"She Looketh Well

to the ways of her household." Yes, Solomon is right; that's what the good housekeeper everywhere does, but particularly in Can-

But her ways are not always old ways. In fact she has discarded many unsatisfactory old ways. For instance, to-day she is using



the New Shortening, instead of lard. And this is in itself a reason why "she looketh well" in another sense, for she eats no lard to cause poor digestion and a worse complexion.

COTTOLENE is much better than lard for all cooking purposes, as every one who has tried it declares. Have you tried it? For sale everywhere.

Made only by N. K. FAIRBANK & CO. Weilington and Ann Str., MONTREAL.

SHARP'S BALSAN OF

HOREHOUND AND ANISEED --FOR--

CROUP, WHOOPING COUCH, COUCHS AND COLDS. OVER 40 YEARS IN USE. 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE. PROPRIETORS, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Sleighs, New Style, Double AND SINGLE.

I have on hand a first class stock of sleighs ent styles of my own manufacture, which SELL CHEAP. All my work is made of the best of stock, and first class workmen, and guarenteed GIVE SATISFACTION.

Chatham Carriage and Sleigh Works, 1 4.94*

SHERIFF'S

To be sold at public auction on Saturday. the 24th day of March next, in front of the Post Office, Chatand to all that lot or peice of property situate in the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumbercommencing at the north-easterly corner ing lot number twenty on the southerly side of Centre street running southerly along the division and eight southerly side of Centre street, thence along said side of last mentioned street fifty feet to place of

premises whatsoever and wheresoever, situate in the said County, of the said Mary Jones; The same having been seized by me under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northum-berland County Court at the suit of Roger Flanagan Dated Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, this 12th day Decemoer, A. D., 1893. JOHN SHIRREFF, Sheriff,

DOES CURE

In its First Stages.

Palatable as Milk. Be sure you get the genuine in Salmon color wrapper; sold by all Druggis:s, at 50c. and \$1.00. SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED.

A second class female teacher is wanted for school Dist. No. 1, Black River, Parish of Glenelg. For furthur particulars apply to

JAMES MCNAUGHTON. Black River Dec. 11 1893.

HAS THE RIGHT THING FOR **CHRISTMAS**

VIZ:

BOOTS, SLIPPERS, MOCCASNS AND NICOL'S IS ALSO THE

RIGHT PLACE



Miramichi Advance. CHATHAM, N. B., - DECEMBER 28, 1893.

Christmas and New Year.

Christmas Day was well observed on the Miramichi and, so far as we have learned, all over the North Shore. In former times, there was, perhaps, more outward demonstration of the fact that "Merry Christmas and Happy New Year" were with us, but we believe the festive season was never more rationally and satisfactorily enjoyed here than

The times and manners have changed. The underlying thought of all is one of thanksgiving, in which God's mercy and goodness to mankind in its spiritual and temporal aspects are particularly realised, under circumstances which cannot but divest us of our pride and exclusiveness, and develop the idea of the brotherhood of the race. The king must realise that the begga is not unworthy of his solicitude when, in his Christmastide meditations, he thinks of the King of Kings taking human form in the Manger, heralded by Angels to the lowly Shepherds. His mission of spiritual mercy and redemption suggests temporal imitation, which is directed and encouraged in His inimitable teaching, and the result is that as Christianity advances our Christmas observances are more elevated and intelligent.

It is a healthful sign in the community that public evidences of hilarity have given place to orderly manifestations of the prevalent holiday spirit. The churches are better attended than formerly. The interchange of Christmas remembrances between individuals is as general as ever, while there is an increasing solicitude in quietly searc ing out the poor and needy, and making them sharers in the general thanks giving. Roystering upon the streets which, in the olden time, was a recognised feature of Christmas celebrations, is now unknown, but there is a corresponding happiness at home in the rational enjoyment of family merrymakings. Much of this reform is due to the better understanding of Christian duty and business principles which have taught our communities the advantage of temperance in all things.

Our relatively happy condition as people is, no doubt, a potent cause of prevailing contentment. When we know what the newspapers and friends abroad tell us of the poverty, hunger and general wretchedness of thousands, not only in the cities and towns of the United States, but in the mother and other countries as well; of the anarchy which has manifested itself in wholesale murders, even in the parliaments of European capitals, and of the wars of conquest or rebellion which are going on in many countries, we have reason to be thankful that we are Canadians and that no land in the world is more blessed in civil and religious freedom, in variety of employment for its people and the absence of poverty and want, Happiness, after all, is only a thing of degree, and no person of healthy mind in this community can, in view of the condition of peoples elsewhere, fail to be happy over the fact that he is privileged to celebrate Christmas and New Year in New Brunswick , and especially on t'e Miramich

The New Governor Sworn in.

The new governor of the province, Hon. John J. Fraser, to whose appointment we referred briefly last week was sworn into office on Friday last. The event is thus reported in the Fredericton Herald: "The condition of his health would not permit him going to the parliament build ings, as was contemplated, so the ceremony took place at his residence on St. John street. John J. McGee, clerk of the Dominion executive council, arrived by the western train from Ottawa at 2.30 p. m. with the governor's commission, and was received at the depot by Hon. James Mitchell, provincial secretary, and Hon. L. J. Tweedie, surveyor general, representing his honor's advisers, and by them was escorted to the governor's residence, where Judge Tock was waiting as a special commissioner to swear his honor into office. The other gentlemen present included: Hon. A. G. Blair, premier, Hon. C. H. LaBillois, his lordship the Bishop, R. D. Wilmot, M. P., Thos. Temple, M. P., F. A. H. Straton, clerk of the local executive council, and E. Byron Winslow. After Mr. McGee had read the commission, the oaths of office were administered to the governor by Judge Tuck. They were three in number (1) allegiance to her majesty the queen (2) to faithfully discharge the gubernatorial duties (3) to keep safely the great seal of the province. Congratulations were then in order, among the first to heartily shake his honor's hand being Premier Blair. Some light refreshments were served, and the ceremony was over,the gentlemen present in departing wish- the whole showing a balance better by a mirers of political martyrs all over she has raised two other colts that have ing his honor a speedy return to health. Mr. McGee, having fulfilled his mission, left immediately for Ottawa. He is a brother of the late Hon. D'Arcy McGee, whose tragic fate at the capital shortly

Hon. John J. Fraser, the new Governor, was born at Beaubear's Island, Miramichi, Northumberland Co., August 1st 1829. He is therefore, in his 66th year. OVERSHOES His father, John Fraser, a native of Inverness, Scotland, came out to his rela tive, the Hon. James Fraser, of Halifax, Nova Scotia, remained in Nova Scotia for some years with him and then entered his establishment in Miramichi, becoming subsequently a partner in the firm. The Hon. James Fraser, although a resident of Halifax, for many years, represented the county of Northumberland in the New Brunswick legislature. Governor Fraser's mother was born in Quebec, her father being Hugh Fraser, a Scotchman, and her mother the daughter of an Irish artillery officer, who served under General Wolfe at the taking of Quebec.

after confederation is a matter of history.

John J. Fraser was educated at the Car Mileage Northumberland County Grammar school, and in 1845 began the study of law in the office of Messrs. Street & Davidson, of Newcastle. He was admitted an attorney in 1850 and called to the bar in 1852.

fessional partnership with Mr. Fraser 1866, and E. L. Wetmore (now Judge Wetmore) joined the firm of Fraser & Winslow in 1877. Mr. Fraser devoted his attention closely to his profession until 1865, when he entered the political arena and was returned to the provincial Assembly as representative for York county in conjunction with John Allen, George L. Hatheway and W. H. Ne dham as champions of the anti-confederation movement, confederation being the then burning question of the day. In the following year, the Smith government having been compelled to resign, a general election ensued, in which Mr. Fraser was defeated on the confederation question. In June, 1871, he was appointed a member of the legislative council and president of the executive, but resigned both positions in the following year, and accepted the office of provincial secretary in the King adminis ration, appealing once more to the people of York, who returned him by acclamation. Hon. Mr. King retired from provincial politics in 1878, Hon. Mr. Fraser became attorney general and premier, holding those offices until May, 1882, when resigned to become the conservative can-

large majority. Mr. Fraser supported the free schools act and was a frequent delegate to Ottawa on various provincial questions. He was made a Queen's counsel in 1873 and in December, 1882, on the demise of the late Mr. Justice Duff, he was pointed to the supreme court bench. Mr. Fraser has been several times president of St. Andrew's society, Fredericton. has been twice married; first, in September, 1867, to Martha, daughter of the late Alex. Cummings of Fredericton; and second, in May, 1884, to Jane M. P., daughter of the late Hon. Charles (Mr. Justice) Fisher, D. C. L.

Dominion Finances.

We have not yet been favored with the Dominion financial blue book just issued, although the daily papers seem to have received it. The Telegraph says:

The blue book containing public ascounts of Canada for the fiscal year, which ended the 30th June last, came to hand vesterday, and contains so many facts of vital importance, that we find it necessary to devote considerable space to its consideration. The revenue of Canada for the fiscal year was \$38,168,608, and the expenditure \$36,814,052, leaving apparent surplus of \$1,354,555. revenue is larger by about \$1,147,000 than that of last year, but smaller \$411,000 than that of 1891; it has, ever, only been exceeded in amount by the revenue of the year 1891 and the two preceding years. Of this revenue \$29,-321,367 was derived from taxes, the receipts from this source being larger by \$875,000 than those of last year, smaller than the receipts of 1889, 1890 and 1891. The falling off as compared with 1890, the year of highest revenue, \$2,266,000. The decline is wholly customs receipts which have fallen \$23, 968,953 in 1890 to \$20,954,003 in 1893; this decline being mainly due to the change in the sugar duties. The excise receipts of this year, on the other hand, are \$8,367,363, the largest on record, and exceed those of 1890 by \$719,000.

"Stated simply, the revenue on current accounts exceeded the current expenditure by \$1,354,556. This expenditure included \$2,095,514 paid into the sinking fundthat is, paid for Canadian bonds redeemed; on the other hand there was an expenditure on capital account of \$3,079. 406. After allowing for slight changes in open accounts, it is found that the reve ue from the ordinary sources sufficient to provide for all the current o relay and to meet capital expenditure to sich an extent that the increase of net debt during the year was only \$549,605, though the capital expenditure was six

people more in annual charges than it did | Delineator is only One Dol'ar a year : Single | it as far back as 1886. During these seven Copies, 15 cents. Address orders to The been so well managed, and the credit of 33 Richmond Street West, Toronto, the country so well maintained that the rate of interest has been reduced more rapidly than the debt has increased. The actual amount of net interest paid during any fiscal year is not made up for that year's statement, but here are the figures for 1892 and six preceding years:

It will be seen that the people o Canada are paying a trifle less interes now than they were paying half a dozen years ago, and that the Minister Finance is fulfilling the promise made stated that Canada had reached a point when it should no longor be necessary to add to the debt charge as had been done steadily since confederation.

public expenditure in several departments, ways. Here the gain of revenue has been attended with a decrease in expenditure,

. \$ 961,428 \$1,002,913 Passenger traffic.... \$ 961,428 \$ Freight traffic 1,803,529 Mails and sundries.. 180,485

\$2,945,442 \$3,065,499 \$120,052 Whether this increase of revenue is due to increased business or to better prices is a question with which the finance minister leaves Mr. Haggart to deal in his own report. But it may perhaps be safely assumed that the passenger rates have not been advanced and that therefore one third of the gain has been a gain in the amount of business done. It will probably be found that something has been saved by the diminution of the Intercolonial coal traffic between Springhill and Quebec. Turning now to the expenditure statements we are able to learn

where the saving has been effected : Locomotive power. \$1,143,199 \$1,054,438 General expenses....

has it. ED. ADVANCE.

In this saving of \$391,670 as compared with the expenses of the previous year more The editor made the most out of his a few days ago by the Bunkruptcy Court. \$5, \$10 and \$10, Genuine Confederate Bills, only five cents each; \$50 and \$100 bills 10 cents each; \$1 and \$100 bills 10 cents each, 25c and 50c shinplasters 10 cents each; \$1 and sold it is the Registrar refused to grant the developed the picture it shows the same Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

Receipt of price. Address, Chas. D. Barker, 90 S he commenced to practice at the capital. expenditures were made for improvements not unreasonable that he should he application, and, therefore, unless Captain figures as the photograph.

of them were of a character properly charge- little personal feelings when a governor is able to capital. It was pretty conclusively shown in recent railway debates in the house of commons that a large part of the alleged deficit of late years was rather apparent than real. It would perhaps be nossible to show now that a considerable portion of the \$242,427 reduced expenditure for maintenance is not really a saving but only a result of previous systems of bookkeeping. The other savings are real economies. though some of them may have caused a little inconvenience. The saving in locomotives and car expenses is perhaps due to many changes, but is mainly brought about by the withdrawal of certain expensive and unremunerative trains. Those who find in the abolition of the railway deficit certain proof of previous bad management are over hasty in reaching their conclusions. Some savings have been accomplished, and the management is without doubt more popular and bus ness-like than it was under the old system. Something has been gained placing the department into the hands of ; minister who is able to give more time and attention to it than the late Sir John A. Macdonald could spare. Mr. Haggart is a good business man, and as such is able to see the advantage of having the road operated as far as possible by the manager at Moncton, and not by officials at didate for the commons against the late Ottawa. But the fact that a train has been John, Pickard, but was defeated by cancelled and that others have been reduced does not in itself prove great incapacity against the management which operated these trains. The changes have in the main justified themselves, but in regard to some honest opinion. While the Interconial deficit of \$493.935 has been changed to a surplus of \$17.822, the Prince Elward Island railway deficit has been reduced srom \$132,264 to \$63,732, a very substantial gain. This is brought about by an increase of \$5,248 in the revenues and a decrease of \$63,284 in the running expenses. On this line the decrease in expenditure amounts to 22 per cent. of the total outlay -a very much larger proportionate saving than is made on the Intercolonial. But here again comes in the question of bookkeeping. Renewals of permanent way maintenance of way and works are the larger items of economy. There are deed small savings under all the other headings, but they altogether amount to less than \$13,000. It must not be supposed that there are this year unusually large charges for capital expenditure on the Intercolonial. The total amount of such charges in \$229,000, and over \$200,000 of this is for extensions and increased accommodations. There is only a trifling \$16,813 for rolling stock on the main line charged to capital. The capital charges on the Cape Breton line are mainly connected with the train ferry at Mulgrave. We be lieve that it will be found that the present management has made all proper charges to current expenditure, and even gone so far

which on other roads are put down to capital.

The Delineator The February issue of The Delineator called the "Midwinter Number." and its contents are as instructive and entertaining as usual. The fashions displayed are handsome and becoming, and ladies who have not yet completed their Winter wardrobes cannot do better than follow the styles of this month. The wants of Misses, Girls and Little Folks are also fully considered. St. Valentine is responsible for two povel diversions, one being A Valentine Tea, and the other A True Love Card Party; while a third entertainment for the month is provided in A Poverty or Hard-Times party. An article appropriate to the time June Table and Bed Linen, and another seasonable is What to do for the Fair. the Household Renovation series there i practical and valuable instruction on How to Upholster, and the paper on Child Life treats Calture continues the subject of the Physical Expression of the Emotions; in Around the Tea Table various interesting matters are discussed, and the third contribution on Things that Should be Left Unsaid will be of general service. The articles on Dress Fabrics, trimmings and Millinery are invaluable to Dressmakers and Milliners, and that on Fur Rugs and Robes gives the latest information about these luxuries. Lovers of Knitting, Crocheting, Tatting and Netting will find much that is new in the papers on We find that the debt does not cost the these subjects. A subscription to The Delineator Publishing Co. of Toronto (Ltd.),

Tooley Street heard from

The St. John Globe and the Moncton Transcript and Times, the editors of which have each a grievance against three to reach safety. judges, are the only papers in New Brunswick we have, so far, seen that are carping over the appointment of Lieutenant Governor Fraser. It seems great pity that gentlemen who control our Bridgeport and she knows the deep holes newspapers cannot, in dealing with matters of public concern, rise to a plane above their little individual spites. The editor of the Globe grossly attacked the integrity of a judge for deciding a question of law against the views held by that when he assumed that portfolio, and paper, but in which he was afterwards unanimously sistained by the sipreme court. When proceedings for contempt of court were taken the edit r did not While there have been reductions in under the circumstances, but preferred to ered January 1st to his owner, John the most striking change is in the Inter- it in the form of a few days' nominal colonial and Prince Elward Island rail- imprisonment, a triumphal entry into S. \$511 757 than that of 1892 on the Inter- Canada for the purpose of defraying the beaten 30, and now has a yearling that colonial alone. The revenue statement is expenses of of the not very edifying en- next year Mr. Green says will "bate the tertainment. The law that enables divil" in a race. political fakirism to be thus promoted \$41,485 o ight to be an obsolete one, but when it is set in motion by outside parties-as it was in this case and culprits endeavor to fight themselves to a position above the law, they ought not to hold spite forever against the judges who find it their du'y to condemn them.

Then, the editor of the Transcript attacked the integrity of Judge Fraser, who is now lieutenant-governor, because he concurred with other judges in deciding that an election case could not proceed, because he had adjourned court for its trial to a date which was beyond the time allowed by law. After the editor was called to answer for contempt of court for this attack upon Julge Fraser and realised that he had gone too far, he and his political friends endeavored to present him as a martyr on the alleged ground that he had stated in his paper that the judge was intexicated upon the 6,993 the Judge was median with the 15,212 bench. Al who are familiar with the

E. B. Winslow was admitted into pro- and betterments. These outlays were amongst the few who wonder that the O'Shea appeals he will be gazetted as a charged to current account, though many government does not consider their bankrupt.

> The Times' grievance is even more abourd than those of the Globe or Transcript. The wife of its editor was accused of manslaughter, and because she was not permitted to live at a Dorchester hotel or private house, instead of a well furnished room in the jail, where she had all reasonable comforts and many of the luxuries of life, her husband has been on the war-path against our judges ever since. He was once a member of the legislature and his paper is an organ of the Dominion government but he known to be of a very erratic mind, and he cannot see why the government should not be influenced by his prejudices when appointing judges, governors and other high functionaries. When the loca authorities insist on his being removed to the lunatic asylum, he will, doubtless, write columns over the well known (in Moncton) signature "H. T. S." wonder why even the Times will no longer give them publicity.

With the general satisfaction expressed over Mr. Fraser's appointment to the governorship, he will, probably, be able to survive the objections and fault findings of the gentlemen with their pet grievances to vent, wishing them, mean while the compliments of the season.

News and Notes. HEROIC GIRL. At Bridgeport, Ct., the other evening three men were saved from drowning by plucky school teacher named Annie Hallock. The New York Herald's despatch gives the following particulars :-Berkshire Pond is a circular sheet of water on the eastern outskirts of the city. Its frozen surface was covered with skaters

thick and strong enough for an army skaters. But the most tempting spot of all was a bit of black ice down near the "Hemlocks," where there is always current and where it rarely freezes solid. The water there is very deep. The boys had skated from one side to the other over the strip of ice all day, until it became a "tickly bender," or very

Lust night the elasticity of the "tickly bender" had been severly tried before Black attempted to cross it, but he try it, nevertheless, and went through into the black depts beneath. Culver was one of those who saw the accident, and sprang to the rescue. Th ice parted under him, and into the water he went to struggle with young Black. T. W. Joyce was not danuted by the fate of Culver and tried the rescue from another point of approach.

The ice was equally fickle here, and Mr.

Joyce joined the other unfortunates. Miss Hallock is reputed to be one of the best skaters in the city. That she is one of the swiftest is attested by the speed with which she covered nearly a quarter mile of the frozen surface of the pond.

Before these things had fairly happened she was within a few feet of the unsafe ice. The idea of attempting the rescue herself did not at first come to Miss Hallock. A crowd of men and boys were as near as was safe and were watching the

She threw herself flat down on the ice, skates and all, hastily called to one those near to follow and gradually exact figures. of the Higher Education of Girls. Physical squirmed and worked to the inner edge of the dangerous circle of still unbroken black ice bordering the clear place in the water which the Black boy Mr. Calver and Joyce had made in their struggles.

> John Brady had the courage to follow at a respectful distance the schoolmarm heroine, and laid hold of Miss Hallock's feet; then a third man laid hold of Brady's feet and a fourth of his, until the e was a living chain back to the safe ice. Miss Hallock then stretched out her right arm as far as she could and Mr. Joyce grasped

> SAVED THEM ALL. In this way she drew him out of the next. He was landed safely. Mr. Culver was on the side of the pool opposite Miss Hallock, but he also worked his way to her and was the list of the

Miss Hallock is looked upon as heroine here, and to morrow the papers in th's vicinity will have a great deal to say about her. She learned to skate here in and the dangorous places where the thin ice is on all the skating places for miles

Consequently she entered upon her mission as a life-saver in full knowlege of what might happen to her.

TO "BATE THE DIVIL" Directum and the rest of the stable of horses belonging to M. Salisbury were show any desire to do what any sensible snipped to California last week, and the man and gentleman would have done king of trotters, Directum, will be delivfight for a martyr's crown. He received Green, an old Irishman who came from I eland when a poor boy and has since made himself comfortable for the rest of John at its termination and a subscrip ion his life by mining. Mr. Green owns the of \$1 300 raised by a general appeal to the dam of Directum, old Stemwinder, and

> P. E. I. ELECTION. Correct returns of the recent Assembly elections in Prince Edward Island show that the Peters government has twentyfour supporte s and the opposition six.

> A NEW DOMINION STEAMER. Fieming & Ferguson of Paisley, Scotland, have been awarded a contract to build a screw steamer for buoy, lighthouse and fishery protection service on Atlantic waters of Canada. This firm built a plendid steel steamer for the Do ninion government, the Quadra, which is now doing service on the Pacific coast. The new steamer will differ somewhat from the Quadra's lines, being of deeper deaft. Her dimensions are as follows : Length, 180 feet; breadth, 31 feet; depth of hold, 16 fest. The contract price is \$88,000, The lowest Canadian tender was fifty thousand dollars higher. The ve sel will have a speed of 12 knots an hour at sea.

O'SHEA TO THE FRONT AGAIN, \$3,139 377 \$3 047,677 \$391,700 case, however, know the facts and that Cap ain O'Shea, formerly the husband unable to give any explanation of the [There is something evidently wrong in the Transcript elita's attack upon judge of the now widow of the late Charles phenomenon. the foreg ing table but it is the way the Sun Fraser was unwarranted while the charge Sewart Parnell, has made application head of the firm of Wheat & Hancher, In this saving of \$391,670 as compared of drunkeness was only an a'ter-thought. for the receiving order issued against him jewellers of the city, and a man of stability

STARTLING NEW EVIDENCE IN THE MAY-BRICK CASE

London, December 22.- In an interview with the solicitor of Baroness Roques, the lawyer said that fresh and sensational evidence had been discovered in favor of Mrs. Maybrick, and that argent means were being taken to induce Henry Asquith, secretary of state for home affairs, to open an independent

The newly discovered evidence comes from the captain of a Halifax (N. S) ship He was intimate with Mr. Maybrick, and says he often saw the deceased put a white powder in o the food which he was cooking on an oil stove at his office in The captain thought that the white

powder was some peculiar kind of pepper and questioned the deceased about it, but the latter said that it was arsenic, and added: "You must have something to keep yourself up. I take enough to kill A reporter to-day had an interview

with Solicitor Harris in regard to the case of Mrs. Maybrick. Mr. Harris said: "We have communicated with the home office, asking for an independent inquiry into the case, at which the crown and Mrs. Maybrick should be represented by counsel. Mr. Asquith, the home secretary, has promised to consider the application. We have rong accumulative evidence that Mr. Maybrick was a regular

arsenic taker."

The Brazilian Rebellion. LONDON, Dec. 20. - The Times will publish the following despatch from Rio de Janeiro, dated Dec. 16th, via Montevideo, Dec. 20th. Since my last despatch, the insurgents have directed a heavy rifle and machine gnn fire on the shore front, driving the govern-Among them was Miss Hallock, A. C. | ment troops from the custom Largo da Paco Culver, telegraph editor of a Bridgeport | and other points. Consequently, all business paper; T. W. Joyce and Lacey E. Black. in the city is practically stopped, the banks The ice in most parts of the pond was are closed, and there is no communication between the ships and the shore. The heavy artillery fire continues.

On Thursday afternoon, when the garrison of Villegaaignon was dining, a shell from a ten inch Armstrong gun on Fort San Joan penetrated the basement, killing five men and seriously wounding nine others. On Friday five men at Fort Villegaaignon were wounded. Nitheroy is quiet and only occasional shots from the batteries are fired against Cobras island.

The government on Thursday attempted to retake Governor's island, but the insurents surrounded the invaders, (who comprised 1,000 men and some artillery, Gen. Telles commanding), cutting off their etreat. The government troops on landing began firing at a small insurgent hospital for contagious diseases, and then the main body appeared and advanced without seeing Admiral Da Gama, who, with 200 men and four field guns, was concaled in the brush wood on rising ground.

When the government troops were 300 yards distant the insurgent battery opened fire from the four guns, fising 600 rounds in two hours and also directing a heavy machine gun and rifle upon them, killing and severely wounding many. Gen. Telles was one of the first wounded.

The government troops broke immediately and fled in all directions. The insurgents

Steam launches posted near the fort report that no fugitives have yet attempted to recross to the main land, and it is thought probable the government troops were entrapped and that they will surrender. During the skirmishes on the shore fronts, all during the past week, the insurgents lost five killed and 15 wounded, and the government lost 100. It is impossible to obtain the Persistent rumors are in circulation re-

garding a naval eegagement said to have taken place between the Aquidaban and the Republica and the Tiradedtes and monitor Bahia, resulting in the capture of the latter. Admiral De Gama informs me that the Aquidaban and Republica will bombard Santos next week, Gen. Saraiva attacking

San Paulo at the same time. Admiral De Gama's manifesto has elicited many expressions of sympathy from the provinces of Micas-Gera and Andsao Paulo The general impression at Rio de Janeiro is distinctly favorable to Admiral De Gama. The cruiser Cid passed Ceara on Wedneslay under the Brazilian flig.

The despatch concludes with the remark that further protection of foreign commerce is impossible unless the armed intervention of foreign powers prevents further fighting.

A New Kind of Ghost-Story

The appearance of the astral or spirit encasement of a man who had been dead more than a year, in a photograph made total suspension of animation on the part of Mr. A, Allan Wheat, of Wheeling, West Virginia. He had made a lot of photographs of people and things about the home of his wife, near Danville, Va., and had sent then to the kodak factory to be developed, and received them back the other day. Among the lot was a group composed of

his wife, his father-in law, Capt. Haase Miss Maud Halcolm, and his brother-in-law, Master Charles Haase, The picture was taken at the home of Capt. Haase, about ten miles from Danville, and was made by the usual pressure of the button, about three weeks ago. When it was taken the party were ranged about the veranda of Capt, Haase's residence, the sun shining brightly, and Mr. Wheat, who operated the camera, was stationed about forty feet away. Miss Halcolm, who lives near Capt. Haase's residence, and who is a friend of Mrs. Wheat, called on the day in question, and as it was the first time she and Mrs. Wheat had met since the death of Miss Halcolm's brother Charles they naturally talked about him considerably. After dinner the party repaired to the varanda to make the picture. Nothing unusual was noticed by anyone, and no further thought of the picture was given by Mr. Wheat till he opened the package from the kodak factory, when, to his amazement, he found a perfect likeness of Charles Hal colm standing immediately back of his sister The figure of Mr. Halcolm and his head

are four times as large as those of the other persons in the picture, although he is furthe away from the camera, being in the extreme background. He wears the clothing which show his forehead, as was his custom; a turn-over col'ar, with a small black bow ; black coat and white shirt. He appears to of the veranda, although the picture shows Mr. Halcolm died of typhoid fever a little in such things. His family were not spiritualistic people, nor is Mr. Wheat or picture was taken. Mr. Halcolm was wel and all recognized it. Hundreds of others have seen the wonderful picture and several photographers who have been called in are

LET.

The House, Barn and premises lately occupied by the late John Sadler; also the store and offices a joining, and the warehouses on the wharf.

The subscriber also offers for rent, the house ly occupied by Mrs. Leonard, opposite Masonic For terms and other particulars apply to L. J. TWEE DIE

FOR SALE.

A portable engine and boiler complete, 16 horse JOHN McDONALD, Sash and Door Factory, Chatham, N. B

TO LET. Hotel at Chatham station formerly occupied by J. B. SNOWBALL.

COFFINS & CASKETS

Rosewood, Walnut, etc., Coffin findings and Robes supplied at the very lowes James Hackett, Undertaker CHATHAM, N. B.

Merchant Tailor B. Snowball, Esq.

CHATHAM -All Kinds of Cloths, suits or single Garments. pection of which is respectfully invited.

F. O. PETTERSON.

CATIIDNAVC ONI V ONIUNDATO UNLI SOMETHING NEW

GOGGIN BUILDING. In future on every Saturday all goods in the Hard-ware line will positively be

SOLD AT COST Remember those prices are for SATURDAYS ONLY.

will be useless to ask or expert goods at Saturdays prices on other days through the week. TERMS - CASH

FOR SALE

Horses, Harners, Waggens and cart for sale For F. W. RUSSELL, Black Brook.

Established

Dunlap Bros. & Co., Dunlap, McKim & Downs.

WALLAGE, N. S.

MERCHANT TAYLORS, -AND-

DUNLAP, COOKE & CO., AMHERST, N. S. N. S.

As the X'mas season has arrived we wish to draw your attention

X'MAS PRESENTS

the largest in Montreal,

with a kod ik, was the cause for the almost | Pitchers, Fine Cut-Glass Bottles, Plush-Lined Boxes & Baskets.

THEY RANGE ALL THE WAY FROM

\$10.00 PER BOTTLE TO

Brush and Comb Cases, Ladies Work Boxes, Manicure Sets, Travelling Cases, Cuff and Collar Boxes. Writing Desks.

Photograph Albums, Handsome Olive Wood Cases, Silver and Marble Clocks, Scissors in Cases. Glove & Handkerchief boxes of all kinds, Fine China Tea Sets, Feather Fans,

Jewel Cases,

Some fine celluloid articles such as Card Cases, Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Napkin Rings, Fhotograph Frames, Letter Holders, Calendars, Blot-

Mr. Halcolm died of typhoid lever a little more than a year ago. He was not a And a Lot of Useful and Fancy Articles too Numerous to Mention.

OLD AND YOUNG, RICH AND POOR,

So don't forget to call and inspect the holiday presents. At the Newcastle Drug Store,

Also a supply of celluloid in sheets on hand. Newcastle Dec. 4th, 1893.

TRAINED NURSE.

ought to see at

Miss Murdoch, Graduate of the "St. John t raining chool for Nurses," is open for engagements (not obstetrics). Address, Millerton, Mir., N B.

EVERYBODY

'DONAHOE'S MAGAZINE.

least one copy of the great popular Catholic publication, that is Revolutionizing economic thought

\$2.00 A YEAR.

and wiping out religious bigotry

Representatives wanted in every city, town and village. We want ladies and gentlemen, who can give satisfactory references, and we will pay well for their services.

Subscription Dept. 611 WASHINGTON ST., BOSTON.

Christmas and New Year's

HOLIDAYS. Excursion return tickets will be sold from and to

23rd, 25th and 30th DECEMBER, AND ON THE 1st JANUARY, AT One Single First-class Fare For the round trip, good to return until 6th January, 1894 And to students attending the Normal school

and University, upon presentation of certificate of attendance, tickets will be sold at the above rate om the 18th to 23rd Dec, inclusive, good to return THOS HOBEN, Gibson, N B, Dec 15, 1893

ASSIGNEES' NOTICE.

effects to us the undersigned, in trust The trust deed lies at the office spection and execution. Creditors desirous of participating in the sail trusts are requested to execute said trust deed with. hree mouths from this date.

P. H. C. BENSON, WM. C. STOTHART, Chatham N B. December 18th, 1893.



Four First Class Teachers now on our staff. TUESDAY JAN, 2' 1894

KERR & PRINGLE,

St. John, N. B

DUNLAP COOKE & CO.

AMHERST, N. S.

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS, AMHERST.

This firm carries one of the finest selections of Cloths including all the different makes suitable for fine trade. Their cutters and staff of workmen employed are the best obtainable, and the clothing from his establishment has a superior tone and finish. All inspection of the samples will convince you that

X'mas X'mas X'mas.

to the fact that E. LEE STREET has received the largest supply of

ever seen in Miramichi, from Ricksecket and Seely, the two largest perfume manufacturers in America, and Lyman Sons & Co.,

He has received a large supply of perfumes of the best quality and put up in large decanters,

CENTS

so they are within the reach of all.

His stock of fancy goods lacks neither in beauty nor quality. THEY ARE MADE OF PLUSH, LEATHER, WOOD, CELLULOID, AND SILVER AND CONSIST IN PART OF THE FOLLOWING

Fairy Lamps,

Card Cases.

Whisk Holders.

HANDSOME PLATE CLASS MIRRORS WITH SILVER FRAMES

ters, etc., etc., etc.,

These goods are of the lowest possible prices and suitable for

LEE STREET, - - - PROPRIETOR.