country.

Grest Britain's New Navy.

The credit for our success lies, perhaps, not

so much with the constructors in the dock-

vards as with the ironmasters of the North,

in whose works the ships are, in fact, con-

structed piecemeal, with such accuracy and

precision that the frames and armor-plates

drop numbered and lettered into their

places at once, without the necessity for

further adjustment. In the United States

alone, where last year the total output of

iron exceeded that in England, has this

rapidity of naval construction been ap-

proached during the year-a fact which

those who doubt the possibility of the sud-

den construction of a modern fleet by any

great manufacturing nation would do well

to bear in mind. The material result of

this well-directed activity will be best seen

by a comparison of our position in 1892 with

that in 1886-at the beginning and at the

1886 we had 57 ships of 15 knots speed and

upwards, exclusive of torpedo-boats, built

and building; in 1892 we have 140. In 1886

we had afloat and in reserve 499 heavy guns:

in 1892 we have 1,860, and the guns are

waiting for the ships on the dockyard

wharves. In 1886 we had of light quick-

firing guns 331-in 1892 we have 1,715.

Lastly, the number of officers and men on

the active list has been raised by 13,000.

and of the reserve by 5,000.-London

The Other Side of It.

ABROAD.

("Brooks" in Progress.)

had very little reason to complain.

This has been a very warm summer in the

States, although here in St. John we have

Brunswickers are coming home every day

to get cooled off, and the air of prosperity

boys who have to "work here week in,

week out, for small wages, and never a

holiday." That is the way they put it.

The result is, an exodus that the opposition

deplores. St. John will lose a certain num-

ber of its young men every year, under any

circumstances. The desire to see life in

every ten young men one meets. It has al-

largest city or town on the line of railway

young man on a farm longs for the town.

known to the boys themselves.

position he would scorn in his native city.

out any where, but the man earning fair

wages is much better off in St. John. Last

the reports that came to St. John from ex

amusing aspects, but was enough to dis-

odians were anything but encouraging.

WHO DO NOT ENJOY LIFE

New

Here is something from Mr. Frank A. Hale, proprietor of the De Witt House, Lewiston, and the Tontine Hotel, Brunswick, Me. Hotel men meet the world as it comes and goes, and are not slow in sizing people ed upon as an event that is pretty sure and things up for what they are worth. He says that he has lost a father and several brothers and sisters from Pulmonary Consumption, and is himself frequently troubled with colds, and he Hereditary often coughs enough

to make him sick at Consumptionhis stomach. Whenever he has taken a cold of this kind he uses Boschee's German Syrup, and it cures him every time. Here is a man who knows the full danger of lung troubles, and would therefore be most so strong as to give assurance that, in particular as to the medicine he used. all probability, the appointment will What is his opinion? Listen! "I use nothing but Boschee's German Syrup, and have advised, I presume, more than a hundred different persons to take it. They agree with of New Brunswick and Parliament of me that it is the best cough syrup in the market."

DR. JAMES' NERVE BEANS

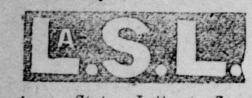
cases of Nervous Deb ity, Lost Vigor and Failing Manhood; restores the weakness of body or mind caused by over work, or the errors and excesses of youth. This Remedy absolutely cures the most obsinate cases when all other TREATMENTS have failed even to relieve. They do not, like other preparations advertised for Lost Manhood, etc., in terfere with digestion; but impart new life, strength and energy in a quick and harmless manner peculiar

NERVE BEANS are a

new discovery that re

5.00, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address The James Medicine CO, Canadian Write for pamphlet. ASS Sold in Chatham by .

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER ONE-QUARTER OF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.



State Lottery Company Incorporated by the Legislature for Educationa and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State constitution, in 1879, b

To Continue Until January 1st 1895 Its GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRWINGS take place Semi-Annually. (June and December.) and its GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are law. It evidently imagines that we all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New

FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS FOR INTEGRITY OF ITS DRAWINGS AND PROMPT PAY. MENT OF PRIZES. Attested as follows:

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith soward all parties, and we authorise the company to use this certificate, with factimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements.

Lit Geaurgan It Enely

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at

R M. Walmsley, Pres. Louisiana Nat. Bk. ierre Lanaux, Pres, State Nat'l Bank. A Baldwin, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bk. But there is no longer any mystery about Carl Kohn, Pres. Union National Bank. THE MONTHLY \$5 DRAWING,

At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, August 9, 1892.

Capita	al P	rize,	\$75,	000
			the Wh	
	LIS	T OF PRIZE	S	
1 PRIZE	OF \$75,0	000 is		\$75,000
1 PRIZE (OF 20,	000 is		20,000
1 PRIZE O	F 10,	000 is		10,000
1 PRIZE C)F 5,0	000 is		5,000
2 PRIZES	OF 2,	500 are		5,000
5 PRIZES		000 are		5,000
25 PRIZES		000 are		7,500
100 PRIZES		200 are		20,000
200 PRIZES	OF 1	00 are		20,000
300 PRIZES		60 are		18,000

500 PRIZES OF 40 are..... are..... 40 are..... TERMINAL PRIZES. 3,434 Prizes,..... amounting to \$265,460

PRICE OF TICKETS. Whole Tickets at \$5; Two-Fifths \$2; One-Fifth \$1; One-Tenth 50 c; One-Twentieth 25 c.

Club Rates, 11 Whole Tickets or their equivalent in fractions for \$59. P ECIAL RATES TO AGENTS. AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE

IMFORTANT. SEND MONEY BY EXPRESS AT OUR EXPENSE IN SUMS NOT LESS THAN FIVE DOLLARS. on which we will pay all charges, and we prepay Express Charges on Tickets and Lists of Prizes Address PAUL CONRAD,

Give full address and make signature plain. Congress having lately passed laws prohibiting Express Companies in answering correspondents and The official Lists of Prizes will be sent on applica tion to all Local Agents, after every drawing in any mantity, by Express, FREE OF COST ATTENTION .- The present charter of The Louisiane State Lottery Company which is part of the Constitution of the State, and by decision of the Supreme court of U. S. is an inviolable contract between the State and the Lottery Company will emain in force until 1895.

There are so many inferior and dishonest schemes on the market for the sale of which vendors receive enormous commissions, that buyers must see to it and protect themselves by insisting on having LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY TICKETS and none others, if they want the advertsed chance for



Northumberland Agricultural Society has placed the Percheron horse, Zephyr, purchased by it from the New Brunswick gov ernment, under the sole control and management of Mr. Geo. P. Searle. Said horse will make the season in charge of Mr. James Conway, groom, in Chatham,

Newcastle, Derby, Southesk, Blackville, and Nelson parishes. He will be at Mr. Stothart's, near the Chatham Ferry, every Monday morning and remain at Mr. Wm. Vye's, Upper Newcastle | area over which he is free to roam, on Monday nights - going alternate weeks up condition that he would agree to go in a the Northwest and Southwest Miramich rivers, and being at Mr. George P. Searle's farm, Chatham, every Saturday.

TERMS:-For season, with foal, \$8: foal, half price. Following is Zephyr's certificate of regis

SOCIETY OF THE AGRICULTURISTS OF FRANCE. AVENUE DE L'OPERA 21, PARIS. The Stud Book Commission for horses of France, certify that after careful examination and verification they have admit ed to their register this 15th Sept., 1886, the French Percheron horse ZEPHYR, foaled in 1882, sired by Bayard, dam Julie, color iron grey with white spot on forehead, bred by Monsieur O Perier, said Zephyr's number in the stud book being 373. Conditions of admission to this register are that sire and dam shall be pure blooded French

Signed by the President of the Commission, EUG. GUYOT. been sold to D. McLellan.

Miramirai Advance. OHATHAM, N. B., . . - JULY 21, 1892.

to take place in the near future and, as

a matter of course, public attention is

awakened over the question as to who

the gentleman is that will be called

upon to fill the vacancy. Several have

been named, but none of them seem to

be so generally approved as Mr. Ken-

nedy F. Burns, M. P. for Gloucester,

and we are quite sure that of all who

the office Mr. Burns' claims to it are

fall to him.

abilities

have been spoken of as good men for

Mr. Burns has been in public life as

a member of the Legislative Assembly

Canada for the past eighteen years,

during which time he has borne him-

self with ability and dignity. His ex-

perience in public affairs, natural

amongst his fellows and recognised

social standing, are qualifications not

to be found in every man whose name

might be suggested for the position,

while there are few who have been

as closely identified as he with active

politics who, in so large a measure, en-

joy the respect and personal friendship

of men of all classes and all shades of

politics. By all means, when Sir Leonard

retires let us have Kennedy F. Burns

for lieutenant governor-a distinction

which he has well earned by a con-

sistent political course, and a position in

which more New Brunswickers would

be pleased to see him than any other

The Gleaner's Election Case Troubles.

The Gleaner is very ricketty in its ob-

servations respecting our reference of last

as the proprietor of the Gleaner-with

having instituted several suits, and has-

by saying that Mr. Crockett did it all

himself. It appears, from what the

Mr. Crockett conceived the grand idea of

making O'Brien pay his thousands and

Robinson his tens of thousands, and

when he had the scheme thoroughly pre-

Doctor Stockton into his confidence, not

fessional capacity. When we heard that

they were going to put poor Crockett in

him to the lunatic asylum at St. John,

made. The lunacy was clear enough, be-

of going to the "great alphabetical" to

engineer the suit through the courts.

it, for even stronger and more brainy

could not be expected to sustain the men-

tal worry and financial strain involved in

creating such a case and financing the en-

ment for the Gleaner and the party of

and friends of the opposition to learn that

or for the good of his health, but simply

"in his professional capacity"-which

means that Crockett had to come down

handsomely before the coon would

consent to become a character in the

farce. The transaction is creditable to

Dr. Stockton's level-headedness. He has

gone into it on a hard cash basis, divested

of the romance, sentimentality and rub

opposition, but it is hard on poor Crockett,

who on account of carrying the whole load,

together with the results of other foolish

actions, has been obliged to give up his

former sumptuous editorial quarters on

Queen Street and scratch out an existence

in his present garret on Wilmot's Alley,

his whole range out-of-doors being con-

fined to the city limits and, indoors, to

the garret aforesaid, where his sole re-

maining source of satisfaction in life is to

tell those who reach his eyrie what great

things he has done for the opposition,

and how ill-requited his services have

been. It is said that if a former practical

joker of Fredericton were alive, he would

willingly relieve Crockett of his present

embarrassments and enlarge the limited

glass case to the Columbian Exhibition

as the man who imagined he originated

and prepared the famous election case of

Crockett vs. Robinson, and paid profes.

sional fees to Dr. Stockton out of his own

Bad for the Coasting Trade.

pocket in connection therewith.

man who could be named

of a high order, urbanity of

aptitude for leadership

ized condition. The yards supply lumber, laths, brick and lime, and of course while | majority. the strike is on it will be difficult to get men to handle these materials. There seems to be a determination on the part Kennedy F. Buras our Next Governor. of the yard owners to get clear of walking delegates, and in all probability they Although it is not probable that the have prepared for the struggle with the lieutenant governorship of New Brunsworkingmen. The strike will lead to a wick will be vacated by Sir Leonard general depression in all the building Tilley for several months, yet his retrades and of course our lath and other tirement from that office is now countsmall lumber business.

A Candid Opinion.

The Woodstock Press of Carleton County, closes an article on the Governorship as follows:-

vet we do not believe in attributing a special qualification to any sect; yet no sect should be excluded and the appointment of a Catholic otherwise well qualified, might have a tendency toward unity and harmony. One of the most prominent names mentioned in this connection and one whose chances of success stand as well, or perhaps better than any other, is that of Kennedy F. Burns, M. P., of Bathurst. Mr. Burns will have the support of several New Brunswick support of his co-religionists and the unanimous support of both Catholics and Protestants in his own county. He is a man of high character, above the influences of religious prejudices or intolerance, and is in many respects personally well qualified for the position. It may not be at all surprising therefore if the laurels of office should be wreathed in a crown that Mr. Burns could wear. He is an abler politician than Mr. Mitchell and would be more acceptable as Governor, both to political and religious

> [For the Advance.] Practical Poultry Raising BY T. A. WILLITTS, WESTON, ONT. [Continued.]

There are from two to half a dozen

strains of nearly every breed of fowls,

and there is a vast difference between them in some instances; we have experimented with two different strains of the same breed, both lots of fowls being treat ed in precisely the same manner, and have found one strain excellent layers, and the other decidedly inferior, because they had not been carefully bred for a number of years especially for egg proweek to the suit against Mr. Robinson, duction as the other lot of birds had. It M. P. P., for violation of the election should be remembered as an almost invariable rule that "like produces like" charged Mr. Crockett-to whom it refers with thoroughbred stock, and your fowls will produce just what they have been bred to produce; if with your strain of tens to relieve the local opposition of the fowls everything has been sacrified to imputation of responsibility in the matter, fancy points, you will doubtless get exhibition birds, but don't expect them to be phenomenal layers. The folly of sacrific-Gleaner says, that, unaided and alone, ing everything to fancy points is well illustrated in the case of the White Faced Black Spanish, for many years fanciers have been selecting for breeders the chicks that developed the best white face, pared, he suddenly and secretly took discarding many chicks that in every point but the face were infinitely superior as leader of the opposition, but in his pro- to the bird selected; this practise continued year after year has had the effect of fixing the white face most unwistakably, jail in Fredericton, instead of sending and has also ruined the breed physically, rendering them tender and delicate and we wondered how the mistake had been decidedly a fancy fowl instead of the vigorous race of prolific layers they origicause hardly any person not already in nally were. Now had the W. F. B. Dr. Steeves' charge, would think of bring- Spanish been bred for their laying qualiing the action referred to, to say nothing | ties, vigour, and size, paying no attention whatever to the white face, which by the way is an utterly useless feature, they would be bred to-day by thousands, where dozens are not now to be found. men in monied circles than Crockett Just so with any other breed of fowls or strain of that breed, if you constantly breed for one object, you will certainly attain it in time, and it is easier to degagement upon it of such distinguished velop the useful qualities of a breed of and expensive legal talent to keep it sus- fowls than the useless and absurd ones. pended indefinitely before the public eye, Plymouth Rocks could in the course of and hanging on the ragged edge of the vears be bred to become a white-faced court calendar as a cross-grade advertise- breed; standard birds of this variety have no white in the face, not even as much as three, which Dr. Stockton so triumphant- a pin's point, but occasionally a chick is ly led at the end of the last assembly batched that developes a white ear lobe session. It is, undoubtedly, a great suit now by selecting these chicks, and breed-\$10,000 for Crockett to get up, "all by himself," ing them together rejecting as breeders 6,000 and it will relieve the more sane members all birds without the white ear lobe, you would find in time the white ear lobe the originator generously comes forward would become a white face; as evidence and takes the edium of what was of this it need only be mentioned that done in it until Doctor Stockton was with some strains of Black Hamburgs, ly death we might now expect to see the called in. From that time, of course, the which should have a white ear lobe, but responsibility must be shared between not a white face, it is a common occur-Dr. Stockton and Mr. Crockett, and it rence for two year old birds with large will help Dr. Stockton for his political lobes to develope into a white face. To have dominated Parliament and dictated friends and the public to be assured by attempt to breed a white face on Plythe only man who really knows the facts, mouth Rocks would ruin the breed utterthat it was in his professional capacity ly, and much more quickly than it ruined only that he took Crockett's case. When the Spanish, because they naturally had Davy Crockett was about to shoot the a white face, but not such an extensive treed coon, the latter offered to come one as we are accustomed to see. It be down, and did so. History, however, is ing an admitted fact that fowls will proreversed in this case, and it is Crockett duce nothing more or less than what they

The British Elections.

[To be Continued.]

WR. GLADSTONE AND MIDLOTHIAN. SPECU LATIONS AS TO THE FUTURE-DEFEAT OF THE UNIONISTS-WHAT THE

Stockton did not take hold of the case as produces in the greatest perfection that

lieutenant of the opposition, or for love, which you are desirous of obtaining.

PAPERS SAY. London, July 14.-Mr. Gladstone and party, who arrived in Braemar this bish amidst which he poses as leader of the evening, are lodged in the suit of rooms occopied by the German Emperor Frederick in 1887. Mr. Gladstone looks a trifle jaded. He says he expects a majority of 50. He is evidently mortified by the result in Midlothian. During the journey he constantly referred to the subject, and deplored the fact that any section of liberal Scotchmen should set religious bigotry above the principles of justice to

The Daily News correspondent at Edinburgh says that the church party naturally is elated and believes the effect of the Midlothian test will be to indefinitely postpone the crusade against the Established Church. The Conservatives have already decided to contest the seat when Mr. Gladstone offers himself for re-election. They do not expect to win, but the contest will be a good beginning of the system which is still counted on to wear Mr. Gladstone out before he establishes his life's work. The necessary funds for a new contest have been promised over and over again, and before a month has expired Midlothian will be again in the throes of an election contest. Mr. Gladstone is not disheartened by the result of The threatened fight between the labor | the polling in Midlothian. As an old union and dealers in building materials in Parliamentary hand, accustomed to re-New York is on in the form of a big verses, he takes the reduction of the vote strike and all lumber yards in New York in the constituency with equanimity. are shut down. Everything points to a Private telegraphic despatches from him heavy struggle, and if the strike should to prominent Liberals in this city say he

ANOTHER GENERAL ELECTION. Certain Liberals now admit than another general election is nigh, and regard it as inevitable during 1892, while some forecast dissolution on home rule as tak-

ing place in the spring.

Party agents on both sides have been instructed immediately the elections are over, especially to watch the registration to be maintained in full working order. As the reform of registration is certain to immensely strengthen the Liberal vote the Gladstone government is likely to introduce a "one man, one vote" measure. "While we hold that Christian faith is the highest qualification for any position, which the House of Lords could not venture to reject. The next session, according to the ideas current at the National Liberal Club to-night, will see the adoption of registration reform, but it will also see home rule thrown out of the House of Lords, followed by the dissolu-

tion of Parliament. The independent laborists mean to emphasize their freedom from party ties by sitting in the House with the Conservative opposition. The Liberal-Unionists, maintaining their position as Liberals, though members of Parliament, the unanimous dissidents, will cross the floor of the House with the Liberals, but will be no longer able to sit on the floor benches with the men who they are actively op-

WHERE UNIONISTS WERE BEATEN. Though the result of the Midlothian election has a tendency to make the Liberals downhearted they have much to console them in the figures from the other districts, which show that they have ousted Unionists in the Colne division of cluding torpedo-boats. Such rapidity of Yorkshire, the Gainsborough division of Lincolnshire; in Radnorshire, Wales; in the Houghton-le Spring division of Durham, the Frome division of Somerset : in Roxburghshire, Scotland; the Lonsdale division of Luncashire, the East division of Norfolk, the Darwen division of Lan cashire; in Dumbartonshire, Scotland; in the Maldon division of Essex, and in the Cirencester division of Gloucestershire. with other districts yet to be heard from. In the Colne division of Yorkshire the Liberals ran no candidate at the last general election. This year, however, they determined to make a fight for the district, with the result that their candidate was elected by a majority of 857.

NEWSPAPER COMMENTS. The Daily News, it an editorial article on the result in Midlothian, says :- "The tories will, naturally and properly, make much of the reduction of Mr. Gladstone's majority. It is a striking phenomenon, account for it how we may." The article

"Although this is the first time that | end of Lord Salisbury's Administration. home rule has come before the Midlothian electors, there having been no contest in 1886, it was the disestablishment question that did the mischief. Colonel Wauchope fought like a gentleman. If Mr. Gladstone requires consoling he may reflect that Mr. Balfour in Manchester would have been very glad of his majority in

Midlothian." The Chronicle says: "The reduction of Mr. Gladstone's majority is almost eccentric. It is partially due to the unsparing and unceasing influence of the Kirk, to which may be added the power of landlordism. But, allowing all possible deductions, we still arrive at the conclusion that mere Gladstonianism as a symbol of personal rather than political faith is waning both in England and in Scotland. Mr. Gladstone must move with the spirit of the age and choose his Ministry not from among his select personal circle but from among men shaped to the new aspirations of democracy." The Chronicle concludes its article with an invitation to Mr. Chamberlain to return to his a!legiance to Mr. Gladstone and endeavor to arrive at a solution of the Irish problem.

A STRONG POSITION.

A cable correspondent says:-The Irish again are masters of the situation. In their hands will lie the destinies of the next Parliament. This is the most important fact demonstrated by the general election. Gladstone unsupported by the Nationalists, will be the leader only of an impotent minority. Lord Salisbury, without the aid of Irish votes in the House of Commons, cannot successfully carry on the Government. Mr. Parnell, it is well known, looked forward to the day, soon or late, when circumstances would compel his recall to the leadership realisation of his hopes. How he would have rejoiced in the present situation, and how coolly and dispassionately he would terms to both the English parties. The general election has brought political Great Britain back again to where it stood in the early eighties, before the deluge of 1886 had swept Mr. Gladstone into hopeless opposition and had given Lord Salisbury such a majority as bas sufficed to keep him in power six years without the slightest danger who has had to come down, for that is have been bred for, you will be consulting of overthrow or even serious defeat. It was what is meant by the intimation that Dr. | your interests by selecting the breed that Mr. Parnell's masterly hand in those earlier days that kept the Nationalists together, voting as he directed without question : that persistently held his party aloof from entangling alliances, that forced all governments, Tory and Liberal alike, to make terms with him and that finally converted Mr. Gladstone to Home Rule and brought the Liberal leader to his feet in complete surrender. The present situation is like unto it. All the returns are not in, but the election has proceeded far enough and enough is known to demonstrate that a majority for Mr. Gladstone, independent of the Irish party, is impossible. Neither English party can legislate without Irish support. Is there another Parnell in the Nationalist ranks ready, willing and able to seize the dead leader's sceptre and respect his triumphs? Or will the party's strength continue to be sapped by internal dissensions or frittered away by individuals yielding to the allurements of place and power with which the leaders of both the English parties may, and likely will, endeavor to seduce them.

> seized? We can only wait and see. GLADSTONE'S MAJORITY WILL BE 42! LONDON, July 19.—There have now been elected 667 members of the House of Commons out of 670 composing that body, With the result of North Kerry election, due today, the polling in Tipperary, which takes told the same story. Business was dull all place to-day, and the polling in Orkney Is- through the States during the spring, and lands, which takes place next week, the contest will be over. Parties now stand: Conservatives, 314; opposition, 353. The three remaining districts are certain to return sup- rived home recently from a trip to the hub, porters of Gladstone, so the latter's ma-

The opportunity is at hand. Will it be

jority in the next House will be 42. The Associated Press correspondent had an interview yesterday with several promi- his condition in that part of the world. nent Liberals on the outcome of the elec- "Of course, they won't give in," he said, tions. Some venture to forecast the exact | "especially the younger fellows, but it was dates of the different events. Thus the easy to see that they were having hard momentous division on the amendment times. I met a St. John boy one morning ousting the government is set down for the on Scollay Square, and it was quite evident

would show a heavily reduced Liberal assembling at the end of September and the three or four times. I was puzzled at this, sailing vessel that takes 50 standards to the real work beginning about the end of Jan- because I knew his business kept him pretty hundred tons is regarded as a good carrier uary. Events then, it is thought, will close. Meeting a friend of his I asked how and steamers seldom take more than from absolutely depend upon the prudence of the he came to be on the street so much, if he | 56 to 58. When the steamer Charing Cross Irish members. If they insist upon the was working. 'Working', said he, 'why sailed with 631 standards she was looked immediate precedence of the home rule bill Fred hasn't worked for two months, and I upon as a wonder to carry and her stevedore they will play into the hands of the Con. guess he must be pretty hard up by this was congratulated by everybody on his servatives, who want the earliest possible re- time." I afterwards learned that this was work. But this cargo of the Delamore appeal to the country, having full confidence a popular excuse with the boys who were knocks that of the Charing Cross into a they will obtain better results in a re-conout of work and did not want to confess it. test. The sum of to day's position is that The most surprising thing is that many of which stevedore John Collins may well the Liberals, meaning to play for two or of voters, which concludes at the end of three sessions before dissolving Parliament, course I only refer to St. John boys, al- The Delamore cleared late last night and August. Local electoral organizations are will not rush the home rule bill. If con- though the same is equally true of all from strained to give it precedence they will not the maritime provinces-where they would accept its rejection by the House of Lords as | receive a warm welcome, but they usually necessitating an immediate dissolution, but stick it out until "something turns up." or will proceed with measures tending to home is the only place left. strengthen the Liberal vote throughout the

Higgins is His Name.

A Washington despatch of 16th inst. says :- Senator Higgins yesterday introduced in the Senate a bill "authorizing retalia-The date of completion of the new navy tion for unjust discrimination by the Dominof seventy ships, of 316,900 tons displaceion of Canada against the United States." ment, carrying 540 heavy guns, was fixed It provides, first, for a duty of two cents a for April, 1804. As a fact, with the possible pound on fresh fish imported from Canada exception of one ship, the whole of these or in Canadian vessels; or cars, in addition vessels will be affoat by April 1893; and the to the present duties on preserved fish, a Grinley, Blackville, and Chas. McLauchlin, basins of the dockyards are already crowded duty three times the present duty : second, with battleships, cruisers and torpedo-guna tonnage tax of 56 cents per ton on Canaboats, which are finished to the last streak dian vessels passing through the Sault Ste. of paint, fully armed, and ready for commis-Marie canal; third, an entrance and clearing for the current year and Mr. McKay was STEAM NAVIGATION CO'Y The Royal Sovereign, the largest fee of 50 cents upon Canadian vessels every again re-elected Clerk. Rev, Mr. McPherson battleship in the world, was completed and time they enter an American port on the made her trials in thirty months; four lakes; fourth, the suspension of the long invited to sit and deliberate with the others of the same class and calibre are aland short haul clause of the inter-state comready launched and completing for sea. Of merce law so long as it affects competitive the seventeen second-class cruisers to be traffic between the United States and Canabuilt by contract, eleven were handed over dian railroads; fifth, the imposing of the by the contractors in the past year; four full duty on goods transhipped from one more have since been accepted; and the port to another over the Canadian Pacific or whole number are launched and completing. Canadian territory and crossing the 115th In all, in the past three years, sixty-five meridian; sixth, the imposition of a duty of due by delinquent congregations, so that the vessels of war have been launched, not ineight cents a pound on coffee and two cents fund may maintain its efficiency. Mr. construction has never been approached in twice the present duties on foreign mer- mitted his accounts which were audited and Europe, and is the despair of the French chandise of other than the products of Cana- found correct. Mr. Hamilton was thanked naval administrators, who have just comda imported into the United States through and reappointed. pleted the Marceau and Hoche, which were laid down nine years since, and have not It is clear that Higgins is seeking notoriety. yet launched the Brennus and Charles Martel, which are of equally ancient design.

The World's Greatest City.

By G. F. Stone, Digby, N. S., in Halifax Chronicle. During my recent visit in London I gathered some facts in connection with that great city which may be interesting to the readers of the Chronicle. London, the metropolis of the British em-

pire, the centre of its commerce, is the

largest, the wealthiest, promises to be the grandest architectural, and is the greatest Statistics-Messrs. McCoy, Fisher and commercial centre in the world. Situated Greenlees. Systematic Giving - Messrs. Thompson and on the River Thames, nearly sixty miles Carr, and Elder of St. John Church, Chatwestward from the sea, it covers an area of streets and squares embracing about 80,000 acres, or 122 square miles, covering an extent of territory equal to ten miles long and six wide, closely built. Its population in 1891 was 4,211,056, its annual increase being nearly 40,000. This is only the London school board district. If we take the London police division, extending the figures in every direction over the twelve miles radius and include the whole of London, we get the visiting Manitoba enormous sum total of 5,633,332 of souls. London is stretched over 53 parishes in Middlesex, 35 in Surrey, 18 in Kent, 14 in Essex and 10 in Hertfordshire. It obliterated the ancient distinctions of hill and valley, driven the wandering river back into its bed, and confined it there. Some idea may be formed of the rate it is increasing when it is remembered that on the aver age over 27 miles of new streets and 9,000 new houses are said to be erected in it every year. It is estimated that every day 160,-000 strangers enter the vast city and 123 persons are added to its population. There are usually 120,900 foreigners in London. and it contains more Roman Catholics than Rome and more Jews than Palestine. various directions there are more than ten continuous miles of houses, and its gin palaces and beer shops would, if placed side by side, stretch a distance of 75 miles. water supply in London averages 50,000,000 gallons per day, and during the same period in the congregation of New Mills and Charlo, the sewers carry off more than 10,000,000 cubic feet of refuse. 400,000 gas lamps light omended that a joint meeting of the two its streets consuming 16,000,000 cubic feet of gas in every 24 hours. The coal consumed papers gloat over and the government press annually in London is estimated at 5,500,000 tons. The city is but a small portion geographically of the great metropolis and has been aptly termed the counting house, being a big city is strong in the breast of nine in made up of financial and commercial centres. Much the larger and more valuable portion ways been, and always will be. The next of London is situated on the north side of the River Thames. Time was, in what is has untold attractions for a boy. The called the Tertiary period, when the mammoth lion and bear abounded where London One brought up in a town wants to go to the now stands. The researches and discoveries

excitement they want; at what cost is only transactions, though he is silent as to the Rev. James Rosborough of Tabusintac, was Not long ago a lady was going across Bos- tells us that in Nero's reign, a hundred that he had cited the congregation of Tabuston common. She saw a young fellow years later, it was a considerable commercial intac, etc., to appear at this meeting and whom she recognized as a former companion place: "Londinium copia negociatorum et read a communication of her own boys in St. John. His clothes commeatu maxime celleberrium." It has parties there, from which it was felt that were shabby and that happy, contented ex- been a trading centre for 1800 years, that is the friends there no not clearly understand pression which had made it a pleasure to from the time the Romans had possession of the position of the matter in hand. Final look at him was no longer on his face. The it. Relics of Roman buildings have been action on the call was deferred until the recognition was evidently mutual. but the frequently found, and parts of the old 26th inst., when a special meeting of Presyoung man slunk off and tried to avoid a Roman walls remain to this day. Roman bytery will be held in Chatham to dispose of meeting. Seeing this was impossible he London was about one mile in length and a it; and a deputation, consisting of the Modmade a confession that startled his friend. half a mile in breadth. In the time of the erator and Clerk, was appointed to visit the "No," he said, "I haven't worked any for Heptarchy it was the capital of the Saxon | congregation and report. a month, except a few odd jobs I pick up | kingdom of Essex, known as Lunden-easter; now and again, but for God's sake, Mrs. and when Alfred made it the capital of Eng-B _____, don't tell them at home. I haven't land, it was called Lundenburg. It has pass- follows to visit outlying sections in the enough money to go back, if I wanted to, ed through many troubles and vissisitudes. but I intend to stay here until I strike luck. In the year 664 it was ravaged by a plague; Mr. Aitken to visit Weldford, Bass River Promise you will not say anything about in 764 it suffered severely by fires; in 1380 me." This case is only one in hundreds. I often hear it remarked that "fellows they always save enough money to come home every summer." But how many do and his daughter Mary, from 1509 to 1558, a Campbellton and Dalhousie; and Messrs. not make an annual visit? Then again, will great many Protestants were burnt. In Fisher and Fowler to visit New Richmond. not a young man use a greater effort to save

1649 Charles I. was beheaded at Whitehall: enough money to make a visit to his home? | in 1664 the great plague occurred, by which I do not say that all young men who go to the States, do not do better than they could 1666, the great fire of London took place: in 1740 was the great frost, during which a Presbytery's request that a grant in aid, of at home. In a large city there are more onportunities, but an unknown young man Gordon-"No Popery"-riot occurred. finds that but few of them are within his reach. He is usually willing to accept a well described by Charles Dickens in and the road to a large salary is not an easy one to travel. In Boston salaries are many calamities, but rising superior to them not what they used to be, even with trades. all, till it is, as we see now in its meridian men. Of course, a good workman will make splendor, the chief city of the world.

The Toronto Home For Incurables.

summer. I met a number of St. John men PARKDALE, Ont., Feb. 27th, 1888 .who had lived years in Boston, and they all Gentlemen, it gives me pleasure to let you know I have derived great benifits from the use of Nerviline. I have been a great sufferer from Neuralgia in the face, and last two years was quite a martyr to the malady. was talking to a New Brunswicker who ar-So soon as I observed the Nerviline advertised I obtained a bottle from our druggists, and he had a story to tell that had its Messrs. John Gray & Co., Parkdale, and the effect was marvellous; pain ceased and I courage anybody who thought of bettering can enjoy sound sleep at night, and rise refreshed. I cannot speak too highly of it and heartily recommend it ALEXANDER STEEN.

Good Stowing of Deals.

The largest cargo of deals ever stowed in 19th of August, the resignation of Lord he did not want to meet me. We spoke, a vessel of her tonnage is that which the Salisbury for August 20, and the adjourn. however, and in answer to my questions, he steamer Delamore will take to Fleetwood. ment of Parlianent for August 22, a said he had been working pretty hard and She is 1,482 tons register, and her cargo con-This certifies that the above registered horse has last long it will leave the coasting knew Colonel Wauchope was a strong op- re-election of ministers and the formation The next day Isaw him on the street again, This is about 68 standards to the hundred trade, already at a low ebb, in a demoral- ponent and had expected that the poll of the cabinet, the House formally re- and before I came away I ran across him tons, something never heard of before. A 6.23

cocked hat. It is a great job and one of them have good homes in St. John-of feel proud. The shipper is Alex. Gibson. will get away early this morning. Sun.

Presbytery of Miramichi.

This Presbytery met at Bathurst on the 12th July, inst. The following were present Revs. J. D. Murray, Moderator, T. G. Johnstone, N. McKay, Wm. Aitken, Jas. Rosborough, A. F. Carr, Wm. Hamilton, A. F. Thompson, Joseph McCoy, Wm. McLeod. W. J. Fowler, J. A. Greenlees and G. F. Kinnear. Several student-preachers were also present, among whom were Messrs. Lattrie, C. Munro and Geo. Miller. Elders commissions were received in favor

of W. J. Carruthers. Chatham. W. H Bathurst. Messrs. Carruthers and Mc-Lauchlin, were present and took their seats. Rev. Joseph McCoy was elected Moderator of Halifax was present and was cordially Presbytery.

Reports were submitted by the comnissioners to the General Assembly. Some congregations have not responded to the claim for their share of the travelling expenses of commissioners, and Mr. Thompson was directed to collect the several amounts | 8.15 a. m. a pound on tea coming from Canada and Hamilton, the Presbytery Treasurer, sub-

Standing committees were appointed as

Augmentation-Messrs. Aitken and T. G. ohnstone, and the Newcastle Elder. Home Missions-Messrs. Hamilton, Me Kay, Aitken, McCoy, Fisher and Thompson. Sabbath Observance-Messrs. Carr. Mc-Leod and Robertson, and Charles McLauch lin, Elder.

State of Religion-Messrs. Rosborough, J. D. Murray, and Mr. Charles Carruthers. Sabbath Schools-Messrs. N. McKay, and G. F. Kinnear and Dalhousie Elder.

Temperance-Messrs. Cameron and Fower, and J. Galbraith, Elder,

The session records of St. Andrew's and St. John Churches, Chatham, and St. Luke's Bathurst, were tabled, examined by committees, found correct and ordered to be

Leave of absence for three months wa

granted to Mr. Thompson, who proposes Rev. H. H. McPherson appeared before the Presbytery as a delegate from the Board of Management of the Presbyterian College at Halifax. He represented to the Presbytery that the Board wishes, as agreed by last Synod, to appoint a Professor of New Testament Exegesis, and by so doing make the institution one of the best equipped Theological Colleges in the Dominion. the Board is embarrassed by a debt of \$5000, which they are anxious to wipe out before assuming the responsibility of the support of an additional Professor. His mission was to enlist the interest of the Presbytery in this effort and to extend any help he might be able to give, in working out any plan the Presbytery might decide upon to promote this object. The Presbytery cordially welcomed the delegate of the College Board, approved the determination of the Board to clear off the debt, and Mr. McPherson was asked to spend a day in Bathurst, two days and next Sabbath morning in Newcastle and the evening in Chatham, where it was rec-

Presbyterian congregations be held. It is not intended to take collections at the meet ings but an effort will be made to solicit personal subscriptions thereafter. Spread over the Presbyterian churches of the Maritime Provinces the amount is really Mr. George Miller, who completed the

regular course of study at the Halifax College in April last, was carefully examined in Hebrew, Greek, theology, and church history. He also submitted several discity, and to on, until deserted farms furnish of antiquarians and geologists have settled courses on prescribed subjects. All his exunlimited material for opposition orators that. The condition of the locality till the aminations were found eminently satisfacin all countries, and smaller cities barely civilized and historical period can only be tory. He was therefore duly licensed and hold their own, and the metropolis increases guessed at, and the very origin of the city's ordained to the office of the Christian minisin population and misery every year. There name cannot be ascertained with any cer- try. He was appointed to the charge of the are other causes for this continual change, tainty, though the most probable derivation mission fields on the Restigouche. A call from the congregation of Musquod

but the longing of young men for life and is from Llyn-din, the town on the lake. It excitement is the principal one. In the is known the immediate neighborhood of the oboit Harbor, and other stations in the majority of cases they get all the life and site was the theatre of Cæsar's principal Presbytery of Halifax, and addressed to existence of any town. Tacitus, however, laid upon the table. The Clerk reported

As Mr. McPherson cannot reach all parts of our field, deputations were appointed as interests of the college:-The Moderator and and Richibucto; Mr. Hamilton and the occurred the rebellion of Watt Tyler, who | Clerk to visit Black River and Tabusintac; was slain by Lord Mayor Walworth, at Messrs. Carr, Greenlees and Kinnear to Smithfield; in 1450 Jack Cade's outbreak visit Blackville, Derby and Redbank; occurred. During the reign of Henry VIII Messrs. Murray and Johnstone to visit A memorial from the session and congregation of New Carlisle was read intimaabout 100,000 persons lost their lives. In ting that the Chairman of the Augmentation Board did not feel inclined to entertain the

fair was heid on the Thames. In 1780 the \$150, be given to New Carlisle. There is therefore a sort of deadlock in the matter and the Augmentation Board hold the key. "Barnaby Rudge." Since those days it The difficulty has arisen out of the fact that has been steadily advancing, experiencing many liberal things were promised to members of the Board by parties in the congregation, provided certain changes which they desired were effected. The changes came about, but the response in the matter of liberality is evidently not satisfactory to the Board. The Moderator and Clerk of Presbytery were appointed a committee to correspond with the congregation and seek a solution of the difficulty.

The next regular meeting of the Presbytery will be held at Newcastle on the second Thursday of September at ten o'clock, standard time.

Baldness is often preceded or accompanied by grayness of the hair. To prevent both baldness and grayness, use Hall's Hair on the grounds, and every attention will be given Renewer, an honest remedy.

WANTED

An energetic and well educated gentleman to represent in Miramichi one of the largest American Life Insurance Companies. An active rushing man period of one month being occupied in the decided to take a day off. I believed him. sists of over 1,008 standards of spruce deals. can secure a good situation either on salary or com-P. O. BOX 214, Fredericton, N. B.



CHICAGO 1893.

The Government of the Dominion of Canada has United States to take part in the World's Columbian 31st October, 1893. As it is important that a very ful ulture, products of forests, fisheries, minerals, machinery, manufactures, arts, &c., to assist in bringing together such a display of the natural resources and industrial products of Canada as will be a credit to the country

appointed, who will have the general charge of the exhibits and the allotment of space, and the several Provincial Governments have been invited to coperate with the view of making the exhibition as plete and satisfactory as possible The Dominion Government will pay the transport exhibits going and returning, and for the placing Entries must be made not later than 31st July, The reception of articles at the Exposition buildings

will commence 1st November, 1892, and all exhibits excepting Live Stock, must be in place by 1st April Forms of application for space and general mation can be obtained on applying by letter, post free, to the undersigned.

WM. SAUNDERS Executive Commissioner for Canada.

Ottawa, 26th April, 1892.

MIRAMICHI



will run daily on their respective routes from and after WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1st, as follows: STR. "MIRAMICHI." Capt. DeGrace, will leave Chatham for Newcastle, at 7.30 a. m., and Newcastle for Chatham and points down river at

STR. "NELSON," CAPT. THOMAS PETERSON.

WILL LEAVE-				
Chatham	Nelson.	Newcastle		
herr's mill.	9 40 a m 11 40 a m 2 40 p m 5 10 p m	for Kerr's Mi Douglasto and Chatha		

Carrying freight and passengers between the points The "Nelson" will call regularly at the Bushville RATES OF PASSAGE

Single fare between Chatham and Newcastle, or Nelson or vice versa, 20 cents. Return Tickets issued on board at 30 cents. Card Tickets good for 20 or 25 trips issued at the rate of 121 cents a trip.

STR. "MIRAMICHI." [CAPT. DEGRACE.

Neguac and Point aux Carr, DAILY, at 9 a. m., calldays, and Bay du Vin on Tuesdays, Thursdays and all points named, and the "MIRAMICHI's" passengers for points up-river will be sent thereto by the NELSON" free of charge. Meals served on board the "MIRAMICHI" at regular hours and at reason.

EXCURSION DAYS.

Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays will be ex-Parties having Freight to ship to any points T. DesBRISAY, Manager.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE.

ARE IN IT!

we handle the O. S. Rexford Co's, cele-GUARANTEE OUR PRICES To be as low as

any house in the 'trade. ORDERS BY MAIL WILL HAVE OUR BEST ATTENTION.

BERRY SEASON,

A complete stock of ENAMELLED PRESERVE KETTLES.

Now on hand. - Prices Right. WHOLESALE ONLY. Kerr & Robertson, St. John, N. B.

HARDWARE Word of every description, Joiners' Tools, Disston's Celebrated Saws, American Tools of the finest qual-How v. Builders' Materials, Farmers' fools, best quality, Iron, Steel, Chains, Nails, Spikes, Bolts of all inds, Pumps, Glass, Paints in all MAKE lours, Ready Mixed and Dry

mbers, Sienicas, Carriage Paint MONEY est English Boiled and Raw Oili Machine Oil, Harness Oil, best uality, Varnishes, Turgentine Vaggon Axles and Springs, Cart Axles, Horseshoes, Dry and Tarred Paper, Grindstone Fix tures, English chair Traces, Bay Wire, London and Pasis Whiting Paint and Whitewash Brushes of all kinds Saving Buy

Your

the

LO DON WHITE LEAD. Hardware MAGNETIC IRON ROOFING PAINT. GOGGIN BEST ROOF PAINT IN THE WORLD

BRANDRAM'S CELEBRATED

Building, Other goods too numerous YOU WILL CALL EARLY AND GET MAKE 20 % Cash ALL GOODS WARRANTED

CHEAPEST EXCURSION ON RECORD!

Beautiful Doaktown Valley WEDNESDAY, JULY 27.

---ТЭ ТНЕ----

Navy Island, Doaktown, has been secured as Picnie Grounds for St. Luke's annual Excursion, which will A GRAND HOLIDAY! A DAY IN THE COUNTRY FOR YOUNG AND OLD! AND ALL SHOULD COME AND ENJOY 1T. GOOD RAILWAY

ACCOMMODATION! BEAUTIFUL PIC-AND ALL FOR 50 CENTS.

Has been engaged and will furnish music during Train leaves Chatham at 8 o'clock, local time, re-

Arrangements are being made to accommodate all n passenger cars. Excursionists from between Doaktown and Cross Creek will be brought on the regular freight, leaving Cross Creek at 10.40 and Boiestown at 12, arriving at Doaktown at 1 p. m., and will be returned by special, leaving Doaktown at 6 p. m. Fare for the round trip, 50 cents. Arrangements are pending with the Intercolonia for a train to leave Newcastle at 8 a. m. to join regalar excursion train at Junction and to return excursionists in the evening. Full particulars by

Dinuer will be Served

to insure comfort at tables. Refreshments will also be for sale on the grounds. GAMES & AMUSEMENTS WILL BE PROVIDED.

Everyone should take advantage of this day's out-

ing. Efficient committees have charge of the vari-

ous departments. The best of order will be preserv-

ed on the train and on the grounds. Come along and bring your Friends and Families.

Tickets for round trip, 50 ets., Children, 25 ets.; Admission to Grounds, 10 ets., Children under 10 years of age, Free; Dinner Tickets, 35 ets.