

General Business.

MAILS close and are due at the Chatham Post-Office on the following days...

By express train for all points north and south, including New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and St. John's, Nfld., etc.

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KENT DRIVING PARK, Kingston, Kent Co. \$600.00 IN PREMIUMS.

FIRST DAY, TUESDAY, JULY 10th. No. 1—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 3 minutes.

SECOND DAY, WEDNESDAY, JULY 11th. No. 2—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

THIRD DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 12th. No. 3—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

FOURTH DAY, FRIDAY, JULY 13th. No. 4—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

FIFTH DAY, SATURDAY, JULY 14th. No. 5—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

SIXTH DAY, SUNDAY, JULY 15th. No. 6—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

SEVENTH DAY, MONDAY, JULY 16th. No. 7—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

EIGHTH DAY, TUESDAY, JULY 17th. No. 8—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

NINTH DAY, WEDNESDAY, JULY 18th. No. 9—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

TENTH DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 19th. No. 10—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

ELEVENTH DAY, FRIDAY, JULY 20th. No. 11—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Twelfth DAY, SATURDAY, JULY 21st. No. 12—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Thirteenth DAY, SUNDAY, JULY 22nd. No. 13—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Fourteenth DAY, MONDAY, JULY 23rd. No. 14—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Fifteenth DAY, TUESDAY, JULY 24th. No. 15—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Sixteenth DAY, WEDNESDAY, JULY 25th. No. 16—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Seventeenth DAY, THURSDAY, JULY 26th. No. 17—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Eighteenth DAY, FRIDAY, JULY 27th. No. 18—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Nineteenth DAY, SATURDAY, JULY 28th. No. 19—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Twentieth DAY, SUNDAY, JULY 29th. No. 20—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Twenty-first DAY, MONDAY, JULY 30th. No. 21—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Twenty-second DAY, TUESDAY, AUGUST 1st. No. 22—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Twenty-third DAY, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 2nd. No. 23—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Twenty-fourth DAY, THURSDAY, AUGUST 3rd. No. 24—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Twenty-fifth DAY, FRIDAY, AUGUST 4th. No. 25—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Twenty-sixth DAY, SATURDAY, AUGUST 5th. No. 26—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

Twenty-seventh DAY, SUNDAY, AUGUST 6th. No. 27—Purse \$25.00. For horses that have never trotted better than 2:58—\$15.00.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, N. B., every Thursday morning in time for dispatch by the earliest mails of that day.

It is sent to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain, by express, at the rate of \$1.00 per month, in advance, to accompany the order for the paper.

Advertisements in this paper are placed under classified headings. Local notices, such as for all insertions at 20¢ per square, or less, for first insertion.

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Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, THURSDAY, JULY 5, 1877.

The corrected report of the polling in Gloucester County, on Monday, is as follows—

ANGLIN. TURGEON. Bathurst, 245 209. Carquet, 298 89. Tracadie, 173 194.

Mr. Anglin's majority, 334. Our friends of the Opposition, including Hon. Mr. Mitchell, assisted Mr. Turgeon against their old opponent Mr. Anglin, who may congratulate himself with a majority which is large, under the circumstances.

The War. A graphic account of the crossing of the Danube by the Russian army and subsequent events, reached us too late for this issue, but will appear next week. The fighting has been brisk during the past week, and our country readers shall have the full details in due time.

The St. John Fire. Our very full account of the St. John fire and the correctness of the Map which accompanied it, caused a very large demand for the ADVANCE of last week and soon exhausted an extra edition of five hundred copies. We have been obliged to return remittances sent for papers which we could not supply on this account. We are also obliged to the many friends who have been kind enough to commend our enterprise in connection with the Great Fire, and hope we shall always deserve the kind offices of those whose esteem is no small incentive to continued exertion.

One could hardly know where to commence or where to leave off writing on the subject of the fire. No newspaper can do justice to it, and it is only such persons as Geo. Stewart, Jr. to whom, we are informed, Messrs. Belford Bros. of Toronto have entrusted the work of writing a history of the event for them—who will succeed in conveying to the public mind, in one publication, an adequate idea of the calamity. The St. John papers continue to be full of details connected with the great disaster, but as the interest in the large mass of them is not great for general readers we will only give such facts as to show the course of events in the burnt city.

Contributions continue to pour in from all quarters and every day develops additional evidence that they will all be needed. We mention the following to show the range of contributions: Boston has done nobly for St. John, sending over \$40,000 worth in money and goods. Halifax continues her good work and her subscription will equal that of Boston. York county council, Ontario subscribed \$3,000. St. Andrews will give more than \$700; Chicago, \$15,000; Toronto, over \$20,000; London, Ontario, \$5,000; Fredericton, about \$10,000; Imperial Fire Insurance Co. of London, \$2,433; Bath, Me. \$1,300; Augusta, Me. \$1,000; Galt, Ont. \$1,000; Windsor, N. S. \$8,000; Bangor \$20,000; Truro, \$2,000; New York over \$100,000; Hamilton Ont. \$10,000; Montreal, about \$1,200; Glasgow, Scotland, \$9,733; Bathurst about \$500. Our Richibucto correspondent writes to say that the people of that town subscribed \$410, which was taken to St. John by Mr. Wm. Wheten.

Subscriptions have been continued in Chatham and vicinity during the past week. Over thirty dollars have been sent or brought to the Editor of the ADVANCE since Thursday last, and it is expected that the contributions, etc. will foot up about \$700 in addition to the first instalment in cash and provisions sent on the day following the fire. Mr. Truesdell, Superintendent of the Chicago Relief Association—whose work in connection with the great fire in that city, over six years ago, and is not yet completed—has visited St. John and is giving its citizens the benefit of his valuable experience. He has made great changes in the mode of administering the funds, provisions, etc. forwarded. The services of such a person were very necessary for it will be readily understood that men of even the best general business and administrative talent could not be expected to rise equal to the requirements of St. John's extraordinary emergency. They had not practical experience, but this has been supplied by Mr. Truesdell, the effect of whose direction of the work is thus referred to by the Globe:—

To-day, on the entrance of the visitor to the Bank a vast change met the eye. As he intimated in the Globe of Saturday, the building has been partitioned off across the centre from side to side, leaving the promenade clear, by a boarding of about eight feet in height, and at right angles to the main entrance. In the rear section the provisions are placed and distributed to the ticket holders. The front section is now divided into three departments, one segment being occupied as a furniture warehouse, the other side segment as a clothing warehouse, and the centre as a reception room. In the reception room benches are provided for the applicants to be seated. Immediately in front of these are the tables and desks of the clerks and committee, to whom application must be made for the various articles

INCREASE OF IMPORTS.—The statement of the imports of the Dominion for the last four months shows an increase of \$1,663,925 over that of the corresponding period last year.

THE PREMIER AT KINGSTON.—On the 27th ult. there was an immense demonstration at Kingston, for Mr. Mackenzie. Ten thousand people were present. He spoke two hours, refuting the charges of Dr. Tupper and Sir John Macdonald. The whole city was decorated, and the demonstration is said to have been the most enthusiastic ever seen there.

THE ENGLISH DOCKYARDS.—The authorities at the dockyards and arsenals are exercising greater care in permitting foreign officers to make a general inspection of works in progress. The latter are not to be allowed to examine manufacturing processes or the improvements which it is intended to introduce in the form of turret ships. When Lieutenant Kazakoff (Admiral Popov's gunnery lieutenant) visited the Temeraire at Chatham a few days since, he was greatly surprised at the refusal to allow him to examine the turret, and left without inspecting any other portions of the vessel.

THE PASTORAL.—The Halifax Chronicle, referring to the Pastoral recently issued by Bishop Rogers addressed to members of his church in Gloucester says:—

"The Roman Catholic Bishop of the diocese, Dr. Rogers, has issued a pastoral letter to his flock in Gloucester, counselling them to be patient, forbearing and charitable towards each other in the contest, to vote as their consciences direct them, and to respect the right of their neighbors to do the same. His Lordship makes no reference whatever to the candidates. His pastoral is one of the forms of 'clerical interference in elections' which cannot be objected to."

Several instances are given of persons who have been expelled from the church for their conduct in the election. It is a rather singular fact that the papers of so-called editors who are given to prayer meeting exhortations, who take or have presumed to take a turn at preaching, and who read sermons to volunteers when they can invade them within sanctuaries in which they have the privilege to officiate, are the most vulgar, virulent and unchristianlike to be found in any country. The Press which ought to be in the hands of persons of a very different stamp is much abused and discredited by such as these, and it would be better if they could sustain themselves entirely by oral efforts, for then they would be obliged to confine their fulminations to such only as would lay themselves open to the infliction of hearing them.

GENERAL NEWS. NEW POTATOES AND GREEN PEAS.—The Colais Times says that new potatoes and green peas raised in that vicinity are reported.

TEMPERANCE IN TORONTO.—Mr. Rink the temperance advocate states that since his arrival in Toronto over 4,000 persons have signed the pledge.

HISTORY OF ACADIA.—Mr. Hannay's book on this subject will soon be published, and will form a valuable addition to our national literature.

THE PAPAL DELEGATE.—Le Mois says it is not likely, under present circumstances, that Bishop Conroy will pay his intended visit to Manitoba.

MURDEROUS ATTACK.—On the 25th ult., a young lady at Hamilton, Ont., was assaulted on the street and stabbed 15 times by a man apparently crazed.

MOSQUITOES.—Mosquitoes have entered an appearance in London on the north side of the Thames; it is supposed they made the passage in grain vessels.

MONEY STOLEN FROM THE GRAND TRUNK.—Mr. Faulkner, an official of the Grand Trunk, on the 24th ult., had \$23,000 stolen from his office in Montreal.

SALE OF THE TORONTO MAIL.—The Toronto Mail was sold by the Sheriff on the 27th ult. to Mr. T. C. Patterson for \$2000 over Mr. Riordan's mortgage.

FRESH MEAT.—The Times states that fresh meat is being exported from Monte Video to Great Britain, in zinc cases, and can be sold at 34 to 40 per lb. retail, without bone.

PRAYERS AGAINST THE POTATO BUG.—The Potato Bug has done so much damage in the Parish of St. Laurent, near Montreal, that it has been made the subject of special prayer.

NATURAL SOAP.—Our exchanges are excited about a discovery of a mine of natural soap in California. It would be a good thing if soap were a little more natural to some people.

IMMORAL LITERATURE.—Hon. Isaac Burpee, Minister of Customs for Canada, has ordered the seizure and destruction of all immoral publications, including the American Police News, National Gazette and Day's Digest.

ANOTHER GREAT FIRE.—A fire took place at Marblehead, Mass., on the morning of the 25th, which destroyed the Marblehead Hotel, in which it originated, the Eastern Railway Depot, and seventy-one other buildings.

HEALTH OF THE RUSSIAN TROOPS.—The British Medical Journal bears from a trustworthy source that the Russian troops on the Danube are suffering extremely from dysentery and typhoid diseases, and that a large part of the men not in hospital are showing signs of incipient maralar disease.

EMIGRATION FROM CALAIS ME.—The Calais Times says:—"The emigration from Calais still continues, and is growing more serious in its aspects, in that the late arrivals are among our most intelligent and active citizens. It will soon be in order to call a public meeting to consider the causes and results of the exodus."

THE "RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCER" made its appearance last week for the first time since the fire at St. John, and is now issued from the office of Mr. Lawsoa of Fredericton, where it will be printed to the new office in St. John is working under the old office was completely destroyed, the fire reaching it as the paper was about ready for press.

BLUE GLASS.—A despatch to the Montreal Star states that blue glass was turned to good account during the St. John fire. The firemen, who had to stand blind smoke and flames, procured blue glass spectacles, which proved beneficial in protecting their eyes, and enabled the wearers to approach the flames and battle with them more successfully than if they were unprovided with such articles.

KINGS COLLEGE, WINDSOR.—The Ecclesia of Kings College, Windsor, N. S., took place on the 28th ult., and was one of the most brilliant for many years. At the close of the ceremonial the Lieut. Governor assumed the chair and presented the motto of the Humane Society to Willie Francis, who was accompanied by the little boy he saved from drowning. Vice-Admiral Sir A. Cooper Key, also addressed the boy and shook hands with him.

GENERAL GRANT.—The London correspondent of the Birmingham Gazette writes: "I certainly do not envy the Mrs. Leo Hunt who succeeded in capturing General Grant for a dinner party. He is about the most uninteresting guy who ever sat at table. He says little nothing, and he does not, like Count Moltke, impress you with the conviction that he thinks the more. It is not a case of being silent in five languages with the ex-President of the United States. If words fall he conveys the impression which he conveys is that they fall because ideas fail also."

THE DISORDERED FARM QUESTION. A New Hampshire correspondent of the Manchester Mirror expresses his views on the deserted farm question thus bluntly:—"I have seen many a farmer who would look at a cow and a pig, and would tend the sheep and put them on exhibition, but so tender and weak that they are fit neither for our climate, our work, nor our circumstances. Our fathers worked 12 or 14 hours a day and never thought of getting tired. We are used up when we have worked four hours. Our mothers made butter and cheese, fed the pigs and chickens, made the clothing for the family, and when a shower was coming could rake or load hay. Our wives want a maid to tend the sheep and another to do the house work, a boy to do the chores, and if we keep more than one cow, a cheese factory to prevent the milk from spoiling. It is safe to say that 10 farmer's wives to-day cannot do as much hard work as two would 50 years ago. As a farming people we are played out. If the young New Hampshire farmer who wants a wife to

help him get a living, instead of one to hang round on and pour patent medicines into

we can see that the many rivers which empty into this basin are not sufficient to maintain the volume of water at the mean level. It has receded, at least, thirteen feet from high water and is daily growing less. On the shore may be gathered in unlimited quantities the finest salt in the world, fleecy as hoar frost and white and pure as falling snow. During high winds the spray becomes crystallized and falls in small showers which, on the calming and receding of the waters, is left high and dry. A briny odour pervades the air, almost pungent in its intensity. There is no taint of decomposing matter; there could be none where the very atmosphere was impregnated with saline particles. There is nothing cheering in the surroundings. Five months of continuous drought supplemented by the blighting, salt-laden winds from the Lake has left the region within three miles as desolate as the hills of Moab are at the present day. Three miles to one foot.

THE JOBBY. It is feebly attempting to reduce the all pervading saltiness and on the right hand a small stream is engaged in the same laudable undertaking. Between these points there is not a drop of fresh water to be found; not the slightest trace of a spring on the shore. All is fiery aridness, depressing in its complete desolation. Casting our eyes outward we note

SEVERAL INSTANCES are given of persons who have been expelled from the church for their conduct in the election. It is a rather singular fact that the papers of so-called editors who are given to prayer meeting exhortations, who take or have presumed to take a turn at preaching, and who read sermons to volunteers when they can invade them within sanctuaries in which they have the privilege to officiate, are the most vulgar, virulent and unchristianlike to be found in any country. The Press which ought to be in the hands of persons of a very different stamp is much abused and discredited by such as these, and it would be better if they could sustain themselves entirely by oral efforts, for then they would be obliged to confine their fulminations to such only as would lay themselves open to the infliction of hearing them.

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