General Business.

ATCAPITAL PRIZE. \$75,000 E

Louisiana State Lottery Company " We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorise the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes-with a Capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over \$550,000 has since been added. By an overwhelming popular vote its franchisa was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d A. D. 1879 The only Lottery ever voted on and endorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly. A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. EIGHTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS I, IN THE ACA-DEMY OF MUSIC, NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, SEPT. 8, 1885-184th Monthly Drawing CAPTIAL PRIZE, 75,000 100.000 Tickets at Five Dollars Each. Fractions, in Fifths in proportion.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES, 9 Approximation Prizes of \$750..... Application for rates to Clubs should be made

enlyto the Office of the Company in New Orleans full address. POSTAL NOTES, Express money Orders, or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (all sums of \$5 and upwards at our expense) addressed M. A. Dauphin, or M. A. Dauphin,

607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C. Make P. O. Money Orders payable and address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,

OR LOUISIANA NATIONAL BANK, GERMANIA NATIONAC BANK,

AND

Boarding Stable. ADJOINING THE ADAMS HOUSE.

CHATHAM, N. B.

The subscriber has just fitted up these stables, put in first class stock and hopes by strict attention to business to win a share of public patron-FRANK S. GRIFFIN,

Works!! Marble Upper Chatham to the primises on WAFER ST., CHATHAM, lately occupied by MR. ALEX.CANT-LEY, Blacksmith, (near the Ferry,) where he is pre-

MONUMENTS, HEAD STONES, TABLETS AND CEMETRY WORK GENERALY

Also: COUNTER and TABLE TOPS and other Miscellaneous Marble and Fine Stone Work. A good stock of MARBLE constantly on

EDWARD BARRY.

WILLIAM RAE has at his shop, UPPER WATER STREET,

large assortment of CEMETRY WORK, in TABLETS, GRAVE-MARKS, ETC

Rapging at prices from \$4 upwards. Chatham, July 21st, 1885. South West Boom Co'y.

SALE OF UNMARKED AND PRIZE LOGS. There will be sold at Public Auction, on Mon-DAY, the 17th day of Augustinstant, at three o'clock ance of the second part, he will be in the afternoon, in front of the new Fire Engine House in Newcastle, all the

UNMARKED AND PRIZE LOGS now lying rafted at the South West Boom. TERMS CASH.

ALLAN RITCHIE, Newcastle, August 3, 1885.

Central Book Store.

We take pleasure in announcing that our stock

BOOKS AND STATIONERY

is now complete, comprising a full assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS AND SUPPLIES.

The latest publications in the

FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY.

Warne's unabridged Novels, Harper's Handy Series, Robertson's American Series, Leisure Hour do., Lily do., a good line of Handsomely

PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS. AUTOGRAPH DO. A large and varied stock of NOTE PAPERS AND ENVELOPES, Papetrie in boxes, WRITING FLUIDS in quarts, pints, and pints, and small. BLANK BOOKS, broad and long cap from 2 to 5 quires, small kind, ruled for all purposes. Memos, Weekly and Monthly TIME BOOKS. A large and varied lot of TOY BOOKS. CARD BOARD, all colors and perforated. Tissu papers, Pens, Pencils, Games, Visiting Cards Paper Clips, Legal Stamps and Paper, &c. &c.

R.C. PRAYER BOOKS, CHURCH SERVICES, Rev'd E. Wallace Waits' pamphlet on the Insti tution and claims of the Sabbath, 5cts. Bibles, etc. etc., Rubber Bands, Erasers, Artists' materials, Oil and Water, etc., etc. AT CENTRAL BOOKSTORE IDA MOSS

NORTH ATLANTIC Steamship Company. and important one.

S. S. "CLIFTON" MCFEE, MASTER.

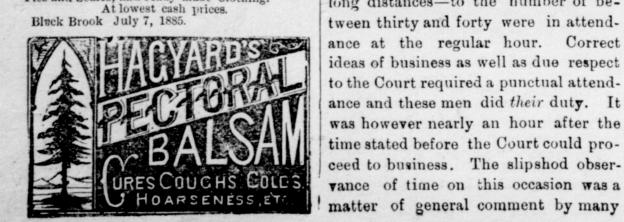
August next, and after discharging and loading will proceed to LONDON

The S. S. "Clifton" of this line, will be

via Charlottetown, P. E. I., on or about the 1st September. Intending shippers will please gov ern themselves accordingly, R. A. & J. STEWART.

F. W. RUSSELL

PORK, FLOUR, MEAL, MOLASSES, TEA and a full line of choice family Groceries, Crockery Glass and Earthenware, Boots and Shoes, Hats Ties and Scarfs, and ready made Clothing.



Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B. - - - AUGUST 13, 1885

The Case of Riel. The press, generally, is discussing the question of Riel's fate, and there is much speculation as to what it will be. If opinion on the subject is to be formed from the tone of journals on the Government side of politics and, therefore, having opportunities for anticipating the action of the Crown in the matter, the escape of the criminal from the gallows appears assured. It is disappointing to find so many papers of good position and which ought, above all things, to stand consistently and firmly by the country's interests in this important matter, changing the views hitherto expressed by them and avowing, in effect, that justice has been secured in the mere rendering of the verdict against Riel and that it will be better for all interests involved if the clamor of a certain fanatical element is hushed by the Crown acting on the insanity plea and sequestring the wretch in a. lunatic asylum. Riel's whole course in connection with Northwest troubles has been simply that of a dangerous demagogue, who, having attainments superior to those of the people by whom he was surrounded, played the role best calculated to make them subservient in carrying out his designs, regardless of any sacrifices to others which might be involved. His one aim was the acquisition of

power. When he thought this end might be attained by counselling constitutional agitation he was ready to shout "God save the Queen," but when he had counted noses and made up his mind that he had sufficient men at his back, he did not hesitate to raise the standard of rebellion, plunder the government and people of the country, slay those in authority and incite even his savage allies to rapine and murder. There are tew who can be convinced that the man was insane. The jury to whom all the evidence was submitted did not believe him to be insane and if he now receives the benefit of executive clemency on the ground of insanity another premium will be offered to the class of political agitators who are restrained within constitutional methods only through fear of having their necks stretched. Riel

has proved himself an arch rebel, robber and murderer. He has, himself, shed the blood of loyal citizens of the Dominion and incited others, including Indians, to the same work. Whatever may be the sympathies enlisted in his behalf, an example should be made of him, not because

the taking of his vicious life can be,

Gazette, the organ of Hon. Mr.

Oysters for Great Britain.

exports from New York to European

ports from September 13th, 1884, to

May 23th 1885, include no less than

98,802 barrels of oysters, of which 96,-

517 went to Liverpool. These figures

suggest that a good business might

be done in oysters between Mirami-

chi and Great Britain through the

facilities afforded by North Atlantic

S. S. Co. We have extensive oyster

beds here, and a sample lot might be

sent forward to London on the fourth

trip of the"Clifton," which will, proba-

bly, leave here early in October.

Ovsters for the English market

should be picked over and well

packed in the barrels. There is no

trouble about them reaching their

destination in good order and the

business only requires a proper be-

Reform Needed.

A pointed illustration of a bad habit

into which people who ought to know

better have fallen, was had on Monday

forenoon last at the Court House,

Newcastle. The Court had been ad-

named by Judge Wilkinson for it to

court-some of them having to travel

long distances-to the number of be-

We observe that the returns of

terior. It is as follows,-

was sentenced to death.

Owing to the unfortunate uprising in of itself, any compensation for the the Northwest, most persons felt that the government should be allowed to econeffects of his criminal villainy upon omise a little for this year, in order to the country and its people, but as a meet the four or five million dollars which deterrent to the too large class in the rebellion has cost the country. But the Grit members cared nothing for this. Canada whose inherent disloyalty is While shouting at the top of their voice restrained within lawful bounds only that the country was being hopelessly 'swamped by Tory extravagance," they though fear for the safely of their pushed their hands deep down into the public chest and helped themselves to a full share of the cash. The government, it may be said, had no right to allow A significant utterance on the

above subject comes from the Montreal What a pity the government was not 'allowed to economise"! Our contem-White, the new Minister of the Inporary should have the decency to say that the additional subsidy was first "The verdict was two-fold-'guilty, bargained for between the government with recommendation to mercy.' In and its supporters, then passed upon pursuance of the first part, the man by the cabinet, recommended to the There governor general, and submitted to the justice was carried out. In furtherhouse by message, before any member of the opposition had anything to do. interned for life either in an asylum or any chance to do anything with it. or a prison. There mercy will in-Of nearly \$150,000, the total of the salary grab, very nearly \$100,000 went In other words, the conviction and into the pockets of Tory senators and sentence of Reil, which were practicommoners. And yet the organs have cally approved by the whole country, the assurance to talk of the governis to go for nothing because of the ment's desire to economise, and of the clamor of a disloyal element of which opposition "putting their hands deep into the public chest"! They have a time-serving government is in fear.

> Telegraph. Hon. PASCAL S. POIRIER, Senator, has taken up his residence in Richibucto, and taken rooms in the Vautour Terrace. It is said that he will read law in the office of Robert Hutchison, Esq., whose prospects for receiving the appointment of revising barrister under the new Franchise Act are reported as

HIS LORDSHIP the Metropolitan is to reach Chatham on Wednesday next and points in this portion of the Diocese.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS reopened yesterday.

Riel's Last Speech.

In addition to his address to the jury in his own behalf prior to their retiring to consider their verdict in his case, Riel, in answer to the question if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed on him, addressed the Court over an hour ginning to become a remunerative and said the verdict of guilty was a great advantage because it showed him to be not insane. He had a mission to fulfil and so long as he was looked upon as in-

sane he could not do it. Now he would begin to succeed. ONE OF HIS DIFFICULTIES. was beginning to disappear. He thanked the jury for the recommendation of mercy. The Tory St. James's Gazette this even-It would be easy now for him to make an ing, attacking by inuendo Lord Randolph journed a few days before, and the hour | incendiary speech against the selection | Churchill, joins the Tory Standard in of the jury and the legality of the Court, lecturing Lord Salisbury on the dangers meet again was ten o'clock, a. m. In but he must take advantage of the situa- of the present Conservative campaign Newcastle it is understood that public tion to show himself responsible. He tactics. Conservative leaders generally bodies shall observe 60th meridian had a call from God to do something for agree that these must be abandoned, that time, and grand and petit jurors and the Northwest. His suffering would the Premier must develop a positive party other persons whose duty or business prove him to be a prophet. He himself policy, and more especially take hold of obliged them to be present at the had suffered seventeeen years, Riel fifteen, the Tory attitude against disestablishand he had two more years to suffer. The ment. Great stress is laid on the latter

> THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT HAD SENT to treat with the rebels of sixty-nine, and at the coming elections. Both church

continuance of the troubles of 1869.

that for one or two individuals to keep thirty or forty others waiting for their tardy movements was simply an impertinence. In this case it was neither explained nor apologised for, custom having, apparently, lent to the abuse their assistance was the last resort. He the character of a special privilege, complained that Archbishop Tache and which seemed to be enjoyed with the the Ministers of the Crown had most supreme indifference to the in-

convenience its exercise caused. Many of the jurors were busy men who, while in 1869. Dubuc had given him the name they were willing to give to the Court David as a souvenir in 1872. Archbishop the time necessary for the transaction | Tache came and said his Lower Canadian friends wanted him to leave the country of their part of its business, had a because he would embarrass them during right to expect that they would not the election. He and Lepine got £400 be unduly or unnecessarily kept from Archbishop Tache to go. from their offices or stores or farms. agreed only because his benefactor, Archbishop Tache, asked him to. After Sir many waiting did not seem to be even George Cartier was defeated in Quebec. conscious that it involved a breach of good manners which, at least, called

Those whose tardy coming kept

capital and the bulwark of their busi-

ness-is guilty of constructive theft.

strong way of putting the matter, but

those who have their time wasted

appointments, realise the truth of what

we say. When men name an hour at

which they will meet they should be

punctual, and the gravity of their

offence in not being so is measured by

the length of the time they are behind

and the number of those whose time

Professor Foster.

The Gleaner of last Saturday sound

ed a timely note of warning to Pro-

fessor Foster, M. P. for Kings

Hon. Mr. Blake to Judas Iscariot.

If men like Professor Foster--politi-

cians of the time-serving and principle-

and themselves, and attack them, they

must expect to hear unpleasant refer-

ences made, just as a hint. We are

quite sure that no one desires to in-

terfere with certain of Professor Fos-

ter's little enjoyments or expose his

unsavory escapades, but there are

times when the public interests demand

that insolence of the class which

Shameless Hypocrisy.

The Tory Examiner, of Charlotte-

the wickedness of those whom Pro-

of the additional indemnity of \$500 to

each member of parliament. We quote

should be sat upon.

a sentence or two:-

is wasted in waiting for them.

ASKED TO GIVE UP PROVENCHER for explanation and would be wondered for him. Before the election in 1873 Sir at in places where men properly understand what is que to each other in to leave the country, and if that was not such matters as this. A man has no enough how much would be take to cross more right to take advantage of cirthe ocean? If he had the right to that cumstances to waste another's time money then, had be not the right to ask than he has to destroy or appropriate it last year? his more tangible property. Those, HE DECLARED HIMSELF THE PROPHET therefore, who waste the time of others -which in many cases is their chief

of the New World, giving some rather comical instances in proof. He wanted a medical-legal commission of doctors and lawyers to try him, not on account of the outbreak on the Saskatchewan alone, but This will, doubtless, seem to many a on his whole career during the past fifteen years, and determine if the execution of Scott was a murder. He complained that frequently by the law's unnecessary delays, by managers of public meetings and by the class who always contrive to have others waiting for them to keep voice told him that.

> The following are extracts from the French Canadian press on Riel's condemnation,-

RIEL TO BE MARTYRED. Riel has been condemned to be hanged We cannot be surprised because the affair was so arranged in advance.

Upper Canada needed a scapegoat. It was decided that Riel should be offered expiation. - La Presse. IF HE DESERVES MERCY, HE DESERVES A

QUITTAL.

This verdict of guilty, with recommenda tion to mercy, is not easy to understand County, who, in the Sun, compared If Riel, in the full enjoyment of all his mental fac dies, has been found responsible for the hands of lives which have been to inquire into the affair. prostituting class-will forget the diflest in the main py affair, he had no mercy to was from those who were ference between statesmen of Mr. summoned to judge him. Blake's position and moral character

If, on the other side, Riel had a right to mercy, it is because they believed him afflicted with idiocy or monomania, in which case they should have attached more importance to the evidence of which we speak above and have declared hir not responsible. -Le Monde.

A PUT UP JOB. To say that this news has surprised some of those who have followed the prompts personal attacks upon honored course of the trial would be to exceed the men by people of the Foster stamp truth. It was evident from the beginning when Mr. Richardson commenced to reveal his method of proceeding that Riel was condemned in advance. If one adds to this prejudice of the magistrate the town, is considerably exercised over bitterness of the Crown witnesses, it was quite impossible to foresee any other refessor Foster calls Grits. in the matter

ourselves we cannot hope that Sir John a charitable sentiment. If there is a favorable solution to expect it must come from England either by judicial voice or diplomatic suggestion. -La Patrie. HOPES THE SENTENCE WILL SATISFY MESSRS

LANGEVIN, CHAPLEAU AND CARON. May this condemnation satisfy the blind fanaticism of Canadian Francophobes and bring them back to a sense of justice towards our unfortunate brethren the French Halfbreeds! The sentence is perhaps neither unmerited, nor illegal; we neither deny nor affirm; but it certainly is the bitter fruit of injustice, of the arbitrary, tyrannical and persecuting spirit of a lique blindly inimical to our race. May it be the last! For the Federal bond would not hold long under the regime inauguratmaintained and sanctioned in the

primary movers of the rebellion. Riel has committed inexcusable faults; but he is not the most guilty. And on the other hand, it is evident that he has not acted in the full possession of his mental faculties. This has been the opinion of the majority of the doctors. Let the persecutors have their day marked in characters of blood by the hand of the executioner, the day of justice will come .l'Etendard.

ACTOR OR LUNATIC?

grown shameless in their hypocrisy .-Riel. The charge was too clear not to be sustained. The counsel of the accused understood this, and stuck to this line of defence as their only hope. But Riel

would have nothing to do with this sort of thing His counsel had almost the judge. It is the story of Guiteau, with a few variations Riel in his address was eloquent, touching, pathetic. It would have been absurd to have expected him to be logical He affirmed : "Archbishop Bourget told me I had a mission, and I am convinced of it." Pure hallucination! We know that one day will during the week visit different Mgr. Bourget wrote to him at Longue Pointe Asylum, but it was to recommend to him to show more decency in the presence of the worthy Sisters, whom he scrupled not to scandalize. All this we may very well put down to insanity.

Not satisfied with his speech of defence, Riel spoke for another two hours after the verdict against him. It was then evidently too late. Everything was over. But the actor again took up his role, and tried to link to his name a never-to-be-forgotten scene, an imperfect re-edition of that in which Emmet, the Irish patriot, defied his judges after his condemnation in a harangue which will endure as a masterpiece of its kind .- La Minerve.

A Policy Wanted -A Queer Parson A London despatch of 3rd inst says .--

Saskatchewan troubles were only the by Mr. Forster, who, in the name of moneyed Liberals, attacks it.

> CHURCH AND STATE DIVORCE. This will be the most burning question

value of the living is £1,052 annually, al. most a sovereign per head of the popu- the body of their beloved comrade. After lation. The incumbent is an Oxford man imbued with the ecclesiastical spirit of Bugler Krouse came from the ranks and the age of the Stuarts. His name is sounded "taps." Then Bishop Harris be-BROKEN THE PROMISE OF AN IMPARTIAL Coker-Adams, and he has been rector since 1876.

CLERICAL TYRANNY. years old, of patriarchial appearance and beloved by his neighbors, is suffering somewhat from the infirmities of age. Latterly he did not go to church, though for half a century be was a regular communicant, nor would he see the rector to whom, it is said, he had taken a vale. wrote to Patriarch Payne a letter, telling him: "I feel it my painful duty to proounce you cut off from church communion," and concluding, much after the fashion of an assize judge who has donned the black cap and is sentencing a murder. er, "and I pray God to save your soul."

AN ANATHEMA FROM THE PULPIT. The Patriarch, being a practical man, conceived the idea that this was done because some part of his tithes remained annoaid, and he asked with some naivete if this was not the reason of the rector's conduct. The Rev. Coker-Adams then wrote another letter, repeating his blackcap prayer, and then on Sunday, to the surprise and indignation of the congrethe indge had charged all against him, sation and in the tone and manner of but felt entire confidence that he would | Cardinal Becket, he applied a species of vet be spared to fulfil his mission. The Anathema Maranatha to the reverend octogenarian, who really has one foot in the churchvard turf, using the sad, soulechoing words of the excommunication in the Prayer Book, which is quite olselete | the night. in the Church of England. The farmer thus treated meditates obtaining legal redress, believing the attack to be one made upon his personal character.

EXCITEMENT IN THE DIOCESE. Meanwhile the people of the whole diocese of Norwich appear to be intensely excited, and undoubtedly the whole radical press of the realm will adopt the aggressive incident as a pivot for renewed attack upon a union of Church and State that invites bigotry and ecclesiastical autocracy. Parliament will also be asked

The Northwest Robels.

A Regina despatch of 5th inst, says,-

I wenty-six persons, including some o

Riel's council, were arranged this afternoon before Judge Richardson and Col McLeod on a charge of treason-felony. The prisoners, gray haired, stood side by side with those who in point of age might have been their sons. There were in the motley group whites, half-breeds and one or two Indians. They all appeared indifferent to the fate that might be in store for them and two or three looked upon the entire proceeding as a loke or were ignorant of the gravity of the result involved in their trial, and tittered when called upon to plead: The names of the prisoners are Pierre Parenteau, Pierre Garnpy, Pierre Henry, E. Champagne, M. Lepine, Albert Monkman, Joseph Delorme, Philip Garnpy, Joseph Arcand, Francois Tourind, Baniel Parenteau, Andre Nolin, M. Dubois, E. Swain, Frederick Fiddler, P. Lavard, James Short, Alex. Fisher, B. Vandal, Ignace Poitras, sr., Ignace Poitras, jr., Pierre Vandal, Joseph Piline, Baptiste Rochell, Moise Parenteau, W. Kcotoowayhim. Messrs. Burbidge, Robinson, Osler and Casgrain appeared for the crown. All the prisoners pleaded guilty. The counsel for the defence requested Richardson consented. Parenteau, Nolin, sentence when called upon. The remainsentence. The prisoners remaining to be

permission to put in affidavits to show extenuating circumstances and Colonel Swain and Fiddler were discharged on their own recognizances to appear for der pleaded guilty and were remanded for tried are: Quillet, who was one of Riel's Council, Poundmaker, Big Bear and two of his band, One Arrow, of Battleford, a half-breed and the Indian murderers. North-West by those who are the truly The court adjourned at five o'clock and rashing home so soon after accomplishing nothing important will probably be done his loan in London. He ought to have for ten days. Riel still remains calm and taken a few weeks' rest, and remained composed, and either does not believe that the sentence passed upon him will be performed the operation on him, for a carried out or else he exhibits a wonderful time. He felt better just before the control of his feelings.

Burial of General Grant.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9 .- Yesterday, the day set for the performance of the last sad rites over Gen. Grant's remains, favored with beautiful weather, and The plea of insanity could alone save pageant-military and civic-was the most superb ever known in this country. on the stoops or curbstones, and occupied every inch of vantage ground near and public men from every state in the union. At 8.50 Gen. Hancock and staff Council Board. marched from Broadway, presented front to the City Hall, then moved to the plaza on Broadway, where they rested. At this time 100 members of the Liederkranz filed up the steps of the City Hall and, led by four instruments, sang two selections with impressive effect. A guard of regulars filed into the open space at 9, taking position beneath the trees opposite City Hall. Then came the original guard of honor that was on duty at Mt. Mc-Gregor, and marching into the corridor they took their places beside the remains. At 9.25 the imposing funeral car, drawn by 24 black horses, in black trappings, each led by a colored man, halted on the plaza directly in front of the City Hall steps. The body was then borne down the steps to the waiting car. The immense procession, including hundreds of carriages, moved sluggishly, and at 11 o, clock the head of the procession had only reached 23rd street and Broadway. The crowds were so dense that at one time a company was obliged to drive them back with fixed bayonets. When the head of the line was reached, the Riverside naval squadron, anchored in the river, poured out a mouruful greeting. from their heavy cannon. It was nearly three hours after the head of the procession reached the circle in which the tomb was enclosed, before the funeral car came in sight. Troops were then massed on all sides of the enclosure and shortly a string of carriages halted in front of the tomb. From them alighted Rev. J. P. Newman and Bishop Harris, Generals Sheridan, Sherman, Buckner, Johnston and Logan and Hon. George S. Boutwell. Then came the funeral car preceded by a band and members of the Meade grand army post. of which deceased was a member. Behind it was reasonable to expect that they and clergy, by their conduct, are always them, and coming down between the ance and these men did their duty. It was reasonable to expect that they and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were the family and daily helping the Radical cry of "Divorce ranks of soldiers, were reasonable to be an expectation of the same and the soldiers and the soldiers are reasonable to be a soldiers." was however nearly an hour after the and grant the rights of the halfbreeds the Church and State." The newspapers mourners. Among them were President about five feet nine inches in height,

interested, who very properly held and Swedes to come and assist him, and most flagrant case, belonging to the lat- the car to the cedar box on the ground under the name of the "Captain." His give each a share in the North-West and ter category, came to the surface in the before the door. Around it were grouped home for years past has been at Batoche, British Columbia. The condition of the parish of Lahamstoney, in the county of the relatives and mourners. When the and the halfbreeds think very highly of Jews was they must acknowledge Jesus Norfolk, twenty miles east of Norwich. casket had been placed in the cedar lead- him, for his bravery as for his kindness. The parish had 1,300 inhabitants. The lined box, members of Meade post stepped I have hunted all the way from the forward and begun the last sad rites over Pembina mountains to the Rocky mounthe Grand Army services were concluded.

> gan the beautiful burial service beginning "I am the resurrection and the life," which was followed by Scriptural readings. In his congregation an old farmer, well Wreaths of evergreens were placed upon to do, named Payne, now eighty two the casket by comrades, and Rev. Dr. Newman, Gen. Grant's pastor, read the ion that a dead Indian is the best balance of the burial service. Again the Indian. I think Father Lacombe's plan bugler advanced and, as tears rolled down of settling the Indian question the best, his cheeks, there came from his bugle the that is, gather all the tribes together, beautiful and sad notes of the soldier's long farewell, called by them Rest. With with soldiers, make them work or let the last quivering notes of the Soldier's them starve. By the present method the Good-night, a gun from a vessel in the Indian, when he ruvs out of provisions, ly belonged to a Norwegian vessel, as it river boomed forth. But one gun was depends upon the government for support, fired, and as its echo died away the cas- whether he works or plays. It is come ket was placed in the steel case and taken day, go day, God send Sunday, with to the tomb. All the friends went away him. He does not care to work, and will in the coaches, the military departed for their respective homes, and the crowd dispersed as rapidly as its proportions would permit. It is estimated the crowd on the street numbered a million, and no

> > The work of sealing up the tomb began at 6.30 p. m. Fifty-five bolts of steel were driven into the outer wall of the case, making it absolutely air tight and waterproof. At 10 o'clock, everything being completed, undertaker Merritt locked the door with a huge key, which was given into the custody of Capt. Beattie, of the park police. Then the police marched away, leaving the tomb in charge of Capt Fessenden and eight regulars, who acted as sentinels during times the halfbreeds sowed but little,

A Scotchman's Prayer.

What do you think of this for a prayer at family worship! Adam Scott gives the following as a prayer once offered by a shepherd, and grandmother has herself heard prayers almost as plain, in the com of Scotch and Scotch-Irish folk:

'We particularly thank Thee, for Thy great goodness to Meg. and that it ever cam into Thy head to take any thocht sic a useless girl as her. For the sake o' Thy pair sinfu' creeturs now addrssing Thee, in their ain shilly-shally way: and for the sake of mair than we daur weel name to Thee, hae mercy on our Rab. Ye ken, he's a wild, mischievious, callant, and thinks nae mair o' committing sin than a dog lickin' a dish. But put Thy hook intil his nose, and thy bridle intil his muth and gar him come back to Thee, wi' a jerk | heard, has been paid to the petition, and that he'l not forget the longest day he has I have come personally to see after my to live. Dinna forget puir Jamie, who's claims." far away frae us the nicht. Keep Thy arm o' power about him, and I wish ye wad endow him wi' a little spunk to ach for himself; for if ye dinna he'll be but pauchle i' this warld, and a back sitter i' the next. Thou has added yen to our fam- labor-saving appliances are conferring on ily (one of his sons had just married a the masculine half of humanity, the gainst his approbation.) So has been Thy Waltham Free Press asks, "But how wull. It wad never ha' been mine. But, if it is o' Thee, do Thou bless the connec-

tian at Work Sir Leonard Tilley.

tion. But, if the fule hath done it out

o' carnal desire, against a' reason and

credit, may the cauld rain o' adversity

settle in his habitation. Amen."-Chris-

Says the Quebec Chronicle: From al accounts which reach us, the conclusion is irresistible that Sir Leonard Tilley is a sick man; A recent telegram from St. Andrews, New Brunswick, says that Sir Leonard's physicians have issued positive orders that he shall neither see callers nor engage in correspondence for some time to come, perfect seclusion and cessation from business of any kind being imperative. He is even forbidden to receive telegrams. The despatch further states that repose from all exciting or disturbing | lady of the house" is expected to be alinfluences is the best medicine he can ways ready to receive calls or company. have; and his physicians' orders are being carried out to the very letter. The mistake the Finance Minister made was in steamer sailed for Quebec, but the motion of the vessel, and the jolting of the cars during the long ride which he subsequently took, on landing at Rimouski, put him back a great deal. At Ottawa he frightened his intimate friends by his appearance, and it is really a question whether he did right in leaving the capital for St. Andrews, as soon as he did. Sir Leonard, we know, is an extremely active man, and Thousands upon thousands of people sat | remaining in quietness is very irksome to him, still he ought to have been governed by the advice of friends, and moved only the rendezvous, while all the hotels and when he was able. We hope that with public resorts were crowded with officials rest-complete rest-he will get better and be able to resume his old place at the

North West Grievances. FORMER OTTAWAITE SPEAKS ON

(Ottawa Fr ee Press')

Mr. Wm. McCarthy , a former Ottawaite, but now at Rat Portage, Northwest, reached this city on Saturday last. Mr. McCarthy went west some thirteen years ago having joined the Mounted Police force, After serving for eight

months he left the police. In conversation with a Free Press reporter to-day Mr. McCarthy said from what he knew of matters the white settlers in and about Prince Albert and other parts of the North West, were the inciters to the rebellion. "It was these white settlers, said Mr. McCarthy, "who raised the money to send for Riel, but when they found that the trouble broke into bloodshed, they went no further. These white settlers claimed that they had many grievances against the government and agreed that nothing but force would make the government accede to their wishes." "What about the half-breed griev-

ances?" asked the reporter. "Some of the halfbreeds had grievances certainly, but many of them had not, for instance, Guardapuy, Turrant, Isbester and others who formed Riel's council had got their land in Manitoba, but disposing of it came west of the Saskatchewan and took up land there. Again, many of the half preeds, including Gabriel Dumont, actually did have grievances." "Did you know Dumont personally?"

"Yes. I have been with him on many occasions and on the buffalo hunt.'

"What manner of man is he?" "Dumont is a genuine western man.

blunt and sincere; and most hospitable and kindly around his campfire. He is difficulty. time stated before the Court could pro- now as then. He explained the plan of continue to bring charges against the Cleveland, Vice President Hendricks, exceed to business. The slipshod obser- how he was going to invite the Irish, clergy for drunkeness and loose morals on Presidents Arthur and Hayes, Senator ideal of a horseman. No Indian on the Presidents Arthur and Hayes, Senator ideal of a horseman. No Indian on the Presidents Arthur and Hayes, Senator ideal of a horseman. vance of time on this occasion was a Germans, Jews, Bavarians, Poles, Scan- the one hand, and bigotry and clerical John Sherman and other notables. Memmatter of general comment by many dinavians, Italians, Belgians, Norwegians, oppression on the other. Yesterday a bers of Meade post bore the casket from He always led the buffalo hunt and went married.

tains with him and know the man Young Men's Christian Association of the

"I suppose in your large experience the Northwest you must have met Poundmaker, Big Bear and other Indian chiefs?" enquired the scribe.

"Yes, I have often met Poundmaker, Big Bear, Little Poplar and other chiefs out there, but I am of the American opinput them on a reserve, surround them not unless he is made to." "Do you think the Indians will give

any further trouble?" "Yes, the young braves will commit depredations and we may expect to hear unusual disturbance or accident is reportof some committed from time to time for they are a restless class and love exciteplunder and will commit robberies despite all that can be done."

"Did the rebellion injure the Northwest very materially?"

"No, there is a fine crop out there this year. The only part of the country that was left without cultivation was the halfbreed settlements, and at the best of rather depending on fish and rabbits than working to raise wheat or other

"You are on a visit to Ottawa I presume to see friends?"

Yes and I am here also to see after my property which is threatened to be confiscated in the interest of the Keewaments on the people around, from the lips | tin Lumber Company. I live near Rat Portage and some four years ago I bought out a settler's claim. This settler had lived on the place sometwelve years. The government leased a great stretch of country to the Keewatin Lumber Company and this company not only wish to deprive the settlers of the wood neces. sary for fuel, but threaten to take some of the land. These settlers, three hundred in number, sent a petition to Mr. Dawson, who presented it to the government setting forth their grievances on this matter. No attention, so far as I have

How About the Wives?

In the course of a thoughtful article about the blessings which numberless about the wives?" and continues:--

We hear men talk about the work their grandmothers did, as though the women of the present day did nothing. Bless you, gentlemen, the wives of nine out of day than you do, and do far more than your grandmothers thought of doing or could have done. The trouble is they are doing too much. They become old when the bloom of youth should still be upon them. They go to bed tired and wake up the next morning to get your

breakfast unrefreshed. Our Waltham contemporary does not overstate the case, and it need not have restricted its remarks to the condition the wives of laboring men. Women "in good circumstances"-deceptive term!are to-day caring for large houses, whereas their grandmothers lived in little tages; their children, trained to work, allow their mothers to be the slaves of incompetent servants; yet "the "How about the wives?" is indeed a timely question. - N. Y. Herald.

Sympathizers with Riel.

BEHALF OF THE REBEL LEADER. Champ de Mars. Dr. La Chapelle occu- leave the weapon which Mr. O'Brien pied the chair. L. O. David, Hon. Mr. claimed to possess, such as was, in his Laflamme, ex-Minister of Justice, A. E. hands. Poirere, C. C. Delformier, Q. C., who is the nephew of the Chevalier Delformier, leader of the rebellion of 1837 who was executed for high treason, Charles Cham-

was held at St. Sauveur yesterday morning for the purpose of taking steps to obtain a commutation of Riel's sentence. A large number of French Canadians were present and several strong speeches were made. Resolutions in accordance with the object of the meeting were passed.

The Mounted Police.

WINNIPEG, August 1.—The Mounted Police have been increased to one thousand men, distributed as follows :- One hundred at Carlton under Colonel Cotton: oue hundred at Calgary under Colonel Herchmer; two hundred at Battleford half at Fort Pitt under Captain Dickens : one hundred at Prince Albert under Captain Gagnon; ninety at Maple Creek fifty at Medicine Hat; fifty at Edmonton; a detachment at Wood Mountain, and the balance at Regina.

GENERAL NOTES AND NEWS.

The early closing movement starts out

in St. John with considerable vigor.

Lieut. Greely, of Arctic fame, is ill and fears are entertained that his life will be very short.

The Cunarder Etruria has made the

trip from New York to Fastnet in six days, five hours, thirty-five minutes, the fastest on record.

General Middleton was presented with an address of welcome on his return to Ottawa on Saturday last.

There are indications that England is preparing for a parmanent occupation of There is alleged to be a prospect of

Maxwell the man who murdered the Englishman, Preller, at a St. Louis Hotel and fled to New South Wales, has arrived at San Francisco in charge of (2 detective.

The eighteenth annual convention of the Maritime Provinces meets in the Y. M. C. A. hall, St. John, on Thursday next,

Steamship "Humacoa," 1700 tons burthen, of Bilboa, Spain, from Baltimore bound in ballast for St. John went ashore in the fog on 5th, on Wallace ledge, one of the Murr ledges, Grand Manan, and is a total wreek. No lives were lost.

The French consul at Sydney, C. B., has received a letter to the effect that the French brig Deux Cousins of St. Brieux passed in the middle of the Atlantic a large ship's boat containing the dead bodies of three men. The boat evidentbore the name Richard Ladwig. There was a very heavy sea running at the time, and it was impossible for the brig to secure the bodies and give them a Christian

An address has been gotten up by the women of England thanking the Pall Mall Gazette for its recent articles on London vice, praising the paper's course as a service in the cause of morality and social ment. The old Indians may be too wily purity. The address has 450 signatures to get into any further trouble, but the including those of Lady Ashburton, Lady young ones will like the excitement of Mount-Temple and Countess of Portsmouth. All the names are those of persons in good position.

> An order has been issued declaring that it shall be unlawful to fish for, catch, kill buy, sell or have in possession oysters between the 31st of June and the 15th of. September, both days inclusive, in the Dominion of Canada. This would appear to apply to imported oysters as well as those fished from Canadian beds. In that case the order will create dissatisfaction amongst importers of American bivalves.

> ABSENTEEISM. - An exchange says, -"The Earl of Belfast, although he has not even an address in Ireland, has been allowed for 36 years to retain the office of clerk of the peace for the county Antrim. He has drawn out of the office £1,600 per annum, or in all about £60. 000. He has not for years been seen in the country, and all his work is done by a deputy to whom he pays some small sum like £200 a year.

And, yet, if it were proposed to remove His Grace from the office it is not improbable that he and his set would look upon it as an attempted invasion of his rights-such are the power and insolence of monopoly.

The Scottish-American Journal, in an interesting sketch of New Brunswick as a pleasure resort, remarks that "There is no part of America where more real pleasure is to be had than in New Brunswick, and none where the cost of a trip is more moderate. It is new completely linked with the great railway system of the continent, and its travelling facilities are unsurpassed. The tourist can traverse it from one end to the other in palace cars. Its chief city, St. John, is but twenty-

four hours distant from New York, via

Quebec, in thirty hours. ENGLAND AND THE VATICAN. -A London despatch of 6th inst. says .- In the ten laboring men work more hours per House of Commons, Mr. Wm. O'Brien, home rule member for Mallow, and editor of the United Ireland, called the attention of the House to the mission of Mr. Geo. Errington, Liberal member for County of Longford, at Rome. Mr. O'-Brien said he had in his possession a document in Errington's handwriting, which showed he had been authorized by the late Liberal government to offer certain considerations to the Vatican for the appointment of a prelate acceptable to that government to the Archbishopric of Dublin, as successor to the late Cardinal Mc-

Cabe. These promises, it was evident

Mr. O'Brien said, were never meant to be

performed, and the whole thing was a

miserable unworthy intrigue. The Irish

seople regarded the affair as an insult to the papacy. Errington, who was in his seat during O'Brien's statement, replied that the document alluded to by the member for Mallow was either forgery or genuine. If genuine it had been obtained by some gross breach of honesty or honour, and MONTREAL, Aug. 10-Fully 5,000 per- that in either case it was not his duty to sons were present at a meeting in Riel's answer it, and thereby further Mr. O'behalf held here yesterday noon on the Brien's purposes and he would prefer to

Some of the papers criticise adversely the members of Parliament who voted for or accepted the additional indemnity propagne, a former prisoner at Fort Garry, posed by the Government in view of the Dr. Maroil, of St. Eastache, Geo. Duhamel, | extended length of the session. They Q. C., H. C. St. Pierre and others address- call it a salary grab. It is a debatable ed the meeting. It was resolved that a question whether it would not be better petition be sent to the Imperial and Cana- | if representatives to Parliament were not dian governments to obtain Louis Riel's paid anything. In this new country the pardon. A meeting was also held at weight of argument is in favor of the Longueuil at which a similar resolution present system. If the members are to be paid a certain sum, probably not too QUEBEC, Aug. 10-A public meeting much, for an average session, why, when that average length of session is greatly extended, should they not receive additional pro rata? To many representatives. who probably are useful and industrious in that capacity, the indemnity is a necessity; those who can afford to do without it need not draw their pay or may donate it, as did Mr. Blake his additional share, to some local institution. - Carleton Sentinel.

While a number of Orangemen were on Friday returning from a farm in County Monaghan, where they had been cutting hav as substitutes for evicted tenants. they were met by a party of the latter in company with sympathizing friends, and fearing an attack from them, I they fired on the crowd, wounding its chief ma .. Great excitement then ensued. The police had to be called out in force to preserve order, and several arrests were made. Further trouble is feared.

A London despatch of 9th inst. says .-In order to mitigate the disasterous effects of the Crawford-Dilke scandal, the Liberals are circulating a statement that Sir Charles Dilke denies he had criminal intercourse with Mrs. Crawford, and that she herself has withdrawn the confession made to the husband, and when in the witness box will declare the confession was made under hysteric delusions. Mr. Crawford's friends insist he has evidence apart from his wife's confession, but says he will not persevere in the action unless convinced it is perfectly justifiable and absolutely necessary. The trial will be the last of the list to be heard in the divrce courts in December. The name of Sir Charles Dilke has been expunged from the list of speakers for the coming elec. an early settlement of the Afghan frontier toral campaign. Sir Charles will pass

> MIRAMICH ADVANCE.

the autumn at his villa uear Toulon.