

the granting or refusing of an injunction depends upon whether there has or has not been some inconvenience to the public...

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM. . . . . APRIL 2, 1885.

The Northwest Rebellion.

The darkest page in the history of our young confederation is now being written. Our far West, with all its possibilities, is the theatre of rebellion in formidable array.

The Indian Branch.

The portion of Judge Fraser's order in the Indian Branch Injunction case, which we publish this week, indicates the character of the affidavits obtained for the Railway Department by Mr. Paik and the disposition of His Honor to attach a weight to them which seems undeserved.

Where the Responsibility Rests.

We believe no one will be found to deny that the Dominion Government are directly to blame. They are to blame, in the first place, for the discontent among the half-breed settlers...

THE SOUTHERN.

The news from the Southern is more reassuring. Osman Digma is being reassured by his men and a new False Prophet of quite formidable power has arisen there.

Too THIN.—The Montreal Herald—Mr. Mitchell's organ—attributes the Northwest troubles to the mismanagement of the Minister of the Interior...

RAILWAY EXPENDITURE.

In the House of Commons on Monday, Hon. Mr. Pope, replying to Mr. Weldon, said \$33,981 has been paid on account of the construction of the Intercolonial Railway to Indian town, and \$1,884 was the cost of the survey, and Mr. Pope, replying to Mr. Blake, said \$5,627,719 was the cost of the existing equipment of the Intercolonial Railway.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Fred P. Thompson, Esq., M. P. for York & Cumberland, has resigned his seat in the Assembly having been appointed to the Legislative Council. This step was, we presume, rendered necessary by the partisan attitude of a majority of the Council and in order to secure decent treatment for Government measures.

"Natural Law in the Spiritual World."

There is no place for reason in this great business, for reason is but the energy of the intellect ranging within the limits of its experience. Its commerce is with the relations of this life, where there is room and verge enough for the flight of its most daring pinion.

THE CANADIAN CONFEDERATION.

MONTEAL, Que., March 13, 1885. We are now considering the reasons which induce us to believe that the present form of government in Canada, and which now binds the several British Colonies in North America together in one confederation, is not destined to long endure...

THE CONFEDERATION.

The confederation is the work of the people, and the confederation is the work of the people, and the confederation is the work of the people. It is the work of the people, and the confederation is the work of the people.

though the subject grows in wonderful proportions, and if Mr. Wais has done nothing else he has awakened a discussion which will let in more light than all his darkness can confound.

THE CONFEDERATION.

From this reason of the course taken by the confederates in the Canadian confederation, and which resulted in giving 4,000,000 of citizens their present form of government, it is easy to see how little the people, as a whole, could have known of it, and how slight an influence it must have had upon them.

A MERE POLITICAL DEVICE.

OR scheme, and not a great national and heroic endeavor. And hence, so far as the subject is discussed at all, it is not as a rule, discussed broadly as great principles of government are discussed at a grave crisis by statesmen who feel that in the course of human events they have been called upon to frame a system for posterity rather than for themselves.

VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE SCHEME.

At the final vote stood 31 in favor to 19 opposed. Nor would I convey the impression that this measure was thus conceived and hurriedly pushed through the Assembly of Upper and Lower Canada, even without strong opposition and vehement protest.

THE INDIANS.

The government has received information indicating that the news of Riel's first success will make the Indians waver in their fealty. The Minister of Militia said it was the intention of the government to organize a mounted corps—about 250 altogether—under command of Capt. Stewart. The latter would be of great service.

and the judgment I have to pronounce is that, with a few exceptions, they are not worthy of the time or the occasion, if confederation meant nationality.

THE CONFEDERATION.

From this reason of the course taken by the confederates in the Canadian confederation, and which resulted in giving 4,000,000 of citizens their present form of government, it is easy to see how little the people, as a whole, could have known of it, and how slight an influence it must have had upon them.

A MERE POLITICAL DEVICE.

OR scheme, and not a great national and heroic endeavor. And hence, so far as the subject is discussed at all, it is not as a rule, discussed broadly as great principles of government are discussed at a grave crisis by statesmen who feel that in the course of human events they have been called upon to frame a system for posterity rather than for themselves.

VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE SCHEME.

At the final vote stood 31 in favor to 19 opposed. Nor would I convey the impression that this measure was thus conceived and hurriedly pushed through the Assembly of Upper and Lower Canada, even without strong opposition and vehement protest.

THE INDIANS.

The government has received information indicating that the news of Riel's first success will make the Indians waver in their fealty. The Minister of Militia said it was the intention of the government to organize a mounted corps—about 250 altogether—under command of Capt. Stewart. The latter would be of great service.

and the judgment I have to pronounce is that, with a few exceptions, they are not worthy of the time or the occasion, if confederation meant nationality.

THE CONFEDERATION.

From this reason of the course taken by the confederates in the Canadian confederation, and which resulted in giving 4,000,000 of citizens their present form of government, it is easy to see how little the people, as a whole, could have known of it, and how slight an influence it must have had upon them.

A MERE POLITICAL DEVICE.

OR scheme, and not a great national and heroic endeavor. And hence, so far as the subject is discussed at all, it is not as a rule, discussed broadly as great principles of government are discussed at a grave crisis by statesmen who feel that in the course of human events they have been called upon to frame a system for posterity rather than for themselves.

VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE SCHEME.

At the final vote stood 31 in favor to 19 opposed. Nor would I convey the impression that this measure was thus conceived and hurriedly pushed through the Assembly of Upper and Lower Canada, even without strong opposition and vehement protest.

THE INDIANS.

The government has received information indicating that the news of Riel's first success will make the Indians waver in their fealty. The Minister of Militia said it was the intention of the government to organize a mounted corps—about 250 altogether—under command of Capt. Stewart. The latter would be of great service.

and the judgment I have to pronounce is that, with a few exceptions, they are not worthy of the time or the occasion, if confederation meant nationality.

THE CONFEDERATION.

From this reason of the course taken by the confederates in the Canadian confederation, and which resulted in giving 4,000,000 of citizens their present form of government, it is easy to see how little the people, as a whole, could have known of it, and how slight an influence it must have had upon them.

A MERE POLITICAL DEVICE.

OR scheme, and not a great national and heroic endeavor. And hence, so far as the subject is discussed at all, it is not as a rule, discussed broadly as great principles of government are discussed at a grave crisis by statesmen who feel that in the course of human events they have been called upon to frame a system for posterity rather than for themselves.

VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE SCHEME.

At the final vote stood 31 in favor to 19 opposed. Nor would I convey the impression that this measure was thus conceived and hurriedly pushed through the Assembly of Upper and Lower Canada, even without strong opposition and vehement protest.

THE INDIANS.

The government has received information indicating that the news of Riel's first success will make the Indians waver in their fealty. The Minister of Militia said it was the intention of the government to organize a mounted corps—about 250 altogether—under command of Capt. Stewart. The latter would be of great service.

and the judgment I have to pronounce is that, with a few exceptions, they are not worthy of the time or the occasion, if confederation meant nationality.

THE CONFEDERATION.

From this reason of the course taken by the confederates in the Canadian confederation, and which resulted in giving 4,000,000 of citizens their present form of government, it is easy to see how little the people, as a whole, could have known of it, and how slight an influence it must have had upon them.

A MERE POLITICAL DEVICE.

OR scheme, and not a great national and heroic endeavor. And hence, so far as the subject is discussed at all, it is not as a rule, discussed broadly as great principles of government are discussed at a grave crisis by statesmen who feel that in the course of human events they have been called upon to frame a system for posterity rather than for themselves.

VOTE IN FAVOR OF THE SCHEME.

At the final vote stood 31 in favor to 19 opposed. Nor would I convey the impression that this measure was thus conceived and hurriedly pushed through the Assembly of Upper and Lower Canada, even without strong opposition and vehement protest.

THE INDIANS.

The government has received information indicating that the news of Riel's first success will make the Indians waver in their fealty. The Minister of Militia said it was the intention of the government to organize a mounted corps—about 250 altogether—under command of Capt. Stewart. The latter would be of great service.