Louisiana State Lottery Company "We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorise the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its

J. T geauregurs

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legis-ature for Educational and Charitable purposes— with a Capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$550,000 has since been added. By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d A. D. 1879. The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by t people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawing JULY 15, 1884-170th Monthly Drawing. Fractions, in Fifths in proportion. LIST OF PRIZES.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES. 9 Approximation Prizes of \$750.

New Orleans National Bank, POSTAL NOTES and ordinary letters oy Mail or Express (all sums of \$5 and upwards by Express at our expense) to

M. A. Dauphin,

or M. A. Dauphin, 607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C. CARTERS

CURE Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valu-

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose.

They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York City.

Notice of Sale.

To Robert A. Williston, of Bay du Vin, in the Parish of Hardwicke, in the County of North-umberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, Farmer, and Mary Williston, his wife, and to NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the Tenth day of September, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, and made between the said Robert A. Williston, of Bay du Vin. in the Parish of Hardwicke, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, Farmer, and Mary Williston, his wife, of the one Farmer, and Mary Williston, his wife, of the one part; and the undersigned Edward Gulliver of the same place, Fisherman, of the other part; which mortgage was duly recorded in the Records of the Country of Northymberland on the country. of the County of Northumberland, on the seven-teenth day of June, A. D. 1878, in volume fifty-eight of the County Records, pages 618, 619 and 620 and is numbered 445 in said volume,—There will in pursuance of the said Power of Sale and will in pursuance of the said Power of Sale and for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Indenture of Mortgage, default having been made in payment thereof, be sold at Public Auction, on Wednesday, the Twenty-seventh day of August next, in front of the Post Office, Chatham, in said County, at twelve o'clock, noen, the lands and premises in said Indenture mentioned and described as follows, namely, "All and singular that certain lot or parcel of land and "premises situate, lying and being on the easterly "side of Bay du Vin River, in the Parish of Hard-"wicke, afordsaid, known as Lot Number One, "containing one hundred acres more or less, with a "containing one hundred acres more or less, with a "stone house thereon, formerly occupied by Lu, ther Williston, late of the said Parish of Hard-"wicke, deceased, as the homestead." Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and the rights members, privileges. with all and singular the bulldings and privileges, ments thereon and the rights, members privileges, to the same hereditaments, and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remain-ders, rents, issues and profits thereof, etc., of the said Robert A. Williston and Mary Williston, his wife, of, in, to, out of, or upon the said land a premises, and every part thereof.

Dated the 20th day of May, A. D. 1884.

EDWARD GULLIVER, Mortgagee. L. J. TWEEDIE, Solicitor for Mortgagee

RE CEIVED!

HATS

-IN-

Felt and Fur,—Leading Styles. MEN'S BOYS' & YOUTHS'

READY - MADE CLOTHING. White and Regatta SHIRTS.

A FRESH STOCK OF

EEEE PER S. S. DURHAM CITY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

I. HARRIS & SON.

\$50.00 Reward!

FIFTY DOLLARS will be paid to any person who will give information against the thief or thieves who stole a Composition Rudder Brace and about fifty sheets of copper or composition sheathing from off the Canada Wharf, Chatham, on Monday night, 23rd instant. DAN'L CRIMMEN. Chatham, June 25th, 1884.

BUSINDSS NOTICE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, Miramichi, N. B., every THURSDAY morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of It s sent to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain (Postage prepaid by the Pul isher) at the following rates :-One year, in advance, - After 6 months, -

son, are inserted at five cents per line nonpareil, (or sixty cents per inch) for 1st insertion, and two ents per line (or twenty cents per inch) for each Yearly, or season, advertisements are taken at the

Advertisements are placed under classified hea

rate of \$6.75 an inch per year. The matter n space secured by the year, or season, may be changed under arrangement made therefor with the The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circu pation distributed principally in the Counties of Kent Northumberland, Gloucester and Restigouche (New

Brunswick), and in Bonaventure and Gaspe (Quebec), among communities engaged in Lumbering, Fishing and Agricultural pursuits, offers superior nducments to advertisers.

Address Editor 'Miramichi Advance." Chatham N. B.

Miramichi Advance. CHATHAM. - - - JULY 3, 1884. The Miramichi Valley Railway. Quite a large party of gentlemen from Chatham, including Messrs. Snowball, Muirhead and Morrison, directors, and a number of stockholders of the Northern and Western Railway Company, visited the works along the eastern section of the Valley Railway on Thursday last. They found the grading on the first Capital Prize, \$75,000. ten miles far advanced towards comple-100,000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each, tion. The men are divided into about accomplished already was a matter of most satisfactory surprise to the visitors. There are some pretty heavy rock and earth cuttings, as well as fills within a mile on each side of Barnaby River which are nearly all finished, while the lighter work of grading is also finished and ready for the sleepers for several miles. The arrangements for crossing .\$265,500 work of track-laying will now be con-Application for rates to Clubs should be made tinued westward and cars will, in all For further information write clearly, giving full address. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to by the first of August. It would open the eyes of the Dominion Government, we think, if its members could see what has been done on this road, notwithstanding the shabby treatment the Company received last winter through the misrepresentations of Mr. Mitchell. Here is a Company which the member | Tories did not think it necessary to change of Commons for Northumberland represented as doing nothing but engaging | Richard Cartwright was negotiating for a in unseemly local squabbles, and really loan. Party supersedes patrictism; that having neither the intention nor ability to build the railway, whose preparations and purchases, known to nearly everybody in his constituency, were belittled or denied, and whose subsidy he caused to be withdrawn without even affording | Man, it is because our Government is enthem a chance to be heard, pushing on their important undertaking with rapidity, determination and enterprise which ought to make him heartily sorry for and ashamed of his conduct towards them. We have not the slightest doubt that the Ministers, when they realise how false Mr. Mitchell has been to his constituency, and unmindful of the interests of York in the matter, will not only them your friends; but the British manube very careful before again acting on his assurances, but ready to make amends to the Company for the wrong | combine for the purpose of crying down a worked upon it.

> Of the preparations being made on the western, or Fredericton end of the road the York Gleaner says :-

"Mr. Maxwell has returned from

the preliminary survey of the Mirami chi Valley Railway. This survey was in charge of Mr. Ruel, who ran the line from Gibson up the Nashwaak, a distance of 29 miles. Mr. Maxwell then began at the Boiestown end and came west, while Ruel continued on towards lies in the streets of Harbor Grace. the east. The former surveyed 14 miles and the latter eleven in addition to the first 20, which makes the distance to Boiestown by the proposed line 45 miles. Plans of the route are now being prepared with the greatest possible speed, and when they are completed they will be forwarded to Ottawa, and as soon as they are approved of the contract will be signed so as to secure the subsidy. Work will be begun very try the prisoners. True bills were found soon, and pushed on rapidly. Just how against those arrested. On May 12th, much work will be done this year will nineteen Catholic prisoners were arraigndepend somewhat upon how soon oper- ed and each pleaded not guilty. The upwards of 20 miles of road will built belore snow flies. It will not probably be possible to go up to Stanley Fair; but it will be possible, there is little doubt, for the Stanley people to come down in the cars, if they want to, to do their Christmas marketing.

"The character of the route along the line as surveyed is of average difficulty. It is not as easy a road to build as some that have been constructed in the province, nor as difficult as others. But the Company which have it on hand mean business, and small as the subsidies are, will carry on the work to a successful issue. The eastern end of the road is much easier than the por-

tion west of Boiestown." Great on Arithmetic. It is to be hoped that the Toronto Globe will not, in future, presume to the Chatham World is in existence. Last Saturday's issue of our wonderful little local sheet annihilated the Globe's "arithmetic" and, hereafter, whenever anyone presumes to say that any loan which the World approves is not the very best ever effected, that paper's first class in arithmetic will be called up to prove conclusively that no one save its own financial editor-who by the way came near, last week, to converting a loan of printing office plant into a gift or purchase-knows anything whatever about such abstruse problems. The World having stated that the "financial leader writer" of the Globe has "no knowledge of arithmetic." that he "lies outrageously," it ought to be accepted as a fact that the World's great financier should be promoted "to go up to the foot of the class, "and await a call to the Finance department at Ot-All at Bottom Prices. tawa. Sir Leonard Tilley will, no doubt, be much flattered over having a champion who ends all disputes by telling one who differs from him that he WATER STREET, - CHATHAM, N. B knows nothing of arithmetic and, therethe kind of argument which the World thinks "smart" and which its great arithmetician thinks is "good enough

the resignation of Mr. Wheeler. The Canadian Loan.

News has been simultaneously, and through the same channel, received by the Government organs, of the brilliant success, and by the Opposition organs of the disastrous failure, of the Canadian loan. The inference, of course is, on the Government side, that Sir Leonard Tilley is a prodigious financial genius : on the Opposition side that he is a dotard. The simple truth is that in being enabled to borrow money at a little under four per cent., which is the net upshot of the transaction, Canada has shared in reasonable measure the benefit of that general reduction of the rate of interest which is going on, and unless there should be some great destruction of capital by war or some unis likely to go on, over the whole commermeans of production and of the habit of law, that which the social revolutionist vain, to do by means of public plunder and the guillotine. The use of capital is the parties, got damages to the extent being continually afforded to those who continually being transferred from the a dozen squads and the work they have tendency but war, the waste of capital by idle luxuries and fiscal follies, like the commercial system and Protectionism, change, and therefore with the proper direction of labour, retard the increase of production. Government organs, while they boast of the success, are disposed to nant machinations of the Grand Trunk and of the Grit party. The sorrows of the the Intercolonial are completed and the Grand Trunk have always been an adverse element in the English market. That Globe. British investors are much

ascribe the want of success to the maligjudiced against us by the jeremiads the Grits is not likely : the jeremiads of the party out of power in the United States do not prevent them from buying American bonds. The English have a party Government themselves. and they perfectly understand that it is the business of an Opposition to show that the country is going to ruin. Canadian their language or to be silent because Sir result. It is probable that if our credit stands somewhat lower than that of the United States, and even, as we are all grieved to learn, than that of the Isle of gaged in an enterprise of vast magnitude, which has recently made additional dethe end. 'In one quarter it has been sugland have been seeking to revenge themselves on Canada for the N. P. This is most unlikely. By imposing heavy duties on goods you do not make the dealers in facturers set little store on the Canadian market, and they certainly would not loan. When such thoughts, however, find expression, we see once more how small is the value to England of the name of poli-

towards the Mother Country is evidently far from unequivocal. - The Week.

tical supremacy compared with the liabili-

The Harbor Grace, Nfld., Riots. On the 26th of last December an Orange procession was met by a party of Cathonumber of shots were fired with the effect of killing instantly three of the Orangemen; another was killed by the blow a picket, and a fifth lingered in great suffering for three months, when he died from the effect of wounds received on that occasion. One or two Catholics were killed. Each side charged the other with beginning the fatal affray. A number of arrests were made, and on the 7th of May the Supreme Court met at St. John's to separately, the prisoners were first arraigned for the wilful murder of William Janes. Thirty-seven jurors were called. of whom twenty-three were challenged by the counsel for the prisoners, and two were ordered to "stand aside" by the counsel for the crown. The trial was not finished until Friday, 27th June, when all the prisoners were acquitted. The Orange prisoners are still to be tried.

Another Great Invention.

PINT GLASS BOTTLE THAT EXTINGUISHES AS MUCH FIRE AS A BARREL OF WATER. Hundreds gathered at the Market Square, yesterday afternoon, to witness the exhibition of the Harden Hand Grenade, and those who saw it are loud in praise of its usefulness. At the exhibition given, a seething mass of flame over two hundred feet in surface, was totally extinguished in four seconds time, by sim- that the rejection of the franchise bill ply throwing two of the little bottles on the fire. The character of the solution in stone, through professing to regard as meddle with any question affecting the the bottle is unknown to but one man, a calamity, grievous to the country, NEW STIRF AND SOFT finances of the Dominion—that is while a chemist, who had succeeded in producing a mixture, that, while death to fire, is warned them would imperil the legislaperfectly harmless to both the clothing tive existence of the lords. He declared and person. Mr. Frank J. Pilling. the travelling agent of the Harden Hand Grenade Co., of Chicago, conducted the experiment, and actually broke one of the grenades and drank part of the contents, thus proving its harmless properties. Mr. Frank Mackenzie, of the Provincial Oil that Gladstone's speech was not a speech Co., has been appointed agent of the on the franchise bill, but on the question grenade, and received several orders from whether the House of Lords should any interested parties. He will also appoint longer form part of the Legislature of the sub-agents in each of the counties, and if country. He protested with unwonted as many are sold here in proportion as vigor against the pretension of requiring there are in the States, it will be difficult the Lords to forego their constitutional to supply the demand. In Halifax, dur- right of independent judgment on a measing the past week, over two hundred pre sent up to them in obedience to the dozen have been sold. Among the many dictation of an imperious prime minister. interested spectators yesterday were his Mr. Gladstone's was the most serious Worship Mayor Grant and the members declaration that a minister of the Crown of the fire department, the Salvage Corps, | had ever made or the House of Commons several alderman, and many of our leading merchants and insurance men. Mayor Grant, in highly complimenting the rang with constant cheers and counter agents on their success, gave permission to refer any interested parties to him. no better way of expressing their despair-Mr. R. W. W. Frink, insurance agent, ing protest than by leaving the House is also connected with the Salvage Corps, a body and allowing the third reading of sent the Grenada Company a flattering the franchise bill to pass nem con. Disfore, "lies outrageously." But that is letter, highly endorsing the grenade and covering, yesterday, that they had thus recommending its general use. Hundreds only strengthened the Government's case States have been received by the com- futile efforts to expunge the fact from the pany, and the extent of the use of the journals of the House. The second readgrenade may be known when it is said ing of the franchise bill in the House of

perhaps save thousands of dollars and undreds of lives. Mr. Mackenzie now has the samples of the grenades at his office and will willingly explain their use. We believe he also intends giving another exhibition of them on Dominion day. -St. John Telegraph

The Fishery Suits. The long standing suits of Messrs. Steadman, Hanson and Spurr against the Dominion Government are at last settled the parties accepting \$500 each, and the Government paying the costs. The suits arose out of the attempt of the officials of the Dominion Government to enforce the claim of that Government to control all forseen absorption of it in great works the fisheries of the Province even in non tidal waters. A part of the Miramich cial world. With the progress of the river was leased to Mr. C. A. Robertson the parties above named went on the rive saving, both of which advancing civiliza- despite an order in Council intended to tion brings, the accumulation of capital prevent any one fishing a river without a increases and the rate of interest and of license from the Fishery Department profits consequently falls. Thus nature The Government officer seized their fish does, through the operation of economical ing rods and drove them off. Action were entered against the officer, but the proposes and has attempted, though in Government defended the suit. Mr. Henry Phair, of Fredericton, another \$511, and, which we believe were paid used it on easier terms, and profits are Judge Steadman got \$3,000; Mr. Hanson \$1,000, and Mr. Spurr, \$1,200. But the capitalist to those whose labour he em- Government appealed the cases, and, of ploys. Nothing arrests this beneficent course, it is expensive work fighting a government. The parties, we believe, all offered to settle for about the same terms as Mr. Phair, the Government to which, by interfering with freedom of ex- pay the costs. At first the Government refused this, but now, it seems, they have accepted. The attitude of the gentlemer named, aside from their personal success. established the very important principle that the Province was the riparian owner along the ungranted lands, and that the riparian owner's rights could not be taken away by Dominion legislation .- St. John

The N.Y. Sun's cable despatch says Gladstone has outwitted the Tories by pledging himself to submit the settlement of the Egyptian question to the House of Commons for its approval. He has so managed as to take all freedom of debate from Parliament. This was done by dividing the revelation of ministerial plans into two parts, keeping back the financial portion until after the conference. The result is that the vote of censure now proposed is premature, because the House has not had is the law of the system and its inevitable | the facts before it. The vote after the conference will be late, because the mischief will have been done, and the rejection of the settlement of the conference would be to fly in the face of Europe. In short, a vote before the conference is too early, and after it is too late. Gladstone's opponents eulogise the extraordinary skill mands of alarming magnitude on the trea- by which he has jockeyed his enemies. sury, and of which nobody clearly sees | His party will now go absolutely solid with him for, while they may disapprove gested that commercial interests in Eng- of his policy, they have an excellent excuse for voting against the inopportune proposals of the Tories. Another despatch says that Gladstone

left the Tories so that they must either

acquiesce for the time in the half disclosed

policy of the Government or attempt to

induce the House to censure the proposal

of which it had no official knowledge.

Goschen and Foster instantly announced that they could not, under these circumstances, support the resolution of censure Lord Randolph Churchill, nevertheless, in ties which it entails. Its favorable effect a speech exceptionally reckless even for even on the sentiment of Canadians him, forced the hand of the leaders, Sir Stafford Northcote yielding after two days, and giving notice of a vote of censure. which Mr. Gladstone joyfully accepted, fixing Monday for the debate, and declaring privately that "the Lord had delivered his enemies into his hand." There is but one opinion in regard to the incredible folly of the Tories in every independent journal, for opposing the Ministerial policy in Egypt, declaring the present action of the Opposition suicidal and the Standard itself gives but a half hearted support. The result is that the ministers. next week, will be contending with France in the conference. while they are attacked by Tories, in the House notwith. standing Mr. Gladstone's assurance that the whole agreement, as thus far revealed, becomes nugatory if the conference fails to accept the financial proposals. Not content with this, Mr. Gladstone provides a fresh diversion for the public, starts a fresh crisis by appealing to ountry against the Lords in defence the franchise bill, which Lord Salisbury has finally resolved to reject. Gladstone's appearance in the Commons on Thursday last, was wholly unexpected, nobody anicipating that the Government would do more than move the third reading formally. The speaker had arranged with Lord Goschen to call on him immediately after motion was made. As the members on both sides were leaving the House, Gladstone began with quiet tones, but thundering cheers from the remaining liberals which, greeted his opening sentences, called everybody back. The scene thenceforward was one of intense excitement Every word of warning, challenge and menace to the lords was emphasised by tremendous applause from below the gangway. Every phrase was kept strictly within parliamentary, limits, but the House of Lords was distinctly notified would give rise to a conflict which Gladand he was desirous to avoid. that the crisis would be the most serious one since the corn laws, entailing infinite mischief and difficulties, but the ultimate issue was beyond doubt. Sir Stafford Northcote, startled out of

his usual timid slowness, retorted justly Throughout the whole scene, the House

cheers. The Tories finally could discover against the Lords they made feeble and

an effective extinguisher of fire. Twelve (which was defeated in the Commons by ed, they routed the Chinese. Among dollars per dozen is certainly low for an a majority of 130) postponing the extenarticle that, for such a small outlay, may sion of franchise till the redistribution Prime Minister Ferry stated in the Chamscheme is included. If this be adopted Mr. Gladstone will not dissolve but will announce an autumn session in order to return the bill to the lords, expecting the country, meanwhile, to be sufficiently aroused to make the demand irresistible.

The Sun's despatch says that Gladstone's speech has created intense anger among the Conservatives as an open menace to the House of Lords. People generally think that it will help Lord Salisbury in getting the lords to throw an African river that wastes itself by the bill out. The final scene of the bill in the Commons developed fiercer political passion than has been seen for a consider-

Says the Chicago Current: "Since the Dominion of Canada was organized under the British North America Act of 1867. the confederated provinces have contrived to run up a debt of about \$250,000,000, or to be accurate, \$254, 159, 104. It was increased by \$50,000,000 at the last session of the Dominion Parliament, which was chiefly occupied dealing out subsidies allay provincial jealousies. This is very bad for a country with a population of less than 4,500,000. What the Dominion seems to need is more people; but they do not come very rapidly. They go away, however. There sre 700,000 Canadians in the United States.

A NOTEWORTHY OCCURENCE has taken place in the relations of the Episcopal, Presbyterian, and Methodist Churches of Canada. They have been sending delegations to each other to convey Christian and fraternal salutations. A large and influential deputation, from the Diocese of Toronto, visited the Presbyterian General Assembly during its meeting in this city. Venerable Archdeacon Boddy and the Hon. Edward Blake conveyed the friendly regards of the Synod, and met with a most cordial reception. Rev. Professor McLaren responded on behalf of the Assembly. The visit was returned, and the same thorough cordiality greeted Moderator, Clerk, and other prominent members of the delegation who gracefully paid their respects to the Synod of Toronto .- The Week.

Mr. Livingston's Charges.

To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance. Will you allow space in the columns of the ADVANCE for the enclosed letters, A and B. It is no more than justice that you should publish both of my letters as well as a comment on the morsel of scurrility over the name "Wm. Wheten" which appeared in your issue of Thursday,

Mr. Editor, the end of this business not yet. Yours respectfully,

GORDON LIVINGSTON. Richibucto, 30th June, 1884.

Published by request From the St. John Globe of June 21st.

The Public Money.

RICHIBUCTO, June 19, 1884. To the Editor of the Globe Sir.—As you have kindly published my letters with the exception of the "unnecessarily offensive expressions,"and as certain statements in my letters would appear in the eyes of the general readers as 'alleged," "doubtful," etc., etc., permit me space to say I am prepared to affirm in the most solemn manner that every word contained in my letter of the 17th inst., to Hon. P. G. Ryan is true. And while you may "dare say that all the facts can be got at by moving in the House of Assembly for the papers," I dare say and do say that it was impossible to obtain any information from the Government during the late session of the Legislature touching the matter in question. Permit me, en passant, to remark, that while a considerable amount of dust has been raised in the case of Hon. W. E. Perley, ex-M. E. C., a much greater quantity of dust can be raised in the case of bye-road appropriations in this county—and for proof of my statement I refer to a letter which appeared in the GLOBE of the 6th Nov., 1883, with which I was charged as being the author, and the statements in said letter were endorsed

by O. J. LeBlanc, M. P. P., in the Kent Hotel, at 9 o'clock a. m., Nov. 8th, 1883. All of which is respectfully submitted. Yours, etc., GORDON LIVINGSTON. of June 27th.]

LETTER FROM MR. LIVINGSTON. To the Editor of the Times :

County Bye-Road monies. The only reply (?) to these, as yet, has appeared over the signature "Wm. Wheten." Abuse is no form of argument. I know whereof I make-despite the abuse of the barkeeper Had your correspondent been boycotted

years ago, he might have his pair in hand, his handsome turn out, with the other appendages, instead of him who now enjoys these luxuries purchased with "fool's pence." With respect, yours truly, GORDON LIVINGSTON. Richibucto, N. B., June 25th. 1884.

If it Were Possible

to get the testimony of the multitude who have used the Shaker Blood Syrup for spring debility, languor. lassitude and that general feeling of stupidity, weariness and exhaustion which everyone feels during this season, we should be able to present to our readers such an overwhelming mass of commendatory messages, that the few who have not tried it would do so at once. It is a positive fact, and has been so effectually demonstrated that no one to-day denies it, that the Shaker Blood Syrup contains more real medicinal value than any article now before the public. Hundreds, in spite of their prejudices, are taking the Shaker Blood Syrup, and now honestly declare it to be the best medicine ever offered to the public; and they are quite right, and this sentiment must and will extend just as far as people will allow themselves to be influenced by facts and by the testimony of those people who have tried it and know whereof they speak. In presenting the Shaker Blood Syrup to the public we suffer, because people have been so often humbugged by the weak decoctions with which the country is filled. It is often difficult to make people believe what an advertisement says, because of the evil in fluence produced by those unreliable worthless preparations. It is true that honest people are constantly suffering from the effects of dishonesty, and this will probably always be so, but it does not require any remarkable ability to see how the real worth of the Shaker Blood Syrup impresses itself upon people. Our reputation rests upon the value of this medicine, and we are proud of the record it is making. For sale at Mackenzie's Medieal Hall, Chatham, N. B.

Despatches of 26th from Hanoi state that 4,000 Chinese regulars, who were provided with artillery, entrenched them-Hon. Mr. Anglin, it is said, is a that the sales are 500 dozen per day. Lords is fixed for July 7th. It has been telegraphs that the French troops num- going the rounds of the press, as the St. candidate for the seat in the House of The extreme cheapness of these grenades arranged that the Duke of Richmond bered 700 men and were on the way to John News is not now in existence. John Commons vacated in west Ontario by enables every person to have at command shall move Lord Manners' amendment Langson. Though so greatly outnumber. Henry is a whale.—Moncton Times.

those lost by the French were two officers ber of Deputies, that M. Patenotre had been ordered to proceed to Pekin and demand satisfaction for the Chinese violation of the treaty, at Langson. He said also that Admiral Borbet had gone northward with ships under his command, to support the French demands.

GENERAL NOTES AND NEWS

The life of a mere worldly man is lik oaking into the desert sands.

Some of Queen Victoria's cattle recent ly brought about \$6,000 each.

The average ocean steamer burns 100 tons of coal a day, and the "cracks ourn twice as much

Drunkenness is punishable by death in Japan. This is the most effectual method known of preventing a man getting drunk

Dr. Gaynor's residence at Debec was burned to the ground on Thursday night. Loss \$5,000; insurance \$2,000. Mr. C. J. Townshend was elected by

acclamation on Thursday last as represen tative in the Commons for Cumberland. The English exports to Canada for the

five months ending May 31 were \$1,967. 390, against \$2,614,307 for the same period in 1883. Canadian exports to the United Kingdom, for the first five months of 1884, were valued at £515,201, against £656,983 in the same period of 1883.

A prisoner in the jail, Rochester, N. H. the other night entertained the officers and prisoners with a free concert in which he sang loudly most of the night. In the morning his cell was empty, and the jailer found the singing had covered the noise of filing bars.

While trout fishing at Moosehead Lake, Maine, a fortnight ago, Mr. George W. Dillingham, of G. W. Carleton & Co., publishers, had the remarkable luck to strike four trout at one cast. They were successfully landed, their total weight being ten pounds.

O. E. Comstock, Caledonia, Minn. writes : I was suffering the most excruciating pains from inflammatory rheumatism. One application of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil afforded almost instant relief, and two bottles effected a permanent

Moses Gallant, 15 years of age, was drowned at Campbellton, on Sunday afis ternoon, 22nd ult. while bathing .- Angus McDonald, 12 years old, son of William McDonald, of Fredericton, was drowned on Tuesday night while bathing at the Court House slip. He waded out too far. got into a hole and went down.

Cairo despatches of June 26th state that reports of the fall of Berber are officially confirmed. Berber was surprised by rebels at daybreak, on May 26th, and after much fighting Hussein Pacha Khalifa, governor of Berber, surrendered. A massacre of the inhabitants followed. The women and children were spared, but few men escaped.

The Spirit of the Times publishes an interview with Vanderbilt in relation to Mr. Case's offer to match Jay-Eye-See against Maud S. or any other trotter for \$10,000 a side. Vanderbilt is reported as saying he keeps Maud S. merely for his own pleasure and will not allow her to be trotted in a race or match.

A Woodstock despatch of 17th. says:-A very serious accident occurred on the New Brunswick Railway at one o, clock this afternoon. When the down freight train, from Presque Isle to Woodstock, was passing about four miles above Bath the engine ran off the track down a ballast pit, dragging with it seven cars that piled on top of the locomotive. The driver, Robert McFee. was fatally scalded. The fireman, James Foster, of St. Mary's, was severely struck about the [Published by request from the Moncton Times | head, and remained unconscious for four or five hours. The cars, which contained sleepers, shingles and hay, were greatly damaged and the engine made a wreck, I observe by your weekly addition that It is said that the accident was caused by you have given publicity to my letters a sun kink which expanded the rails and which appeared in the Globe anent Kent drew them out of gauge drew them out of gauge.

An Ottawa despatch of 25th ult says CARPETS "Conservative members of the Mousseau speak, and am prepared to back up any inquiry commission continue to do every-and every statement I have made or may thing in their power to prevent the facts thing in their power to prevent the facts from being made public. At the meeting, to produce papers required by the commission, but wished to make certain explanations. Lacoste, representing Mousseau, objected to the documents being made public. After some discussion as to excluding the press and public, Nautell moved that, in view of the objections raised by one of the commission ers, Lacoste and others, the commission close its doors to all but parties interested, and their legal representatives, to open the papers produced by deBeautfort, and do decide which of them shall be admitted as evidence. Robidoux, another commissioner, filed a written protest against the course. The motion was carried whereupon Mr. Mercier announced that he respectfully refused to take a part in, or be present at any session with closed doors. He then left. The press members and public were also requested to withdraw. No business was done beyond looking through documents handed in by deBeautfort. The commission then adjourned until July 4. Mr. Desjardins. chairman of the commission, acknowledges that the proceedings of the commission should be public, and stated that he only allowed the resolution to carry to protect the private character of men not concerned. At the next meeting, he said. the press and public would be admitted, and all documents to be accepted as

> Restigouche County, exult over the possession of a young giant, called Big Jack, who in the size of his pedal extremities would probably leave any of the alleged modern Sampsons in the cold shades. John Henry Moriarty is his full stage name. Here is the size of his foot:-Length of foot, with sock, 15 inches; heel to instep, 114 inches; ball of foot, 8 inches. To satisfy the curiosity of the anxious, further dimensions were taken. His hand from wrist bone to tip of finger, measures 101 inches, and when walking upright swings below the knee. He is 19 years of age, 6 ft. 11 in. in height, and weighs 230 avoirdupois pounds. It is said he possesses the strength of two ordinary men, and can roar loud enough to be heard as far as a steamboat whistle. The above appears in a Halifax paper of this week, credited to the St. John

A MODERN SAMPSON. - Little Belledune

selves at Langson, in violation of the News (?) John Henry's dimensions were treaty, and attacked the French forces as first given to the public about two years they were on the march, killing seven and | ago through the columns of THE TIMES. wounding 42. Gen. Nigrier at once set The paragraph, copied into the News out with reinforcements. Gen. Millot without credit, has probably since been

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