## MIRAMICHI ADVANCE, CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, OCTOBER 15, 1891.

## Legal Motices. SHERIFF'S SALE!

General Business. LONDON HOUSE.

TO be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday the 5th day of November next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham between the hours of 12 noon All the right, title and interest of William Muir-

head in and to all those several pieces, parcels or lots of land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Chatham, and County of Northumberland, and Province of New Brunswick, and more particularly described and bounded as follows, viz. :

All that certain piece or parcel of land situate lying and being on the south side of the Miramichi River, in the Parish of Chatham, aforesaid being part of the lot number thirty-eight, which piece thereof is abutted and bounded as follows, to wit: Commencing on the north side of the Queen's Highway at the lower side of the lands belonging to the Estate of the late Richard Blackstock, deceased thence easterly along the north side of the said Road or Highway to the west side of lands owned and occupied by the late Honorable Wm. Muirhead. thence notherly along the west side of the said late Honorable Wm. Muirbead's lands to the channel of the River Miramichi, thence westerly or up stream to a continuation of the easterly side line of the said Richard Blackstock's property: thence south-erly along such side line to the north side of the said Highway, being the place of beginning, com-prising the whole of the lands and premises now used as the "Miramichi Foundry" with the Steam Engine and Boiler, Turning Lathes, Plaining Machine, and all machinery conlained and in use in any of the said buildings.

Also, all that other piece of land situate in Chatham, aforesaid, being part of Lot No. 30 granted to Patrick Taylor, deceased, and lately owned by Peter Taylor, deceased, bounded as follows, to wit:-Commencing at the shore of the Miramichi River at the upper side line of that part of the said lot lately owned and occupied by Robert Johnstone, deceased; thence southerly along the said line to the north-east angle of the pasture lot number five as laid down in the plan of the said number thirty made by David Sadler, Esquire, Deputy Surveyor; thence westerly along the northerly line of the said pasture lot number five three hundred and fifty six links or to the east side of a road laid out along the said lot number thirty; thence northerly along the east side of the said road to the south side of the Queen's Highway; thence westerly along the south side of the Queen's High-way to the westerly side line of the land formerly occupied by the said David Sadler; thence northerly tlong the easterly side line of the land conveyed 1 the said Patrick Taylor, deceased, to Joseph Cunard, to the River Miramichi; thence down stream along the shore to the upper side line of the said land late ly owned by the said Robert Johnstone, deceased. being the place of beginning, with the privilege of the water in front of the said land and which said land was conveyed to John Sadler and Lemuel J. Tweedie on the fourteenth day of May, A. D. 1874 by John Lawlor, Alexander R. Ramsay and James Luke, all of Newcastle, in said County, Trustees for all the creditors of the of the estate and effects of Alexander Jacobsen, late of Chatham, in said County,

Also, all that other certain piece or parcel of land at Chatham, in the County aforesaid, described as follows, to wit :- Commencing on the westerly boundary of the above described property at a point 27 feet northerly along the said westerly side line from the Queen's Highway, thence on a line westerly till it strikes a point forty-four feet from the easterly line of the late George J. Parker's Property and one hundred and eight feet from the said highway with a right of way from the said described premises to th said highway over the land of John England, which

Wholesale and Retail. In store, the following reliable Brands of Flour

"Neva, "Daily Bread" and "Empress."

Pork, Plate Beef, Dry Codfish. am selling off balance of Dry Goods and Fancy

articles away below cost. SOMETHING NEW

LESSIVE PHENIX. (the greatest Washing Powder yet discovered.) Putz Liquid Pomade Polish, (for metals.) FARINOSE IN 6lb. BAGS @ 25c.

R. HOCKEN.



THROUGH TICKETS. First and Second Class Through Tickets are sale at Chatham, Chatham Junction and Blackville

-FOR-Bangor, Portland & Boston -- ALSO\_\_\_\_

St. John and all points on CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY. Daily connection made with C. P. Railway at Baggage Checked Through. Thos. Hoben, Jas. Wetmore,

Sapt.

G. P. & T. Agt.

Miramichi Advance. CHATHAM, N. B., . . OCTOBER 15, 1891.

Canada's Scolds and Croakers.

The Dominion newspapers that are constantly bewailing the iniquities of the times, the poverty of the country, the sins of the politicians and the fact that the population is not increasing at the accustomed rate, should pause to consider whether they are making the best use of their circulation and influence. If we are more iniquitous than other peoples-which we do not believe-the natural effect of the fact upon those of us who are not as wicked as the average, will be either to become so as soon as possible, or go to a country where righteousness is more appreciated. If we believe our country is a poor cne-which is not true-

the effect will be a desire to leave it and go to a better. If we gauge

all of our politicians by our few rascals, who have been detected and exposed, we shall lose faith in our government and seek a country where we may

think they have a better one. noted Irish leader. It has been well The papers referred to having, for years, been engaged in emphasising and magnifying our political and commercial evils and minimizing and concealing our political and commercial advantages, it is not to be wondered at that they have succeeded in promoting emigration from the country and encouraging the very things of which they complain. For this reason they should change their tactics, be more loyal to the country and endeavor to demonstrate that they are not its inst., that he had

It is true that certain of our public Brighton. He was attacked by a chill on House of Lords. In the autumn of 188) nen have been found dishonest and un 2nd inst., and was ordered to bed by his he took an active part in organizing the worthy of further public confidence, physician, and from that time he lost Lind League, which rapidly grew to be but it must not be forgotten that their strength and finally succumbed. The the most powerful of modern Lish moveexact nature of the disease which caused ments. In November of this year, inexposure and punishment have been the death of the Irish leader is not made formations were laid by the I ish Attorbrought about mainly by the efforts of known at present. From the day he took ney-General against Mr. Parne'l and sevthose who, because of party association. to his bed, however, the state of Mr. | eral other members of the Land League must suffer with them ; and that there Parnell's health had been such as to executive ; the trial openel at Dublin on has been manifested a sufficient necessitate the constant attendance of two Dec. 23, and finally, after 19 days' hearsense of party self-respect and regard physicians, but in spite of their incessant ing, ended in a disagreement of the jury. for the honor of our public institutions, and untiring efforts to prolong or save In the opening of the session of 1881, to punish, regardless of party affiliations life, he gradually sank lower and the Government brought in a Coercion lower, until he expired in the arms Bill, and to this measure, as well as to an and at the risk of party dissolution. of Mrs. Parnell, who was utterly prostrated Arms Bill, Mr. Parnell and his colleagues Those who are not engaged in the by the shock experienced through her offered a fierce and obstinate opposition hypocritical occupation of demanding hnsband's death. prolonged over seven weeks. There were in others a Spartan virtue to which Parnell, was boin in 1846, at Avon ale, many exciting and tumultuous scenes, they themselves can never attain, Co. Wicklow. He was descended from and on Feb. 8, he and 34 of his followers either in their personal or political an old English family that passed over were removed by the Sergeant-at-Arms relationships, are reasonably satisfied from Congleton, Cheshire, to Ireland, and for causing obstructions in the House of with the manner in which the honor of many of his ancestors have played prom- Commons. The Land Act having been the country and its public men has inent parts in history. Thomas Parnell, passed into law, Mr. Parnell presided at a been and is being vindicated ; and the poet, was one of the family. Mr. Land League convention, at which it was Parneli's great grand-father, S.r John | resolved that the "Act should be tested" while it is the duty of our public jour-Parnell, held for many years the office of by means of certain selected cases ; he was nals to state the facts and enforce the Chancellor of the Exchequer in the Irish present afterwards at several large Land are interested, for they have the sawdust legitimate lessons to be drawn from Parliament, and resigned rather than League demonstrations; and on Oct. 13 to sell and will hardly object to so large a them, it is to be regretted that so many vote for the Act of Union; and Sir Henry he was arrested and conveyed to Kilmainof them seem to have become chronic Parnell, Sir John's son, after many years' ham jail. The Government immediately eaters of the whole civilized world. The scolds in all matters in which the good service in the House of Commons, was afterwards proclaimed the Lund League name and interests of Canada are in- raised to the peerage as Lord Congleton, as an illegal association, and Mr. Parnell volved. Public men have gone wrong in 1841. Mr. Parneli's mother is a and his colleagues issued the "No Rent" culture. This is the account given by a daughter of Admiral Charles Stewart a manifesto. in all countries in all times, and we cannot expect to be more fortunate celebrated American naval officer. Mr. Parnell was educated at various private jail till April 10, 1882, when he was rethan others in this respect. schools in England, and afterwards went leased on parole in order to attend the practicable. It is a well-known It must not be forgotten, also, that to Magdalen College, Cambridge. After funeral of a relative. On May 2 follow- familiar to all that starch is a substance the wrong-doing by which the whole a tour of some duration in the United ing he was formally released as well as his extremely Lutritious; in fact, it is nearly Dominion has been humiliated is, after States, he returned to his home in Wick- colleagues, Mr. John Dillon, M. P., and all nutriment. Well, starch and suwdust all, due, almost entirely, to the cor- low, and was High Sheriff of the county Mr. O'Kelly, M. P. Thea fellowed the are the same thing. Sawdust, which is in 1874. He made his first attempt to resignation of Mr. Foster and L rd Cowruption of but one province out of the enter public life in the same year, con- per, the murders in the Phoenix Park seven-a province which is distinct testing the County of Dublin with the and the stormy debates on the Crimes are expressed by the same chemical from all the others in many important late Colonel Taylor, on the latter accept- Bill features-and let us hope that the ing office as Chancellor of the Duchy dishonest methods devised by some of its leading men of both parties for of Lord Beaconsfield. He was defeated by Dublin and other places, and on June of either starch or sawdust. Scientific maintaining themselves in power, will by an overwhelming majority, but in the 3, 1882, he and Mr. Dillon attended in experimenters have been trying for a long remain as peculiar to that province as following year (1875) he was returned for the City Hall, Dablin, to receive the time to find out a way to transform the are certain' things in which it seems late Mr. John Martin. to be the chief care of its people that For some time Parnell took no prominent part in the proceedings of Parlia ment, but during the session of 1876 he attracted some attention by engaging in councils and parliament of the country one or two prolonged and stubborn con-FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS FOR INTEGRITY OF ITS DRAWINGS AND PROMPT PAY. MENT OF PRIZES. without resort to the questionable flicts with the Government. In Febru-methods, the exposure of which has ary 1877, he made his first appearance as

a subject from a gentleman of Mr. a succession of three bad harvests in Ire- by this journal at the time that Mr. Todd Stevens' political record? They will land; the country was threatened with had not got any mining license upon Mr. at once recall the zig-zag trail certain politician, who brought a

ment for reform of the relations between published in the Royal Gazette for thirty vellow valise from Moncton to Miralandlord and tenant. A meeting had days, and at the time these caluminous michi, and hoped, by a liberal use of been held in Irishtown, County Mayo, in charges were circulated, notice had not its contents and a stumpage reduction the previous April, but it was not till even been given. A certain ambitious of forty-five cents to induce Northum- June that Mr. Parnell formally joined but not over successful, down town Q. C. berland's representatives not to supthe new land movement. It was on this was awarded the credit of having unport the government. They will also occasion that he uttered as the keynote of earthed this outrage, and spoke largely the coming strugg'e, the words, "Keep a of what he was going to do, but like the reflect upon the record of a certain firm grip of your homesteads." On the other products of the scandal factory in gentleman who was driven from a seat October following, the "Irish National Wilmot's Alley, when the facts are ascerin the legislature by the developments Land L ague' was founded, and Mr. Parof an election court, in which it was shown that he had, by his agent, paid objects of the new organization were de- course before the Surveyor General, and out money for votes, and had a barclared to be first, "to bring about a reroom running in full blast in an unduction of rackrents," secondly, to facili- short time ago. It was then reported to dertaker's shop, with whiskey stowed tate the obtaining of the ownership of the government with the result that our in coffins ready for use. Why do men the soil by the occupiers." In December | friend Eben Hall gets the mining license of the same year he sailed for America, with such notorious records preach in order to raise funds for the relief of the political purity? Purity is made a distress and for starting the new organibye-word and its profession a reproach zation ; lectured in a large number of by them. to sns, before several State Legislatures, should receive for exposing this atrocious

and finally before the House of Represen-Death of Charles Stewart Parnell tatives at Washington. The honor of A man who fills a great-and might

addressing the last assembly had previoushave filled a glorious-place in the his- ly been conferred upon but three persons, tory of the century died on 6 h inst., in -Lafayette, Bisho, E gland, of Charlesthe person of Charles Stewart Parnell, the ton, and Kossuth.

Meantime, Parliament was dissolved. known that Mr. Parnell has not enjoyed. Mr. Parnell hurried home, took an active the best of health for years past, and it part in the general election, and was himhas been noticed and widely commented self elected for three constituencies,upon that since the O'Shea divorce de- Meath, Mayo and Cork city; he selected only appeared in the columns of the velopments became a matter of public the last named constituency. At the notoriety, and since political troubles meeting of the new Irish party after the much discredited morally as it now came upon him, that the great Irish mem- election, he was chosen leader of the ber of Parliament had grown thinner and Irish party, instead of Mr. Shaw, who had had perceptibly aged in appear- succeeded Mr. Butt. Immediately after without notice. The St. John Globe ance. But nobody expected to hear of the meeting of the new Parliament, Mr. repeated, through its Fredericton his death and no inkling as to his sick- Parnell called for the in roduction of a correspondent, a good deal of the same ness had reached the newspapers. measure to deal with the Irish land quez-It was, therefore, a genuine surprise tion, and shortly after the Government the world to learn on 7th brought in the Disturbance Bill, which, died on the having been passed by the House of Com-

another and a mo e reliable correspondent in Fredericton and make the amende evening of the day before at his home in mons was afterwards rejected by the honorable to the parties reflected upon. -----

again, and we should not have done so

Gleaner. That paper has long been

trash which appeared in the Gleaner. We

presume that the Globe will now look up

dock I borers and their employers is ex-

an interesting one, as Dr. Briggs is an eminent scholar and the court is large. deep and wide-spread distress and the Hall's land, and could not get any until influential and intelligent. time was ripe for starting a new move- after notice of his application had been

LONDON, Oct. 7-Coupled with the announcement this morning that Mr. Parnell died last night was the news that Sir John Pope Hennessy, member of parliament, was also dead. Mr. Hennessy, immediately after the exposures in the which appeared to fully clear his skirts of O'Shea divorce case in December, 1890

contested North Kilkenny election and defeated the Parnellite candidate, Vincent Scully, by 1,147 votes. This contest was probably the greatest test of tained, the outrage does not materialize strength between the Parnellites and the nell was elected the first president. The The Hall matter came on in regular followers of McCarthy, and the defeat of Scully, no doubt, counted for a great deal evidence was taken at St. Stephen in the following series of disasters that

befel the Irish leader. [Sir John Pope Hennessy was born in Cork in 1834. He served for some time and Mr. Todd does not. It will now he as a c'erk in Somerset house, London, and in order for the Q. C. referred to, to put was put up and elected to parliament for in his claim to Mr. Hall for half the min one of the country divisions of Cork in ing privilege which it was stipulated he 1859. He was the first Irish Catholic conservative to sit in the house of comwrongdoing of the government, and renmons, and at once became a steadfast dering his valuable aid to Mr. Hall. Mr. supporter of Disraeli. He was created a McMonagle, of St. Stephen, was the knight, and in 1867 left parliament to solicitor acting for Mr. Hall before the enter the colonial service. He served Presbytery could accept a pastor's resigna-Surveyor General on the inquiry; the Q. successively as governor of Babuan, the tion without granting him a cert ficate. The C. alluded to above, having been dis West African settlements, the Bahamas, Presbytery had made no charges, "Mr missed from service. We owe an apology the Windward islands and Hong Kong. to our readers for recurring to this subject His last appointment was as governor of McKay, the Presbytery made the charges Mauritius, a position which he held up this attack upon the government had to 1889. On his return to Ireland last year, with his Mauritian wife, who po .sessed vast estates in that country, Sir John was elected to parliament. He was financially, and we have passed by its at a man of much literary ability. tacks upon the government as a rule

Rev. Mr. Baird's Case.

A VERY RACY DEBATE. MR. BAIRD'S REVIVAL

BACK OF A PORCUPINE.

METHODS MADE THE HAIR OF HIS CONGRE-

[Halifax Herald of 6th inst. (Synod Report).]

GATION STAND ON END LIKE QUILLS ON THE

course could be taken, and the matter brought before the presbytery in such a shape that it could be dealt with properly.

and that he could appear in person and answer the charges. He had heard no more about it till he attended presbytery when he was thunder struck to hear the subject brought up again. He cited minutes of presbytery and other corroborating testimony the imputations which had been cast upon

It being six o'clock it was decided to con tinue the enquiry and hear the other side in the morning. Mr. Baird to have the privilege of closing the discussion.

[Halifax Herald of 7th inst.] At the morning sedurent of the presbyterian synod yesterday the first order of important business was the case of Baird vs the presbytery of Miramichi.

Rev. Neil McKay, clerk of that presbytery was the first speaker. He expressed his regret that the discussion before the synod was allowed last night to travel inte the merits of the case. First, he would deal with the matter of constitutional right in the question. It had been stated that the Presbytery, having accepted Mr. Baird's resignation, there was no room for bringing up previous matters. He repudiated this contention, as not being constitutional. A Sedgwick shakes his head, but" said Mr. but there was nothing in them, (laughter.) He went on to say that the Presbytery had made no charges. What did the Presbotery do? Did they say that he was unveracious? No, they did not make any charge. They did not wish to make a charge. The presbytery had accepted his resignation, proceeding in the matter because some of them

thought that things were not square. NO CHARGE HAD BEEN MADE. Mr. Baird came down here to Nova Scotia

and got among the brethren, and, insteal of going to the members of Presbytery in a Rev. E. Smith real a communication brotherly way and making explanations, he from Rev. Isaac Baird complaining of un- was advised to take the course which he had fair and discourteous treatment on the part | pursued and had brought the matter before of the Presbytery of Miramichi in not al- synod. (Cries of "no, no") He went on to

right of way or road shall be of the width of 20 feet and run along the easterly boundary of the James McDonald property now occupied by Thomas Steven-son with the right and privilege of the water in at of the said described premises and with the rect and keep a boom or build a wharf and de aiption on the said premises, including the what property now known as "The Canada Wharf erected in front of said lands and prem ises-the said wharf extending into the River Mira water-line on the westerly side of said wharf, and having a frontage on said river of eight hundred and fifty-two feet and extending into the said river on the lower or easter ly side five hundred and eighty feet from high water mark. The same having been seized by me, under and by

1891.

virtue of several Executions issued out of the Supreme and County Courts against the said William Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 21st July, A. D. JOHN SHIRREFF. Sheriff



To be sold at Public Auction on Thursday, the 10th day of December next, in front of the Post Office in Chatham, Fetween the hours of twelve noon and 5 o'clock p. m.

All the right, title and interest which the late Mary Caulfield had at the time of her decease, in and to all and singular those certain lots or parcels of land and premises situate, lying and being on the westerly side of the Bartibogue River, in the Parish of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, and bounded as fol lows, viz:-In front by the said Bartibogue river, on the north by land owned by Richard Quigley, on the south by the Wallace property and in the rear by wilderness land, and containing 200 acres more or

Also all that other lot of land on the north side of the said Bartibogae river, opposite lands granted to Richard Quigley and granted to Richard Hutch! son, containing 100 acres as by reference to grant No. 13,716, will fully appear -being the same lands or properties conveyed to the said Mary Caulfield by Richard Hutchison by deed dated the 3rd day of November, A. D., 1885, as by reference to vol. 64, pages 101 and 102 of the Records of the said County Northumberland, will more fully appear.

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Northum berland County Court at the suit of Isabella Caulfield against the said Mary Caulfield. JOHN SHIRREFF,

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 22nd day of August, A. D., 1891.

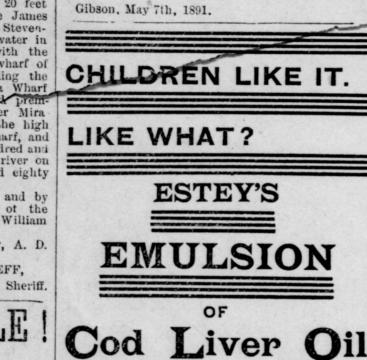


TO be sold at Public Auction on Thursday, the 7th day of January, next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham, between the hours of 12, noon, and five o'clock, p. m.

All the right, title and interest of George Dick in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Town of Chatham, County of and and Province of New Brunswick and bounded as follows :- Commencing on the north side of Duke Street at the southwest corner of the gardon formerly owned and occupied by Caleb Mcased, thence northerly along the east - side of Henderson lane one hundred and sixty feet. ence easterly on a line parallel with the north side of said Duke Street fifty feet, thence southerly on a ine parallel with the east side of said Henderson ane one hundred feet, thence east only on a line with the north side of said Duke Street ten feet, thence southerly on a line | arallel with the east side of said Henderson lane sixty feet, thence westerly along the north side of said Duke Street sixty feet or to the place of beginning and being the same land sold by Mary Ann McCulley to the said George Dick by leed bearing date the 4th day of November, A. D

The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of several executions issued out of the Supreme and County Courts against the said George

Sheriff



Old and young take it for Coughs,

Colds, Consumption, and all Lung diseases.

PALATABLE AS MILK. ASK YOUR DRUCCIST.

DR. JAMES' NERVE BEANS are new discovery that re lieve and cure the worst NERVE cases of Nervous Debil ity, Lost Vigor and Failing Manhood; restore the weakness of body or

BEANS mind caused by over work, or the errors and excesses of youth. This Remedy absolutely cures the most obsinate cases when all other TREATMENTS have failed even to reliev

have failed even to relleve. They do not, like other preparations advertised for Lost Manhood, etc., it terfere with digestion; but impart new life, strength and energy in a quick and harmless manner peculiar

Sold by druggists at \$1.00 a package, or six for 5.00. or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address The James Medicine CO, Canadian Agency, St. John, N. B. Write for pamphlet. Ar Sold in Chatham by J D. B. F. MACKENZIE.



Louisiana State Lottery Company.

Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State constitution, in 1879, by Its GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRWINGS take place Semi-Annually, (June and December.) and its they shall differ from the other mem-GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place bers of the confederacy. If Quebec in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New cannot maintain its prestige in the Orleans, La.

News and Notes. The trouble between the East Londor

tending.

The Hawaiian Queen Lillinokalani is dying and the island is in a very un settled condition.

Right Hon. William Henry S.nith, beea submitted to the synol. eader of the Imperial House of Commons, died on 5th inst. Mr. Balfour and Mr. Goschen are both spoken of as

probable successors of Mr. Snith in the leadership of the House of Commons.

A yearling tortter has coverel a m le in 2.27<sup>3</sup> and a two-year-old in 2 157. California.

It reads like a joke to say that bread can be produced from sawdust, but propositions seemingly as absurd have before to-day turned out to be stern realities. The question is one in which limbermen market as one comprised of the breadproblem is at present under investigation by the United States Department of Agei-

Mr. Parnell remained in Kilmainham are of the opinion that no good reason exfact "cellulose," is of precisely the same chemical composition as starch. The two formula C6 H10 O5-that is, six parts of

The freedom of the city had been voted | carbon, 10 of hydrogen and five parts of of Lancaster in the second administration to Mr. Parnell during his imprisonment oxygen. These are the simple ingredients the County of Meath, in succession to the honor. In the session of 1882 he took an one into the other. If they should sucactive part in procuring the passing of the ceed the discovery would be away ahead labors before that day, or not in a position to give its full and satisfactory consideration. Arrears Act and of the Tcam ways and of the philosopher's stone in point Rev. Neil McKay, clerk of Miramichi Laborers Acts in the session of 1883. value. An inexhaustible source of food presbytery, remarked that Mr. Baird had A national subscription to Mr. Parnell supply would at once be rendered availspoken from the standpoint of his feelings, was started in the spring of 1883, and a able in the forests, in grass and even in which, he said formed a poor basis for an sum of £35,000 is said to have been raised straw and chaff. Hitherto chemistry has argument before a judicial tribunal. among the Irish at home and in America, occupied itself almost wholly with taking

Rev. Mr. Sedgwick said that the comand presented to him. He still, how- things apart, in order to find out what plaint of Mr. Baird covered the merits of

lowing him to have certain papers to which say that if Mr. Baird had gone before the he claimed to be entitled, as affecting his Presbytery and made the statements and standing in the church. explanations which he had made in the

Rev. Neil McKay, clerk of the Miramichi synod on Monday night the Presbytery presbytery, offered some objections to the would have been satisfied. Mr. McKay statements contained in the letter and Rev. then proceeded to give a statement of the Thomas Sedgwick thought the subj ct could character of the people who compose the not be proceeded with in the absence of the congregation of New Mills. They were men papers bearing upon the case, which had not of strong intellect but comparatively limited culture. They were Scotchmen whose native

On motion it was agreed that Rev. Mr. language was Gaelic. They could not Baird, who was present, be allowed to make understand English thoroughly, and Mr. A STATEMENT OF HIS GRIEVANCE. Baird's predecessor had been accustomed to He took the platform, speaking at some

preach to them in Gaelic and to uphold the length. He stated in substance that in 1887 old traditions of the Scottish church. Mr. he had been formally inducted as a minister | Baird introduced new methols and gave in good standing over the congregation of them to understand that he intended to New Mills; within the juri-diction of the stick to them. He introluced Christian Both are owned by Senator Stanford of presbytery of Miramichi. In March of the endeavor societies and hell prayer meetings following year he had tendered his resigna- at which girls and lads assisted. This was tion of the charge. In July certain charges distasteful to those old Highlanders who preferred against him had been declared in a thought it was wrong for a woman to speak report of the Presbytery to be "frivolous in church. Mr. Buird's methods made the and vexitious." He had challenged there hairs on the heads of these men stand up

and then that his resignation be not ac- like quills upon the back of a porcupine. cepted until there had been the ful'est in- Mr. McKay went on to point out the steps vestigation into the matter, and he could that had been taken by the Presbytery to get clearance papers which would substan- solve the difficulty and produce harmony. tiate the honorableness of his record. His He alleged that Mr. Baird had promised the resignation was accepted and until September | Presbytery to have the old system of prayer 30th he heard nothing more of the charges, meetings revived, and this he had failed to when he received a formal letter from the do. Instead of this he established a Chrisclerk of Presbytery, which contained serious | tian Endeavor society. When Mr. Baird's reflections upon his veracity. His surprise application for resignation was before the Washington correspondent: Scientists was great and unbounded. The law in re- Presbytery the charge was openly made by spect to such matters, if he had offended, some of his elders that he had never held ists why this thing should not be entirely was to be found in a book which should be congregational prayer meetings in his charge. the highest authority for the church. Instead He was amazed and pained when he heard

of coming before him as a brother and asking Mr. Baird say on Monday night that he him for an exp'anation, a formal indictment never hear 1 this charge made. It was made

had been sprung upon him. He complained in open court in the presence of some three that the papers had been withheld from hundred persons. Another charge was that him. The presbytery had challenged him while preaching a sermon in which he was with a formidable array of questions now, dealing with the excuses made by some after having acc-pted his resignation some people for not joining the church, he sail time ago. He referred to the appeal to the that many of them would make the devil committee of synod, asking that the full laugh, and then matters in dispute be submitted to this HE LAUGHED LIKE THE DEVIL "HA! HA! court, and complained of most unfair treat-HA !!!! ment by that committee, which in reply to These were the matters with which the his urgent appeal had named Tuesday as the Presbytery had to deal, and this accounted day when it might come up, they we'l knowfor the minutes of Presbytery that the

ing that the court could be through its charges were "frivolous and vexations." They were such things as should entitle M Baird to be spanked or have his ears boxed, but not such as justified solemn ecclesiastical discipline. Mr. McKay went into a lengthy explanation with respect to the course he had pursued as clerk of the Presbytery in regard to the charges, denying that he had been animated by any desire to do any injustice to Mr. Baird. He disputed the

construction put upon his conduct by Mr.

Baird and charged the gentleman with making

an unveracious statement when he said he was

taken by surprise when he heard the charges

referred to at the Presbytery meeting held

since the opening of Synod. He knew all

about them and his defence was not even

covered by the statement that he had

received no "official" notice of them. In

accepting Mr. Baird's resignation the

Presbytery was impressed with the con-

viction that Mr. Baird's intellectual ec-

centricities, notwithstanding his evangelis-

tic spirit, which was not denied, had brought

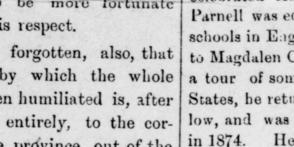
TO THE VERGE OT RUIN.

At the same time the Presbytery had ad-

vised the members of the session who

one of the finest congregations of

Miramichi presbytery.



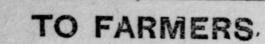
Shirreff's Office, Newcastle, this 22nd September A. D. 1891. JOHN SHIRREFF.



Parish of Derby, in the County of North- advertisements. umberland, deceased, and all others whom it may concern.

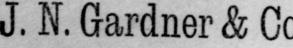
Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the third day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight bundred and seven ty-five, and made between the said John Donoghue and Catherine, his wife, of the first part, and the undersigned John Mc Laggan, of the Parish of Newcastle, in the said County, merchant, of the second part, and duly recorded in volume 56, pages 613, 614, 615 and 616 of Northumberland County Records, there will for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured thereby, default having been made in payment thereof, be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday, the seventh day of November, next, at 12 o'clock, noon, in front of the Engine House. in the Town of Newcastle, in the said County of Northumberland, the lands and prem ises mentioned and described in the said Indenture of Mortgage, as follows :- "All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being on the north side of the southwest Branch of the Miramichi River, in the Parish of Derby, in said County, bounded on the westerly side granted to George by lands possession of William and now in the O'Brien, on the lower or easterly side by lands formerly deeded to Alexander Ferguson, and now owned and occupied by William Cliff, in front by the river and extending in rear to the full extent of the original grant. leing the westerly two fifth parts of lot number twenty-four, known as the Clouston property, being the same land and premises conveyed to the said John Donoghue by James Jardine and wife, by deed dated the twentieth day of August," together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon, and privileges and appurtenances to the said premises belonging or in anywise appertaining.

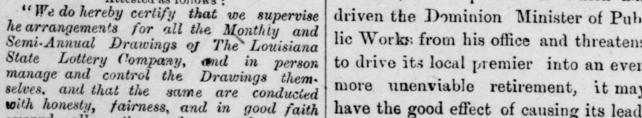
Dated the first day of Sept., A. D., 1891 JOHN McLAGGAN. Mortgagee.



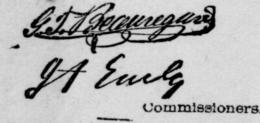
For sale a quantity of pure ground bones, fresh from the Chatham Bone Mill. To be sold cheap to encourage farming. Apply to,

J. B. SNOWBALL





soward all parties, and we authorise the company to use this certificate, with fac-To the heirs of John Donoghue, late of the timiles of our signatures attached, in its



We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisians State Lotteries which may be presented at other sentiments, interests and duties our counters.

R. M. Walmsley, Pres. Louisiana Nat. Bk. Pierre Lanaux, Pres, State Nat'l Bank. A. Baldwin, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bk. Carl Kohn, Pres. Union National Bank. Grand Monthly Drawing,

WILL TAKE PLACE At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, November 10, 1891.

Capital Prize, \$300,000.

300.000 is..... PRIZE OF 100.000 is..... PRIZE OF 50,000 is..... PRIZE OF 25,000 are..... PRIZE OF 10,000 are ..... PRIZE OF 5,000 are ..... 5 PRIZES OF .000 are ..... 25 PRIZES OF 100 PRIZES OF 200 PRIZES OF 500 are..... 300 are..... 200 are..... 500 PRIZES OF PROXIMATION PRIZES. \$500 are..... are..... 200 970..... 100 do TERMINAL PRIZES. 100 are.....

3,134 Prizes, an PRICE OF TICKET 3. Whole Tickets at Twenty Dol lars; Halves \$10; Quarters \$5; Tenths \$2

Club Rates, 55 Fractional Tickets at \$1, f. r \$50.

their origin and inspiration in the un-AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE IMPORTANT.

SEND MONEY BY EXPRESS AT OUR EXPENSE IN SUMS NOT LESS THAN FIVE DOLLARS. on which we pay all charges, and we prepay Express Charges on Tickets and Lists of Prizes forwhich fail to realise that our little

Give full address and make signature plain. nthorities, however, will continue to deliver

methods, the exposure of which has ary, 1877, he made his first appearance as driven the Dominion Minister of Puba legislator, introducing "The Irish lic Works from his office and threatens Church Act Amendment Bill," the object of which was to facilitate the purchase of their holdings by the tenantry of the dismore unenviable retirement, it may

established Irish Church ; the bill was thrown out by I50 to 110 votes. ers to ask themselves whether there

a quarter to four on Tuesday till two in

the afternoon of the following Wednes-

day. Mr. Parnell came into serious col-

lision in the course of this session, both

with Sir Stafford Northcote, the thea

leader of the House of Commons, and

Mr. Butt, then leader of the Irish party.

Sir Stafford Northcote moved a resolution

on one occasion for Mr. Parnell's suspen-

sion, which after varying fortunes, had

finally to be abandoned, in order to give

is not something wrong in the conditions upon which its political organizations depend for their inspiration as well as their vitality? In that case, good will finally come out of present

difficulties, and they will be the means of teaching our Quebec brethren, who now place the nationale idea above all

that assimilation with the aspirations and institutions of the country, on their part, will render them less liable to become the reproach that some of their national idols now are to the

Dominion.

Let us all realise that while we expose, condemn and punish wrong-doing

in the country, wherever it may be dis LIST OF PRIZES covered, in order that public virtue July 31, the House sat for 22 hours, from may have its due value, the men journals who proclaim that our poli ticians are more corrupt than those of other countries, are slandering Canada

and acting the part of its worst ene mies. In the same manner, those who 20.000 employ themselves in the disloyal oc-

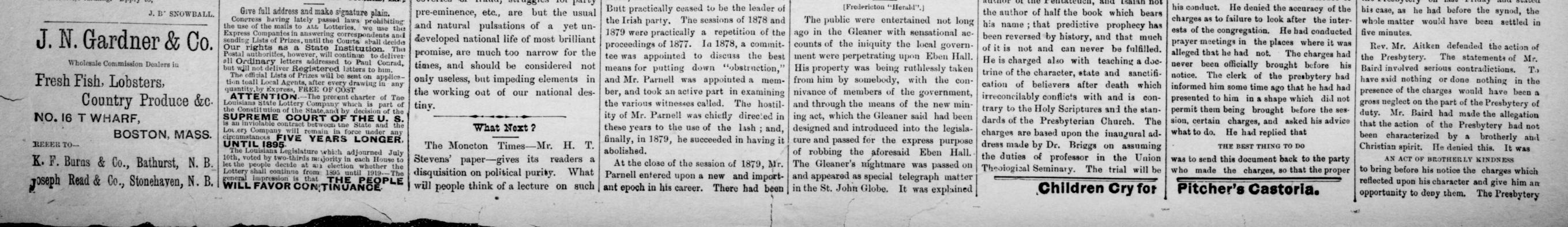
cupation of publishing to the world 99,900 that Canada is impoverished and ounting to. \$1,054,800 only for her own people to leave and

those of other lands to avoid. Twentieths \$1 equally dangerous and contemptible

Misrepresentations of this class have SPECIAL RATES TO AGENTS.

> healthy partyism which is also the genesis of all the public scandals we have had ; and the men or party organs

warded to correspondent Address PAUL CONRAD. New Orleans, La.,



Irish Parliamentary party during the ses-The introduction of the Prisons Bill. by Sir Richard (then Mr.) Cross, gave rise to the first real development of the

principle of what was known as the came back to Westminster with 85 followvaluable anti-fever medicines and sopori-"active" policy to the Irish, and the ers. It was to meet this new situation fics. The prospects of this new science o policy of "obstruction' to the Eaglish that Mr. Gladstone proposed home rule. putting elements together soem infinite people. The various clauses of the meain which, of course, he was supported by and the era of bliss may yet dawn which sure were obstinately opposed ; and when Mr. Parnell and the whole strength of has been prophesied by the illustrious attempts were made to force the bi naturalist, Frederick Cohn, who says his party. After the defeat and the new through at a late hour, there were repeat that all struggles for existence among elections, Mr. Parnell proposed a bill to ed motions for adjournment. A similar

suspend evictions and practically to remen arising from want of food will be course was pursued on the Mutiny Bill. done away with when chemistry shall duce rent by one-half. The bill did not hostility being chiefly directed against

pass. The triumph of Mr. Parnell over have learned to make starch from carbonic the flogging clauses, and scenes of much acid and water. Plants grow by doing the Piggott conspiracy to connect him passion and excitement frequently occurwith those who sympathized with the just that, and it may, therefore, be said red. Mr. Courtney, Mr. E. Jenkins, Phoenix Park murders, his subsequent that farmers have been engaged since time and other men were strongly opposed to

immemorial in this very chemical indusfall from political power as Irish leader the South Africa Bill, which authorized consequent upon the O'Shea exposure, are try. It would scarcely be as surprising, among other things, the annexation of the events well known to all. Admina ion for then, if the farms of the country should Transvaal. Mr. Parnell joined in th his genius as a great parliamentarian and be replaced at some time in the future by attack upon the Government, and, or natural leader of men is duiled by the chemical laboratories.

he seemed, at one time, to have dealt a

eath-blow to the Irish cause. Had

recollection of the social offence by which

The Presbytery of New York has decided by a vote of 64 to 62, after a stormy session, that Prof. Charles Briggs of the

died two years ago, the event would have Union Theological Seminary must stand caused universal mourning. Even now his trial for heresy. The indictment it is simply sad, because it is suggestive drawn by the Committee of prosecution of the idea of an ended life that was once charges Dr. Briggs with teachings which pregnant with possibilities of peace and conflict with the doctrine that the Scripprogress to a dissatisfied and almost dis tures of the Old and New Testaments are couraged people, as well as the occupthe only infallible rule of faith and pracancy of a personal place in the hearts of tice. Under this head objection is taken a great people which a sovereign might

way for some new rules against "obstrucdesire but never win. Parnell will a tion" generally. Mr. Butt condemned ways have a prominent place in the an the policy of Mr. Parne'l, both by letters nals of his time, and no lesson of his life and speeches, but it scon became apparent will be more beneficial to students of his that the action of the younger man was tory than that of the weakness by which the more popular among the Irish people he forfeited the exalted position as In the beginning of 1878, Mr. Parnell national idol in which his great genius was elected president, instead of Mr. had placed him.

Butt, of the Irish organization in England, known as the Home Rule Confedertariff differences and difficulties, disation, and from this time torward Mr. coveries of fraud, struggles for party Butt practically ceased to be the leader of

are

Eben Hall Again. [Fredericton "Herald".]

ever, retained his popularity and his they are made of ; but now the science is the case, which could not be intelligently power. The Lind League was revived directing its attention to putting elements discussed by the court in the absence of the under the name of the National League, together for the production of useful subpapers

and Mr. Parnell took his place at its stances. Already it has succeeded in the Rev. E. Smith thought the point was that head. He inspired all the policy of the artificial preparation of indigo, alizarin, on last Friday the presbytery had refused to and many other compounds. The aniline transmit his appeal to the synod.

sion of 1884 and 1885; and on the dis- colors, obtained from coal tar and yet Rev. N. McKay remarked that the trouble was that Mr. Baird had been impertinent solution, when the Irish people first voted rivaling the most brilliant tints of the to the committee and attempted to bulldoze. on a general household suffrage, he nom- rainbow, are similarly produced. From the presbytery. (Sensation.) inated every Nationalist candidate, and coal tar in like manner are derived many

Rev. Mr. Baird said that he had been met by the presbytery in a hostile spirit. He was informed by it that he was only there on sufferance, and that he had no right to say anything before it until he had answered categorical questions couched in an offensive manner as aflecting his veracity.

Rev. N. McKay said that Mr. Band's statement was devoid of truth.

QUITE A SENSATION WAS CREATED

doing.

synod. In the charges it was alleged that MR. BAIRD HAD FAILED IN HIS DUTY. in respect to church work, such as holding prayer meetings, bible classes, etc., in certain places in the congregation over which he had been placed and subsequently rebefore the presbytery he had expressed astonishment that charges of this kind had fountain of Divine reason ; that the temperaments and environments of men de

termine to which of these three fountains which he had himself acknowledged. they may resort ; that Moses is not the author of the Pentateuch, and Isaiah not

Presbytery, who has taken a prominent part in connection with the charges, read an elaborate account of this affair which was substantially the same as that given by Mr. McKay. Mr. Hamilton's "eloquently in spired" address, to use the expression a signed, and that when he recently appeared clergyman who appreciated it, made an impression upon the synod. He defended the constitutionality of the Presbytery's action. been made against them, though he had re- It was quite competent for that body to ceived notice of the same from the clerk of accept a brother's resignation and still withthe presbytery some time ago, the receipt of hold a certificate for sufficient reason. He declared that if Mr. Baird had gone before Mr. Baird entered into a full defence of the Presbytery on last Friday and stated

and he had not the least doubt that his state-

ment would be accepted by the Presbytery

Rev. Mr. Hamilton, of the Miramichi

and harmony would be restored.

