost instantly without tools, toll or trouble. Buy them and save your time, save trouble, save your carpet.

CLEARING OUT! The residue of our WINTER DRY GOODS at TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE. Shawls, Mantles, Blankets, Flannels, Clothing, etc MUST GO WE WANT SPACE. Mr. D. Sutherland is at present in Great Britain, selecting Dry Goods for our Spring and Summer trade. Our early importations will be the largest and most varied ever shown to the people of Miramichi.