

General Business.

Not a Pimple on a Baby

Baby one year old. Bad with Eczema. Hair all gone. Scalp covered with eruptions. Cured by Cuticura. Hair splendid and not a pimple on him.

Cured by Cuticura.

I cannot say enough in praise of the CUTICURA Remedies. My boy, when one year old, was bad with eczema that he had all his hair. His scalp was covered with eruptions, which the doctor said was eczema. I tried all the remedies, but he never grew again. Despairing of a cure from physicians, I began the use of the CUTICURA Remedies, and, I am happy to say, with the most perfect success. His hair is now splendid, and there is not a pimple on his face. I recommend the CUTICURA Remedies to mothers as the most speedy, economical, and sure cure for all eruptions of the face, neck, and children, and feel that every mother who has an afflicted child will thank me for so doing.

Fever Sore Eight Years.

I must extend to you the thanks of one of my customers, who has been cured by using the CUTICURA Remedies of a fever sore, caused by a long spell of sickness or fever eight years ago. He was so bad he was unable to work, and he had a very bad time of it. He is now well, and he is happy to say he is well, and he is happy to say he is well, and he is happy to say he is well.

Cuticura Frankfort, Kan.

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and most perfect of all Remedies. Internally, CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA Cream, an excellent Skin Beautifier, externally, speedily and permanently remove all eruptions, every disease and humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, whether itching, burning, scaly, pimply, scurfulous, or hereditary, when all other remedies fail.

EVERY MUSCLE ACHES.

Sharp Aches, Dull Pains, Stains and Swellings of the Muscles. In 15 to 20 minutes by the CUTICURA Anti-Pain Liniment. It is the most powerful and instantaneous painkilling strengthening plaster.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!

OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable Purposes. The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and integrity, and toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

Famed for Twenty Years.

For Integrity of its Drawings and Prompt Payment of Prizes.

AGENTS WANTED

For the undersigned Banks and Bankers in all the States and Territories, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness and integrity, and toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

Grand Monthly Drawing

at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, March 11, 1890.

Capital Prize, \$300,000.

100,000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars each. Halfes \$10; Quarters \$5; Tenths \$2.

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Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B. - FEBRUARY 27, 1890.

Election Notes.

The gentlemen who contested the general election of last month as nominees of the Government's friends in Northumberland, appear to be rather unreliable stock. One of them was a supporter of Mr. Blair until within a few months of the general election of 1886, when he went into opposition. He was elected and remained in opposition for one session and part of another. Then he changed his politics again and supported the Government. He ran as a Government supporter on 20th of last month and was defeated. The Government, having made concessions to Northumberland which were asked for local political leaders of both sides and agreed to by this same gentleman, he, with a weak, violated his personal pledge to his leader, again went into opposition, and did his best to prevent a Northumberland representative, who had received an important portfolio, from being elected. He failed and every loyal man in Northumberland is glad of it.

Another of these gentlemen—the candidate who was defeated last Thursday—has a record for party inconsistency that is not reassuring. He was a prominent worker against the Government in 1886. In the by-election subsequently held, to fill the vacancy caused by Hon. Mr. Adams' resignation, he was the opposition candidate and, as such, was beaten. In the by-election which took place a few months after, to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Park's resignation, he ran as an independent and, as such, was elected. His first act in the legislature was to go entirely back on his previous record, as an oppositionist and independent, by seconding the Address in reply to the opening Speech and, thus, identify himself fully with the party he had always opposed. Last month he ran as a Government candidate and was defeated. He afterwards agreed to the arrangement by which one of our County's representatives became a member of the Government and a long-sought concession in regard to stamptage was secured. In a few days he changed his mind, became a bitter opponent of the Government, denied his agreement with his former leader, ran against the man who was chosen to represent the County in the Government, and was defeated, as every honest man will say he deserved to be.

Another of the Government candidates of last month began his political career on 4th ult., and, therefore, ought to have few sins of inconsistency to answer for. He has, however, managed to emulate his more experienced colleagues already mentioned. He gave his word to the leader of the party in whose name and under whose auspices he had become a candidate that he would not oppose the Surveyor General or encourage opposition to him. Within a few days he violated the compact and became a very bitter opponent, regardless of the concessions made to the County, the political traditions of his business associations and immediate environment and to the detriment of some important interests under his control, the influences of which should not have been used against the wishes of many in the community who deprecated his desertion of their party at so important a juncture.

The fourth candidate has not been far behind his associates in making a record. He was known to be in opposition to the Government a fortnight before the general election of last month. He wrote a letter to a prominent political friend expressing the most positive opposition sentiments. The ink on the letter was hardly dry before he came to Chatham, took part in a meeting of the Government's friends, accepted nomination as a candidate on the Government side and, like other members of his ticket, was defeated on 20th ult. He was not seen by the leader of the government when the arrangement under which the office of Surveyor-General came to the County was made, and he cannot, therefore, be said to have assented to it. He did express his approval, however, to friends, but, subsequently, was induced to desert the Government party and do what he could to oppose the return of the Surveyor-General on Thursday last.

The foregoing statements are cold facts. We might invite the Sun, Monoton Times, Advocate and other opposition papers and say unkind things about the gentlemen referred to, but that is not our purpose, nor has it ever been our method in dealing with men in their relationships to public matters. All sensible persons will, however, agree with us that gentlemen whose records are such as we have stated ought to realize the absurdity of calling other people inconsistent, and of sending broadcast over the country papers filled with depreciatory references to our prominent public men, comparing them to some of the wicked and deceptive personages mentioned in sacred and profane history.

Whether these gentlemen and those who were active participants on their side in the late election, realize what they have done against the good name of the community we do not know. We think they do not. If they do they have not manifested any regret for their mistaken course. In the first place, they had the best possible means of knowing, and did know, that the office of Surveyor-General came to the County under the 27th terms on which the gentleman to whom it was given said, explicitly, in his appeal to the electors, last month, he would accept it. In accepting it, therefore, he only kept his word. There was, surely, no justification for any charge of deception against him. But, his position was strengthened by the acquiescence therein by the three gentlemen first referred to in the foregoing paragraphs. What, then, but a most inexcusable disregard for the good name of those who aspire to leading positions amongst us could prompt these gentlemen to assist outsiders who, either ignorantly or maliciously,

engaged in misrepresenting the integrity of the Surveyor-General's position? We say it was a disloyal thing to the County for those gentlemen to thus join in a crusade against the public reputation of one of our own men, whose greatest offence seems to have been that he, with the aid of these very men and his own political associates, had accomplished for the people that in which they had failed and given up as impossible. Not only so, but these gentlemen seem to forget that those who have made use of them in the campaign and impelled them forward to work their designs upon the County, will have but little respect for men who could be so easily induced to stultify themselves and violate their personal pledges to their political leader.

There are two aspects of this phase of the matter which it will be well for all concerned to ponder over. These gentlemen are not supposed to be incapable of arriving at proper conclusions in reference to public matters. They should, indeed, be not only able to judge for themselves in such matters, but prepared to justify and defend their conclusions. If they are not thus capable, then a mistake must have been made when they became candidates for the Assembly, which is not the place for men who are not capable of originating opinions for themselves, but merely upon others to furnish them before they can take action. These gentlemen having been informed by the leader of the Government of the arrangements by which the office of Surveyor-General was to come to Northumberland consented to them, and said they would support the gentleman to whom the office was given. What induced them to break their word? The public is not yet fully informed, but we have been told it was because, when they gave it, they did not realize that the people were not in favor of it. But, the people amongst whom these gentlemen live have been tested on the question. Eighteen hundred and forty-seven others have said they are in favor of the arrangement, while thirteen hundred and seventy-four were all that could be induced, by every effort the pledge-breakers could put forth, to dissent from it. It, therefore, appears that the first thoughts of these gentlemen were in line with public sentiment in the County and their pledges on the right side. The motives for the course they took must be looked for outside of the interests of the County and the will of the people of the County. We all know the efforts that were made by St. John, York and Westmorland parties to influence some of our leading citizens to play into their hands—efforts which we are glad to say, were resisted and, therefore, failed, because the men who were first tampered with repelled the tempters as soon as they discovered the real character of their designs. We should be sorry to think that those amongst us who, last year, were induced to act as insidious outside opposition element, did so with full knowledge of the use that was being made of them, but their blindness in the matter cannot divert them of the responsibility of their course, and while we may charitably relieve them of the graver charge involved in the idea that they were, knowingly, co-conspirators with these outsiders against the interests of the community, it is impossible to forget that by becoming the pliable instruments of others against their own pledges and those interests, they have done much to invite outside attention to their moral and intellectual calibre. For our own part, we would rather have the knowledge of such blunders as these gentlemen have made confined to the most limited local area, but we fear that the publicity they have been induced to aid in giving to their mistaken and distorted views of recent events in the County, will have a damaging effect upon its prestige abroad, and we are quite certain that nothing in the events and experiences of the past month will so largely contribute to that end as a close study of the record made by these gentlemen, themselves.

This is the relative size of the late opposition managers and the public, as seen by the former last Wednesday evening.

The Op. Managers.

The Public.

This is the way the said managers found it on Thursday night:

The Op. Managers. The Public.

The Op. Managers.

The Public.

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sprung upon Parliament and the country. It is understood that serious charges, backed up by documentary and other evidence, it is said, of the most conclusive character, attacking the seats of a prominent member of the Quebec district and others in high places, including several members of the Government, will be regularly laid before the House of Commons and a committee demanded to enquire into their truth. The burthen of the charges is that the accused have been and still are secret partners in the public contract known as the Quebec Harbor works and have regularly shared in the profits of the same, in violation of the Independence of Parliament Act, besides receiving therefrom at various times large subscriptions for election purposes in this district and elsewhere. It is said the charges go even further than this, and assert that officials were bribed and forced to progress on the works cooked to secure or to hasten the payment of large sums by the government. And it is further added that it was decided among the conspirators upwards of twelve months ago that the Quebec and Montreal Harbor Commissioners should be suppressed, and the control of the extensive works, involving millions, contemplated at Montreal, and remaining to be done at Quebec, transferred to the Public Works Department, with the understanding that the Quebec contractors, either directly or indirectly, shall have the works at both ports, the whole with an eye to continuing the game that has been played at the public expense for years, and to provide funds to enable the government to carry the rest Dominion elections.

"The charges are the outcome of the quarrel already referred to between some of the interested parties and which has now become war to the knife, and it is understood that they will be probably made by a member from his seat in the House, as was done by the late Hon. L. S. Huntington in the case of the Pacific Scandal."

A Big Lottery Fight.

Much has been said and written heretofore in reference to the Louisiana State Lottery—most of it of an uncompromising character—principally, no doubt, for the reason that its course is a very conservative one in its methods, and cares little for newspapers whose managers often succor in other quarters in having their praise or silence purchased. The lottery, as all well-informed persons know, is the most extensive institution of the kind in the world. It is the only lottery in the United States whose charter is a part of the State constitution and its success is based on the fact that it is as legitimate and reliable as it is possible for a lottery to be, and far more so than many land associations, building societies, mining companies and other undertakings of that class. We may say that we have never invested a dollar in it, simply because we are not inclined towards speculation in that form, but we know there are many who are so inclined, and while they might, in our judgment, make better investment of their money, we can see no reason why some other schemes of more doubtful integrity than the Louisiana lottery should be commended and that one singled out for denunciatory reference by those whose motives therefor are based on their failure to secure its patronage.

Interest in the lottery in question is particularly manifested now by reason of efforts that have been made to secure a charter in another State, and, in the public discussion of the subject, information that will, no doubt, interest both friends and opponents of the institution is developed. We, therefore, reproduce the following resume of the past and future position of the Company, by a member of the New York Herald staff, transmitted to that paper on 17th inst. from New Orleans:—"The recent effort to secure a lottery charter in North Dakota has had the effect of filling the press of this country with much misinformation. Among other things it has been said that the Louisiana lottery, knowing that it was impossible to secure an extension of its charter in Louisiana, had determined to make preparations to withdraw from the State, and for that reason had sought to secure a charter elsewhere. Few people in Louisiana who have watched the current of events thought for a moment that the lottery company had the slightest idea of abandoning the State. They regarded the attempt to secure a charter in Dakota only as a means to get better terms here and as a provision against a possible failure to secure a renewal of the franchise."

"It has also been charged that the Louisiana Lottery Company will now try to buy an extension of its charter through the State Legislature and will offer to retire the State debt of \$12,000,000 for a twenty-five years' lease of corporate life. There is, as far as I can learn, no such proposition to be made. The Legislature is absolutely powerless in the matter. The people of Louisiana and they alone can extend the lottery charter. The lottery was chartered in 1833 and its franchise does not expire until 1893. In 1879 the Legislature, in the exercise of its police power, abolished the lottery, but before the legislative act went into effect a constitutional convention met. The lottery question was taken up in that body, and a majority of the members held that the legislative act was unconstitutional, inasmuch as it violated a contract."

"A paragraph was therefore inserted in the new constitution continuing the lottery until the next expired and giving the Legislature power to establish other lotteries, none of them to extend beyond the time of the expiration of the Louisiana State Lottery Company's franchise, and after January 1, 1893, no lotteries were to be permitted to exist in the State. There was an acrimonious debate on this proposition and much re-argument among delegates in the convention, but it was finally embodied in the constitution of the State, voted on by the people and adopted. So the Legislature is powerless in the matter further than to submit a constitutional amendment to the people. It will require a two-thirds vote to do this."

"The next session of the Legislature, which must not upon the matter if a renewal of the charter is secured, will meet in May. It is understood that the lottery company will get that body and ask that the proposition be submitted to the people in the form of a constitutional amendment to extend its charter for a period of twenty-five years. The lottery now pays an annual license into the State Treasury of \$40,000. This is set apart for the maintenance of the Charity Hospital in this city."

"I am reliably informed that the lottery will propose for an extension of its charter to pay an annual license ranging from \$250,000 to \$500,000, the sum thus raised to be devoted to the charitable institutions of the State and to educational purposes. There will be a hard fight over the proposed amendment in the Legislature, but the indications are that the necessary two-thirds will be secured and the amendment submitted to the people."

What's This?

The Quebec correspondent of the Montreal Witness says: "There is good reason to believe that, before many days elapse, a second edition of the Pacific scandal, which resulted in the ousting of Sir John Macdonald's Government in the year 1872, will be sprung upon Parliament and the country."

that the proposition be submitted to the people in the form of a constitutional amendment to extend its charter for a period of twenty-five years. The lottery now pays an annual license into the State Treasury of \$40,000. This is set apart for the maintenance of the Charity Hospital in this city."

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"The argument that will be used by those who will favor the amendment will be that in a matter of such importance, involving the payment of \$12,000,000, the people should have the right to decide upon the matter. Those who oppose the lottery will do so upon purely moral grounds, holding that all lotteries are pernicious and demoralizing, and that the people have virtually passed upon the question by declaring ten years ago that no lottery should be established in the State after 1893. The moral advocates are, as far as my observation goes, in a minority, but will make a most determined fight. They will have Governor Nicholls with them. The Executive declared himself publicly within a week as against an extension of the lottery charter. The Methodist Conference has also declared against it. So has the Presbytery of Louisiana and the Farmers' Alliance. On the other hand, the largest financial body in the city, most of the influential politicians, and by the great bulk of those who see no harm in buying a lottery ticket. These latter, it is safe to say, judging from the evidence one sees around him, constitute a large majority of the population. So in spite of the Governor and the moral force of the religious element I see no reason to doubt that the proposition of the lottery, with some modifications in favor of the State, will be submitted to the people."

"The disposition of the amendment is more problematical. The question, if it is submitted, will not be voted upon until 1892. In the meantime a great deal of missionary work can be done on both sides. Nothing is more certain than that the opposition will not cease with the action of the Legislature, provided of course it is favorable to the lottery company. In fact, such action will only intensify it."

"This campaign is certain to be one of the hottest ever fought in the State. An attempt will be made to get one or both of the political parties to declare against the lottery in the party platforms, but it is not likely that either will inject the question into its declaration of purposes. The republican party chartered the lottery and its representatives here always voted for it, both in the Legislature and Convention. The democrats have always divided upon the question, the majority being opposed to the lottery, formerly on the ground that it was a faction in politics. The lottery has so shrewdly conducted its affairs in late years as to disarm this opposition, and it is not unlikely that the campaign funds of all parties, and thus relieved itself of the criticism that it has favoured one at the expense of the other. Thus political opposition has been disarmed, and it has only the moral issue to meet."

"This issue will not down nor can it be waved aside, and so a royal battle is the result. "Would the readers of the Herald like to know how it will end, looking at the opposing forces at the present time? I should say the lottery will secure a renewal of its charter at the hands of the people. Why? Well, for one reason, the republicans are likely to be practically solid for it, although some of the negro preachers may take the stump against it. Then the business community is likely to favour it for the reason that it brings money and business into the State. Again, a large percentage of the