Legal Notices.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

TO be sold at Public Auction on Thursday the 8th day of October next, in front of the Registry Office in Newcastle, between the hours of 12 o'clock, noon and 5 o'clock, p. m.—

All the right, title and interest of property, possession and claim of Alexander Fitzgerald in and to all that piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Northesk, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, bounded as follows, to wit:—On the south side by the property of James Fitzgerald, on the north side by the property of William Matchett, on the front by the White Rapids and on the rear by wilderness lands, containing 100 acres more or less—being all that piece of land conveyed to the said Alexander Fitzgerald by one William Fitzgerald, by Deed dated the eighth day of September, A. D., 1886, as will appear more fully on reference to Vol. 63, pages 568 & 569 of the Records of the said County.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court, on the suit of W. Doherty & Co against the said Alexander Fitzgerald.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff of North'd Co

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 20th day of June, A. D., 1891.

CITATION.

NEW BRUNSWICK,
COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER, S. S.

L.S. To the Sheriff of the County of Gloucester, or any constable within the said County, greeting:—

Whereas, Alfred C. Smith, of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland, Doctor of Medicine, one of the heirs of James Smith, late of Bathurst, in the said County of Gloucester, merchant, deceased, hath by Petition bearing date the eighteenth day of June, instant, represented to me that the said James Smith made and executed a paper writing purporting to be his last Will and Testament, bearing date the eighteenth day of February last past, and that he by appointed one Abel Ellis, of the parish of Bathurst, in the said County of Gloucester, executor thereof, which Will hath been filed in the Court of Probate for the said County of Gloucester, and whereas the said Alfred C. Smith, who claims to be interested in the estate of the said James Smith, who is deceased, hath prayed that the said Abel Ellis may be required to prove the said Will in solemn form and that the said Abel Ellis and the heirs, devisees, legatee and next of kin of the said deceased be cited to attend at proving the said Will in solemn form:

You are therefore required to cite the said Abel Ellis to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at the Court House in Bathurst, aforesaid, on Tuesday, the sixth day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of proving the said Will in solemn form. And you are further required to cite Christiana Ellis, of Bathurst, aforesaid, the devisee and legatee named in the said Will—the heirs of the said deceased, namely—the said Alfred C. Smith, and George M. Smith of San Diego, in the State of California, in the United States of America, and the next of kin of the said deceased, namely—John Brown, Elizabeth McIntosh, wife of Robert McIntosh, Catherine McIntosh, wife of James McIntosh, William Vance, all of South Tetagouche, in the parish of Bathurst, in the County of Gloucester, Isabella Branch, wife of Samuel Branch, of the parish of Bathurst, aforesaid, Jane Brown, of Springhill, in the County of York, in said Province, spinster, Samuel Brown of Jersey City, in the State of New Jersey, in the United States of America, James Brown, of the city of New York, in the State of New York, in the United States, aforesaid, Robert Brown, William Brown, Alexander Brown, all of Blaine in Washington Territory, in the United States, aforesaid, Mary Smith, of the City of Boston, in the State of Massachusetts, in the United States, aforesaid, spinster, Isabella Smith, Rebecca Smith, Elizabeth Smith, spinsters, and Annie Crowe, wife of Sanford John Crowe, all of Vancouver, in the Province of British Columbia, Jane Payne, wife of George Payne, of Stanwood in Washington Territory aforesaid, Ellen Smith, wife of Richard Smith, of Stonewall, in the Province of Manitoba, Janet Brown of (residence unknown) in the Province of Manitoba, aforesaid, spinster, and Thomas John Smith, Mary Jane Smith, Susan A. Smith, Robert Smith and Eva Smith, children of Annie Smith, deceased, wife of Richard Smith of (residence unknown) in the Province of Manitoba, aforesaid—to attend the proving of the said Will in solemn form at the time and place aforesaid, and to see proceedings.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court this eighteenth day of June, A. D. 1891.

(Signed) THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY,
Judge of Probates, Gloucester.

(Signed) D. G. MACLAUCHLAN,
Registrar of Probates, Gloucester.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

TO be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday the 5th day of November next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham, between the hours of 12 noon and five o'clock p m

All the right, title and interest of William Muirhead in and to all those several pieces, parcels or lots of land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Chatham, and County of Northumberland, and Province of New Brunswick, and more particularly described and bounded as follows, viz:

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate lying and being on the south side of the Miramichi River, in the Parish of Chatham, aforesaid being part of the lot number thirty-eight, which piece thereof is abutted and bounded as follows, to wit: Commencing on the north side of the Queen's Highway at the lower side of the lands belonging to the Estate of the late Richard Blackstock, deceased, thence easterly along the north side of the said Road or Highway to the west side of lands owned and occupied by the late Honorable Wm. Muirhead, thence notherly along the west side of the said late Honorable Wm. Muirhead's lands to the channel of the River Miramichi, thence westerly or up stream to a continuation of the easterly side line of the said Richard Blackstock's property: thence southerly along such side line to the north side of the said Highway, being the place of beginning, comprising the whole of the lands and premises now used as the "Miramichi Foundry" with the Steam Engine and Boiler, Turning Lathes, Plaining Machine, and all machinery contained and in use in any of the said buildings.

Also, all that other piece of land situate in Chatham, aforesaid, being part of Lot No. 30 granted to Patrick Taylor, deceased, and lately owned by Peter Taylor, deceased, bounded as follows, to wit:—Commencing at the shore of the Miramichi River at the upper side line of that part of the said lot lately owned and occupied by Robert Johnstone, deceased; thence southerly along the said line to the north-east angle of the pasture lot number five as laid down in the plan of the said number thirty made by David Sadler, Esquire, Deputy Surveyor; thence westerly along the northerly line of the said pasture lot number five three hundred and fifty six links or to the east side of a road laid out along the said lot number thirty; thence northerly along the east side of the said road to the south side of the Queen's Highway; thence westerly along the south side of the Queen's Highway to the westerly side line of the land formerly occupied by the said David Sadler; thence northerly along the easterly side line of the land conveyed by the said Patrick Taylor, deceased, to Joseph Cunard, to the River Miramichi; thence down stream along the shore to the upper side line of the said land lately owned by the said Robert Johnstone, deceased, being the place of beginning, with the privilege of the water in front of the said land and which said land was conveyed to John Sadler and Lemuel J. Tweedie on the fourteenth day of May, A. D. 1874 by John Lawlor, Alexander R. Ramsay and James Luke, all of Newcastle, in said County, Trustees for all the creditors of the of the estate and effects of Alexander Jacobsen, late of Chatham, in said County, seaman.

Also, all that other certain piece or parcel of land at Chatham, in the County aforesaid, described as follows, to wit:—Commencing on the westerly boundary of the above described property at a point 27 feet northerly along the said westerly side line from the Queen's Highway, thence on a line westerly till it strikes a point forty-four feet from the easterly line of the late George J. Parker's Property and one hundred and eight feet from the said highway with a right of way from the said described premises to the said highway over the land of John England, which right of way or road shall be of the width of 20 feet and run along the easterly boundary of the James McDonald property now occupied by Thomas Stevenson with the right and privilege of the water in front of the said described premises and with the right to erect and keep a boom or build a wharf of any description on the said premises, including the wharf property now known as "The Canada Wharf Property" erected in front of said lands and premises—the said wharf extending into the River Miramichi four hundred and thirteen feet from the high water-line on the westerly side of said wharf, and having a frontage on said river of eight hundred and fifty-two feet and extending into the said river on the lower or easterly side five hundred and eighty feet from high water mark.

The same having been seized by me, under and by virtue of several Executions issued out of the Supreme and County Courts against the said William Muirhead.

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 21st July, A. D. 1891.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

To be sold at Public Auction on Thursday, the 10th day of December next, in front of the Post Office in Chatham, between the hours of twelve noon and 5 o'clock p. m.

All the right, title and interest which the late Mary Caulfield had at the time of her decease, in and to all and singular those certain lots or parcels of land and premises situate, lying and being on the westerly side of the Bartibogue River, in the Parish of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, and bounded as follows, viz.—In front by the said Bartibogue river, on the north by land owned by Richard Quigley, on the south by the Wallace property and in the rear by wilderness land, and containing 200 acres more or less.

Also all that other lot of land on the north side of the said Bartibogue river, opposite lands granted to Richard Quigley and granted to Richard Hutchison, containing 100 acres as by reference to grant No. 13,716, will fully appear—being the same lands or properties conveyed to the said Mary Caulfield by Richard Hutchison by deed dated the 3rd day of November, A. D., 1885, as by reference to vol. 64, pages 101 and 102 of the Records of the said County of Northumberland, will more fully appear.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court at the suit of Isabella Caulfield against the said Mary Caulfield.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle,
this 22nd day of August, A. D., 1891.

COAL!

Now on hand, one cargo Victoria Mines House Coal for which orders will be taken at office of

J. B. SNOWBALL.

TO FARMERS.

For sale a quantity of pure ground bones, fresh from the Chatham Bone Mill. To be sold cheap to encourage farming. Apply to,

J. B. SNOWBALL.

General Business.

$2500. - - - $2500.

New Brunswick STOCK AND AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION.

Agricultural Society, No. 34,

Will hold an Exhibition, at

Fredericton, N. B.,

—ON—

Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday,

6, 7 & 8 OCT., 1891.

$2,500. In Prizes open to the Province of N. B. $2,500.

Grand Exhibition of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry, Agricultural, Horticultural and Dairy Products, etc, etc.

The Government Importation of Cattle and Sheep, amounting to $20,000.00, will be on exhibition, and will be sold at Public Auction.

Cheap Excursion Tickets by all Railroad and Steamboat lines to Fredericton during the week of the Exhibition, and all exhibits will be returned free, on certificate of Secretary.

The Celebrated Horse "LINUS" Tail 12 ft. Mane, 14 ft, Forelop, 10 ft., also on Exhibition.

The Park Association will hold Races on their Track, adjoining the Exhibition Grounds, during the week.

For Particulars regarding Entries, Classes and Prizes, see Prize List; and any information respecting the Show, apply to the Secretary.

E. H. ALLEN, Secretary.
HARRY BECKWITH, President.

TIRED—

How often we hear people say, "I'm tired," and when they have really not done any thing to make them feel so. It is not that they have been working hard, but that

TIRED

feeling that they experience is caused by the system being run down, and they require a good bracing medicine to build them up—to bring about the desired result they should take Estey's Iron Tonic—then that

—TIRED

feeling will soon pass away. It builds up the system; strengthens the muscles; tones the appetite, and makes you feel like a new person. Sold by all dealers.

DR. JAMES' NERVE BEANS.

NERVE BEANS are a new discovery that relieve and cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor and Failing Manhood; restores the weakness of body or mind caused by overwork, or the errors and excesses of youth. This Remedy absolutely cures the most obsinate cases when all other TREATMENTS have failed even to relieve. They do not, like other preparations advertised for Lost Manhood, etc., interfere with digestion; but impart new life, strength and energy in a quick and harmless manner peculiar to themselves.

Sold by druggists at $1.00 a package, or six for 5.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address The James Medicine CO., Canadian Agency, St. John, N. B.

Write for pamphlet. Sold in Chatham by J. D. B. F. MACKENZIE.

SUGARS.

LANDING AND TO ARRIVE:

500 Bbls. Standard, Ex. C. and Granulated.

BEANS.

Landing 80 Bbls. Ex. Prime.

—FOR SALE BY—

C. M. BOSTWICK & CO.

ST. JOHN.

The Liverpool & London & Globe

Insurance Company.

FIRE AND LIFE.

Assets 31 Decr. 1890	$42,135,184.56
Assets in Canada 1890	1,403,493.18

Fire Insurance of all descriptions at lowest current rates

WARREN C. WINSLOW, Agent,
Chatham, N. B.

I have appointed Mr. Warren C. Winslow agent at Chatham, in place of Mr. T. F. Gillespie Mr Winslow is authorized to issue renewals of existing risks, and to receive applications for new insurance at lowest current rates.

W. M. JARVIS, General Agent,

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.

Saint John, N. B., 10 June, 1891.

Cooked Codfish.

Ask your grocer for

Cooked Shredded Codfish

and try it.

Canada House,

Corner Water and St. John Streets,

CHATHAM.

LARGEST HOTEL IN CHATHAM.

Every attention paid to

THE COMFORT OF GUESTS.

Located in the business centre of the town. Stabling and Stable Attendance first rate.

WM. JOHNSTON,
PROPRIETOR

1891.

Newcastle Driving Park Association.

The Annual meeting will be held on the track at Newcastle, on

TUESDAY & WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 15 & 16, 1891.

$435.00 in Premiums.

First Day, Tuesday, Sept. 15.

Green Race, for Horses owned in the County	$50.00
2 45 Class,	125.00

Second Day, Wednesday, Sept 16.

3 Minute Class,	85.00
Free-for-all,	175.00

All races will be governed by the National Trotting Association Rules. All trotting to harness best 3 in 5 mile heats. Entrance fee will be 10 per cent of purse, payable 5 per cent with nomination, and 5 per cent. evening of Sept. 14. Entries will close with the Secretary on the 12th of Sept. Five to enter and three to start in all races. Any horse distancing the field will be entitled to first money only. Any horse making record in race first, same record will not be counted against him second day. Purses will be divided 60, 30 and 10 per cent.

Admission, 25cts, Carriages, 25cts.

Races will start 2 p. m. sharp, Newcastle time.

Chas. Sargent, PRESIDENT. E. Lee Street, SECRETARY.

Special Notice.

The editor and proprietor of the MIRAMICHI ADVANCE contemplates retiring from his present business on the Miramichi and is desirious of finding a purchaser for this paper, its plant and good-will. He will therefore receive proposals from anyone desiring to invest in what is a paying and successful business.

As a purchaser may not be found he will be glad to receive offers from competent and experienced persons who may be prepared to undertake the editorial and business management of the paper.

Address

D. G. SMITH,
Chatham, N. B.

Chatham, N. B., July 23, 1891.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., - - SEPTEMBER 10, 1891.

So Far so Good.

Sir Hector Langevin's resignation has been finally accepted and his career as a minister thus ends. That is in accord with public sentiment and is a good beginning. The people of the country expect much more of the same kind of thing to be done. Meantime, judgment on the government's good faith and good intentions, as well as comment on passing events, are suspended by fair-minded men and fair-minded newspapers, in the hope that justice will be done and the executive axe fall wherever guilt is proved. The dominant party at Ottawa is face to face with heroic work, and Spartan courage is required for its performance. If the courage is wanting and the work is not done the guilty ones will drag their innocent but morally helpless associates under with them.

The Kent Contest.

The nomination proceedings at Richibucto, on Tuesday, awakened more than usual bye-election interest, and it is manifest that the opposition men have practically abandoned hope of success. Attorney-General Blair has done well to go into the County and meet the gross misrepresentations of Mr. Phinney, who, being obliged to call in the aid of all the opposition speaking talent, has found that the people, who have heard and seen for themselves, are determined to vote upon their independent judgment and sustain a leader so worthy of support, on the merits of his administration. Mr. Gogain is not the first respectable man who has suffered through being found in bad company. He has, however, made his choice and, therefore, cannot be trusted as a representative of his County. We are not, perhaps, entirely informed in reference to every section of the county of Kent, but all that we hear warrants the belief that Mr. Legere will have a handsome majority, which we shall have the pleasure of announcing next week.

Our telegraphic report of the nomination proceedings on Tuesday, reached us late yesterday afternoon and was, therefore, not in time for this week's paper.

Mr. Leger was the first speaker, and declared that he was not in accord with the Government in the last general election, but when they reduced the stumpage, assisted Kent's railways, and promoted colonization he felt he must support them for that and their excellent general policy.

Mr. Gogain spoke for about ten minutes only, and declared himself an independent, saying "I could not break the Government, even if I were elected."

In response to repeated calls, Hon. Attorney General Blair spoke for an hour and a half with great force, fully answering every canvass stated against him in the County by Messrs. Stockton, Powell and Phinney. The Whitewash Bill, Northumberland deal and the financial problems were all splendidly handled. Amid the cheers and laughter of the very large majority of the attendance he discussed Mr. Phinney's attitude on the stumpage and railway subsidy questions, and carried the crowd as he nailed home his points.

Mr. Phinney next came forward, but made room for Mr. Leger, M. P., who was asked why he wasn't attending to his legitimate duties at Ottawa. The Ottawa Leger made a slanderous attack upon Hon. Mr. LaBillois.

Hon. Mr. LaBillois was about to reply, when Mr. Phinney claimed his right to be heard and made confusion, when about three-quarters of the audience followed the Government leaders from the court house grounds to another platform where Mr. LaBillois vindicated himself, Phinney meanwhile attempting to speak at the court house to the few who remained to hear him, but abandoning the task in five minutes. He made a dismal failure.

Mr. Wm. Wilson, M. P. P., then made an address of an hour, which was spicy and powerful, refuting Powell's charges in reference to the Public Accounts Committee and making a grand impression, and terminated the day's proceedings by calling for three cheers for Blair, which were heartily given.

The Government stand to win by a handsome majority.

All sorts of appeals are being made to the electors of Kent to return Mr. Gogain. The opposition has not the courage to face the electors with an avowed candidate, so they put Mr. Gogain forward and ask for his election on all kinds of side issues. He, himself, has averred that he is not an opposition man, and he is reported as having led some of his friends to infer that he will support the government should he be elected. It is evident that the opposition men are anxious that he should be thought an independent, but it is significant that he has had all the speaking talent of the opposition side to assist him in the campaign, and it would be folly for an elector to treat Mr. Gogain otherwise than as an oppositionist. We can imagine circumstances which, in a general election, would justify candidates in offering as independents—which was, practically the position of Northumberland's four successful men in the last Assembly election—but when a house is already elected, parties in it well defined and the government has a good majority which is increasing every session, none but amateur politicians would think of such a thing as an "independent" representative. All representatives who are worthy of the name are independent, but every practical man must choose which side of the house he will support, and any man who does not know enough to decide the question in an election like that pending in Kent is unfit to send to Fredericton.

As to Mr. Gogain, every watchful elector of Kent believes that he is not an independent. That being so they realize that he is sailing under false colors. They know that although he is pledged to Messrs. Hanington, Stockton, Alward Powell and other leading opposition men, he poses as an independent in some quarters, with the deliberate intention of securing the votes of government supporters under false pretences. There is manliness in a candidate avowing his convictions, even if they are wrong, but honest men ought to be suspicious of the politician who hasn't backbone enough to come out squarely and say what he means, carrying his colors in the broad light of day, whatever they may be. The Telegraph had a reference, on Monday, to the Kent election in which it contrasted the manly position of Mr. Legere with that of Mr. Gogain. It said:—

"The campaign in Kent County for the vacant seat appears to be conducted with energy and vigor on both sides. The attorney general is addressing large meetings in behalf of the government candidate, and has had a most cordial reception, as we learn from our correspondents wherever he has spoken. His meeting at Buctouche seems to have been almost an ovation. On the other hand, Mr. Gogain's candidacy is being warmly espoused by the opposition, who have all their guns, great and small, in the field against the leader of the government. Messrs. Hanington, Powell, Melanson, Stockton, Alward and McKeown have been laboring most industriously to convince the electors that the government is unworthy of support, but, with either singular inconsistency or cowardice, perhaps both, they have not put any avowed opposition candidate in the field. Mr. Legere and his friends are at this disadvantage with Mr. Gogain, that Mr. Gogain is, he persistently alleges, an independent. While Messrs. Hanington & Company talk opposition, Mr. Gogain himself does not, and his canvassers insist that he will not oppose the government if elected

"The fact that the opposition has not ventured to bring out a man in opposition is significant in view of the late opposition boasting we have heard, as to the state of feeling in the county. It is said there is a private understanding between Mr. Gogain and the opposition that he will, if elected, vote with them. We are not in a position to either affirm or deny this rumor, but we know that if it be true the opposition must have been convinced they stood no chance of electing their man if he announced himself in their interest. We hope to hear that at the nomination to-morrow he comes out squarely, so that there may be no attempt to steal a seat by false pretences."

The electors of Kent are less intelligent than we believe them to be if it shall turn out that they are permitting Mr. Gogain to hoodwink them with his pretence of independence.

Our Kent County correspondent writes as follows:—The Attorney General's meetings at Cocagne, Buctouche and Kingston, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of last week, were the three largest and most successful meetings of the campaign.

The Cocagne meeting held in the centre of the large Parish of Dundas, added, in large measure, to Legere's rolling up a big majority. Mr. Hanington and Mr. Phinney had been there. The appreciative elector drew a comparison between the style and matter of those ranters and the argumentative manner which always marks Mr. Blair's utterances, with the result that many of the most prominent and pronounced of Gogain's supporters publicly signed Legere's nomination. Gogain's boasted majority in Dundas will not materialize on the 15th. Watch the returns and verify this forecast.

The meeting at Buctouche was more like an ovation to Mr. Blair than an assemblage to hear politics discussed. A hall crowded to the doors and hundreds outside unanimous in their cheers and applause for the men whom Messrs. Stevens and Stockton have maligned and traduced, called forth the best powers of the leader of the Government. Wellington, with its 800 votes, will give Leger an overwhelming majority.

At Kingston, where parties are about evenly divided Mr. Blair held a magnificent meeting. James Jardine, Esq., of the firm of J. & T. Jardine, occupied the Chair and introduced the premier in a neat speech. Mr. Blair spoke for three hours, answering the various charges which the group of opposition speakers had made in the back district school houses against him. The whitewash act! said he, why Powell himself drew the fearful clause which offended the canting hypocrisy of Messrs. Stevens and Phinney. Sir John Thompson has lately introduced an act on similar lines, and the Times, "with bated breath and whispered humbleness" meekly says, amen! The Pharisees of the opposition, who stand to pray, and thank God they are not as other men, are dumb in the presence of the federal statute.

The Crockett dismissal was fully justified—people declared that Dr. Crockett was displaced because he was a Presbyterian and Dr. Inch appointed because he was a Methodist. It served to recall the fact that when Mr. Lugrin's services as Secretary for Agriculture were discontinued and Julius Inches named in his stead, the statement was made that Mr. Lugrin was deposed because he was a Methodist and Mr. Inches appointed because he was a Presbyterian. Such mean and petty attempts to arouse denominational prejudices were beneath contempt and served but to fittingly illustrate the breadth of vision of the loyal opposition.

The financial criticism of the philosophical Stockton and the metaphsyical Powell, were briefly and completely disposed of. James Douglas Phinney's record was then minutely analysed. His many flops and flounders were exhibited again for the amusement of the audience, who evidently had not before fully appreciated the wonderful political contortionist they possess in their representative. His card of 1890 was simply torn to tatters—the card in which he appealed for the support of Kent's lumbermen as an advocate of stumpage reduction, and pledged himself always to put his county before his party. Was he true to his pledge and true to his county when he opposed the subsequent reduction? Was he true to Kent when McLeod's telegram made him play "blind man's buff" with the county's greatest grievance? Mr. Phinney's friends passed a bad quarter of an hour while Phinney the real and Phinney the pretended were duly held up to them in turn.

The Attorney General was at his best when he appealed for judgment to the intelligence of his hearers. No honest man present but felt that he had fully and fairly answered and confounded his accusers.

It is strangely significant that although these three large meetings were advertised, neither Hanington nor Stockton, nor Alward, nor Powell, nor McKeown, nor Phinney—all of whom were in the county while they were being held—put in an appearance at any of them. Hole and corner meetings suit their purposes. They shun full and fair discussion. The morning after the Kingston meeting one of Gogain's Richibucto committee publicly stated that unless Gogain declared himself a Government supporter, he would not vote for him. Public discussion has so completely riddled the opposition canvasses that Gogain's backers are now seeking to palm him off as a supporter of the Government. But it won't work. "The hands are Esau's hands, but the voice is the voice of Jacob."

The Fredericton Farmer says:—The electors of Kent County on the 15th inst. will have an opportunity of expressing their appreciation of the Local Government's policy of the stumpage reduction for which that constituency, in common with others of the North Shore and so long, strenuously sought. It is scarcely reasonable to suppose that Kent will persuade herself that her best policy now is to send another opposition representative to the Assembly. The Government are strongly entrenched in power for the next three years at least, and Kent already having one Opposition member in, Mr. Phinney, could not do better than send Mr. Legere to Fredericton on the 15th inst. We understand that he is a gentleman well fitted to represent his county in the Legislature, and coming here as the nominee and supporter of the administration, he would have a large and useful influence for his constituency. Of course Mr. Phinney is doing all he can to elect Mr. Gogain, for Mr. Phinney, like the other gentlemen of the opposition, is anxious to oust the Government and get into position. Nobody blames him for that, but certainly he ought to hesitate before introducing into his county the St. John religious fire brands. What presumption, indeed, for Messrs. McKeown, Stockton and Alward to think of stumping the county. Their presence in the county is an insult to a large majority of the electors. Everybody knows how they got in their seats the last election. They rode the Protestant horse, and now they dismount and leave the animal to browse while they seek to persuade the electors of Kent that Blair ought to be kicked out. However, these gentlemen won't do much harm. They came up to York in droves last October and the Government won handsomely. The Attorney General is, or will be, in Kent between this and polling day, and he can take care of the entire opposition brigade.

(From the "Transcript.")

LEGERE SOLID IN NOTRE DAME.

NOTRE DAME, Kent Co., Sept. 5th—(Special.)—Hon. C. H. LaBillois, of Restigouche, Mr. Auguste Legere, the government candidate, and Mr. C. Bruce MacDougall, addressed a large and attentive political gathering here last night. Mr. Wm. Johnson, J. P., presided, and in his opening remarks paid a high tribute to Hon. A. G. Blair, whom he stated was the first provincial Premier who had ever considered that Kent county was worthy of an official visit.

Mr. LaBillois took the audience by storm and thrust some hard, cold facts at the hon. members for St. John, who were attempting to take charge of Kent county affairs.

Mr. Legere made a splendid impression. He spoke out in favor of the Blair government and declared that he (Blair) had been a friend to the people of Kent and asked the electors to rally to his support and send him (Legere) to the Assembly, in order that Blair could do more for the county. Notre Dame is solid for Legere.

A GREAT MEETING AT BUCTOUCHE.

BUCTOUCHE, Sept. 5.—[Special.]—The political meeting held here by Hon. A. G. Blair last night was one of the grandest political ovations ever tendered any public man in this country, and Mr. Blair has reason to feel proud of the reception given him. Long before the hour for the meeting to open had arrived the streets were thronged with people and even the small boys on the sidewalks shouted "hurrah for Blair and Legere." The hotels were crowded with strangers and the sidewalks blocked with teams from the country. The temperance hall was packed and when Hon. A. G. Blair accompanied by Hon. C. H. LaBillois, M. P. P. from Restigouche, Mr. Auguste Legere, the goverment candidate, Mr. J. A. McQueen, M. P. P. for Westmorland, Mr. C. J. Sayre of Richibucto and Hon. O. J. LeBlance entered, the crowd rose in a body and gave three rousing cheers. Mr. John C. Ross, a popular merchant, was called to the chair and read an address to Mr. Blair welcoming him to the village in his official capacity. Mr. Blair replied in eloquent language. Such addresses, he said, cheered his heart and were a good answer to the false charges made upon him by an unprincipled press.

MR. AUGUSTE LEGERE,

the government candidate was the first speaker. He spoke in the French language and was loudly cheered as he told his audience how he had taken a hand in favor of the government and ridiculed the idea of Mr. Goguen, posing as an independent candidate, while he was controlled by Messrs. Phinney, Stockton and Alward, the rankest opponents in the province of Mr. Blair. Mr. Legere denied that he was a turn-coat, as Mr. Phinney had stated, and quoted from Phinny's speech to show that he (Phinney) had been elected to support Blair, and where was he to-day? He was a political tool for the Times editor and for a few sore heads who wanted Mr. Blair's scalp.

Mr. Legere is a fine looking young man, an excellent speaker, and will make a good representative.

HON. A. G. BLAIR

was received with thundering applause. He defended the position of the government, and in language that brought forth round after round of applause, showed up the political career of Messrs. Hanington, Stockton and Alward. He challenged the opposition to prove that the province was in a bad financial condition as they claimed. It never stood better. He exposed Mr. Powell's attitude in connection with the whitewash bill. Mr. Blair's speech was the greatest ever delivered in Kent; for over three hours he held his audience spell bound.

OTHER SPEAKERS.

Hon. C. H. Labillois, of Restigouche, made an eloquent speech.

Mr. McQueen, M. P. P., of Westmorland, was called for and made a happy speech. He defended Premier Blair and made an appeal for Legere and good government.

Mr. C. J. Sayre, of Richibucto, made a telling speech in favor of the gov't candidate and held up the leader of the opposition to great ridicule, comparing him to the man who had stole Smith's pig and when challenged as to why he had done so he said "Well I have nothing against Smith, but I like his pig." Hannington was in the same position.

The meeting was a grand success for Blair.

Premier Blair was afterwards banquetted at the Bay View House, and it was daylight in the morning when the greatest political gathering ever known in Kent broke up.

"Gleaner" Hysterics

The Gleaner is out against the ADVANCE and its editor in most excited fashion, and accuses both of about all the outrageous things a public journal or journalist can be guilty of. The reason is because we have expressed a preference for the election of Mr. Legere in the pending Kent election, just as the Gleaner has for that of Mr. Gogain. It does not follow that our motives for having and expressing our preference merit execration any more than those of the papers which take an opposite view in this matter, and when the Gleaner has learned better manners than it seems to be acquainted with just now, it will realise that its present uncultivated and hysterical ravings on the subject are only calculated to invite pity and regret that Fredericton should have no better exponent of the culture and tastes of its people in its only daily paper.

The Gleaner's references to a business change which the editor of the ADVANCE has under consideration is in wretchedly bad form and quite unwarrantable, as is also its intimation that this paper is moribund. It may not be welcome news to the Gleaner, but we beg to assure it that the ADVANCE was never in a better position, or had better prospects of a long and useful life than it has at present, and however much any proposed extension of its editor's usefulness or influence may disturb the equanimity or excite the vulgarity of the Gleaner, the ADVANCE will continue to assist its friends in Kent or anywhere else whenever such assistance is agreeable to them. If the Gleaner would only do likewise, and refrain from impertinently interfering with the liberty of other papers, it would not occupy the contemptible position it does to-day in the County of York.

About Crops.

DUBLIN, Sept. 5.—The *Freeman's Journal* to-day says the wheat crops in some of the western districts of Ireland are, owing to recent rainy weather, "only fit for litter." Potatoes are getting black, and the blight is general. Barley and oats are rotting.

OTTAWA, Sept. 5.—Minister of Agriculture Carling stated to-day that, basing his estimate upon the latest telegraphic reports of the government's agents, the Province of Manitoba would have twenty million bushels of wheat for export, one-third of which has been affected more or less by frost slightly shrivelling it, although not destroying the germ, which will render it good for seed, while its value for market porposes has been affected from the fact that, being slightly shrivelled, it would be thrown out of grade. The grain crop of the Northwest Territories has not been affected by frost. They will have about five million bushels for export. Five-sixths of the total crop has been harvested.

How do They Like It?

The Moncton Times' reputation for indecency in its treatment of political opponents is well known. In its reference to a meeting held at Weldford in the interest of the opposition candidate, Mr. Gogain, it says what is found in the left hand column below, and to square the matter and put truth against fiction we fill the right hand column.

"The only person who caused any interruption was an ex-I. C. R. employe who is more of the braying species and who invariably votes on the losing ticket. He is credited with carrying the whiskey into Adamsville at the Leger-Le-Blanc election in LeBlanc's interest. Result: Leger 55, LeBlanc 15. Minority for the whiskey 40."	The only person who endeavored to buy Northumberland's representatives was H. T. Stevens, M. P. P., who came to the County with the Yellow Valise which, like himself, was full of whiskey—and he intimated that if our representatives would support the opposition one of them could have a portfolio and stumpage would be reduced to 80 cts. per M. Result: Blair government, 26, opposition, 14—Minority for Stevens and whiskey, 12.

The Times and the other opposition forces can make little out of the whiskey cry. Their reputation in that line is too well established. Why do they not let such matters alone and fight the campaign in a sober and respectable way?

O, ye Tears!

The Moncton Times is still in a tearful mood over the Belldune farce. It says the case is over and it seems very sorry indeed, that a murder was not committed. The Times is one of the daily papers in whose columns may be found the records—more or less extensive—of nearly all the cases of murder, suicide, robbery divorce, etc., gleaned by the associated press telegraphers from all parts of the world; and this alleged atrocity in Northern New Brunswick was so near home, that the little Moncton paper viewed it as an especially attractive horror for its readers. The fact that the young men, who it endeavored to make the public believe were fiendish assassins, were only found to have indulged in a kind of little yellow valise hilarity, almost breaks the Times' heart, and it wails as follows:—

Where is Williams? Is there any credible evidence that he was ever seen after that fateful night? Can British subjects congratulate themselves that he, a foreigner under the British flag, was duly protected by that flag? Shame to us if it was not so. Was it so? And if not so, why? Where is Williams?

We once heard of a dipsomaniac who had assisted a companion to exhaust the fluid contents of a bottle labelled "Henessey," the companion having thrown the bottle out of an open window after its "usefulness was gone." Picking up the cork, which lay on a table, the dipsomaniac earnestly demanded to know "Where 's bottle 'longing to this cork?"—and we fancy our yellow valise contemporary must be under similar excitement when he mixes up the absent Williams and the old flag in such maudlin fashion.

If the Times will brace up and sit steadily for a moment, we will endeavor to put some sense into it on the subject.

First:—The alleged Williams was'nt a foreigner, but a fine lump of an Irish lad named Kelly. Therefore, the alleged failure of the British flag to protect the poor waif claimed by the Swedish-Norwegian Vice-Consul as his special ward, is a bit of sentimental bosh which sober people feel amused over.

Second:—It must be remembered that anxious seekers for a dead body to represent the alleged defunct Williams failed to find one. On the other hand: Witnesses testified at the Circuit Court trial, that on the night of the "rumpus" at Pitres (where the murder was alleged to have taken place) a man corresponding in all respects to the description of Williams came upon the platform at Jacquet River Station without hat, coat or vest. The same "runaway" was clothed and fed at different points between Jacquet River and Dalhousie, where he remained a while, until given a railway ticket, on which he came to Chatham, where he shipped in a vessel bound for Dublin, under his real name, Kelly.

Where Williams is now, we cannot inform you, dear Times, but it don't make any difference. There are things of far more importance which demand your attention. If you would make your columns a little less sensational, a little more truthful—in fact, a little cleaner—they would be more fit than they are for decent people to read. At all events, you ought to apologise to the County of Restigouche for the stigma you have labored to place upon it by your efforts to give color and substance to the silly and excitable yarn made out of "a lark" of some half tipsy young men, by a vain-glorious vice-consul, who invaded the territorial jurisdiction of a more sensible and less sensational colleague for the purpose of advertising himself and making political capital.

Northumberland County Institute.

The Northumberland County Teachers' Institute is to meet in annual session at the academy, Newcastle on Thursday and Friday, 17th and 18th inst. The programme is as follows:

THURSDAY.

1st session. 10 a. m.—Enrolment of members; Election of officers; How to teach best the matter of prescribed book on Temperance.—Miss. A. G. McIntosh.

2nd session. 2 30 p. m.—Drawing from objects.—Miss Hickey. What can be done to increase parental interest in the school.—A. K. Neales.

FRIDAY.

3rd session. 9 a. m.—the best means of teaching geography of a country.—G. H. Harrison. Is social culture properly emphasized in our schools?—Miss M. Miller.

4th session.—Simultaneous recitation—its advantages and disadvantages—Inspector Mersereau. It is found by experience that the order of arithmetic in Grades V. and VI. is best educationally and practically?—Philip Cox.

Delegates travelling on the I. C. R. who pay a full first-class fare to Newcastle from any station on that railway, and procure a certificate to this effect from agents at the starting stations, will be returned free on presentation of the same at Newcastle, provided ten or more attend; if less than ten attend one-half fare will have to be paid on return journey. Certificates are good up to and including September 19th. Delegates by Canada Eastern Railway can purchase return tickets at first-class fare, good for return after Institute. The same privilege has been granted by the Miramichi Steam Navigation Company.

NASAL BALM

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

NEVER FAILS.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time procuring a bottle of NASAL BALM. Be warned in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. Sold by all druggists, or sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1) by addressing FULFORD & CO. Brockville, Ont.

CURES COLD IN HEAD AND

CATARRH

A Kortright Neales, M. A.

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CONVEYANCER &C

Office, Winslow's Building, Chatham, N. B

INTERCOLONIAL RAIL