OF

Wellington and Ann Sts.,

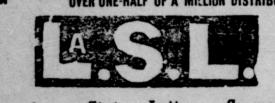
MONTREAL.

HOREHOUND AND ANISEED. --FOR--

CROUP, WHOOPING COUCH, COUCHS AND COLDS. OVER 40 YEARS IN USE. 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

PROPRIETORS. ST. JOHN, N. B.

CRAND MAMMOTH DRAWING!
OVER ONE-HALF OF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.



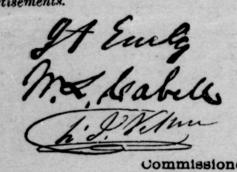
State Lottery

Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its GRAND EXTRAORDINARY DRAWINGS take ARAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place m each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the St. Charles Theatre, New

FAMED FOR MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS FOR Attested as follows:

"We do hereby certify that we supervise Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louis ana control the Drawings them. welves, and that the same are conducte with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorise the company to use this certificate, with fac-*similes of our signatures attached, in its

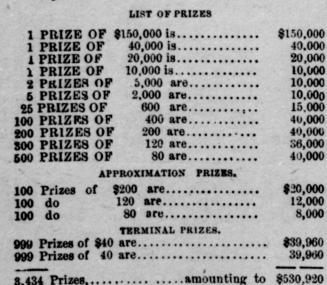


Col. C. J. Villere succeeds Gen. Beauregard as one of our Commissioners to supervise our Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings. Gen. Beauregard always selected Mr. Vil.ere to represent him at the Drawings whenever he was absent Mr. Villere has already supervised nine of our Drawings.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at

R. M. Walmsley, Pres. Louisiana Nat. Bk. Jno. H Connor, Pres. State Nat'l Bank. A Baldwin, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bk. Carl Fohn, Pres Union National Bank. Ward at such election; provided always, that if the name of any elector

MAMMOTH DRAWING is not on the list for the Ward in which he resides he may vote in any At the St. Charles Theatre, New Orleans, Tuesday, December 12th, 1893. Capital Prize, \$150,000.



PRICE OF TICKETS. Whole Tickets at \$10; Halves \$5; Fifths \$2; Tenths \$1; Twentieths 50c.; Fo tieths 25c.

SPECIAL RATES TO AGENTS. IMPORTANT.

Club Rates, \$55 worth of Tickets for \$50.

SEND MONEY BY EXPRESS AT OUR EXPENSE IN SUMS NOT LESS THAN FIVE DOLLARS. on which we will pay all charges, and we prepay Express Charges on Tickets and Lists of Prizes forwarded to correspondents.

Address PAUL CONRAD.

New Orleans, La.,

Give full address and make signature plain. Congress baving lately passed laws prohibiting the use of the mails to ALL Lotteries, we use the Express Companies in answering correspondents and sending Lists of Prizes.

The official Lists of Prizes will be sent on application to all Local Agents, after every drawing, in any quantity, by Express, FREE OF COST ATTENTION .- After January 1st, 1894, our drawings will take place in Puerto, Cortez, Honduras, Central America, under and by virtue of a contract for 25 years with that Government These drawings will take place monthly as hereto-fore. There will be no change in the management and no interruption in the business. PAUL CONRAD, President.

In buying a Louisiana State Lottery Ticket, see that the ticket is dated at New Orleans; that the Prize drawn to its number is payable in New Orleans; that the Ticket is signed by PAUL CONRAD, President: that it is endorsed with the signatures of Generals G. T. BEAUREGARD, J. A. Early. W. L. Cabell, having also the guarantee of four National Banks, through their Presidents, to pay any prize presented

N.B.—The tickets for the December drawing, and all others thereafter, in addition to the usual endorsements of J. A. EARLY and W. L. CABELL, will bear that of the new commissioner, Ch. J VILLERS, the successor of Gen'l G. T. BEAUREGUARD, deceased. on the market for the sale of which vendors receive LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY TICKETS and

Miss Murdoch, Graduate of the "St. John t raining School for Nurses," is open for engagements (not obstetrics). Address, Millerton, Mir., N B. fore provided, shall on the next day after the conclusion of such election (unless such day be Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday, and then

The Str Miramichi, on and after Monday the 16th

of Oct., will make three trips a week for points down river, calling at all stations, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays (omitting, however, Escuminac on Mondays) On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, the boat will be opened for other engagements. MEETINGS OF COUNCIL. Chatham, Oct. 11th 1893. W. T. CONNORS,

be open for inspection to any elector.

ELIGIBILITY.

Proposed Bill for an Act of Incorporation for the Town of Chatham.

[Continued from 1st Page.]

elector shall have been sworn as aforesaid, the presiding officer shall

24. At any such election, every elector shall vote in the ward

which he resides, and not elsewhere, except as provided by Section

thirty-five of this Act, and non-residents shall vote in the ward in

25. If any person shall fraudulently vote at any such election by

26. The polling officer for each ward shall, before proceeding with

officer to the faithful discharge of his duties, which oath the said poll-

27. No elector shall be permitted to vote unless his name be found or

the list of electors delivered to the polling officer by the Town Clerk, of

the ward where he claims to vote, and the polling officer shall mark off

poll clerk shall enter on the poll list the name of each elector voting,

and any other fact the officer appointed to hold the election may re-

quire him to note, and shall assist the polling officer in counting and

28. Every person elected to the office of Mayor or Councillor, within

ten days after his election shall accept the office to which he shall be

elected, and shall file with the Clerk the receipt for taxes as herein-

oath of office before any Justice of the Peace, that is to say :-

before provided in case of election, and take and subscribe the following

I, A. B., do solemnly swear (or affirm) that to the best of my

knowledge and belief, I am qualified as by law required in every res-

I have been elected, and that I will diligently, faithfully and impartially

and to the best of my ability, discharge the several duties which

appertain to the said office of Mayor or Councillor (as the case may be

29. If any person duly elected to the office of Mayor or Councillor

shall neglect or refuse to take the oath of office within the time limited,

the said office shall be deemed vacant, and shall be filed up by a new

death, resignation or otherwise, the mayor, or in case of his absence, or

if there be no mayor, then any three of the councillors shall by order

in writing within ten days after the vacancy occurs direct the Town

Clerk to cause a new election to be held to fill the said vacancy, and pub-

lic notice of the time and place of such election shall be given by the

Town Clerk, and the nomination of candidates and proceedings in such

election shall be in the manner hereinbefore provided for in case of the

33. Every person duly elected to the office of mayor or councillor

having taken the oath of office heretofore prescribed, shall unless other-

wise provided in this Act, hold office as follows:-If he be mayor, until

another mayor is elected and sworn into office; and if he be a councillor

until the day for holding the annual election as provided for in this Act

provided however, that nothing herein contained shall render any per-

34. The Town Clerk of the Town of Chatham shall, on or before the

tenth day of April in each year, prepare an alphabetical list for each

Ward of all electors qualified as provided by this Act to vote at such

election in each Ward in said Town to be taken from the last general

assessment roll preceding such election, filed in the office of the Town

Clerk, and shall post the list for each of said Wards in some public

place in such Ward not later than the said tenth day of April and

shall give public notice in such manner as the Council may direct of the

place where such list is posted, and that the same is subject to revision

the preparation of the said lists of electors, and to furnish him with all

information in their possession as to the residence and qualification of

charge up to and including the Friday next preceding the annual elec-

tion in each year, during which time any person properly qualified, and

whose name may have been omitted, shall upon satisfactory proof of

the same to the Town Clerk, have his name inserted therein, and any

elector whose name shall have been placed in the wrong Ward, shall

upon satisfactory proof to the Town Clerk, have his name inserted in

appointed for holding such election, and no person whose name is not

upon such list so revised and furnished shall be entitled to vote in such

through the Town Clerk to the Town Council, setting forth the grounds

seat is in dispute shall not vote on the examination of such complaint,

and if it shall appear to the Council on such investigation by evidence

on oath viva voce that any person has been returned and is serving as

shall direct a new election to be held to fill such vacancy, which election

shall be held, and notice thereof be given and nomination of candidates

therefor shall be held, given and made in manner provided for in the

case of an election under the sixteenth Section of this Act, and the

Mayor Chairman at such meeting is hereby authorized to administer

37. Every officer or person holding such election for Mayor or Coun-

cillors as aforesaid, shall be and may be deemed a Peace Officer on that

occasion, and shall have power and authority to maintain and enforce

order and decorum, and preserve the peace at the election held by him

Lock-up house Keeper shall and may and is hereby required forthwith to

obey under a penalty not exceeding forty dollars for disobedience thereto;

provided that such imprisonment or restraint shall not continue more

than eight hours after the adjournment or dissolution of such meeting;

POLL LISTS, DELIVERY TO CLERK.

38. The Poll List kept at every election, and the list of persons who

and punished as if no such arrest had been made.

any necessary oath in such investigation.

the electors. Such lists shall be open for public inspection without

35. It shall be the duty of the Assessors to assist the Town Clerk in

up to and including the Friday next preceding the annual election.

son holding office, ineligible for re-election to the same.

and the clerk shall enter his name on the list for that ward.

note the same in his poll-book.

to a penalty not exceeding forty dollars.

tallying the ballots.

ing officer is hereby authorized to administer.

while I hold the same.—So help me God.'

in the manner hereinafter provided

manner hereinafter provided.

annual election of mayor and councillors.

election to be made in the manner herein provided.

ness at such time and place as the Mayor or anythree Councillors may to make bye-laws for the several purposes following, within the Town from time to time appoint, giving at least two clear days' public notice of Chatham, that is to say:of such meeting; provided always, there shall be at least four quarterly meetings in each year, to be held at such time and place as the Council may by any bye law appoint.

members with the Mayor or a Chairman shall constitute a court for the Council for which no other provision shall have been made by this purpose or purposes for which they have been convened as aforesaid, Act, including the Police Magistrate of said Town: and a majority of the members present shall determine the questions and matters submitted for consideration; and it shall be the duty of the Clerk at all meetings to keep a minute of the proceedings, in which he which their property lies, but no person shall vote at any one election shall enter the names of the members present at the opening or during in more than one ward. Non-residents having property in more than the continuance of such meeting, and the persons whose names have one ward may notify the Clerk of the ward in which he desires to vote, been so entered shall be deemed and taken to be to all intents and purposes present at such meeting until the same shall be finally adjourned or dissolved by the presiding officer; and the rules, orders and street, sidewalk, road or highway from encroachment and injury, and personating any elector, or being qualified shall vote more than once at regulations, enactments and decisions of such meeting shall not be deem- to provide for the confiscation, sale, removal or destruction of every any election for Mayor or Councillors he shall for every offence be liable ed illegal or contary to the true intent and meaning of this Act, notwithstanding some of the members shall withdraw therefrom previous to such adjournment or dissolution. such election, appoint a Poll Clerk, who shall be sworn before such

42. At all meetings of the Council the Mayor, if he be present, shall preside, and in case of his absence, the Councillors present shall choose one of their number to act as Chairman and preside at such meeting; and the Mayor or Chairman so presiding shall not vote except in case of

the name of each person as he deposits his ballot from the list; and the and all meetings of the council shall be open to the public. 43. The minutes of the proceedings of all meetings of the said Council to be held as aforesaid, shall be drawn up and fairly entered in a book which such erection, projection or obstruction may be used or found: to be kept for that purpose by the Clerk, and shall be signed by the Mayor or Chairman presiding at such meeting.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEES.

44. It shall be lawful for the said Council to appoint from out of the Members composing such Council, such and so many Committees and consisting of such number of persons as they may think fit for the transaction of the business before such Council and for the discharge of spreading of contagious or infectious disorders :such duties as by the said Council may be prescribed, but subject in all pect for the office of Mayor or Councillor (as the case may be) to which | things to the approval, authority and control of the said Council; and in all questions coming before any such Committees a majority of the members present shall determine such question, provided that a majority hay, straw and fodder, and to grant license for the due weighing and of the persons composing such Committee be present.

IMPROPER CONDUCT AT MEETINGS OF COUNCIL

45. If at any meeting of the said Council to be held under this Act any member of the Council shall be guilty of grossly violent or improper conduct, or shall make use of language indecent or profane, or 30. Any person holding the office of Mayor or Councillor, may resign insulting to the presiding officer or to any member of the Council the said office by delivering to the Town Clerk a notice of such present at the meeting, the Council if five members in all or more be resignation in writing, signed by him, which resignation shall be laid then present and concur in the sentence, may expel such offending before the Council at its next meeting, and such office shall thereupon Councillor from the Council, or another meeting may be specially sumbecome and be vacant, and shall be filled by a new election to be held moned to adjudicate upon the subject, the time and object of such meeting being previously notified in writing to every member or to be 31. If any person holding the office of mayor or councillor shall be left at his usual place of abode, and if three members at least including declared a bankrupt or shall apply to take the benefit of any Act for the | the offender be present at such special meeting, the Council so assembled relief of insolvent debtors, or shall remove his residence to a place with- shall have power in such manner as may be determined at such meeting out the limits of the town or shall be absent from the town or from the to punish the offender by reprimand or expulsion as any five of the meetings of the Town Council for more than two months at any one members then present shall think fit; provided that in case of expultime (except in cases of illness or by leave of the Town Council first ob- ion the person so expelled shall forthwith cease to be a member of the tained), then and in every such case such person shall thereby vacate his Council and forfeit all rights, powers and privileges enjoyed by him said office, and the office shall be filled by a new election made in the as such, and the Mayor shall immediately order a new election to supply the vacancy occasioned by such expulsion, as in the case of other extra-32. If the office of mayor or councillor should become vacant through ordinary vacancies.

ADJOURNMENTS.

46. Any meeting of the Council to be held under this Act may b adjourne I from day to day for three days in whole, and no longer.

47. At the first meeting of the Council after every annual election, or at any subsequent meeting, the said Council if they see fit, may nominate and appoint from time to time for the said Town a Clerk, an Auditor, a Town Treasurer (who shall be Collector and Receiver of Town Taxes), three Assessors, a Marshal, a Clerk of the Market, and so many Constables, Commissioners of Roads, Pound Keepers, Commissioner of the Poor, Hog Reeves, Fence Viewers, Surveyors of Logs, Surveyors of Lumber, Surveyors of Wood or Bark, or such other officers as may be found necessary according to the true intent and meaning of this Act, or any bye law to define the duties of such officers and their respective terms of office, which, except in the case of the Clerk and Treasurer, for gambling: shall not be longer than one year unless they be re-appointed; and the Council may also remove or displace any of the said officers and appoint others in their stead, and impose penalties for non-performance of duties or other misdoings of such officers, and cause such penalties to be levied and recovered by distress and sale of the offender's goods, or exhibitions for hire or profit, and for preserving quiet and good order imprisonment or otherwise as such Council may direct, and shall grant thereat : and allow in any year by stated salary or otherwise to the Clerk or officers so to be appointed as aforesaid, such allowance or compensation for their services as the said Council may think fit; provided that no

person shall be capable of acting in any office to which he may be appointed by the Council until he shall have been sworn or have affirmed before the Mayor that he will diligently, faithfully and impartially and to the best of his ability discharge the several duties appertaining to the office to which he has been appointed, so long as he shall hold the

48. No person shall be capable of acting as Clerk, Treasurer or in any the list of the Ward in which he resides and is entitled to vote, and any other office or capacity accountable for the revenues of said Town or non-resident elector having property in more than one Ward may direct any part thereof, until he shall have entered into a bond to the said the Clerk in writing to place his name on the list of the Ward in which Town with two sufficient sureties to be approved of by the Council, in he wishes to vote, and the Town Clerk shall furnish the polling officer such form and for such penal sum as the Mayor may approve or any appointed to hold such election in each Ward with a list so revised of bye law prescribe, conditioned to account for and pay over to the said the electors of such Ward, at least twenty-four hours before the time Town all moneys received by him on behalf of the said Town.

TREASURER.

49. The Treasurer of the said Town shall receive all rates, taxes. assessments, fines, penalties, imposts or other moneys payable to the inother Ward on the list for which his name does appear, which said lists habitants of the said Town, or received for or on account so furnished shall be, for all the purposes of accepting or refusing the the revenues of the said Town under and by virtue ballot of any person wishing to cast the same, registers of voters at such this Act or otherwise, or of any bye law of the Town Council, and shall keep the accounts of the said Town as directed by the Town 36. If any candidate at any election as aforesaid, or any elector who Council, and such and so many accounts as shall be necessary to shew has a right to vote, and did vote thereat, be dissatisfied with such elec- distinctly and separately the receipts and expenditures of each departtion he may within six days after the day on which the Town Clerk ment in the said Town shall declare the result of such election make application in writing

50. The Treasurer shall deposit the funds of the said Town as th same are by him received, in such manner as the Town Council or any of the complaint, and demanding an investigation thereon, and the said | Finance Committee by them to be appointed shall direct, and shall pro-Council is hereby authorized and required to examine and determine duce all books relating thereto at any meeting of the Town Council, the matter of such complaint at their next meeting, or at a meeting when directed or required by said Council or Finance Committee to called for that purpose; but the Mayor or Councillor whose return or do so.

51. The Treasurer shall not pay out any moneys otherwise than upon an order in writing of the Town Council, to be signed by the Mayor or in his absence by the Councillor presiding at any meeting of the Coun-Mayor or Councillor contrary to the provisions of this Act, the said cil when such moneys were ordered to be paid, and countersigned by the Council shall declare his election to be void and the seat vacant, and Clerk.

ACCOUNTING OF OFFICERS.

52. All persons and officers appointed to act under the authority of the said Council and entrusted with the collection or expenditure of any said Council, and shall account therefor when and as the said Council

PUBLICATION OF ACCOUNTS.

53. It shall be the duty of the Town Clerk to publish in one or more and to suppress all riot and disorderly conduct thereat; and all Peace of the newspapers, if any, published in the Town, or by pamphlet or Officers and all others Her Majesty's subjects are hereby required and circulars, one month before the annual election of Mayor and Councillors commanded to be aiding and assisting him therein, and any person in each year, for the information of the citizens of the said Town, a full neglecting and refusing to give such aid and assistance when thereunto and detailed statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Corporarequired by such presiding officer shall incur a penalty of not exceeding tion during the past year, and in every such statement the different twenty dollars; and if any person or persons shall commit violence or be sources of revenue and the amount received from each, the several engaged in any affray or riot, or shall in any wise disturb the peace and appropriations made by the Council, the objects for which the same order at such election in any manner whatever, or in any wise interrupt | were made, and the amount of money expended under each, the moneys the poll, or the business thereof, or wilfully obstruct or threaten any borrowed on the credit of the Corporation, the authority under which person coming to vote, the officer or person holding any such election such loan was made, and the terms on which the same was obtained shall have power and authority on view or on oath of one credible wit- shall be clearly and particularly specified together with the amount of the ness (which oath the officer or person holding such election is hereby assessments ordered and made, the several purposes of such assessments empowered to admininister), forthwith verbally to order such person the amount actually received under such assessments and into custody or commit him to prison, should such officer deem it exped- detailed account of the application thereof; and such statements ient, by warrant in writing directed to the Sheriff or his Deputy or to and accounts shall be made up to the 31st day of December preceding any Constable within the Town, or to the Keeper of the Gaol or Lockup | such publication in each year, signed by the Mayor and the Clerk of the house, which warrant such Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff, Constable, Gaol or Town for the time being.

AUCTIONEERS.

54. It shall be lawful for the Town Council, by any bye law or bye laws for that purpose to be made, to regulate and license all Auctioneers and provided also, that the person or persons so guilty of such disorderly and sales by auction or outery within the said Town, and to establish or riotous conduct, or of disturbing or interrupting the poll in any way fees on such license, and the said fees shall be paid to the Town Treasor manner whatever, as hereinbefore specified, shall be liable notwith- urer for the use of the Town, anything in any law to the contrary notstanding such restraint and imprisonment, to be otherwise prosecuted withstanding, and the said Town Council shall have power to impose a penalty not exceeding thirty dollars for each breach of such bye law, to be recovered with costs in the same mode that other penalties are authorized to be recovered and collected by this Act.

BYE-LAWS.

have paid their taxes furnished by the Receiver of Taxes, as hereinbe-55. The Town Council in addition to all powers of making bye-laws (unless such day be Sunday, Christmas Day or Good Friday, and then and ordinances, rules or regulations vested in them by the terms of inhabitants at fires, and for the preservation of property thereat: on the next day thereafter), be delivered by the officer or person holdthis Act, shall have the sole power and authority to make bye-laws for ing the same to the Town Clerk, to remain in his office where they shall the good rule and government of the said Town of Chatham, and for the better carrying out the provisions in this Act contained; and from time to time to revive, repeal, alter and amend any bye-laws, ordinances, 39. No person shall be eligible to be a Councillor in more than one rules or regulations whatsoever by them made under the authority of this Act; and for the more particular defining the powers of the said Town Council, but not in any way or manner to limit the same to the 40. The said Town Councillors shall meet for the transaction of busi- objects hereinafter mentioned, the said Town Council shall have power

1st .- To define the duties of all officers appointed by the said Council : 2nd .- To provide reasonable remuneration for all services performed by any such officer not receiving any salary under the terms of this 41. In all meetings of the Council to be held under this Act, four Act, or by any person whomsoever not being a member of the said

3rd.—To prevent the removal of any stone, gravel, sods, sand or earth from any street, road or highway within the said Town; or the digging or making of any hole in any such street, road or highway, without the license of the said Council, or the Commissioner of Roads of the said Town:

4th.—To prevent the encumbering of any street, sidewalk, road or highway, or crossing within the said Town, and to protect any such such encumbrance thereon, and to impose penalties in respect thereof: 5th.—To provide for making, paving, flagging, planking and repairing the streets, sidewalks, crossings, roads or highways, and also for the repairing and good order of the bridges, wharves, docks and slips within the limits of the said Town :

6th.-To provide for the removal of all fences, houses, steps, erections, projections or obstructions whatsoever which may now, or shall at any equal votes, upon any question, and he shall then have a casting vote, time hereafter project into or over any public street, road, sidewalk or highway in the said Town, or any part thereof which may so project, at the expense of the owners or lessees of the property in connection with

> 7th.—To provide for places of deposit for ashes, cleaning of yards and streets, and other filth and ordure, and to compel the owners or occupiers of property within the said Town to remove all such ashes, cleanings, filth, and ordure, to such places of deposit.

> all filth and incumbrances on the streets, sidewalks, roads and alleys within the said Town and places adjacent thereto, and to prevent the 9th.—To establish and manage a market or markets, and to ostab-

> lish and regulate market days and fairs: 10th.—To regulate the manner of selling meat, fish, vegetables, grain,

> admeasurement thereof: 11th.—To restrain and regulate the purchase and manner of selling vegetables, fruit, country produce, poultry or animals openly exposed for sale or in the market; and all other articles and things by hucksters and runners living within the Town:

12th.—To regulate all vehicles, vessels and other things in which anything may be exposed for sale or marketed in any street or public place, and to provide for seizing and destroying all tainted and unwholesome meat, poultry, fish or other articles of food, and to impose and recover such reasonable penalties as may be found proper upon the person or that he and the gentlemen who were persons exposing for sale such tainted or unwholesome articles within the said Town

13th. To regulate the assize of bread, and to provide for the seizure of bread baked contrary thereto, and to impose penalties upon the person so baking or selling contrary to the provisions of any bye law to be made in that behalf:

14th .- To regulate the anchorage, wharfage, lading and unlading of Mr. Adams' return to the House of vessels, and other craft arriving at the said Town: 15th.—To regulate and provide for the erection, management and assertion, as applied to the lumbermen

rent of wharves, piers, quays, buildings and docks in the said Town, of Northumberland, generally, will be being the property of said Corporation, and the toll to be paid for vessels and steamboats touching thereat or using the same :-16th -To regulate carters, hackmen, waggoners, and cabmen, the prices to be paid to them for hauling loads or transferring passengers in

the said Town, and the quantity or weight to compose a load: 17th.—To enforce the due observance of the Lord's Day, commonly on his ticket in that Assembly election. called Sunday, and punish vice, immorality and indecency on the streets or other public places within said Town:

18th.—To preserve health, peace and good order in said Town. 19th.—To prevent the spreading of infectious or other diseases: 20th.—To prevent the sale of any intoxicating drinks to children, apprentices or servants without the consent of their lawful protectors, and to prevent the sale of intoxicating liquors in or from any booth, sled or carriage in or upon any street or upon any side thereof or in

any field within the Town of Chatham: 21st-To license, regulate or prevent billiard tables, bowling alleys or other places of amusement: 22nd.—To restrain or suppress gambling houses, or to enter into them

and seize and destroy rouge et noir, roulette tables and other devices 23rd.—To restrain and punish all vagrants, drunkards, mendicants

and street beggars: 24th.—To restrain or to regulate the licensing of all exhibitions of posing as the leader of the "third natural or artificial curiosities, and all theatres, circuses or other shows party"; because he appealed to the

25th.—To establish and regulate one or more Pounds, and fees to be taken thereat:

26th.—To restrain, regulate or prevent the running at large of horses cattle, swine, goats, sheep, dogs and other animals, geese and poultry, and to impound the same : 27th.—To impose a tax by way of license on the owners or harborers

of dogs, and to regulate and prevent dogs from running at large and to tor in the County that he ran the provide for killing such as are found so running at large contrary to elections of 1874 and 1878 against the any law or bye law, after public notice given : 28th.—To regulate the construction of privy vaults and sinks on

private property, and to compel the cleansing thereof: 29th.—To cause vacant lots in central situations, when they become nuisances, to be properly enclosed at the cost and expense of the owners, and to recover such expense with costs in a summary way:

30th.—To regulate and prevent the erection or continuance of slaughter houses, distilleries and tanneries, and manufactories or trades securing a seat in the House of Comwhich may be likely to become nuisances:

31st.—To prevent the ringing of bells, blowing of horas, shouting and other unusual noises in the streets and other public places:

32nd.—To prevent the throwing of snow balls, stones, dirt or other missiles in or into or along any public street, thoroughfare, alley, road or bye road:

33rd,-To prevent coasting on sleds or other contrivances, down, through, in or along any public street, thoroughfare, alley, road or bye

34th.—To purchase, enclose, plant, lay out, and adorn any public square, park or parade for the use of the Town, and to make and ordain rules for the government and preservation thereof, and to impose penalties and punishment by fine, imprisonment or both for the violation or non-observance of such rules: 35th.—To prevent the injury or destroying of trees planted within

any of the streets or public grounds of the said Town: 36th.—To prevent immoderate riding or driving within the said

37th.—To establish bathing houses, and to prevent or regulate bathing within or near the said Town: 38th,-To regulate and license owners of livery stables, or other

owners of horses or carriages letting out the same for hire or profit, and also to license and regulate porters, butchers and hucksters: 39th.—To appoint and regulate a Police force in and for the said

40th.—To provide for the proper keeping of the Poor, and management of any house of refuge, hospital, workhouse, bridewell or house of moneys belonging to the said Town, shall be accountable therefor to the correction that may be established in the said Town, and also to provide for the erection or establishment of any houses of refuge, hospitals, workhouses, bridewells or houses of correction as they may be deemed necessary for the public welfare: 41st.—To erect, preserve and regulate public cisterns, reservoirs and

other conveniences for the supply of good and wholesome water, or for the extinguishing of fires, and to make reasonable charges for the use

42nd,—To establish, make and regulate public fountains, pumps and wells, and to prevent the waste and fouling of public water: 43rd.—To prevent or regulate the firing of guns or other firearms:

44th.—To prevent or regulate the fireing or setting off of squibs, fireballs, crackers or other firewarks 45th.—To prevent or regulate the keeping and transporting of gun-

powder or other combustible or dangerous substances: 46th.—To prevent or regulate the use of fire, lights or candles in livery or other stables, and in cabinet makers' and carpenters' shops, free trade, because they know that and in other places where combustable substances are kept, and to

prevent or punish the use of pipes and cigars in such places: 47th.—To regulate the carrying on of manufactories or trades, dangerous in causing or promoting fires, or to public safety: 48th.—To regulate and require the safe keeping of ashes in proper

49th.—To provide for the security, safety and advantage of the inhabitants by such rules and regulations and restrictions as they may now, should an election be held, than deem expedient, to be observed by all persons in the erection of buildings to be built within the populous parts of the said Town:

50th. -To regulate or alter the construction of any chimney, flue, fireplace, stove, oven, boiler or other apperatus or things in any house, manufactory or business, which may be dangerous in causing or promot-

51st.—To enforce the proper cleaning of chimneys:

52nd.—To regulate the number of fire buckets to be provided by the several inhabitants, and the time and manner in which they shall be so provided, and also to provide for the examination and management of lost some political friends, and he may, such buckets, and the use of them at fires;

53rd.—To regulate the conduct and enforce the assistance of the 54th.—To make regulations for the suppressing of fires and pulling

down or demolishing houses for that purpose, and remunerating the owners thereof in certain circumstances:

leading to and on the roof of such houses: 56th.—To establish and regulate engine, fire, hook, ladder and prop-

[Continued on third page]

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., - - NOVEMBER 23, 1893.

Explanatory.

It is hardly necessary, we suppose, to say to our readers that in order to make room for the greater and concluding portion of the proposed bill for an act to incorporate Chatham we are obliged to omit our usual variety of

Northumberland and the Politicians.

Our Mr. Jas. Robinson, M. P. P.

has, apparently, been undergoing an

news and other matter this week.

interview in Montreal, and the result, as it appears in the Montreal Star, is in another column. His many friends here will be glad to note that his observations in the western States have led him to the conclusion that we are about as well off in New Brunswick as are the people amongst whom he has been travelling. He is, apparently, sound also on the tariff question. We think, however, that his references to Governor Boyd could not be more 8th. To abate and cause to be removed all public nuisances, and bitter were our Derby M. P. P. suffering from the pangs of an unsuccessful candidacy for the office which Mr. Boyd now fills; and when speaking in his representative capacity, it would have been well if he had not said much that he is reported to have said in reference to the reasons why Mr. Adams was elected and Mr. Mitchell rejected in the last Dominion election in this County, and which we believe to be inaccurate. Indeed, we know it to be so inaccurate that we cannot believe Mr. Robinson to have made the statements attributed to him. It is possible associated with him on the successful ticket in the Assembly election of 1890 may have had the understanding with Mr. Adams which the Star interviewer makes Mr. Robinson say resulted in Commons, but the absurdity of the apparent, in view of the fact that a large proportion of our leading lumbermen and lumber merchants opposed Mr. Robinson and the other gentlemen Moreover it is "an open secret" that Mr. Adams, instead of being a party to what is known as the Northumberland deal", made a considerable effort to have a want of confidence motion made when the Address was going through the Assembly in the first session after the election referred to.

The chief reasons why Mr. Mitchell was opposed in the last Dominion election by many who had before supporthim was because he was believed to have lost his grip of practical politics and had become a political absurdity by electors on the issues and events of the first six years of Confederation, while he denied his record as the leading New Brunswick champion of the National policy in 1878; denied that he had ever fought against the liberals, when it was well known to every elecliberal candidate, and also because, being a resident of another province and a very infrequent visitor to Northumberland, it was justly believed that the principal interest he had in the County lay in the use he made of it in

Besides all this, our people realised that the principle of protection to Canadian industries had been, time and again, affirmed by the electors of the Dominion, and that as the revenue requirements of the country necessitated a pretty high tariff, it was absurd to contend that it should not contain the element of protection as a leading feature, especially when the great nation adjoining us had a tariff more highly protective than ours. Many of our electors believed that the time for Mr, Mitchell to have been an opponent of the government because of the national policy was when he was supporting it and that policy in 1878, for at that time our revenue requirements were some \$16,000,000 less then they were when the last Dominion election was held; and not twelve years after, when the policy had become so thoroughly established as to render its overthrow an act of political and commercial

Mr. Robinson very correctly intimates that our people look for andifications of the tariff, and he might have also said that if the government carries out its promise of a readjustment and the changes embrace reasonable consideration for the now overtaxed consumers of certain lines of provisions, etc., it will be satisfactory to the majority of the people of this County. Our electors are not so poorly informed as to be carried away with the consti when we require a revenue of from \$36,000,000 to \$38,000,000 a year, we must have a pretty high tariff in order to raise it. As to Mr. Mitchell, we fail to see wherein he has any better chance for election in Northumberland when he last offered. We see and hear very little respecting Mr. Adams in his capacity of representative of the County and have no means of knowing what his intentions are as to the future. Like every other representative who does not consult his supporters in reference to county matters, he may have also, be gaining supporters not known to Mr. Robinson and many others; but, even if Mr. Robinsou's alleged opinion that Mr. Adams cannot again be returned, were correct, it by no means follows that Mr. Mitchell would be the choice of the County as his successor. Our people have not been giving much attention to Dominion matters of late, or worrying over candidates for the

55th.—To compel the owners or occupiers of houses to have ladders