Legal Motices.

SHERIFF'S SALE!

To be sold at Public Auction, on Thursday the 5th day of November next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham between the hours of 12 noon and five o'clock p m. All the right, title and interest of William Muirhead in and to all those several pieces, parcels or lots of land, siviate, lying and being in the Parish of Chatham, and County of Northumberland, and Province of New Brunswick, and more particularly described and bounded as follows, viz: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate ying and being on the south side of the Miramichi River, in the Parish of Chatham, aforesaid being part of the lot number thirty-eight, which piece thereof is abutted and bounded as follows, to wit: Commencing on the north side of the Queen's Highway at the lower side of the lands belonging to the Estate of the late Richard Blackstock, deceased thence easterly along the north side of the said Road or Highway to the west side of lands owned and occupied by the late Honorable Wm. Muirhead thence notherly along the west side of the said late Honorable Wm. Muirhead's lands to the channel of the River Miramichi, thence westerly or up stream to a continuation of the easterly side line of the said Richard Blackstock's property: thence south erly along such side line to the north side of the said Highway, being the place of beginning, com-prising the whole of the lands and premises now used as the "Miramichi Foundry" with the Steam Engine and Boiler, Turning Lathes, Plaining Machine, and all machinery contained and in use in any of the said buildings.

Also, all that other piece of land situate in Chatham, aforesaid, being part of Lot No. 30 granted to Patrick Taylor, deceased, and lately owned by Peter Taylor, deceased, bounded as follows, to wit:—Commencing at the shore of the Miramichi River at the upper side line of that part of the said lot lately owned and occupied by Robert Johnstone, deceased; thence southerly along the said line to the north-east angle of the pasture lot number five as laid down in the plan of the said number thirty made by David Sadler, Esquire, Deputy Surveyor; thence westerly along the northerly line of the said pasture lot number five three hundred and fifty six links or to the east side of a road laid out along the said lot number thirty thence northerly along the east side of the said road to the south side of the Queen's Highway; thence westerly along the south side of the Queen's Highway to the westerly side line of the land formerly occupied by the said David Sadler; thence northerl tlong the easterly side line of the land conveyed h the said Patrick Taylor, deceased, to Joseph Cunard to the River Miramichi; thence down stream along the shore to the upper side line of the said land late ly owned by the said Robert Johnstone, deceased, being the place of beginning, with the privilege of the water in front of the said land and which said land was conveyed to John Sad'er and Lemuel J. Tweedie on the fourteenth day of May, A. D. 1874 by John Lawlor, Alexander R. Ramsay and James Luke, all of Newcastle, in said County, Trustees for all the creditors of the of the estate and effects of Alexander Jacobsen, late of Chatham, in said County,

Also, all that other certain piece or parcel of land at Chatham, in the County aforesaid, described as follows, to wit:—Commencing on the westerly boundary of the above described property at a point 27 feet northerly along the said westerly side line from the Queen's Highway, thence on a line westerly till it strikes a point forty-four feet from the easterly line of the late George J. Parker's Property and one hundred and eight feet from the said highway with a right of way from the said described premises to the said highway over the land of John England, which right of way or road shall be of the width of 20 feet and run along the easterly boundary of the James McDonald property now occupied by Thomas Stevenson with the right and privilege of the water in front of the said described premises and with th right to erect and keep a boom or build a wharf of any description on the said premises, including the wharf property now known as "The Canada Wharf Property" erected in front of said lands and premises-the said wharf extending into the River Miramichi four hundred and thirteen feet from the high water-line on the westerly side of said wharf, and having a frontage on said river of eight hundred and fifty-two feet and extending into the said river on the lower or easterly side five hundred and eighty feet from high water mark. The same having been seized by me, under and by virtue of several Executions issued out of the Supreme and County Courts against the said William Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 21st July, A.

SHERIFF'S SALE

JOHN SHIRREFF,

To be sold at Public Auction on Thursday, the 10th day of December next, in front of the Post Office in Chatham, between the hours of twelve noon and 5 o'clock p. m.
All the right, title and interest which the late Mary Caulfield had at the time of her decease, in and to all and singular those certain lots or parcels of and and premises situate, lying and being on the westerly side of the Bartibogue River, in the Parish of Newcastle, in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick, and bounded as fol lows, viz:—In front by the said Bartibogue river, on the north by land owned by Richard Quigley, on the south by the Wallace property and in the rear by wilderness land, and containing 200 acres more or

Also all that other lot of land on the north side of the said Bartibogue river, opposite lands granted to Richard Quigley and granted to Richard Hutchion, containing 100 acres as by reference to gran No. 13,716, will fully appear -being the same land or properties conveyed to the said Mary Caulfield by Richard Hutchison by deed dated the 3rd day or November, A. D., 1885, as by reference to vol. 64, pages 101 and 102 of the Records of the said County Northumberland, will more fully appear. The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Northum berland County Court at the suit of Isabella Caulfield against the said Mary Caulfield.

JOHN SHIRREFF, Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 22nd day of August, A. D., 1891.

TTO be sold at Public Auction on Thursday, the 7th day of January, next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham, between the hours of 12, noon, and five o'clock, p. m. and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Town of Chatham, County of nberland and Province of New Brunswick, and bounded as follows :- Commencing on the north side of Duke Street at the southwest corner of the garden formerly owned and occapied by Caleb Mc. Culley, deceased, thence northerly along the east side of Henderson lane one hundred and sixty feet, thence easterly on a line parallel with the north side of said Duke Street fifty feet, thence southerly on a ne parallel with the east side of said Henderson e one hundred feet, thence east-rly on a line with the north side of said Duke Street ten feet, thence southerly on a line | arallel with the east side of said Henderson lane sixty feet, thence westerly along the north side of said Duke Street sixty feet or to the place of beginning and being the same land sold by Mary Ann McCulley to the said George Dick by deed bearing date the 4th day of November, A. D.

Supreme and County Courts against the said George Shirreff's Office, Newcastle, this 22nd September,

NOTICE OF

To the heirs of John Donoghue, late of the Parish of Derby, in the County of Northumberland, deceased, and all others whom it may concern.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the third day of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seven ty-five, and made between the said John Donoghue and Catherine, his wife, of the first part, and the undersigned John Mc-Laggan, of the Parish of Newcastle, in the said County, merchant, of the second part. and duly recorded in volume 56, pages 613. Records, there will for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured thereby, default having been made in payment thereof, be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday, the seventh day of November, next, at 12 o'clock, noon, in front of the Engine House, in the Town of Newcastle, in the said County of Northumberland, the lands and prem ises mentioned and described in the said Indenture of Mortgage, as follows :- "All that certain piece, parcel or tract of land and premises situate, lying and being on the north side of the southwest Branch of the Miramichi Riyer, in the Parish of Derby, in said County, bounded on the westerly side by lands granted to George Ripple, and now in the possession of William O'Brien, on the lower or easterly side by lands formerly deeded to Alexander Ferguson, and now owned and occupied by William Cliff, in front by the river and extending in 999 rear to the full extent of the original grant, being the westerly two fifth parts of lot 3,134 Prizes, amounting to..... number twenty-four, known as the Clouston property, being the same land and premises conveyed to the said John Donoghue by James Jardine and wife, by deed dated the twentieth day of August," together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon, and privileges and appurtenances to the said premises belonging or in anywise

Dated the first day of Sept., A. D., 1891. JOHN McLAGGAN,

Wrought Iron Pipe

---AND----

FITTINGS GLOBE AND CHECK VALVES.

BABBIT METAL. RUBBER PACKIN

Cotton Waste, Etc. Etc.

Chatham, N. B.

General Business.

LONDON HOUSE. Wholesale and Retail.

In store, the following reliable Brands of Flour "Neva, "Daily Bread" and "Empress." Pork, Plate Beef, Dry Codfish.

am selling off balance of Dry Goods and Fancy articles away below cost. SOMETHING NEW

LESSIVE PHENIX. (the greatest Washing Powder yet discovered.) Putz Liquid Pomade Polish, (for metals.) FARINOSE IN 61b. BAGS @ 25c.

R. HOCKEN Canada Eastern Railway Co

THROUGH TICKETS.

First and Second Class Through Tickets are Chatham, Chatham Junction and Blackville

-FOR-

St. John and all points on CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY Daily connection made with C. P. Railway Fredericton.

Baggage Checked Through. Thos. Hoben, Jas. Wetmore, Gibson, May 7th, 1891.

ESTEY'S EMULSION PURE COD LIVER OF IS THE BEST ESTEY'S EMULSION Palatable as Milk. Sold everywhere.

DR. JAMES' NERVE BEANS

NERVE BEANS are lieve and cure the wors cases of Nervous Debility, Lost Vigor and Fail the weakness of body of mind caused by over work, or the errors and Renedy absolutely cure ne most obsinate cases when all other TREATMENTS have failed even to relieve. They do not, like other reparations advertised for Lost Manhood, etc., in erfere with digestion; but impart new life, strength nd energy in a quick and harmless manner peculia

Sold by druggists at \$1.00 a package, or six fo 5.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address The James Medicine CO, Canadian Agency, St. John, N. B. Write for pamphlet. As Sold in Chatham by . D. B. F. MACKENZIE.



Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State constitution, in 1879, by Its GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRWINGS take place Semi-Annually, (June and December.) and its

MENT OF PRIZES.

Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings them. selves, and that the same are conducted soward all parties, and we authorise the company to use this certificate, with factimiles of our signatures attached, in its

advertisements." It Emly

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana

R. M. Walmsley, Pres. Louisiana Nat. Bk Pierre Lanaux, Pres. State Nat'l Bank. A. Baldwin, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bk. 614, 615 and 616 of Northumberland County | Carl Kohn, Pres. Union National Bank. Monthly Drawing,

WILL TAKE PLACE At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, November 10, 1891.

Capital Prize, \$300,000 LIST OF PRIZES 100,000 is..... 50,000 is..... PRIZES OF 1,000 are..... 25 PRIZES OF 500 are..... 200 PRIZES OF 200 are..... APPROXIMATION PRIZES. \$500 are..... 200 are..... TERMINAL PRIZES.

\$1,054,800 PRICE OF TICKETS. Whole Tickets at Twenty Dollars; Halves \$10; Quarters \$5; Tenths \$2 Twentieths \$1

Club Rates, 55 Fractional Tickets at \$1, for \$50. SPECIAL RATES TO AGENTS. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

IMPORTANT. SEND MONEY BY EXPRESS AT OUR EXPENSE IN SUMS NOT LESS THAN FIVE DOLLARS. on which we pay all charges, and we prepay Express Charges on Tickets and Lists of Prizes for Address PAUL CONRAD.

Give full address and make signature plain. Congress baving lately passed laws prohibiting the use of the mails to ALL Lotteries, we use the Express Companies in answering correspondents and ending Lists of Prizes, until the Courts shall decide Our rights as a State Institution. The thorities, however, will continue to deliver all Ordinary letters addressed to Paul Conrad t will not deliver Registered letters to hun. The official Lists of Prizes will be sent on application to all Local Agents, after every drawing in any ATTENTION .- The present charter of The

Louisiana State Lottery Company which is part of the Constitution of the State, and by decision of the SUPREME COURT OF THEU. S. The Louisiana Legislature which adjourned July 10th, voted by two-thirds majority in each House to peared to be anxious for his appoint—where else. let the people decide at an election whether the Lottery shall continue from 1895 until 1919.—The ment, but Judge Tuck got the office." general impression is that THE PEOPLE WILL FAVOR CONTINUANCE.

Miramichi Advance.

Bad in Temper and Tone. The Toronto Globe will hardly improve its position in Canada by means of the ill conceived editorial attack which it made on the governor-general on Saturday last. It gives its own version of the scandals, proved and disproved, at Ottawa during the recent session of Parliament-assuming them to be all proved-and says:

investigations, when every day brought forth a fresh scandal and honest men hung their heads in shame, Lord Stanley was away fishing. Society and the State may lordship's performances with the rod, but in the opinion of those of us who are not court thurifers it would have been more seemly for him to have remained at Otwe desire to draw attention is this-that Lord Stanley is so much of a marionette in the hands of his Ministers as to be unthe scandals and vindicating the good name of Canada. His chief adviser, Mr. Abbott is a seasoned boodler who mainelection purposes and would have been corruption that has been in part uncover-Bangor, Portland & Boston; ed, they are the beneficiaries politically of the organised rascality, and, naturally enough, do not want to risk their places by going before the electors again. But more important judicial appointments. if Lord Stanley is obliged, willy nilly, to be guided by them, that is to say, if he cannot stand up for honest rule to the modest extent of securing the people a chance to get rid of misrule when its existence has been demonstrated, what on earth is he good for, and why should the G. P. & T. Agt. which must have given him some anguish, from the ground and stored them in wir Todd warns men in Lord Stanley's position that if the duties of a Governor-General becomes "mainly formal, and his political functions of small account, the regarded as an expensive luxury which cannot be justified by an economical people or endured in an age which is intolerant of shams.

In Quebec Governor Angers has not hesitated to bring his Ministers up with a short turn on account of a boodling affair quite insignificant in its proportions beside the welter of Federal corruption. for Quebec and another for Ottawa? Is it true or not that Lord Stanley's comolete abnegation of the powers vested in him arises from his desire as an intense Tory to shield his discredited Tory advisers as long as he can from the punishment that awaits them whenever they shall go to the polls? In any case, his lordship is bringing the office of Governor-General into disrepute, and leading the Canadian people to ask whether they could not obtain a more efficient and less expensive head of State by electing one from amongst themselves.

If the mode by which we secure an executive head in the Dominion is not in line with public sentiment on the subject, let the question be agitated on its merits, free from the party prejudice manifested by the Globe, but it appears hysterical manner manifested in its article. It would have been an outrage on the constitution of the country. and a usurpation of the prerogatives of Parliament for the Governor-General to have interfered in the charges which were being investigated during the session by the different parliamentary committees, with the findings of the committees, or the action of parliament upon the findings. A constitutional majority of the people's representatives arrived at certain conclusions in respect of the charges, and if the governor-general had taken the course which the Globe so rudely assails him for not taking, he would have virtually pro-GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place claimed himself a dictator. The weak- thing moveable that is an obstruction and Intercolonial. He passed down towards all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New ness of the Globe's position is strikingly manifested in its reference to Mr. FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS FOR INTEGRITY Abbott's views in connection with the OF ITS DRAWINGS AND PROMPT PAY. Pacific Scandal. What possible inupon matters arising during his tenure with honesty, fairness, and in good faith of office! It would be quite as reasonable to expect the Viceroy to send a force to Toronto to arrest editor Farrar of the Globe because he advised United States statesmen, not long since, how best to bring the Dominion under the argument in favor of its absurd position is its reference to Lieut. Governor Angers' calling his ministers to account State Lotteries which may be presented at in Quebec. If it had been proved that the Dominion Ministers had handed government moneys over to their private agents, who had paid the Minisname without his sanction-there might be some reason in the Globe's attempt to show that Governor Ane understood his business better than Lord Stanley, but as there is no similar-

ity in the circumstances of the two cases, there is no force in that part of the big Toronto paper's scolding. with some of those who were shown to have been guilty of irregular and cor rupt practices, but of that Parliament alone was competent to judge, The Globe and hundreds of other papers have expressed that opinion and it will, doubtless, have its legitimate effect on the country. When, however, that paper becomes a scold, and abuses Lord Stanley, simply because he ha not descended from his position as constitutional Governor and become partizan, it only weakens whatever moral force there may have been in its former deliverances on the subject of There are some men who, on discovering the Ottawa scandals.

They Want the Earth.

St. John politicians too often, mak the mistake of assuming that they only should advise the Dominion Government in matters affecting New Brunswick. Here is an illustration— in taking care of the tools and appliances Ontario members of the Conservative

"A good deal of surprise is felt at it contains. This is an education in it- party will not hear of Mr. Chapleau's the manner in which the appointment self. It teaches "a place for everything all. They will consent to his remaining pany will remain in force under any of Admiralty Judge went. All three and everything in its place," and we all where he is, but, on no account will they FIVE YEARS LONGER, St. John members signed the requisi- know how much that has to do with suc- agree to his promotion. This may be all tion in favor of Mr. Forbes and ap- cess, not only on the farm, but every- talk, to be sure, but one thing is quite The paragraph quoted is from the to doing odds and ends of repair work

one fifth of the say in the matter, for the appointment in question was a provincial one. Secondly-It should not necessarily have gone to St. John at all, for it is time that the North Shore's claims in the matter of judgeships were considered.

The North Again Ignored.

Hon. Mr. Justice Tuck of the Suprem Court has been appointed Judge of th High Court of Admiralty. While no objection can be made on personal grounds "Yet, during the entire period of the to the choice of Judge Tuck for the position, it is not out of place to say that, as usual, the North Shore is ignored in this as it has been in all similar appointments. have received large advantages from his We have, in this part of the province, large shipping and other business interests, and the causes tried at our Circuit, County and even Police Courts, are quite as imtawa during that agony. That, however, portant as those in courts at St. John and is a mere detail. The point to which Fredericton. It is singular, therefore, that no North Shore lawyer has yet been honored with a more than local judicial willing or unable to obtain for the electors appointment. The natural inference an opportunity of passing judgment upon | would be that it is only in St. John and Fredericton that lawyers qualified for the Supreme and Admiralty courts can be tained on oath that Sir Hugh Allan, a found. That, however, is not true. The would be Government contractor, did real reason is because the North Shore right in paying Ministers a vast sum for bas always been too easily satisfied. We warranted in supplying them with three times as much. Mr. Abbott and the judicial or administrative positions as can have as good men at the North for either other Ministers owe their position to the | be found in any part of the country, and our political leaders ought to protest against St. John and Fredericton being allowed to monopolise every one of the

Farm Preparations for our North Shore Winter.

Two or three nights of light frost have visited us as a reminder that winter is ap-Canadian taxpayer spend \$100,000 a year proaching. Those having tender plants on him and his entourage? In a sentence | and bulbs have, no doubt, removed them ter quarters. The householder is also making his premises snug against the coming coll and snow and the prudent continuance of the office will be apt to be farmer is attending to the odds and ends that may have been permitted to hang loosely during the summer and harvest

Barns and outbuildings must be looked closely after, as on imperative duty. A crack in the walls, which might easily be stopped by a lath, a bit of bark or a few shingles, will let in the cold, which should Are we to have one set of prerogatives be kept from cattle and other stock as much as possible. Cold barns and stables cause stock to lose much of the benefit of the food given to them. It is poor economy to feed hay, grain and vegetables to horses or cattle, and, at the same time, to allow much of the necessary heat it generates in their bodies to be carried off by the cold that reaches them through rickety and neglected stables and barns. The farm animals need light and ventilation, as well as good and sufficient food, if they would thrive, but they suffer from the cold and draughts of faulty winter shelters. Many of our farmers are well aware of this, but some of them appear not to be. The crops of the past season have been so good, that food for the stock to be wintered is abundant. With proper quite contemptible on the part of that attention given to the important matter paper to deal with the subject in the of comfortable shelter, therefore, farm animals should turn out looking well in the spring.

In passing through some sections of the country we have seen enough to convince us that a good many people do not take even reasonable care of their agricultural implements and machinery, wagons, sleighs, etc. Any of these left out in the sun, rain and wind deteriorate much more than if in use. One of the important duties of the season is to put everything of this kind under cover-not in some damp hole, where they will be subject to rotting and rusting processes, but in as clean; dry and sheltered places as pos-

can be procured they are the best materia! lections of former visits to this part of the the Government. for the purpose. Some farmers go far for country, and said he hoped he might be sawdust for this purpose, when with able to make a longer stay on his return equal, or perhaps only a little more later, northwards. they could as well procure leaves. The advantage of leaves is that they are ore ters' debts with it-using the Governor's ing, while sawdnst is not only worthless pany, at Bathurst, was burned the other for that purpose, but is also a useless litter in most cases.

Every farmer-in fact, every householder-should have some suitable about his premises for use as a workshop. Few men who have the disposition to help themselves will long lack the skill necessary to do much in the way of making and repairing articles of utility about them. It may be conceded that Parliament | Tools for doing simple repairs are comerred on the side of leniency in dealing paratively cheap. Have a place for them and use them. Some of our friends who began in a very small way, by such jobs as making axe or hoe handles, repairing broken chairs etc., have discovered that they had a natural aptitude for mechanical work, and are now the owners of workshops that are gems in their Imagine a farmer, or fisherman, who has snug quarters of his own in an outbuilding, in which are a work-bench with vises. wrenches, planes, saws, hammers, chisels, gouges, braces and bits, files and other tools usually found in carpenters' and small machinists' establishments-all accumulated in a few years and obtained piece by piece as found necessary what they can do with such appliances, spend much of their spare time in their little home workshops, and find themselves profitably employed. Such places are of inestimable value, especially where there are boys about. The more efficient the home workshop, the greater is the

Some men who accustom themselves

St. John Gazette. In the first place, in winter, impose upon the housewives' the three St. John members had only domain. Instead of having a snuggery in some outbuilding, titted with a stove. where they can be comfortable and "all to themselves," they take their work into the kitchen or elsewhere about the house where it interferes with their wives household duties. That is unfair to the house-work nor the man's repairing or other employment is carried on to advantage under such circumstances. The they cannot afford to fit up a separate work room for themselves. Are they sure of that? Have they ever tried? generally happens that it is the man who to town or the country store, or visits the neighbors' oftener than is necessary, and lingers there longer than his errand requires, that isn't able or hasn't time for looking after these matters which and comfortable hou eholds. An important-al-nost indispensablerequisite for the farm-house, especially

during such long winters as we have

on the North Shore of New Brunswick,

is a supply of reading-matter. It should

not be chosen at hap-hazard. A few dollars judiciously spent in this way are well-invested. Besides the books that are suitable, at least three weekly newspapers should be taken. If both books and the newspapers cannot be afforded we would place the newspapers first, because they are the cheapest and, if well selected, no other form of reading matter, can give as good and beneficial results. Avoid the papers which have their columns filled with sensational matter, such as murders, suicides, divorces, prize-fights and domestic scandals. These give the young a false idea of life. Whatever may be said to the contrary, the world-our world of to-day-is growing better and better. It is true that many newspapers, by means of electric and other scientific appliances, gather the record of the world's crimes and present them in bulk to the crowds whose prurient tastes demand such reading-matter, but it must be remembered that in thus gleaning their wide field for news these scavengers pass over a world of wholesome life, being attracted only by matrimony. that which is morally offensive. There are many weeklies published in large cities at a dollar a year, which, while they are unobjectionable in this respect, give a fair idea of the world's news. Then, one of the large provincial weeklies should be subscribed for-such as the Telegraph, Sun or Globe-and-most necessary all-one or more of the local papers. choosing the last-named, regard should be had to merit. Select the paper that best represents the interests of your locality, that is not afraid to express opinions or lacking in ability to give reasons for them, a paper that parents do not feel obliged to read, themselves, before they place it in their children's hands. Three such papers as we indicate can be had for a lollar each, or, by clubbing, at some of the well managed newspaper officessuch as that of the ADVANCE-for say Almost any one of our farmers can, therefore, provide his household with

With method, therefore, in the arrangement of winter work, not forgetting a liberal allowance of time for recreation and amusement, which are as much a part which we have referred, the season may be as happily and profitably spent in Northern New Brunswick as anywhere in the Dominion, and even if it were not o, our summers are so delightful, with their rapid vegetation, and our rivers. forests, and bays so attractive, that a little extra winter time is not-ill-spent in

AN OFFICIAL TRIP:-Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs, and acting Before the snow comes, the grounds Minister of Railways since the death about the house, as well as the barnyard, the late Rt. Hon. Sir John A. Macdonald. should be thoroughly cleaned up. Every- has been making an official trip over the not in use during the winter should be Moncton on Saturday last on the official stored away. If it will be unduly injured | car "Ottawa," accompanied by Collingby being left out of doors, house or cover wood Schreiber, Chief Engineer of Gov-

Burns, Esq., and its valuable outbuildings, together with considerable furniture and other fire on Tuesday. He, however, possesses the courage and enterprise which rise surperior to adversities, and it is probable cipal effect in giving an additional proof

Cabinet Reorganization. LEARNING A LESSON. The Quebec Chronicle, which is one voice inside government sentiment says:-A reorganization of the Cabinet at Ot tawa, is inevitable. Indeed, we were told that soon after the session, reconstruction, on a large scale, would take place. But though there is much talk, nothing in that direction seems to be in the wind The enemies of Mr. Chapleau keep saying that he is keeping back progress, by in sisting on having the portfolio of Railways and canals. The story is told that shortly after the death of Sir John Macdonald, Mr. Abbott, in the presence Senator Drummond, promised to give the Secretary of State the promotion he soon as he could cash the check. craved, immedia ely after the prorogation of the House took place. Now Mr. Chapleau desires the Premier to keep his part of the compact. But since the promise was made, the boodling in the Printing Bureau, -which is in Mr. Chapleau's department, -was discovered. Mr. Chapleau does not think that the circumstance should count against his chances to secure the coveted portfolio, one of the

struction is immediately imminent.

the most painstaking and hardest-worked officers in the service of Canada. His friends have made an open bid for his position for which he is so well qualified namely, that of Railways and Canals, in succession to the late Sir John Macdonald. "weaker vessel," and neither the woman's Mr. Carling is said to feel anxious to give up active politics, and a place could easily be made for him at Toronto, as Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario. He would fill the office with dignity. Speaker Gazette. man is "out of place." Many who use White will be called to the Cabinet, we the kitchen for such purposes will say that hear, at an early date, and Mr. Wood, of Brockville, doubtless, would succeed him in the chair of the First Commoner. Should Mr. Angers really go into the Cabinet, which is quite probable, he 'Where there's a will there's a way." It would be content to begin his new career with the position of President of the Council or he might be made Minister of Public Works, But he will not desert Quebec, we feel sure, until he has seen the result of the Royal Commissioners' labours, in the Baie des Chaleurs Railway matter. Mr. Ouimet and Mr. Dalton McCarthy have been named as possible h lp to make good farms, and happy Ministers. Both gentlemen have un doubted claims on the party."

News and Notes. THANKSGIVING. Thursday, Nov. 12th, has been fixed

for Dominion Thanksgiving day. RETURNING TO CANADA.

It appears that there has recently been a large emigration into Manitoba of repatriated settlers from Dakota. HARD LUCK.

Sir Baldwin Walker, master of th British warship Emerald, in Newfound land waters, went deer stalking on Radora Island, and while chasing a deer fell, injuring himself so severely that his companions had to carry him seven miles to jury." the ship. It is said he will be a cripple

until some time next spring. FALSE ALARM. There is no truth in the rumor that an attempt has been made on he wired the Montreal chief of police to send to St. Anne de La Perade, where his summer residence is situated, were wanted for the purpose of preventing the proposed "charivareeing" of an old widow who had just taken on again the vows of

SIR HECTOR DEFENDED. Dr. E. M. Saunders, a Baptist minister of Halifax, is preaching and writing in defence of Sir Hector Langevin and strongly deprecating the conduct of the Government towards him. In this attitude, so at variance with that of most o the many ciergymen who have preached on the Ostawa scandals, Mr. Saunders i not sympathised with by either Conserva-

tives or Liberals.

BISHOP BROOKS. Boston, Oct. 14.-With services as to-day, consecrated Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Massachusetts. attendance, and the audience that assembled in Trinity was a notable one. consecration sermon was preached by than he will have to change to another. a fair amount of reading matter for a

Bishop Henry C. Potter, of New York. TROUBLE AMONG THE FORESTERS. There is likely to be serious trouble, if not revolt, among the Foresters. Two years ago the Sapreme Court increased of one's duties as the other things to the salary of Dr. Oconhyatekha from \$2,000 to \$4,000 per annum. At the Supreme Court meeting in Detroit, a few weeks ago, the Dr.'s salary was stil further increased to \$6,000 and at the same time there was made an advance i all the other supreme officers' salaries Dr. Oronhyatekha is Supreme Chie Ranger, and from this institution and the waiting for them to unfold their beauties Good Templars it is said he gets in all from \$12,000 to \$15,000 a year. But this is not all, the assessments on benefit mem bers have been increased, while at the

same time the benefits have been mate rially reduced. THE TARTE-MC'GREEVY EXHIBITS. A'l the books, documents, exhibits, Parliament during the last session remain he may still have personal foes in the it in some out of the way place. If fire- ernment Railways; D. Pottinger, General in the custody of Parliament and with the House, no member of it can honestly rewood is not kept under cover, see that it Superintendent of the Intercolonial Rail- exception of the papers which have been fuse his respect to a man who is virtually "We do hereby certify that we supervise fluence could that event have upon any is piled as conveniently as possible, to be way; H. A. Whitney, Mechanical Super- returned to several of the departments, without fear and without reproach. How got at from the kitchen entrance and, at intendent; J. E. Price, Divisional Super- are stored a vay in the vault under the far his future career will fulfil the exthe same time, as much out of the way, intendent, Wm. McLellan, Trackmaster, great tower. Michael and Nicholas Con- pectations which his past justifies to-day, and so as to leave as free room in the and Messrs. Jones and Price, secretaries nolly tried hard, but with no result, to is, of course, not easy to know, but it door-yard as possible. See that the yards to Messrs. Schreiber and Pottinger re- obtain possession of certain of their pri- will be strange if Mr. Balfour does not surrounding both house and barns are spectively. Hon. Senator Snowball, Col- vate account books, which were filed as prove a successful leader. From the Confree from summer litter. A day's work lector D. Ferguson, of Chatham, F. E. exhibits in the Tarte-McGreevy investiga- servatives he is sure of a loyal support; it now, before the snow and ice come, may Winslow, H. S. Miller, D. G. Smith and tion. Even the Quebec Harbour Com- will depend a good deal on himself to save many days' inconvenience during the T. Desbrisay met the party at Newcastle | missioners are unable to recover their | what extent he wins and retains the symstation, and accompanied them to Chatham | books. Sir John Thompson has refused If the house, or cellar need "banking" Junction, returning by a special to Chat- absolutely to let a single one of these yet absolutely impossible that a hitch American flag. Another far-fetched do it at once. Where dry forest leaves ham. Minister Bowell has pleasant recol- books and papers go out of the custody of

A ROMANTIC STORY. A romantic story is told by a Montreal paper about the discovery in that city, by her uncle, Mr. Gradwell, of Paterson, New Jersey, of Elizabeth Gradwell, a bright twelve-year-old English orphan girl who, with her three young brothers, were sent out to this country in the early part of the past summer by the Allsopp Boys' Home, of Manchester. The two elder boys were found in Manitoba, and the third boy was recovered from a farmer named Delany, near Ottawa, and the girl as already stated, has just been discovered in the service of a lady named Martel. The children, it is said, are heirs to a considerable sum of money under the will of an uncle.

Another man from "down East," who evidently does not read the newspapers became the victim of a confidence man at the North End. Arthur Higgins, Truro, Nova Scotia, a young man, arrived in Boston early Monday morning. met a nice looking gentleman in the Eastern depot," said he a few hours later, addressing Captain Cain in Station 1. for him on Canal street for an hour or more, but he didn't come. Then I began to think about it, and made up my mind to tell a policeman."-Boston Journal. THE GREAT ADVANTAGE OF ADVERTISING

A firm that manufactures a condiment of world-wide fame had been in the habit necessity for observing order and method ernment. It is said, however, that the £5,000 a year through one of the most eminent advertising agencies in London. They thought they could dispense with advertising, seeing that their specialty evident, nothing in the way of reconagents and announced that they intended | keenly felt to be inseparable from any dis-"The Ontario people believe that the to advertise again. But the decline had ruption of the forces. We were fully per-

time has arrived when Mr. Mackenzie become so serious that in order to recover Bowell should get a lift. He is one of lost ground they have now to spend £10,000 a year where formerly they spent £5,000. It is well-known that wholesale preferment, and by common consent it houses reduce their orders when they find appears likely that he will be given the the article they have been dealing in is no longer advertised. They do this to save the uselves from future loss, because their experience teaches them that the public demand declines as advertising declines. -London Correspondence Birmingham THE MOOSE AWAKENED HIM. A Fort Kent despatch of 15th ins

> says :- "The head of a monster moose was shown in the sample room of the Vaughan House, Saturday, by Henry I consented. Anderson of Fort Kent. There were nine prongs on one horn and eight on the five feet It is thought the animal weighed 1500 lbs. The moose was shot by a Frenchman near the St. John river on was suddenly awakened by the moose the animal retreated a few steps and stood looking at what to him must have aroused hunter soon found his rifle and his first shot brought the monarch of the ed his life. The men lived at Fort Kent and were so far away from home that they could only take the head and hide of the animal. It was a strange experience to be awakened by a big moose in the middle of the night, and the hunter may consider himself not only fortunate in shooting the animal, but as being remark-

CHANGES IN DRILL.

The Army and Navy Gazette says that among the proposed changes in the drill book which is now in press are these : "The movements in close order formation way, in a great measure, to drill in loose formation. The appearance of a regiment in line will be very different to what it is now, with its continuous ranks. Intervals are to be between the several sections forming a company, as well as between the several companies comprising the battalion. Proving and telling-off is to be done independently by sections, under section commanders, instead of by companies, the whole being formed up in column of sections, while the sizing of companies is to be abandoned. The internal movements of a battalion are to be performed at the double. It is fore. shadowed, among other changes, that in marching a space of 30 inches is to be allowed to each man in the ranks, as compared with the huddling together a present. A distance of two paces will intervene at all times between the front and the rear ranks. It is also said that the section, and not the company, will be the unit of the future." Methinks I see in these changes a smattering of the new Upton tactics. What we want here is a drill book that will be an authority for a few years at least, not continual changes. as no sooner is a man well up in one drill

MR. BALFOUR'S LEADERSHIP. [Montreal Gazette.]

Few men have assumed the responsibilities of leadership with better claims to be followed with respect and fidelity than Mr. Balfour. As Chief Secretary for Ire- days. CHATHAM: - Tuesdays [and land, he has had many opportunities of DOUGLASTOWN :- Wednesdays and well as his courage. The period during which he held that most arduous, delicate and even at times perilous post has been exceptionally critical, yet, in no single case, has he shown the slightest disposition to shirk any duty, the discharge at which he deemed necessary for the maintenance of anthority, while, on the other hand, he has been indefatigable in looking after the interests of the peasantry, his obvious desire to better their condition winning him their good will, notwithstanding persistent attempts to prejudice the public mind against him. Even his enemies had been finally forced to yield and other material used in the proceed- him the admiration that is due to manly ings of the investigating committee of and statesmanlike qualities, and though pathy of the Liberal Unionists. It is not should occur in the strangely consorted team, and it will require a good deal of tact and firmness to prevent crowding and shying during the next twelve months. The disaster of a smash-up it would be gratuitous as yet to contemplate even in imagination. One thing is certain, however, that the situation offers a rare chance for the achievement of the highest triumph of English statesmanship the welding into one strong national or Inperial party of the Liberal and Conserva

tive sections of the Ministerialists. If any man can accomplish the task, Mr. Balfour should be able to do it.

O'BRIEN, DILLON AND PARNELL. London, Oct. 16.-Mr. William O'Brien to-day made public his statement. He writes as fellows :-

I have waited since the funeral, hoping that the late Mr. Parnell's leading supporters, knowing my relations with Mr. Parnell at Boulogne, would have the manliness to disassociate themselves from the diabolical charges circulated broadcast by their especial organ that Mr. Dillon and myself hounded their leader to death. Now are the councils of peace madly and finally cast to the winds. Now have the foulest insinuations as to our treatment of Mr. Parnell become part of the machinery of the dissension mongers without a word of refutahad a check which he said he couldn't tion or rebake from the men who know the charges to be the foulest, most ungrateful money. I gave him \$14, all I had. He and iniquitous ever levelled at an Irish then left me, saying he would return as Nationalist. My countrymen will agree n the city in case of fire. with me that I am absolved from all obligations of silence in regard to the conference at Boulogne. The unalterable basis of all communication with Mr. Parnell at Boulogne was first and last his retirement from the leadership. I broke off communication with him after the first interview until I was informed by his chief lieutenant that he would entertain the proposal. I invite Mr. Parnell's representatives to make public every document concerning the Boulogne negotiations. We kept three objects always in view: First, that it was impossible that Mr. Parnell could continue as chairman of the Parliamentary Committee; second, to soften was on every table. Accordingly all the memory of Mr. Parnell's fault by every orders and contracts were stopped. Sales possible palliative and evidence of good-will began to fall off, and the decrease con- that his devoted colleagues could suggest; tinued until the firm went back to their third, to avert the calumnies which were

suaded that these objects had been covered. Had the terms we suggested been loyally accepted, the party would have been reunited under the leadership of Mr. McCarthy. leaving Mr. Parnell an honorable place in Irish public life. Mr. Parnell's four most trusted lieutenants professed themselves to be as eager as ourselves to secure Mr. Parnell's withdrawal, either on these terms or by reunion under the leadership of Mr. Dillon. These same men are now silent, whilst their organ charges me with plotting to get rid of Mr. Parnell. They themselves pressed me to consent to Mr. Parnell's first proposition, which was that he should retire in favor of myself, and at the close of the negotiations they repeated their conviction that it would have solved the difficulty had

Mr. Parnell's own feelings as to my treatment of him are explained in the following other, the spread between the horns being letter, written to me on the day we broke off negotiations :

My DEAR O'BRIEN. - I desire to express to you how deeply I feel the kindness and gentleness of the spirit shown to me by you Friday night, October 2. Two hunters throughout the negotiations. I have felt all were asleep in the woods and one of them | along that I had no right to expect from anybody the constant anxiety to meet my views, the intense desire that all proposais smelling him over. When he started up claiming your sanction should be as palatable as possible to me, which so distinguished your conduct in the communications which passed between us. I know that you have appeared a strange looking animal. The forgiven much roughness and asperity on my part and that you have made allowance for some unreasonable conduct from me which to anybody gifted with less patience forest to his knees and several others end- and conciliation than yourself would have been most difficult. I appreciate intensely the difficulties which surrounded you during the negotiations; the constant daily anxiety which would have been overwhelming to anybody possessed of less courage and devotion than yourself. I fervently hope and believe that the prospects of Ireland are not so dark as you fear, and that after a little time, having passing through the darkness we shall again stand on our former footing, ably fortunate that he escaped serious in-Dear O'Brien, I am always yours,

CHARLES S. PARNELL. Mr. O'Brien concludes by saying: Thus closed the Boulogne communications with full recognition that we parted as honorable



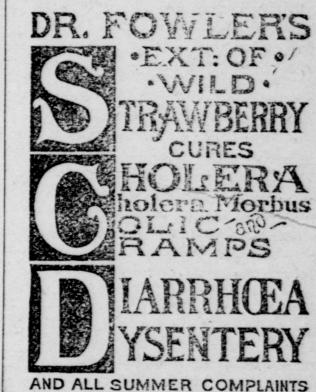
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