gation, so far as he is concerned.

proposed to investigate certain corrupt

whose discarded coat we heard

The Intercolonial Deficit.

much in February last.

transactions by which former subsidies

Wegal Motices.

# NOTICE OF SALE.

To the executors, administrators or assigns, of the late Mary Wynne, late of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, widow, deceased, and to all others whom It may concern. Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in an Indenture of Mortgage dated the day of February, A. D. 1881, made between the said Mary Wynne of the one part and James Desmond of Chatham, aforesaid, master ship wright, of the other part, registered in volume 60 of the County Records, pages 476 and 477 and numbered 467 in said volume, which said Indenture of Mortgage was assigned by the said James Desinond to George A. Blair, late of Chatham, deceased, and by the Executors of the said George A. Blair assigned to Johanna Desmond,—there will for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said Mortgage default having been made in payment thereof be sold by Public Auction in front of the Post Office, in the town of Chatham, on Saturday, the 29th day of

August, next, at twelve o'clock, noon, the land described in said Indenture as follows:-The one undivided third part the whole into three equal parts being divided of all that piece or parcel of land sit-uate lying and being in the Town and Parish of Chatham abutted and bounded as follows, to wit:-Commencing on the west side of Water Street at the northeast angle of the store and lands formerly owned by Joseph Samuel, thence northerly along the west side of the said street thirty-six feet or to the southerly line of the land conveyed to Thomas Vondy by Francis Peabody, deceased, thence on a line. north seventy-eight degrees twenty minutes west sixty-two feet; thence on a line north eleven degrees east or along the rear line of the said Thomas Yondy's land thirty-five feet; thence on a line north eighty-eight degrees west to the westerly line of the ands formerly owned by the said Francis Peabody thence southerly on a line parallel with the west side of Water Street thirty six feet or to the northerly side line of the said lands formerly owned by seph Samuel thence on a line south seventy-eight grees twenty minutes east or along the north side of the said Samuels land to the west side of Water Street being the place of beginning and was convey ed to the said Mary Wynne by James H. Peters by Indenture bearing date the second day of August, 1870, as by reference thereto will fully appear. Together with the buildings and improvement thereon and the privileges and appurtenances to the said premises belonging or appertaining. Terms

Dated 26th May, A. D., 1891. JOHANNA DESMOND.

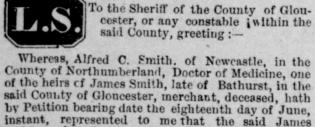
### SHERIFF'S SALE!

To be sold at Public Auction on Thursday the Stn day of October next, in front of the Registry Office in Newcastle, between the hours of 1 o'clock, noon and 5 oclock, p. m.—
All the right, title and interest of property, possession and claim of Alexander Fitzgerald in and to all that piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Northesk, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick bounded as follows, to wit:—On the south side by the property of James Fitzgerald, on the north side by the property of William Matchett, on the front by the White Rapids and on the rear by wilderness ands, containing 100 acres more or less-being all that piece of land conveyed to the said Alexander Fitzgerald by one William Fitzgerald, by Deed dated the eighth day of September, A. D., 1886, as will appear more fully on reference to Vol. 63, pages 568 & 69 of the Records of the said County. The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northum berland County Court, on the suit of W. Doherty & Co against the said Alexander Fitzgeraid.

JOHN SHIRREFF. Sheriff of North'd Co Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 20th day of June.

# CITATION.

COUNTY OF GLOUCESTER, S. S.



County of Northumberland, Doctor of Medicine, on of the heirs of James Smith, late of Bathurst, in the said County of Gloncester, merchant, deceased, hath by Petition bearing date the eighteenth day of June, instant, represented to me that the said James Smith made and executed a paper writing purport-ing to be his last Will and Testament, bearing date the eighteenth day of February last past, and there-by appointed one Abel Ellis, of the parish of Bathurst, in the said County of Gloucester, sole executor thereof, which Will hath been filed in the Court of Probate for the said County of Gloucester, and whereas the said Alfred C. Smith, who claims to be interested in the estate of the said James Smith, deceased, hath prayed that the said Abel Ellis may he required to prove the said Will in solemn form and that the said Abel Ellis and the heirs, devisee egatee and next of kin of the said deceased be cited to attend at proving the said Will in solemn form: You are therefore required to cite the said Aber Ellis to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at the Court House in Bathurst, aforesaid, on Tuesday, the sixth day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of proving the said Will in solemn form. And you are further required to cite Christiana Ellis, of Bathurst, aforesaid, the devisee and legatee named in the said Will —the heirs of the said deceased, namely—the said Alfred C. Smith, and George M. Smith of San Diego, in the State of California, in the United States of America, and the next of kip of the said deceased, namely-John Brown, Elizabeth McIntosh, wife of Robert McIntosh, Catherine McIntosh, wife o James McIntosh, William Vance, all of South Tettagouche, in the parish of Bathurst, in the County of loucester, Isabella Branch, wife of Samuel Branch, of the parish of Bathurst, aforesaid, Jane Brown, of Springhill, in the County of York, in said Province, spinster, Samuel Brown of Jersey City in the State of New Jersey, in the United States of America, James Brown, of the city of New York, in the State of New York, in the United States, aforesaid, Robert Brown, William Brown, Alexander Brown, all of Blaine in Washington Territory, in the United States, aforesaid, Mary Smith, of the City of Boston. in the State of Massachusetts, in the United States, esaid, spinster, Isabella Smith, Rebecca Smith, Elizabeth Smith, spinsters, and Annie Crowe, wife of Sanford John Crowe, all of Vancouver, in the rovince of British Columbia, Jane Payne, wife of George Payne, of Stanwood in Washington Territory aid, Ellen Smith, wife of Richard Smith, of conewall, in the Province of Manitoba, Janet rown of (residence unknown) in the Province of Manitoba, aforesaid, spinster, and Thomas John Smith, Mary Jane Smith, Susan A. Smith, Rober Smith and Eva Smith, children of Annie Smith, de sed, wife of Richard Smith of (residence un nown) in the Province of Manitob, aforesaid-to attend the proving of the said Will in solemn form at the time and place aforesaid, and to see proceed-

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court this eighteenth day of June, A. D. 1891. (Signed) THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY. Judge of Probates, Gloncester (Signed) D. G. MACLAUCHLAN, Registrar of Probates, Gloucester.

# SHERIFF'S SALE!

To be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday the 5th day of November next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham between the hours of 12 noon All the right, title and interest of William Muirhead in and to all those several pieces, parcels or lots of land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Chatham, and County of Northumberland, and Province of New Brunswick, and more particularly escribed and bounded as follows, viz. : All that certain piece or parcel of land situate lying and being on the south side of the Miramich River, in the Parish of Chatham, aforesaid being part of the lot number thirty-eight, which piece thereof is abutted and bounded as follows, to wit: nimencing on the north side of the Queen's Highway at the lower side of the lands belonging to the Estate of the late Richard Blackstock, deceased thence easterly along the north side of the said Road or Highway to the west side of lands owned and occupied by the late Honorable Wm. Muirhead, thence notherly along the west side of the said late Honorable Wm. Muirhead's lands to the channel of the River Miramichi, thence westerly or up stream to a continuation of the easterly side line of the said Richard Blackstock's property: thence south erly along such side line to the north side of the said Highway, being the place of beginning, comprising the whole of the lands and premises now used as the "Miramichi Foundcy" with the Steam Engine and Boiler, Turning Lathes, Plaining Machine, and all machinery contained and in use in any of the said buildings. Also, all that other piece of land situate in Chatham, aforesaid, being part of Lot No. 30 granted to Patrick Taylor, deceased, and lately owned by Peter Taylor, deceased, bounded as follows, to wit:—Com-mencing at the shore of the Miramichi River at the upper side line of that part of the said lot lately owned and occupied by Robert Johnstone, deceased thence southerly along the said line to the north-east angle of the pasture lot number five as laid down in he plan of the said number thirty made by David Sadler, Esquire, Deputy Surveyor; thence westerly along the northerly line of the said pasture lot number five three hundred and fifty six links or to the east side of a road laid out along the said lot number thirty; thence northerly along the east side of the said road to the south side of the Queen's Highway; thence westerly along the south side of the Queen's Highway to the westerly side line of the land formerly occupied by the said David Sadler; thence northerly long the easterly side line of the land conveyed by the said Patrick Taylor, deceased. to Joseph Cunard, to the River Miramichi; thence down stream along the shore to the upper side line of the said land late ly owned by the said Robert Johnstone, deceased eing the place of beginning, with the privilege the water in front of the said land and which said land was conveyed to John Sadler and Lemuel J. Tweedie on the fourteenth day of May, A. D. 1874 by John Lawlor, Alexander R. Ramsay and James Luke, all of Newcastle, in said County, Trustees for all the creditors of the of the estate and effects of Alexander Jacobsen, late of Chatham, in said County,

Also, all that other certain piece or parcel of land at Chatham, in the County aforesaid, described as ollows, to wit:- Commencing on the westerly bound ary of the above described property at a point 27 feet northerly along the said westerly side line from the Queen's Highway, thence on a line westerly till it strikes a point forty-four feet from the easterly line of the late George J. Parker's Property and one hundred and eight feet from the said highway with a right of way from the said described premises to th said highway over the land of John England, which right of way or road shall be of the width of 20 feet McDonald property now occupied by Thomas Stevenfront of the said described premises and with the of said firm. any description on the said premises, including the wharf property now known as "The Canada Wharf Property" erected in front of said lands and premthe said wharf extending into the River Mira michi four hundred and thirteen feet from the high water-line on the westerly side of said wharf, and having a frontage on said river of eight hundred and fifty-two feet and extending into the said river on the lower or easterly side five hundred and eighty feet from high water mark. The same having been seized by me, under and by virtue of several Executions issued out of the Supreme and County Courts against the said William Muirhead. Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 21st July, A. D.

JOHN SHIRREFF,

Sheriff.

#### General Business.

UNPRICEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER A MILLION DISTRI

Louisiana State Lottery Company

Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State constitution, in 1879, by Its GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRWINGS take place Semi-Annually, (June and December,) and its GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New

FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS FOR INTEGRITY OF ITS DRAWINGS AND PROMPT PAY-MENT OF PRIZES.

Attested as follows: "We do hereby certify that we supervise he arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith soward all parties, and we authorise the company to use this certificate, with factimiles of our signatures attached, in its

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at R. M. Walmsley, Pres. Louisiana Nat. Bk. Pierre Lanaux, Pres. State Nat'l Bank. A. Baldwin, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bk: Carl Kohn, Pres. Union National Bank. Monthly Drawing, Chatham, Grand

WILL TAKE PLACE AT At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, September 8, 1891. LIST OF PRIZES

Capital Prize, \$300,000. PRIZE OF 300,000 is..... 100,000 is.... 25,000 are..... PRIZE OF 25,000 10,000 are..... 20,000 5,000 are..... 5 PRIZES OF 25,000 25 PRIZES OF 1,000 are..... 25,000 500 are..... 50,000 100 PRIZES OF 200 PRIZES OF 300 are.... 60,000 500 PRIZES OF 200 are..... 100 000 APPROXIMATION PRIZES. \$500 are..... \$50,000 300 are..... 200 are..... 20,000 TERMINAL PRIZES. 100 are..... 99,900 3,144 Prizes, amounting to ..... \$1,159,600 PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets at Twenty Dollars; Halves \$10; Quarters \$5; Tenths \$2 Twentieths \$1 Club Rates, 55 Fractional Tickets at \$1, for \$50. SPECIAL RATES TO AGENTS. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

IMPORTANT SEND MONEY BY EXPRESS AT OUR EXPENSE IN SUMS NOT LESS THAN FIVE DOLLARS. on which we pay all charges, and we prepay Express Charges on Tickets and Lists of Prizes for-Address PAUL CONRAD.

New Orleans, La.

Give full address and make signature plain. Congress having lately passed laws prohibiting the use of the mails to ALL Lotteries, we use the Express Companies in answering correspondents and ding Lists of Prizes, until the Courts shall decide Our rights as a State Institution. The Postal authorities, however, will continue to deliver all Ordinary letters addressed to Paul Conrad, nt will not deliver Registered letters to him. The official Lists of Prizes will be sent on applies tion to all Local Agents, after every drawing in any antity, by Express, FREE OF COST ATTENTION .- The present charter of The SUPREME COURT OF THE U. S. S FIVE YEARS LONGER Legislature which adjourned July 10th, voted by two-thirds majority in each House to

How often we hear people say, "I'm tired," and when they have really not done any thing to make them feel so. It is not that they have been working hard, but that

TIRED

feeling that they experience is caused by the bracing medicine to build them up—to bring about the desired result they should take Estey's Iron

feeling will soon pass away. It builds up the system; strengthens the muscles; tones the appe-tite, and makes you feel like a new person. Sold

DR. JAMES' **NERVE** BEANS

ity, Lost Vigor and Failthe weakness of body or work, or the errors and Remedy absolutely cures have failed even to relieve. They do not, like other preparations advertised for Lost Manhood, etc., in terfere with digestion; but impart new life, strength and energy in a quick and harmless manner peculiar

5.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address The James Medicine CO., Canadian Agency, St. John, N. B. Write for pamphlet. AS Sold in Chatham by D. B. F. MACKENZIE

# SUGARS

LANDING AND TO ARRIVE : 500 Bbls. Standard, Ex. C. and Granulated.

Landing 80 Bbls. Ex. Prime. FOR SALE BY C. M. BOSTWICK & CO.

The Liverpool & London & Globe

Company. Insurance FIRE AND LIFE.

Assets 31 Decr. 1890 Assets in Canada 1890 1.403.493.18 Fire Insurance of all descriptions at lowest current WARREN C. WINSLOW, Agent,

I have appointed Mr. Warren C. Winslow agent at hatham, in place of Mr. T. F. Gillespie. Mr. Winslow is authorized to issue renewals of existing risks, and to receive applications for new insurance

at lowest current rates. W. M. JARVIS, General Agent, The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance ompany.

Saint John, N. B., 10 June, 1891.

## NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

George A. Flett, of Nelson Brick maker successor to G, A. & H. S. Flett has this day made an assignment of the estate and effects of that firm to me in trust for the general benefit of creditors withand run along the easterly boundary of the James out any preference and that the trust deed lies at the office of Mr. Warren C. Winslow, Barrister, son with the right and privilege of the water in Chatham, for inspection and signature of creditors right to erect and keep a boom or build a wharf of Creditors executing the deed within two months from Late are by its terms entitled to be first paid. Dated the 18th day of May, 1891. ALLAN G. FLETT,

> WANTED for general house work, Good wages. Apply to

MISS HUTCHISON,

Special Notice.

The editor and proprietor of the MIRAMICHI ADVANCE contemplates | Bay Chaleur Railway Company wanted retiring from his present business a bill passed in the Senate, and it being they not be subject to some restraint?" on the Miramichi and is desirious of finding a purchaser for this paper, its plant and good-will. He will therefore receive proposals from anyone desiring to invest in what is a paying and successful

As a purchaser may not be found he will be glad to receive offers from competent and experienced persons who may be prepared to undertake the editorial and business management of the paper. Address

D. G. SMITH, Chatham, N. B. Chatham, N. B., July 23, 1891.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., . - AUGUST 13, 1891.

Chatham Trade and Shipping. Amongst our deferred matter of last week was the following exhibit of the shipping trade of Chatham and outports for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1891, and for which we are indebted to the Customs authorities:-

Arrived from Sea. No. vls. Tons. 48,683 1,008 Outport of Buctouche, 3 " Richibucto, 22 10,383 Arrived coastwise. 100,000 | Chatham, Buctouche, Richibucto. 7,144 Total, 694 32,390 2,233 799 93,296 Total arrivals, Departed for Sea. 105 56,466 Chatham 3,443 Buctouche, Richibucto, 12,203 147 72,112 Departed coastwise. 361 14,849 Chatham, 121 5,454 377 Buctouche, 6,667 Richibucto,

> Total departed, 810 99,082 The trade returns of the port for the same period were as follows:-Imports, \$86,562-Duties \$20,994.88

663

26,970

Exports:-Products of the Forests, \$620,891.00 " " Fisheries, 146,976.00 Manufacturers. 28,456.00 14,956.00 Vegetable products, 7,550.00 \$818,829.00

The Political Scandals.

The investigation into notorious McGreevy scandal goes slowly on. McGreevy has admitted that he received many thousands of dollars from the Larkin, Connolly & Co. firm for election purposes, but denies many general impression is that THE PEOPLE WILL FAVOR CONTINUANCE.

Murphy and Robert McGreevy. Sir Hector Langevin went before the | who said Committee on Privileges and Elections on Tuesday, and made a statement under oath, a portion of which, as given in a despatch to the St. John Globe.

was as follows :-

he had been obliged to appear PASSIVE UNDER THE CHARGES MADE. If Mr. Tarte, when he made his charges in the House of Commons, bad made them directly against him, he would at once, pending the enquiry, have placed his resignation in the hands of the Prime Minister in accordance with the custom in England, but Mr. Tarte's statement was aimed only at Thos. McGreevy, as the facts with which he subsequently connected him were not stated, when, from the evidence, it had become plain that it was the intention to assail him directly. NERVE BEANS are a It was not until Mr. Tarte had completed his case last week that he (Langevin) became aware of the accusations against his conduct. He complained of not having been given an opportunity of defending himself. Now, however, he said, I know whereof I am accused. I intend to meet the accusations with the most positive denials, but I felt bound at once to

> LAY MY RESIGNATION IN THE HANDS OF THE PRIME MINISTER. mittee I feel that I have fulfilled my my knowledge and ability without being National Policy that we of New Brunsinfluenced by anyone. I

> NEVER RECEIVED GIFTS, LOANS OR VALUES | have to pay out immense sums of money directly or indirectly from the firm of to carry their products almost free of Larkin, Connolly & Co., or any of its charge, and that is where the serious representatives. Thomas McGreevy and annual deficits in the management of the I have been for a long time on friendly Intercolonial Railway come in. What I terms and he has been my guest at my wish to impress upon the House is that own house, during which I did not receive from him nor did he offer any sums of money, gift or loan. Thomas Mc-Greevy has never tried to influence me in the execution of my duty, nor did he ob- paid on other railways. tain any knowledge, verbally or documentary, that my duty would compel me to hold private. I never authorized anyone to communicate such information to him. Thomas McGreevy never gave me any reason to suspect that he was interested, personally or otherwise.

I ALWAYS HAD CONFIDENCE IN PERLEY. chief engineer, and the other engineers up to the time that Perley gave evidence. I did not know that Perley had received a gift from Larkin, Connolly & Co. Not being an engineer myself, I felt justified in accepting the statements of my chief engineer and adopting his advice as to

charges of manipulation of contracts, tect these mines, and then compel the referring to each one separately and swearing that he knew nothing personally of what was being done as to year to pay for carrying their products values, changes of terms, quantities, amounts, etc., because he relied entirely on the engineers and other officials, for similar rates to enable them to marin whom he had implicit confidence. ket the staple product of the province. He also denied the allegations of they have been flatly refused, although Murphy and others affecting his per- the empty coal cars daily pass their sonal integrity.

signation, little may come of it beyond, as he puts it, leaving his colleagues free ness and our public men ought to adto discuss and act upon it on the merits dress themselves earnestly to the work of the situatian. If the committee ex- of placing it upon a more equitable onerate Sir Hector it may turn out that the resignation is not accepted and he may resume his place at the head of the Works department. In the absence of any advices on the subject we infer, from the manner in which the resignation is announced, followed by Sir Hector's statement, that he has following conundrum:

why cannot there be investigation into the rule. The business of investigating scanthieving at Fredericton? The provinces dals has taken a new turn. The new get the bulk of their subsidies from the government at Ottawa and if provincial governments are necessary why should

of the Quebec Government west to inpoints in all the addresses he made to the fluence elections, Mr. Mercier being implicated, the promoters of the bill endeavored to have it withdrawn. he described as very much like Mr. H. There was a lively contest on party T. Stevens) was required in place of "that lines over the matter, as the withdrawgreat big nobody" which was his descripal of the bill would prevent enquiry tion of Hon. Mr. Hanington; and the into the alleged frauds. The sup- second was that, whether he became porters of the proposition to investigate leader or not, he was going to have "the thieving at Fredericton" investigated. were successful in carrying their point. He was elected, and immediately assumed and the enquiry has been entered upon. the duties of the leadership. His first Prominent politicians and others have great act was to pack the historical valise been summoned to give testimony bepears that many of them have been to allow either Stockton or Phinney to have a higher seat in the Opposition suddenly seized by an epidemic of some synagogue than himsel'. He didn't mince kind, which either makes them sick or drives them to distant summer resorts. It seems evident that the Senate committee is on the track of a bribery and corruption fund of large dimensions. This time the "boodle iniquities" seem to attach to the Liberal Government of Quebec and Premier Mercier, of again unt I the legislature met. Nobody about him, but when Mr. Hanington was Senator Power, of Halifax, introduc-Stevens pushed himself into the seat beed the subject of government railway side him, swallowing all he had said management in the Senate a few days about "the great big nobody." For a day

ago by calling attention to an editorial intention of the Government to discontinue the operating of the Intercolonial whether it was proposed that the Gov- with him. Being thus settled in his place in the ernment shall take over or operate any house and having, apparently nothing else of the railways in the Lower Provinces to do, it might be expected that he would now owned by private companies. have kept his promise of exposing the After quite an elaborate address on the corruption of the Blair Government. Did subject by Mr. Power, Hon. Mr. Wark he do it? Not he! He had been told showed that the capital account of the about the aforesaid corruption by Mr. I. C. R. had already been enormously Hanington before that gentleman ran on swelled by the building of connecting the government ticket, but when lines in Pictou, Cape Breton and other found himself in a position to formulate charges and bring the alleged corruptionparts of Nova Scotia, while the low ists to justice, he was told it was all rates prevailing were made in the inmoonshine-well enough for use in election terest of that province and Ontario campaigns, but of no use in the Assembly. At times he would bring up in caucus Premier Abbott said that the sub- what Mr. Hanington had told him and ject of taking over connecting lines or Mr. Stockton would poke fun at him placing the I. C. R. in the hands of a about his offering to reduce the stumpage to eighty cents and tell him that so many of the opposition had heretofore supportthat the corruption charged was amongst

company or commission, had not been even considered by the Government. In reference to the I. C. R. deficit he assumed that it was principally caused by the rates prevailing on that line, which were made low "in deference to "the wants and to the necessities of posure in court of the corrupt means by "the business of the Maritime Prov-

and Quebec.

The erroneous character of the premier's ideas on the subject, so far as of the most damaging statements of New Brunswick is concerned, was at once shown by Hon, Mr. Snowball

"I was sorry to hear one remark, as

to by members from Nova Scotia. The hon, gentlemen from that Province complained of the non-paying character of ture in his place. Since that time he has the Intercolonial Railway. The hon. Premier, in making his explanation, says He regretted that in consequence of the | that the deficiency is on account of the manner in which the enquiry originated low rates of freight charged to the Maritime Provinces. When he makes that statement he includes New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island; but we distinctly repudiate that we receive any consideration from the Intercolonial Railway at all. We claim that the charges made on the Intercolonial Railway to those provinces are as high, and higher, than they are for corresponding distances of wailway in any part of Canada that I know of. But we of New Brunswick do claim that the Intercolonial Railway is run in make a suggestion it would be that the exthe interest of Nova Scotia, and there is M. P. P. of yellow valise notoriety be where the shoe pinches, and so my hon. kept under careful surveillance, especially friend should be exceedingly cautious in making any remarks on the non-paying character of the line. As has been justly stated by the hon. member from Fredericton, the coals carried from the mines of Nova Scotia to their own seaboard, as well as to St. John, a distance of 150 miles, pay a dollar and a half a short ton to the latter point. They take those crimes and there is no knowing what Mr. coals, however, and freight them up to Point Levis and Quebec for \$1.70, or three tenths of a cent per mile per ton, so that my colleagues in the government and there is where the money goes. I and in the House of Commons may be am not going to speak on the National able to judge freely of my conduct. I Policy, because he and myself are not rebegin by declaring that in all the depart- sponsible for what may have occurred; mental works mentioned before this com- but the mines of Nova Scotia, coal and iron, and other interests of that province duty conscientiously in accordance with have been protected so largely by the

wick and other sections of the Dominion New Brunswick must be exonerated from that charge, for we are not guilty in any respect, and we claim that the rates

Few people of the Dominion are gouche men are doing. aware of the magnitude of the nonpaying Nova Scotia business referred to. The general traffic of the road, outside of that contributed by the Nova one, but it costs hundreds of thousands terests pay to carry their products to market. The policy of the Government is to tax all the bituminous coal and all the iron entering the Dominion Sir Hector proceeded to take up the from outside countries in order to procountry to further subsidise them by a contribution of half a million dollars a to their customers. When New Brunswick mill owners, however, have asked mills going in the direction of the As to the effect of Sir Hector's re- points to which they wish to send lumber. It is a very "lop-sided" busi-

> An Ex M. P. Propounds a Conundrum. That yellow valise has been enjoying

a summer vacation, and after its depths and contents have duly permeated the ally advantageous for the great men of physical and mental economy of its owner, he waltzes before the public with the may learn something, although also en-

Douglastown, already seen the worst of the investi- "If the senate at Otta a can investigate

The Department's action in the case of Mr. Wyse is the outcome of its predisposition to make mistakes. Mr. Wyse has been taught by the Department itself When the author of the foregoing was to set it at defiance, and after his success candidate for legislative honors in in that line having the sanction of more Westmorland in 1890, he had two great than a decade, his dismissal for the cause officially assigned therefor may possess electors. One of these was that a new the unimpeachable character attributed by

leader of the opposition (a person whom | Pinafore's Sir Joseph Porter to "official utterances." but will not command much respect for its consistency or diplomacy. A dozen years ago, Mr. Wyse practically took charge of the whole of the lower part of the river-particularly on the south side. He took upon himself authority to supercede other overseers by issuing licenses in their districts, with the connivance of the then Inspector, and with out either the knowledge or approbation and come to Northumberland county, of the Department. When the situation fore the Senate committee, but it ap- where he intimated that he didn't propose had sufficiently disclosed itself and the fishermen were puzzled to know upon whom to look as representing the Department, it became necessary for the Minismatters, but offered an office in his pro- ter of Fisheries and the late Commissionposed government to one of the members | er, Mr. Whitcher, to come from Ottawa for Northumberland and would guarantee to Chatham and hold an investigation. the reduction of stumpage to eighty cents | So flagrant were the abuses and subversion per thousand feet. He was told to go of official control and discipline proven, home and soak his hear, but instead of that Mr. Wyse, while the investigation that he went to Fredericton, with the same | was going on, asked permission to resign big head he had here, whence he was his office at the end of his official year. shipped for Moneton and was not heard of He was, then and there, taken at his word, but before the year had expired the at Fredericton seemed to know very much | federal elections were held and a new government came into office. Mr. Wyse chosen leader of the Opposition, Mr. had worked hard in the County against the government under which he had served and in favor of the party now in power. As his official misconduct had or two he sat there and endeavored to helped to make the outgoing adminisarticle in the Ottawa Citizen suggesting make two or three gentlemen from "the tration unpopular, he was not required to 1,252 the transfer of the Intercolonial Rail- bend" believe that he was first mate of keep his promise of resigning, but was reway, together with its branches and the opposition. He became such an an- warded by having his authority extended. 19,321 1,255 connections, to a private company. He novance to the leader, however, that he leader, however, he leader, however, he leader, however, he leader, however, he leader, how he leader, of his setting departmental orders, rules Stockton and take one near the back row, and discipline at defiance which now diswhere his peculiarities would not be so misses him for doing, in only a very mild conspicuous or, at least, the Opposition way, that which it before condoned—even Railway system as a public work, and would not be so obviously connected rewarded him for doing.

the Westmorland stumps and not elsewhere. He lingered through the session and continued an M. P. P., until the exthat such violations would cost him his which he secured his election compelled Altogether, the situation is an interesthim to resign. That, as everybody knows ing one, and while we are fully sensible ended his parliamentary career. It is of the loss sustained by the service in the true he was a candidate in the by-election, decipitation of an officer of Mr. Wyse's but his tour as the self-appointed leader ong experience and business attainments, of the Opposition, his insane conduct in we must congratulate the Department on the Assembly and his failure to say a having the courage and self-respect which word about the charges he intended to it so conspicuously lacked some twelve make against the government sealed his years ago. Furthermore, while it is in coming from the Premier, and referred fate, and the electors sent Mr. McQueen,

a government supporter, to the legislabeen "a little off" in matters political and the last manifestation of his mania is that the "great big nobody" wasn't fooling him over the "thieving at Fredericton" and as he could not induce the opposision in the Assembly to formulate charges on the

Senate might take the matter up. It is a authority. delicate thing to interfere with the liberty of the individual in this country to enjoy either opinions or diet as he thinks best for himself, but if we might be permitted to mains, so frightfully mangled that they during this very warm August weather. could hardly be recognized. The bull If left entirely to himself he may pack the valise and start for Kent and cause Mr. Phinney some mortification, for none of these great Opposition lights have the same story to tell about the Government's

Stevens may do or say when he once gets

Fly-Fishing. The Nepisguit Club's waters have fish to be deceived. Those who have ten years. seen salmon by the dozen lying in pools, ignoring the most tempting casts, know exactly what a bad year it is for their charged to us are fully up to the standard sport, and they don't blame the net fishermen in the least, as many of the Resti-

The Case of ex-Overseer Wyse. The cause of the dismissal of Mr. Wm. Wyse from the position of Overseer of Scotia coal and iron mines, is a paying Fisheries in the Caatham district is the. theme of a good deal of local newspaper of dollars more than these mining in- discussion. The ADVANCE had hoped to keep out of it, but a correspondent claims space this week to refute the statements of an "Advocate" article on the subject. which he attributes to Mr. Wyse, and we, therefore, deem it well to make a few ob-

Those who desire to have fishery matters conducted with the object of securing the best results therefrom for the whole community, will regret that personal and party aims, prejudices and interests have, to a great extent, long caused departmental management on the Miramichi to be very unsatisfactory. Everybody interested knows that there has been no fixed policy, no stability in the management. Sections of the county have been, at times, favored, only to be subjected, in turn, to oppressive exactions and prohibitions. Excessive taxation and harassing fore his death he begged for God's sake regulations have each and all had their to be taken on board the ship, but they periods, intermingled with relaxations wouldn't take him. If the story told is here and there, for which the party poli- true it is one of the hardest cases of man's the liquor was restored to him. As a mere ticians have expected the fishermen to inhumanity to man that we have heard matter of inquiry, although I knew I had especially thank them; while opportunity of for a good while. has been afforded for delegations to go to A Most Enjoyable Outing. Ottawa at the poor fishermen's expense, only to be handled as puppets and furnish

Children Cry for

We are assured that the Minister could not be deterred from making an example of Mr. Wyse, because of his disobedience of orders in connection with the protecion of the Bartibog salmon pools. Under the circumstances, it was in the public

ed should have had the protection given to it at a time when it was so much needed, still, if it were the Department's custom to thus punish its officers for infraction of its rules, one could hardly object to the visitation of its wrath in this instance. But there are other considerations which should have weight. If a horse has been trained to jump hurdles, ne should not be punished for clearing ences now and then. By parity of reasoning it may be claimed that Mr. Wyse should have been seriously informed that policy towards him, and that whereas it had taught him in the past that it was meritorious for him to violate its instructions, he must, in the future, understand

the business of punishing officers who disbey its instructions, we recommend enquiry on the subject of those overseers and wardens who, while they are supposed to enforce the regulations, are in the habit of fishing their own salmon nets seven days in every week-in some cases plainly in sight of Sunday worshippers, who are taught by the scriptures and subject, he clutches at the idea that the their catechisms to respect those in

> News and Notes. George Romeo was gored to death by a bull near Halifax on Saturday. Nothing was known of the tragedy till a stepson went out into the field and saw the re-

had to be shot in order to get at Romeo's An Arkansas City despatch says that four people have been gored to death in the Cherokee county by cattle. A woman and two little children were attacked and torn to pieces. A cowboy who attempted

to rescue them was thrown from his horse

and instantly killed. A member of one Maine firm that yielded relatively more salmon than any handles 37 million of spruce this season others north of the Miramichi this season. says: "For the next ten years the bulk The Restigouche anglers complain of a of the spruce timber in Maine will be great scarcity of fish. This is, however, made into pulp. Spruce makes tougher off year for fly-fishing, as the paper than poplar and we have lots of i water was too low and clear during the growing in the state. Yes, pulp will be

> A Butte (Montana) merchant who advertised a bankrupt stock of shoes was totally unprepared for the enormous crowd which filled his store. Twelve clerks were utterly inadequate to wait upon the rush of customers. Several women fainted in the crush, and finally the doors had to be locke!. The merchant now believes in advertising.

The St. James' Gazette takes a very gloomy view of the condition of British trade. "It says: "It looks as though we imes. The great decline in exports from Great Britain is undoubtedly due to the operation of the McKinley law in the United States. The immediate object of the law was to hit foreign manufacturers, especially those of Great Britain, and it is plainly evident this object has been at-

A Halifax despatch of last Thursday states that a sailor named Wilkins, a stowaway in the steamer "Mandalay" from England, was found dead on the wharf at Pictou Landing on that morning. It is said he was made to work on the passage out when he was not fit, that he was kept days without food, and when the vessel reached Picton he could get no pay and was cast off. On the night be-

The party of Chatham gentlemen who illustrations of the fact that it is personmade a holiday trip to Prince Edward Island in the pilot schooner Princess Louise, small places to travel in order that they had such pleasant experiences that their example will probably be followed

Pitcher's Castoria.

an alleged steal of the Quebec grit party, forcing the truth that exceptions prove others. The Summerside Journal thus refers | Chatham,) the liquor had been ordered back to their visit to that city:-"The pilot boat Princess Louise, Capt. parently justified it. However, in the Walls, of Chatham, N. B., arrived here on present case, the Stipendiary Magistrate did Saturday last, having on board the follow- not see what compromise could be made so ing: Hon. L. J. Tweedie, Surveyor Gen- as to legally justify the return to its owner eral of New Brunswick, R. A. Lawlor, of the liquor seized. During that time-that Collector of Inland Revenue, Chatham, is to say, while the matter was being dis-Robert Murray, Police Magistrate of Chat- cussed between the Police Magistrate, Mr. ham, F. R. Morrison, Manager of the Bank | Havs and myself-policeman Gillis was sit of Nova Scotia, Chatham and Newcastle, ting in Mr. Murray's rear office. I went

Angus Ullock, John Ullock, Frank Griffin, and told him about the whole transaction, James Johnson and J. D. B. F. Mackenzie, as it had been going on, and stated to him of the same town. The last named remained | that Mr. Hays was not going to contest the at Summerside with his family, who are charge on account of the liquor seized, and spending a few weeks here. After spending | would also pay the fine and expenses (\$65) Saturday afternoon in doing this town, the standing against his brother, in case the party proceeded by the evening express to liquor was restored to him. And I must here Hunter River, thence to the Seaside Hotel, acknowledge that I conscientiously believed Rustico, where they remained till Sunday at the time that there would be no harm afternoon, when they drove to Charlottetown. | done in giving it to him, owing to the fact Messrs. R. Hunt, P. W. Morrison, and our- that it had previously been done in a similar selves accompanied them from here to case under the sanction of the law. So it Emerald Junction, returning by the evening | would seem, and furthermore, I considered train. They remained at Charlottetown un- that by giving it up to him the county would til Tuesday morning, when they returned to be the gainer by some \$80 to \$100. Gillis Summerside, reaching here by the noon replied that, in his estimation, there would train, and remaining here during the after- be no harm in doing so, provided it could be noon and evening. Mr. Geo, Y. Dibblee kept from Mr. Murray's knowledge. I then and others spent a very enjoyable evening called Mr. Hays from the front office (he on board the Princess Louise, where they being at the time in conversation with S. were entertained by the visitors. Late in the evening Capt. Walls was called forward and presented with a handsome large British Ensign for his fine craft, at a souvenir of the | and Mr. Hays, after I called the latter in, I excursion, and a most fitting emblem for his noble boat, the address and presentation | and even did not hear anything of what was being made by Mr. W. A. Brennan. The said between them (being a little dull of feeling manner, requested Hon. Mr. Tweedie to reply for him. In the course of his remarks Mr. Tweedie made a most excellent had advocated in the New Brunswick legislature the formation of excursion parties ing on between Mr. Hays and constable each province. We know little or nothing of New Brunswick or the adjoining provrelations with them, but it would be very desirable and no doubt trend to the immake ourselves better acquainted with our in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick or any other part of the Dominion. We would interest that a river so shamefully neglect- litical conditions, and when matters came before parliament there would not be such gross lack of knowledge displayed on the to use a late instance, when the tunnel question was up for discussion. Mr. fellowship, and his local references showed that the people of Miramichi and Chatham the colors, and all joined in the grand chorus going on till I got the statement from Mr. of 'Rule Britannia." This was followed Hays' own lips. He said that policeman there was a change in the department's by luncheon on board, which all participated Gillis told him to take two empty casks

recognize their pilots, among whom are many worthy men of long experience in this affair will throw further light on what their arduous duties. After the presentations were all made, the Captain hoisted in with great eclat, everyone appearing to similar to those containing the liquor, put relish the cooking of the steward of the about the same quantity of water in the Princess Louise, who is quite an artist in hi line. It was anticipated that the pleasant have the water sweetened or colored so party would remain here yesterday, but on as to present the color of whiskey, so that arriving at our office we found that the when the casks were broken up and emptied Princess Louise had sailed during the early the deception would not be noticed. In morning. We sincerely trust that these pleasant excursions will be more frequent in down when Gillis inquired if the colored the future than they have been in the past. We also trust that the excursionists went away with better impressions of Prince Edward Island than they entertained heretofore. Such parties might be organized by our own citizens. Were our people to visit such centres as Miramichi, known to them only in a business way, they would meet with the utmost courtesy, and be as highly pleased at their entertainment by the good people of those places as we trust our late visitors were with their stay here."

The excursionists say they cannot speak too highly of the hospitality of their Summerside friends, or of the courtesies and kindresses which they received on all hands at other places visited by them.

### Inspector Brown and his Assailants.

To the Editor of the Advance : SIR:-I have, in the last issue of th "Newcastle Advocate," been made the victim of a certain anonymous scribbler who, in trying to make me the butt of merriment, has only drawn upon himself that contempt which such vulgar scribblings generally elicit from intelligent readers of newspapers. It is a most uncharitable, ungentlemanly, and I should say unwarrantable attack on the part of a man who can only see men and things through the dark lenses of his own personal prejudices, and the writer, whosoever he is, shows by his silly talk at my address and style of composition that there is neither in him the metal that makes up the gentleman, far less the christian gentleman, nor the characteristics of the cultured writer, in this alone that, was the writer's mind properly balanced by some sort of discriminating power, he would have stopped to con- and that is never to let my better feelings sider that no man can be called a criminal have the upper hand of me in the line of after he has been adjudged not guilty by a tribunal of his country, and that the epithets vantage of by the man in his attempt to which he bestowed upon me would likewise reflect upon the venerable head that sat upon best part of the season for the gamiest the leading product of Maine for the next the bench, the learned counsel that had charge of the case, and necessarily upon the

> of the charge I laid under, and that without leaving their seats. I would have taken no notice of the writing in question, nor in fact had any desire to take notice of it were it not for the peculiar and trying position in which I have unguardedly allowed myself to be placed. The position of public prosecutor is not an enviable one and not very many could be induced to accept the responsibility and duties lay the whole blame on the two men whose be attached to it. But, still, holding it as I do though having been honorably acquitted have already reached the end of good by the jury, yet I consider it my duty to persistent attempts to force me to leave ungive to the public the whole facts in connection with the restoration of the liquor in question, and allow the public to draw their own conclusions as to whose shoulders the on the morning of the 6th inst., where after odium should rest upon.

intelligent jury that honorably acquitted me

In the first place, it must be remembered of the one on whose premises the liquor was seized) had, himself, been fined for selling him for the present that he may still enjoy liquor, and every effort made to collect the his hobby of making a smell. fine from him was unsuccessful.

After the liquor had been seized at Mrs. Hays' house (mother of John), Ephriam Hays, her son, visited me at my house, and wanted to get the matter amicably settled, and get his liquor back. I told him I had no control over the liquor, so far as that was concerned, as it had already been delivered up into the hands of Police Magistrate Murray. He insisted I had power to restore him the liquor, and said he would pay the fine for his mother without contestation, if personally no power to do so, I asked him if, in case the liquor could be, or should be restored to him, would he also pay the fine and expenses standing against his brother John? He said that for the sake of putting an end to all further trouble he would do so I then told him to meet me on a certain day at Mr. Murray's office, and we would see what could be done about it; being aware that in a similar case (that of McCarthy,

to him through some legal point which ap-Thomson, Esq., my counsel, and Stipendiary Magistrate Murray.) As to what arrangement was made between policeman Gillis positively affirm that I was no party to it, I wish it to be distinctly understood that

other two Captains and two others, who hearing,) and although Mr. Hays stated I made up the crew, were presented with was present while the arrangement was silk handkerchiefs. Capt. Walls, after made between Gillis and himself, still I reheartily thanking the donors in a most peat what I said before-that I heard nothing of what was said between them. there is no desire on my part to repudiate suggestion, that of having excursions of my own acts, or wish, as I already said, to representative men organized to visit the shield myself from any blame that I should neighboring provinces. He said that he be held responsible for. I will state that I nevertheless understood from what was goudgment in behalf of his mother, and should he get his liquor restored pay the fine standing against his brother. Mr. Hays and myinces, having hitherto had only business self then re-entered Mr. Mnrray's front office where judgment in the charge was acknowledged by Mr. Havs. This was the provement of both provinces were we to last I heard of the matter till some days afterwards, when I was informed that Mr. neighbors, whether those neighbors reside Hays had got his liquor back. I immediately repaired to his house to ascertain the fact, when he stated that he had got a part of it learn their ways and their social and po- back, and expressed his willingness to pay the fine and expenses standing against his brother, and which he, there and then, paid. I again reaffirm that I knew nothing about part of some speakers as has been the case, the preliminary arrangements between Gillis and Hays until after the examination before Justice Fotheringham, when I visited Coun-Tweedie's remarks abounded with jolly good cillor flays to inquire how the transfer had been effected. Then all the particulars were

A summary of Mr. Hays' own version of was done without my knowledge, or even the least suspicion on my part of what was casks as there was liquor in the others. accordance thereto two casks were taken water was in. Receiving a negative answer he said he would do that himself. The exchange of the casks being made, Gillis was then asked for the four bottles that were seized at the same time as the casks were. He said he would not give them up as he wanted to break them along with the water casks in order to produce a smell of

liquor, and thus insure complete deception. Such is the version given by Mr. Hays, and here I would ask if that statement corresponds with Gillis' testimony. who swore he did not know the liquor was held in possession of the court, and that his giving up of the liquor to Hays was in consequence of me telling him that the whole matter had been settled before Mr. Murray. and that consequently the liquor had to be

I may here state that there appears to exist a certain amount of corroboration beween the evidence of policeman Gillis and that of magistrate Murray which requires a passing explanation.

After the transfer of the liquor, I visited Mr. Murray, when he said to me that Gillis had got himself in a bad fix, and was liable to be discharged.

I, knowing that Mr. Murray was one of the police committee, requested him not to blame Gillis, wishing to shield the man, and save his bread earning position that seemed compromised. If there is anything I blame myself for in this perplexed affair that threatened my own ruin and imperilled my character and liberty, it is my good nature which, in this case, led me to assume the responsibility of a man's wrong doings, in order to shield him from the consequences of his own acts. But I have learned a lesson by it of which I shall profit in the future: duty. The unjust responsibility which I assumed to save Gillis has been taken ad-

And that is how I was repaid. Again, Mr. Hays declares in reference to the returned liquor, that about one half of the quantity seized had been returned to him, the remainder having been extracted f om the casks while in Gillis' possession. I infer it was done to keep up the smell during the holocaust that Mr. Gillis was about to make of the casks as he had of the bottles. Anyhow, it went some way, whether through

e regular channel, or suction from mother earth, history does not tell. Now, sir, this communication is already too long; yet I crave your indulgence for a few closing remarks, and I am done:-I assign two reasons for the cause of this whole trouble in which I got involved, and of the office, whatever remuneration might | wrong-doings have alone brought it about: Gillis and Duthie-the one by assuming to do what he had no right to do, and then giving it a flat denia!, and the other by his collected a fine standing against him for violation of the Temperance Act. The latter has already got his deserts, inasmuch as I visited him at his home in Chelmsford. a great display of antics a la John L., heaccepted a pair of wristlets, and was escorted to our County goal, there to partake of the that some months previous to the seizure of | hospitality of mine host for two days, donate the Hays' liquor by me, John Hays (a brother some \$77 towards the County funds and return to his home -- a wiser if not a better man. As for Policeman Gillis, I shall leave

> NEVER HEALING. FAILS Many so-called diseases are consumption and death

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