ROYAL PAWAY

ADTE TO

Absolutely Pure.

NORTHUMBERLAND.

PEDIGREE.

tonian he by Hill's Black Hawk (5), by Sherman

HILL'S BLACK HAWK (5), was the sire of Ethan Allen and Grand Sire of Daniel Lambert, Pocho-

OLD COLUMBUS (94), was the sire of Confidence, 28, Smith's Columbus 2 31.

ind feet and one white fore foot and ankle, was

aled in Quebec about 1830, was of unknown

rigin, but must have possessed a great amount of ch blood which he has shown in his get and

SMITH'S COLUMBUS (95), by Old Columbus (94)

known in New Brunswick.

Newcastle, April 24, 1888,

OWNERS,

This young Stallion will n

MAMBLINO CHIEF (11), was the sire of six

with being a descendant of the greatest trotting

The travelling route will be made known by

TERMS FOR THE SEASON, \$10 00 TO

ADIRONDACK

Under Patronage of Northumber

land Agricuttural Society.

NEWCASTLE, CHATHAM, NAPAN, NELSON,

NORTH and SOUTHWEST; Also to NEGUAC.

100 lbs.

Adirondack is sired by the standard bied hor

ALLRIGHT.

ADIRONDACK'S

dam was sired by Randolph, he by Morgan Tele graph, he by Deerfield Morgan, dam by Saladin.

Terms for Season \$10.00. If a mare does no

All fees to be settled during the Season, eithe

ROBERT TOZER.

Groceries,

and oft Coal,

LIME

in Casks and Barrels, &c, &c

The Highest Prices paid for COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Hay, Oats, Potatoes, But

Country Customers

will be provided Free of Charge with

Yard Room and Stabling

for their Teams.

GILLESPIE & SADLER,

Commission Merchants &

Insurance Agents.

TOWN

Building Lots

For sale, 8 BUILDING LOTS on Princess Street, between Wellington and Howard Streets. Plan can be seen at my office.

J. B. SNOWBALL.

Schooner for Sale.

Water Street, Chatham, May 9th, 1888

ter and Eggs.

ing season. For single service \$5.00.

by cash or note, with the groom.

Newcastle, May 1, 1888.

Provisions,

Anthracite

Jas. Dickson, Groom.

hontas and ten Knox.

Columbus.

"Young

Incorporated by the Legislature in 1868 for ducational and Charitable purposes, and its anchise made a part of the present State con-titution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular Its GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRAWINGS take place Semi-Annually, (June and December), and its GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place on each of the other ten months in the year, and are all drawn in public at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Quarterly Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducied with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorise the company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."



We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

R. M. WALMSLEY,

Pres. Louisiana National Bank. PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State National Bank A. BALDWIN Pres New Orleans National Bank. CARL KOHN,

Young Columbus is a well-shaped Chestnut Stallion, standing 16 hands high, bred in Nova Scotia, foaled in 1881 got by Columbus, dam by Moscow, Grand dam by Mambrino Chief, (214). Columbus sire of Edward D. 2 39, was by Old Grand Monthly Drawing

Pres. Union National Bank.

In the Academy of Music, New O. Tuesday, July 10, 1888. CapitalPrize,\$300,000. 100,;000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars

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Note.—Tickets drawing Cap entitled to terminal Prizes. FOR CLUB RATES, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with State, County, Street and number. More rapid return mail ery will be assured by your enclosing an Send POSTAL NOTES, Express Money Orders. or New York Exchange in ordinary letter, Currency by express (at our expense) addressed

M. A. Dauphin, or M. A. DAUPHIN,

Washington, D, C Address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER That the presence of Generals Beauregard and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what number will draw a Prize.

REMEMBER also, That the payment of all Prizes is GUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL BANKS of New Orleans, and The Tickets are Signed by the President of an institution whose chartered rights are recognized in the highest Courts; therefore, beware of any





DUKE OF WELLINGTON Imported by the Northumberland Agricultural Society, will make the Season of 1888 on the embrace Blackville. Indiantown, Derby, Newcastle, Nelson, Douglastown, Napan and Chatham. "Duke of Wellington" will stand in Chatham every second week after May 1st; other stopping places made known by the Groom after his first visit.

DUKE OF WELLINGTON is a Black Clyde Stallion, rising 8 years old, by Bismarck, a pure Clyde Horse which took four 1st prizes at Rothsay, Scotland, and other places. Bismarck was by old Marquis, and is now 12 years old, stands 17 hands high, with great power and superior action was bred by R. G. Riddle, Esq, Felton Park, from his celebrated prize-taking Black Mare by Tweedside Old Marquis was bred by Alex Lang, Garniland, Paisley, and took first prize at Barrhead, Paisley, and at Johnstone when one year old, these shows being open to all Scotland. When two years old took first prize at Rothsay. Marquis' dam was bred by Mr. James Simpson, Bute, and took bred by Mr. James Simpson, Bute, and took seven 1st prizes at Rothsay, and all her produce

seven 1st prizes at Rothsay, and all her produce took prizes. Marquis' Grandsire was Samson, bred by Mr. Logan, Crossfeat, Kilbareban.

DUKE OF WELLINGTON'S Dam was by Wellington, Granddam by old Blooming Heather. Wellington was bred by Mr. Robert Fox, of Swindon, Grange, near Weatherby, stands 17 hands high on short clean legs, with good action. Was got by Derbyshire champion out of a Mare got by True Briton, True Briton was got by old Oxford and Old Oxford by Bringham's Farmer's Glory. Old Blooming Heather was got by Heather Jock, and obtained in 1859 a medal at Edinburgh and 1st Prize at Carlisle and 1st at Langburgh and 1st Prize at Carlisle and 1st at Langholm and when 5 years old obtained the £49 prize at the Mid-Calder in County Edinburgh. Blooming Heather was a good black and his dam was by Black Rattler, Grand Dam by Waggoner.

Any further information can be given by the Groom.

"PREFERE."

The above imported and registered Percheron Horse, will make the Season of 1888 in the follow-ng districts: Chatham, Douglastown, Newcastle, Derby, Iniantown,

Blackville. will return by way of the South side of the Miramichi River to NELSON; will also travel

Napan, Black River, Bay du Vin & Black Brook

"PREFERE" is a dark iron grey, foaled in 1883, and bred by M Desfreches, Normandy. His Sire was Count Deschanes; Dam La Bru. PREFERE is 17 Hands high and when on the Government Scale one month ago weighed 1885 lbs, and now weighs 1940 lbs. Further information as to route, terms of ser vice, etc., will be made known on application to F FLANAGAN, Chatham, or to the Groom, Joseph Jardine

MACKIE'S ISLAY BLEND

IS THE BEST.

USE NO OTHER BRAND Potatoe Beetles.

FOR SALE, A LARGE QUANTITY OF

LONDON PURPLE,

A Cheap and Effective Poison for Potatoe Bugs.

The well-known, fast Sailing Schooner WILD ment as before, and there were rot fewer to the ordinary service and to the demands for pressing public works. Besides this wharf, Clarke's Cove.

The well-known, fast Sailing Schooner WILD ment as before, and there were rot fewer to the ordinary service and to the demands for pressing public works. Besides this wharf, Clarke's Cove.

The well-known, fast Sailing Schooner WILD ment as before, and there were rot fewer to the ordinary service and to the demands for pressing public works. Besides this without delivering it in the Senate give women than usual down with near the competence of the ordinary service and to the demands for pressing public works. Besides this without delivering it in the Senate give women than usual down with near the competence of the ordinary service and to the demands for pressing public works. Besides this without delivering it in the Senate give women than usual down with near the competence of the ordinary service and to the demands for pressing public works. Besides this without delivering it in the Senate give women than usual down with near the competence of the ordinary service and to the demands women than usual down with near the competence of the ordinary service and to the demands women than usual down with near the competence of the ordinary service and to the demands women than usual down with near the consumption of the coal is the competence of the coal is the consumption of the coal is the Alex. Morrison. J. B. SNOWBALL. 28th May, 1888.

Miramichi Advance, CHATHAM. N. B. - . JUNE 14, 1888

President and Vice-President. It was anticipated that the Na tional Democratic convention of the United States would nominate Cleveland for President and Thurman for vice-President, but it was hardly expected that the important business it had to do would be disposed of without some of the delays which usually attend the proceedings of such great assemblages-made up, as they are, of men who, although they belong to a great party, represent sections separated by thousands of miles and interests as widely different. The tact that Cleveland was the unifor President, by acclamation, and This powder never varies. A marvel of purity strength and Wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short eight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 106 Wall St., that Thurman was chosen on the ticket for the vice-Presidency, on the first ballet, and that the choice was then made unanimous, indicates how little of friction there is in the party, by the ADVANCE. and justifies the belief that there will be no change at the White

House for the next four years. The prospect of the Democrats retaining the direction of the United States Government in their hands for a further term must be satisfactory to the majority of Canadians, who are more interested in American politics than any other outside people, for the policy of Cleveland's administration has been more friendly towards Canada than that of his predecessors, while it is the Republicans who are laboring to perpetuate the commercial isolation of peoples and to thwart the Democrats in their efforts to increase reciprocity of trade and general intercourse between them.

OLD COLUMBUS was a Chestnut horse, white meets at Chicago on Saturday, and neir descendants: He was a converted pacer, buld trot a mile in 2 30, a quarter in 34 seconds and a full mile in 2 34 when 28 years old. the prospects indicate a protracted session. There are no men of na-SMITH'S COLUMBUS (95). by Old Columbus (94), was the sire of eleven in 2 30 and better, best of whom are Myron Perrey 2 24½, Sea Foam 2 24½, Com Vanderbuilt 2 25, Phil Sheridan 2 26½.

PHIL SHERIDAN (630), 226½, was the sire of ten in 2 30 and better, best of whom are Phyllias 2 15½, Adelaide 2 19½, Commonwealth 2 22, Bessie Sheridan 2 23½, Hiram Woodruff 2 25, Valley Chief tional reputation from choose, save Sherman, and it is altogether probable that some "dark horse," such as Hayes and Garfield were, will succeed in capturing the nomination.

Moscow, sire of the dam of Young Columbus was by Rysdick Hambletonian (10), the sire of forty in 2 30 and better, best of whom are Dexter 2 171 Nettie 2 18, Orange Girl 2 20, Geo. Wilkes 2 22. MAMBRINO CHIEF (214) sire of the Grand Dam of Young Columbus, is by Mambrino Chief (11), and has four in the 230 list. He is the sire o Mambrino Sparkle 217, and is the Grand Sire of Sir Charles, Helena and Mambrino Molly, horses Cleveland's advantage is that he has been President in fact, as well in name. He has emphasised the policy and strengthened the position 230 and better, best of whom were Lody Thorne 2184, Woodford Mambrino 2 214.
YOUNG COLUMBUS has in his veins the blood of of the Democratic party by stamping upon the former the impress of his four great families, Hambletonians, Mambrino Chiefs, Columbuses and the Morgans, and along personality. Having demonstrated his claim to the position of a national posters and on application to the groom.

Mares sent to Newcastle for service will be carefully looked after and well cared for. ruler, the people's good sense may be trusted to see that he is retained at the head of their affairs.

An Important Matter for Cattle

We publish, in another column the text of a bulletin issued from the Onta. rio Agricultural College in reference to a trial of the respective values of roots and grains in feeding milch cows. It appears that the test was thorough one and the results must be accepted as of far greater value than if they were made under ordinary or hap-hazard circumstances. shows that roots are more econor cal than grain, and the matter most important to North Shore farmers, inasmuch as the roots used he well known sire of Trotting Horses. Al the well known sire of Trotting Horses. All though the stock of Allright is young, yet he has sired very many very fast horses; such as Black Pilot, record 2.33; George Lee. 2:23\frac{2}{2}; George Allright, 2:41; Defiance, 2:39\frac{1}{2} and many others. Allright was sired by Taggart's Abdallah, record. 2:36\frac{1}{2}, he by Farmer's Beauty, he by Gifford Morgan, he by Woodbury, he by the original Justin Morgan. cheaply produced here grain. Although we have not as good soil and climate for grain-raising and stock wintering as our western neighbors, yet such tests as that recorded in the bulletin suggest the idea that as we can raise root crops | warnings of the laborers. very successfully, we ought to compete with Manitoba and other Western provinces in cattle-raising and dairy-farming for the English mar ket, because our advantages in the for the other drawbacks. At all events, we might raise enough beef and butter for home consumption.

The Timber-Ship. Fundy, is rapidly nearing completion, and will be launched within two or three weeks. This new structure is entirely different from the last one, which went adrift on the Atlantic while being towed to New York by the steamer Miranda. The new raft is not cigar shaped like the last. The various pieces of timber are all put together in such a way as to form the perfect model of a ship, being cut away sharp forward, full in the centre, and decreasing as the spars work aft. In all, 31,000 logs are being used in the construction, the spars ranging in size from twenty-five feet to 200 feet. The raft from point to point measures 700 feet, or nearly 150 feet larger than the former one. It will be sixty-five feet broad and thirty-five feet deep. The huge steamboat M. B. Mure will be used to assist the raft to New York, but as a sort of auxiliary six masts will be erected. These will be given yards, like on a sailing vessel, and an enormous spread of canvas will be put on the spars to aid the safe navigation of the raft, large house will be erected on the upper part of the raft to shelter fifteen

A Word of Warning.

Explaining the large loan for which powers were taken by the Government during the last session, the Montreal Gazette, organ of the government in that city, says that in addition to the \$4,189,. 000 due or paid on lines of railway up t the close of the last fiscal year, the credit of the country is now pledged for \$20. 000,000 more, four-fifths of which it may have to meet in actual cash within a per-

Children Cry for

The Gazette says further:

These are facts that cannot be over-looked by those responsible for our finances. They make it impossible for any further extensive aid to be given, even in important cases, till it is seen if the development of the country fully warrants the liability that has already been undertaken, and which implies an interest charge of three-quarters of a million and nually. In the future, also, much discrimination will have to be used to pre-vent such mistakes as that which locked up a large sum of public (provincial) money in New Brunswick in a line which it does not pay to operate; and public aid can only be given in cases where it is mistaking it for a woodchuck, fired, inplain that public good will be really se-

This is intended as a warning. Will the country be patriotic enough to heed it?-St. John Globe.

In reference to the above it may be remarked that the Gazette will fine enough in Dominion expenditures for ted choice as the party's candidate railways to criticise, without going so far as to interfere in New Brunswick affairs of the kind, while the Globe's patriotism would have been more in season had it been awakened when the road referred to-the Grand Southern expenditure-was protested against

News and Notes.

An Ohio court has just given a de cision that will be felt as a great relief by the local press of that state in the coming hot time of the presidential election. A new aspirant to leadership in politics has been somewhat hardly dealt with by a journalistic opponent. He had, in fact, been called a variety of names, in which "politica traitor," "official recalcitrant," "nondescript," "nincompoop" and "liar" were prominent. For this he brought action, but the very learned court, after due consideration and enquiry set forth, held that they did not constitute a libel on the plaintiff and he must be non-suited. This might be accepted as right enough except as to the word "liar," which is certainly a The Republican party's convention | strong expression only justified under very aggrevating circumstances. But the Ohio judge drew a distinction between an ordinary every-day perverter of the truth and the man, who fabricates for politics. "It may be con ceded," he said, "that if defendant meant that plaintiff was a liar, in its worse sense—that he is a common. every-day, all-the-time, wilful and malicious liar, that he deliberately and designedly falsities in material matters in all the relations of life, in his business, social, religious and political relations—the charge is, per se, a libel. But if he meant that he was unreliable in a political sense, or in a particular personal matter, or that he advocated false doctrines in theology or politics, it would not be so." So that, in Ohio, henceforth, the legalized vocabulary of political abuse will have one more safe and strong term. The judge's decision will no doubt be matter of encouragement to the Advo-

CITY OF MEXICO, June 7.—The ac ident on the Mexican Central Railroad on 4th inst. occurred 40 kilometres from Tampico, at a railway bridge 45 feet long and 12 feet high. The train was composed of seven flats and a car containing a lot of wood and 60 laborers at the head of the train, which was running backwards. When five vards from the bridge a cow on the track derailed the car, which broke the bridge and all crashed through piling one on top of each other, beneath the engine which landed on top of the mass. The engineer and conductor, both Americans, jumped and escaped with severe injuries. Thirteen persons are known to have been killed, twenty-four serionsly and seventeen slightly injured. It is not yet known how many persons were buried beneath the debris. The survivors attribute the accident to the fact that the engineer and conductor were drunk and ignored the frantic

St. Johns, Nfld, June 5.-The ation of the bait act charged against the fishing schooner A. H. Knight, of Booth Bay, Me., is that she bought more bait than she needed and sold it matter of freight would compensate to Frenchmen. To-day Captain Diggins ordered his crew to get the vessel clear from the wharf, intending to have her towed out. Half a dozen police tried to arrest the crew and Consul Molloy advised them to give in. They declined to accept the advice and ran up Advices from Nova Scotia state that the stars and stripes. Additional the second log raft which James D. police arrived and arrested the crew, Leary, of New York is having con- who were at once arraigned before structed at Finger Board in the Bay of Judge Prowse and remanded till to morrow when the most important witness is expected.

The annual report of the directors of the Bank of Montreal prepared every one for the information that no bonus would be paid this year. The profits of the bank were 103 per cent. against 123 per cent. in the preceding year, the ing due first to a diminution of government business and in foreign loans, and second to unlooked for losses by the failure of two banks and the failure of crops in Ontario. The board of directors elected on Monday are : J. J. C. Abbot, Geo. A. Drummond, E. B Greenshields, Hugh McLennan, A. Murray, W. C. McDonald, A. T. Patterson, Gilbert Scott, and Donald A.

The total revenue of Canada for the eleven months of the fiscal year ending May 31 was \$31,856,724. This is an increase of \$724,636 over the same period of the preceding year. It may be in ferred that the government will take out of the people three-quarters of a million of dollars more this year than were taken last year. In the same period the expenditure was \$29,452,213. against \$29,266,363 in the eleven months of last year. The estimated deficit for the current fiscal year is one million of dollars.

A discovery which may prove to be of revolutionary importance is noticed in the London Times. It was made by a Mr. Gibbs, of Essex, and consists of a method of producing perfectly pure hot air from the direct combustion of

Pitcher's Castoria.

there are land subsidies pledged to the contained in it, the hydrogen adding to objection the Senator from Alabama will extent of nearly twenty million acres. the heat and the oxygen decomposing be allowed to proceed. aid purifying the products of the coal. The saving from complete combustion of the coal will be enormous, while the ventilation question will be solved in the most satisfactory way.

> Robert English, one of the wealthiest and most prominent farmers of Burnt River, Ont., and his son aged 15 years of a great party, for the sake of advancwere placing traps for woodchucks, on ing the interests of a certain gentleman in Saturday. The son moved along the river the National Convention to be held in bank unknown to the father. The father. eeing his brown hat beside a bush, and stantly killing the son.

At Bloody Bay, Nfld., Mr. Wyatt, aged 21 years, was engaged with two men floating down the Terra Nova river, his winter's work, logs amounting to 2.000 n number, The three men pushed out in a boat to undo a tangle, but when the heavy mass took motion and was swept onward in the embrace of the mighty torrent, they were unable to extricate themselves. The men and boat were precipitated over a foaming cataract a depth of 60 feet below.

A citizen of Chicago with time to spare has carefully studied the reports of the many missionary societies, and from them computed what it costs in dollars and cents to convert individuals to christianity. According to his figures, to make Methodist costs \$25, a Baptist \$30, a Congregationalist \$45, a Presbyterian \$60. while it costs as high as \$300 to get convert into the Episcopal Church, and \$360 into the Catholic Church. Africa it costs \$14 to convert, in Italy \$42, in Spain \$55, in the East Indies \$60. A Japanese costs \$80, a Chinese \$100, and every Christianised Jew costs \$2,800.

When the Protestant Hospital at Otta wa the other day was fired by lightning, Sister Demerese, of the Catholic Hospital, sent and offered to take charge of the patients. The local paper says that this kind and humane act is one which is high ly appreciated by the authorities of the Protestant institution.

An old and dirty portrait of Robert Burns, bought in Toronto for £2 is being cleaned. It turns out to be a genuine of painting by Raeburn, dated 1789. The

owner values it at £2,000. The Ottawa Citizen, chief organ of conservatives at the capital, on the general principle that it is always good to find fault with what the Americans do, objects to the choice of Mr. Thurman for Vice-President of the United States. He is says our tory contemporary, "seventy-"two years old. The mathematical "chances, according to an actuary's table, "are about one to eight that a man of that 'age will die within four years-that is. "if he be living under ordinary condi-'tions." Sir John A. Macdonald, aged 73 years, Premier of Canada, should call this Citizen to order.

A Bangor despatch of Monday last states that three minutes before the westward bound express was due to leave Bangor station, Saturday night, two postal clerks jumped from the postal car, crying "Hold up. Jerry has a fit." On going into the car Jerry Sinclair, another posta clerk, was seen lying on the floor, covered with blood, which it was at first thought was produced by hemorrhage. On being taken to undertaker Hunt's establishment, Dr. Sanger made an examination of the deceased's body, when a gaping wound, seven inches deep, was found alongside his heart. His clothes were completely saturated with blood, and it was quite evident that the man had been murdered. The two postal clerks who were in the car at the time were arrested at Augusta. The despatch further says that Sellon (presumably one of the clerks) is reported to have confessed that he killed Sinclair, but he had done it in self-defence. Sellon is in Banjor jail. The Annual Session of the Suprem

Council of the Royal Arcanum was held last week in Toronto, the Supreme Re gent, S. M. D. Lindsley, presiding. The annual reports show that since the last annual session, 10,673 new members have been initiated, and the actual membership on May 1st, 1888, was \$2,996. Six hun dred and thirty-six full rate and twenty one half rate death benefits were paid during the year, making the aggregate payments in 1887 \$1,940,000. The account were \$43,838.89, and the pay ments \$46,262.78. There are eleven hundred and five subordinate and seventeen grand councils working under the jurisdiction of the Supreme Council. The Supreme Council has reduced the initiation fee to \$4 and has raised the price of a benefit certificate to \$2. The Mayor of Toronto gave the Supreme Council hearty reception to that city, and the members of the Society planned excursions, steamboat trips and drives for

That T reaty.

WASHINGTON, June 7 .- Senate. - Mr. Morgan asked leave to offer a long pre amble and series of resolutions on the subject of the pending fishery treaty, and Mr. Vance moved to refer them to the Committee on Foreign Relations. The preamble recites that the report of

the Committee on Foreign Relations or the treaty raises the question whether the decline in the earnings of \$235,000 be- President has authority to negotiate such treaty or to appoint plenipotentiaries without the previous consent of the Senate, and the resolutions declare that the treaty has been duly negotiated and lawful and valid. Mr. Sherman said that the resolutions

> them in print before they were discussed Mr. Morgan insisted that he had a right to speak on the motion to refer. The presiding efficer said that he could not entertain that motion until unanimous consent was given to the offering of

were subject to objections, and that as a

matter of course he would like to see

prise at the ruling of the chair. Mr. Sherman-Am I at liberty to ask

the Senator from Alabama what he de-Mr. Morgan-To address the Senate this morning on these resolutions.

very decidedly. The Senator, who known to have been the author of the report commented upon, is not in the city and I therefore deem it my duty as a member of the Committee on Foreign Relations to object to any discussion of it. The Senator from Vermont (Edmunds) wrote the report, and I am very glad to give him all the credit of it,

Mr. Sherman-I must object to that

The presiding officer-If there be no

Mr. Sherman-I object. The resolu- all cards should be delivered and extion may lie over under the rule and be

Mr. Cameron-I move to proceed to executive business.

Mr. Morgan-I do not yield the floor for that purpose. This important treaty has been made a mere political football

Mr. Morgan took up the manuscript of the speech made by him in the secret session and commenced its reading.

Mr. Sherman-I make the question of order that the Senator from Alabama i not discussing the question before the Senate, but is in violation of the rules discussing the resolutions, which cannot be discussed to-day except by unanimous

The presiding officer-The chair holds that, under parliamentary practice, the senator from Alabama must confice him self to questions of the point of order, but the chair has no means of enforcing the rule. That is for the Senate itself. not for the chair.

Mr. Morgan, with apparent indifference o the ruling, proceeded with his reading of the printed slips of his speech in secre session. One of the sentences of the speech was : "The Senate may make war necessary, as I am very much afraid we are doing here to-day." In an allusion to Republican senators, Mr. Morgan said the only preparation which they were making for war was an attempt to enlist the sympathies of disaffected subjects of Her Majesty, Their action, he said, was doubtless with a view of exciting the antagonism of Irish voters to the President, because of his alleged subserviency to British influences. Congress, he said, had given to the President power, which all the Presidents had possessed since 1850, to wage paper war on British commerce, and had then stood by to whether the President would push that paper war into the category of real war. If he had done so the country would have cried out for his impeachment, but, having ailed to do so, he was charged in the re port of the majority of the Committee o Foreign Relations with usurpation and with the abuse of constitutional power. because he had sought to find a peaceabl way to get the rights claimed by the United States, and a threat had been made by the committee of future dealing with the President, held in reserve for the time

Mr. Morgan finished the reading at 1.50, and the resolutions went over without action.



COLUMN ARTICLES The Perils of Stream Driving.

OURTEEN PROVINCIALS BURIED ON THE SHORE OF THE WASSATAQUOICK.

(Bangor Commercial.) The young man who was drowned last week while working on the drive of Mr. F. Tracy, on Wassataquoick stream, was named Pray, and belonged in a town on the St. John River near Fredericton, New Brunswick. It is said he was one of martest men in the crew on logs, but he could not swim. He and a number of others were working on a bad jam of logs, and when it was about ready to start, he told his companions to go ashore as he could easily complete the job himself, and that when the timber broke away one could better reach a place of safety alone than if there were more. Acting on his advice they left the unfortunate man in the perilons position, and when the jam broke they were horror stricken to see their comrade carried down the stream amid a rolling and nitching mas of timber lashed to fury by the foaming water. Down the stream he went till h struck another jam below, under which he was drawn and never seen alive again The body was soon found bruised and disfigured, and was sent to his home in the province. For some years past ther have been more or less men drowned or that stream, which is said to be one the most dangerous rivers for the lumber men in the State. We are informed that fourteen men from the provinces who uried on the banks of this mountain orrent, yet no blame can be attached to

Eunken Ships at Halifax.

HALIFAX, June 9 .- Divers have been at work for several days past in Bedford Basin, sending up cannon ball, evidently rom the ships burnt previous to the hasty departure of Duke Danville's fleet in 1746. This fleet, on leaving France to re-take Louisburg and capture Annapolis, consisted of 18 ships of the line, 36 frigates, and 20 transports. Off Sable Island they were dispersed, The remainder rendezvoused at Bedford Basin wherein they were nearly unmanued by scurbutic fever. for the reduction of taxation. He observ Eleven hundred died during six weeks | ed that:encampment. The remainder were hurried on board, but finding it impossible to work the ships, several were burnt or scuttled. The remains of several of them were visible many years ago. The divers are very reticent as to what else is in sight, further than to say there are at east 20 tons more awaiting removal from the bottom. It is said there must be quite a lot of treasure including silver and gold money, valuable plate and ef fects, on board the Admiral's ships and the frigates.

Valuable Suggestion to Ladies.

What should we say of men if they onsumed half their time in paying formal calls upon each other, merely for the sake of paying calls, and were low spirited they did not receive as many cards as they dealt out to society? Have they not the time? Have women more time and if they have, why should they spend Mr. Morgan expressed his utter sur- it in this Sisyphus task? Would the social machine go to pieces-this made in good faith, and solely for informationif they made rational business for themselves to be attended to, or even if the time now given to calls they hate to read ing and study, and to making their house holds civilising centres of intercourse and enjoyment, and paid visits for some other motives than "clearing off their list?" If all the artificial round of calls and cards would tumble down, what valuable thing would be lost out of anybody's life?

The question is too yast for the Drawer, but as an experiment in sociology it would like to see the system in abeyance I shed around each bottle. It is pleasan for one season. If at the end of it there Mr. Morgan-I propose to make this had not been just as much social enjoyiod of five years. And this is in addition coal, It is supposed that the complete- morning, the speech which I made in the ment as before, and there were not fewer allays feverishness, destroys worms, and

kind of Social Clearing-House, in which changed, and all social debts of this kind be balanced by experienced bookkeepers, so that the reputation of everybody for propriety and conventionality should be just as good as it is now .- Charles Dudley

Warner, in Harper's for Juna. The Death Penalty by Electricity. ALBANY, N. Y., June 7 .- Governor Hilton Monday signed the bill abolishing hanging for all murders committed after January 1, 1889. The bill consists of elaborate and carefully drawn amendments

to the code of criminal procedure, providing that the prisoner sentenced to death shall be immediately conveyed to one of the State prisons and there kept in solitary confinement until the day of execution, to be visited only by officers, or by his relatives, physician, c'ergyman or counsel. The Court imposing sentence shall name merely the week within which the execution is to take place, the particular day within such week being left to the discretion of the principal officers of the prison. The execution is required to be practically private, only officers. clergymen, physicians and a limited number of citizens being allowed to be present. After the execution funeral services may be held within the prison walls and the body shall be delivered into the custody of relatives if so requested; otherwise it shall be decently interred within the prison

Don't

let that cold of yours run on. You think it is a light thing. But it may run into catarrh. Or into pneumonia. Or con-

Catarrh is disgusting. Pneumonia is langerous. Consumption is death itself. The breathing apparatus must be kept healthy and clear of all obstructions and offensive matter. Otherwise there

All the diseases of these parts, head nose, throat, bronchial tubes and lungs, can be delightfully and entirely cured by the use of Boschee's German Syr ip. you don't know this already, thousands and thousands of people can tell you. They have been cured by it, an l "know how it is, themselves." Bottle only 75 cents. Ask any druggist.

the Blood is pure, the health will be good. The purity of the blood is guaranteed only when the kidneys are naturally active. The fluids may flow freely, and yet the kidneys fail to keep the blood clean. This will be indicated you have Malaria, Stomach Troubles, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Skin Diseases. Impotency, Headaches, Lame Back, Neuralgia, Carbuncles and Boils, Abscesses, Weak Eyes, Nervousness, Poor Appetite, and in women Female Troubles. These disorders show that your | ing. blood is full of uric, kidney, acid poison, AND YOU CAN NEVER GET WELL until you clean ou the blood with the only recognised

"Warner's Safe Cure.

Suspended.

scientific blood tonic.

A Norwich, Ont., despatch of 9th ins says :- Nearly the whole of yesterday's nearly twice as much digestible materials session of Niagara Methodist conference per day from grain. was again taken up with the case of Rev. B. Longley, who made a long and affecting statement confessing his deep penitence | the production of milk, which, if not exfor his error and pleading for mercy. The Toronto district's resolution for his expulsion was rejected, there being only 12 ral food of milch cows contains a larger votes for it, and by a vote of 56 to 40 a resolution was carried suspending him from the ministry for one year.

Cleveland and Thurman.

(Toronto Globe.) By nominating Mr. Thurman on th first ballot for the Vice-Presidency, the Democrats have shown their superiority to the petty consideration of making gains in some "doubtful State." Mr Thurman is an Ohio man. Ohio is unquestionably a strongly Republican State. Mr. Thurman cannot carry it for his friends but he is a thoroughly upright, stainless statesman, and has been nomin ated on his merits. This bold policy wil pay the Democrats throughout the Union whereas they would have lost credit of his popularity in one doubtful district, "Cleveland and Thurman" are a strong Roots. 3,762

team by ability and reputation, and far Grain . 4,020 stronger by the convention's adoption of a straightforward, decided programme of to be taught that the extensive use of fiscal or anti-restrictionist reform. The Democrats have learned from many regreat questions. There is no hedging safe for milch cows, and that possibly this time in their platform. They ap- | there is better health with roots, though proposes to effect a considerable reduction of Customs duties on the necessaries of have to wait further tests as this is only life, and they stand unreservedly by the famous revenue tariff Message of the President. In that document Mr. Cleveland laid down sound, statesmanlike principles

"The amount of money annually exacted from the industries and necessities of the people largely exceeds the sum necessary to meet the expenses of the Govern-

He went on to declare that Our present tariff laws, the vicious in-

quitable and illogical source of unneces-

sary taxation, ought to be at once revised and amended. These laws, at their primary and plain effect, raise the price to consumers of all articles imported and subject to duty by precisely the sum paid for such duties. Thus the amount of the duty measures the tax paid by those who purchase for use these imported articles. Many of these things, however, are raised or manufactured in our own country, and the duties now levied upon foreign goods and products are called protective to these home manufactures, because they render it possible for those of our people who are manufacturers to make these taxed articles and sell them for a price equal to that demanded for the imported goods that have paid Customs duty."

And he concluded that "The simple and plain duty which we owe to this people is to reduce taxation to the necessary expenses of an economical operation of the Government, and to restore to the business of the country the money which we hold in the treasury through the perversion of Governmental

That is all sound doctrine, and the elecion of the Democratic candidates thereon will have the consequence of making the U. S. tax-system a pleasure for sensible men to behold.

Mothers!

Castoria is recommended by physicians for children teething. It is a purely vege table preparation, its ingredients are pub to the taste and abrolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels-

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

own expense a new experiment, to wit, a Castoria is the children's panacea-the mothers' friend, 35 doses, 35 cents.

Best Milk Production.

ROOTS BETTER THAN GRAIN IS PROFESSOR BROWN'S VERDICT.

The following is the text of bulleting XXX., issued from the Ontario Agricultural College, at Gulph, by Mr. Wm. Brown, Professor of Agriculture:-

We have made tests with roots against grain for milk production within the last five years, but never so thoroughly as during the past winter. Our objects were: (1) Cheaper production of winter milk: (2) to get milk equal at least to the average Ontario summer records; (3) the use of a large quantity of roots without tasting, and (4) to maintain milk and condition of cows without grain.

The plan adopted was to feed one week on each ration previous to exact testing during the second week, and thus changing every two weeks through March and April. Ordinary Shorthorn grades were handled, milking twice a day. What are the facts so far?

The root ration daily consisted of 12 lb. cut hay, timothy and clover, 33 lb. mangels, 33 lb. Swede turnips and 15 lb. white Belgian carrots, all sliced and mixed with the hay. The grain ration was 12 lb. of similar cut hay, 7 lb. oats, 7 lb. peas and 7 lb. barley, all ground and mixed dry with the hay. Feeding at 6 a. m., 11.30 a. m. and 3.30 p. m.

The nutritive ratio of the root diet is 1.7-4, and of the grain 1.5-4, thus 27 per cent, higher for the grain ration.

The daily milk per head from roots averaged 20.9 lb. over the whole period,

The daily cost of food per head was 191 cents for the root and 31 cents for the grain ration, thus being 91 mills for the one and 13.9 mills for the other per pound on the milk produced. or 91 cents and 14 cents per gallon respectively, charges the average prices of the Province during the last twelve years.

On roots the animal weight was reduced 14 lb., and on the grain 121 lb. over the period-practically nothing in the scaling of cows; nor had we to carry any left food after each feeding; neither was milk spoiled by root taste. Now, what are the practical and scien-

tific deductions from these simple facts? 1. That 81 lb. of a mixture of roots, an anusually large quantity per head, with PEOPLE GENERALLY BELIEVE that if 12 lb. hay, gave almost as much milk as did the unusually large quantity of 21 lb. of a mixture of grain and 12 lb. hay. 2. That this result was accomplished

> (1) without spoiling the milk; (2) without reducing animal weight; (3) at 30 per cent. less cost, and (4) even though the root ration was scientifically 37 per cent. lower in nutritive value. 3. Thus, food of a succulent character. four times more bulky and much less

value proportionately than dry grain, de-

mands a very high place in winter dairy-4. The root ration was pitted against an unusually large quantity of ground grain, enough to fatten two store cattle. which also represents with hav the acknowledged scientific and practical standard (1:5.4) of a ration for the best results in animal growth and their productions. But, even though the roots were four times more in bulk, the cow had

The large relative percentage of water in rocts seem to possess an influence in actly understood, yet seems to depend for its effect upon the fact that the natuproportion of water than is found in the

more highly nutritious grains. 6 Thirty-three pounds of Swede turnips per day, if fed whole and separately, will taste milk, but when sliced and mixed with an equal quantity of mangels, or when pulped and mixed with hay, will not give a bad flavor.

7. The manure values scientifically resulting from the consumption of these rations are about four cents for roots and nine cents for grain per cow daily; thus. in balancing all the points in this experiment, that of manure must not be lost sight of.

8. Take two such cows as we have had in this test over a winter of 180 days, one upon each of those rations, and all other conditions being alike, we obtain the fol-

Value of Cost of Manure Net Milk, lb, milk food value gain, 9: Accordingly the dairy world has yet grain is or is not correct economically: that a large quantity of a mixture of roots. verses the folly of trying to straddle on with hay fodder is both economical and prove unreservedly the Mills Bill, which a slightly inferior quality of milk-remembering at the same time that we our first systematically conducted one.

Steam Saw-Mills.

THE ATLAS ASSURANCE COMPANY of London and THE NATIONAL of Ireland, will insure against fire, Steam Saw Mills with Brick Boiler Houses. Application may be made to, and risks accepted at lowest current rates by the Companies' Agent,

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Notice to Mill Owners.

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