### MIRAMICHI ADVANCE, CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, MARCH 21, 1895.

# General Business.

For Children?

is worthy every parent's study

not only what they can eat, but

what gives the most nourishment.

No children are better, and most

instead of lard, they can eat free.

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to the digestive organs. You can

easily verify this by a fair trial

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The

N.K. Fairbank

Company,

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MONTREAL,

HATHAM, N. B.

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## Manitoba School Question.

Miramichi Advance.

Grand Master James L. Hughes, Foronto, in his annual address to the Orange Grand Lodge of Ontario West, recently in session at St. Catherines, reviewed the Manitoba school question. and made the following among other

MARCH 21, 1895.

think that

recommendations :---"That in case the Governor-General-in-Council shall decide that the Roman Catholic minority in Manitoba is entitled to remedial legislation, the following principles we could possibly have.

be followed in giving effect to the decision :-(1.) That the Legislature of Manitoba be first requested to provide the remedy which shall satisfy the just demand of the minority. This will avoid the very undesirable course of interference by the Dominion Government with the educational language and separate . school rights acts of a provincial legislature ; and may prevent possible conflict between Dominion and provincial authorities. (2.) That no remedial legislation recommanded which would weaken the Manitoba school law of 1890 as a basis for a national system of schools, or established Roman Catholic separate schools, on the same footing as public schools throughout the province of Manitoba. The Privy Council, in its recent judgment, was very explicit in stating that it is not desirable or tion of the Dominion government. expedient that the statutes repealed in 1890 should be re-enacted.

(3) That, in restoring the just rights and Dominion authority because of the privileges held by the Roman Catholic mismanagement of his mission by Hon minority of Manitoba in 1890, care be taken Wm. Macdougall, and the Dominion to contine the remedial legislation to those Roman Catholic schools which were in government was acknowledging the existence at that time. Section 22, subsection 3, of the Manitoba Act of 1870, mistakes it had made in its method of which is identical with section 93, sub-section treating them. It paid the expenses 4. of the British North America Act. provides that remedial legislation by the of the delegates from Red River to Dominion Parliament shall be granted 'so Ottawa; they were its guests while far only as the circumstances of the case may require.' To deal fairly with the there, and it paid their expenses back Roman Catholic schools existing in Manito'sa in 1890, is a very different thing to extend-Dominion Act creating the province of ing the right to Roman Catholics to establish

After reading carefully the arguments Mr. Blake and Mr. Ewart, counsel for he appellants in England before the Privy Council, and of Mr. Cozens-Hardy, counsel for the province of Manitoba, and the Later addresses of Mr Ewart and Mr. McCarthy

new separate schools in other parts of the

were English-speaking and Protestants. As was simply sat upon. The wheels of we have just seen, Manitoba was then the machine were started and it had to confined to a comparatively small area, which would be sixty to sixty-five miles, roll on. The buldozing game ill on either side from Winnepeg. While I cords with the spirit of true liberalism. THAT PROMISE CERTAINLY APPLIED TO THAT No election had been announced when

DISTRICT. of course it is a matter for consideration known whether there will soon be whether it should be made to apply equally to the extended Manitoba, But I have election or not. It was well to every hope, I think I may say, as regards myself individually, I have confidence in organize the old party and again place the great, good sense of the people of it in working order. It was well to

Manisoba, and I think that when they come avoid the mistake of 1891, when Mr. to coasider the matter carefully and earnestly, devoid of and apart from any political Mitchell was nominated without even bias or predilection, that they will feel that it is their duty and their interest to settle this of themselves and to do suba meeting of the party for the purpose. stantial justice to all parties in the community. (Hear, hear.) This, it appears to me, would be the very best solution of it times in the week-when liberals from

Sir Donald's statement of the feeling the remote up-river parishes could not prevailing at the time the guarantees save at great inconvenience, attend and of the perpetuation of the French rush a pre-arranged nomination through withcut even rescinding the rule of the were given to Manitoba is in keeping Association on the subject. with the recollection of those who were

in Ottawa at the time the Red River There never was a time in the history of Northumberland when the people delegates were there. These repgenerally were so apethetic over the sub resentatives-chosen for the purpose ject of a pending Dominion election. by the people of the disturbed district There are, doubtless, numbers on both -were then in Ottawa at the invitasides of politics who are very much i earnest in supporting the candida ure of Their country had been in arms against Messrs Adams and Mitchell, respectively, but they, at the most, comprise only a small portion of the voters of the Connty. It has been realised, for some time, that Mr. Adams, notwithstanding his many excellent qualities, has failed to meet the reasonable expectations of those who

worked and voted for him in 1891. many cases, it is probable that almost any other man would have similarly fail. ed, bu', in many others, he has displayed to their homes. While in Octawa, the lack of aptitude, or of judgement, want of industry and an almost total disregard of the duty of placing himself on agood foot-

Manitoba was agreed upon between ing with the people of the County-not these delegates and the Dominion showing himself to be interested in them government -an act which was subseand their concerns, or personally seeking to quently ratified by the Imperial parliafind out their wishes in regard to local ment, so that it has the same force and

reversal of judgment, that would end the ground for prayerful consideration on the case forever. The case was a long and trying one for the District Attorney. To acdecide to take a new trial, the whole business will have to be goue all over again with the chances of, as in all new trials, the prosecution not doing as well in

the meeting was held and it is not the second trial as in the first. This is the opinion among lawyers, and they said still further, that the agreement of Judge Van Brunt in general term would be ian College Journal, Ray. Dr. McVicar, resustained by the higher court should an appeal be taken. Consequently it was renorally believed that the people would let the case rest where it is.

Wiman had been sentenced to five years and six months in State prison for forging going through the formality of calling a \$5,000 check. Judge Van Brunt held that Wiman was a member of the firm and that the withdrawal of fun is from the but was not right to call a meeting for assets of the firm for his own purposes a Monday afternoon-of all other did not constitute a criminal offence. He said it was abundantly shown that

Dun was aware of the overdrafts. Apart altogether from the merits of the charges against Wiman, it is to be hoped that his old associates in Canadi n politics will not renew their relationships with him. There ought to be no place amongst

> honest public men for such adventurers as Mercier, Wiman, Owen Murphy, Pacaud and others of their class.

> > Liverpool Wood Market. The returns of consumption and stocks

of wood goods in Liverpool on 1st instant are not encouraging. Only 2,333 standards of New Brunswick and Nova Scotia spruce and pine deals were consumed in February 1895 as against 3,531 standards in 1894, while the stock on hand 28th February last was 16.001 standards, against only 11,913 standards on the corresponding Paul, to whose record he appeals, seems date last year.

A Halifax view of it.

to some Halifax paper and give his men of Athensa new thing; who talked valuable opinion to the editor of the law to the Roman and Moses to the Recorder of that city, who referring to the Hebrew ; who told an audience of Jews

Pharisee, and that of the hope and resur-

Donna Maria da Gloria, Queen of Portugil. For years thereafter there part of the preachers. But though the scarcely a princess married in Europetone of Mr. Bok's suggestions was entirely tentative, the effect of his arguwhose principles forbid them ever orderment upon the clergymen of Montreal at ing anything to be made in Paris-that least, appears to have been explosive did not have a group of Worth toilets

rather than conciliatory. included in her trousseau. In a lengthened article in the Presbyter-

The New Yacht is a Fast One. replying to Mr. Bok, declined on behalf of Cannes. March 14. - The thrice postponed the clergy to accept any share of responsirace for the James Gordon Bennett and bility for the defection of the young men, Ogden-Goelet challenge cup, No. 1, valued and asserted, moreover, that it was no part at 84,000 francs, was sailed to-day over a of the duty of the church to keep in touch

thirty mile course, the starters being the with the people. That Dr. McVicar is not 'Britannia,' 'Ailsa,' and 'Corsair.' The alone in this view of the province of the weather was clear, and the wind light, from pulpit, was developed in the discussion of the south-west All the yachts carried all Mr. J. B. Silcox's paper on "The minister of their head sails and topsails at the start as a citizen," which was read the other day The 'Corsair' crossed the line first, at 11 in the Protestant Musisterial Association. 00.22; the 'Ai'sa' was next, at 11 00.39, and Rev. Dr. Smyth is reported to have de the 'Britannia' last, at 11.01 07. The boats plored the use of the term "keeping in indulged in a great deal of manoeuvring in touch with the people." The difficulty, order to get the weather berth. which was he said, was not that the ministers were secured by the 'Britannia.'

unwilling to keep in touch with the con-The 'Corsair' tacked first, and the 'Ailsa' gregation, but that the people were unable next. The 'Britannia' went further on and to rise to the standard set up for them by tacked ten seconds after the 'Ailsa.' The yachts were now making for St. Honorat, in the ministers. In Dr. McVicar's very a somewhat freshening breeze. The 'Ailsa' excellent paper this idea was elaborated. rounded the St. Honorat mark first, the He said : "The Saviour's command is 'Go 'Bricannia' second, and the 'Corsair' third.

preach the Gospel to every creature ;' The 'Ailea' began gaining after rounding the and that this message to the Apostie. "wa mark at St. Honorat, although the wind wholly out of touch with the spirit of the was still light. The yachts rounded the times." Such an acceptation of the mark beat at Point D'Aiguille as follows ;command of the Master is, perhaps, open 'Ailsa' ...... 11.54.55 . to examination. 'Britannia' ..... 11 56.50 'Corsair' ..... 12.00.15

Dr. McVicar seems inclined to preach It was now a long leg reach for the club the Gospel not so much to every creature house mark, during which the 'Britannia' as to those who would go to church no gained a little. Upon getting off on this matter what he preached. The Apos le reach all of the boats set their spinnakers. The club boat was rounded in this order :-'Ailsa' ..... 12.25.06

Britannia

this order :-

"Ailsa?

'Britannia'

Britannia

Britannia

corrected time.

Corsair

follows :--

to have given wider "interpretation to the injunction of Christ." It is true that Paul never ceased preaching "Christ and Rounding the club boat and getting away to make St. Honorat on the second round.

Our Rev. Mr. McKay ought to write Him Crucified," but the man who told the Telegraph's article on the Chatham | that he was a Pharisee and the son of a

rection of the dead he was called in ques-

Y. M C. A rooms. The class is open to al men, whether member, of the association or not. All wishing to join may give in their names immediately to the general outside of the imperial family of Germany, Secretary. When the class is once or anized and study begun no new pupils will be received

> The boys had a "Loyalty Rally" last Saturday. The Association parlor was specially decorated. A handsome portrait of Queen Victoria adorned one wall, over wh ch was draped a large Canadian flag. number of smaller flags were hung above the three windows of the room, and the portieres between the parlor and reading room were partially drawn back and a Ganadian flag draped in the opening. This program was carried out:-

1-Singing, "Hold the Fort," 2-Scripture Reading and Praver. 3-Singing, "Onward Christian Soldiers." 4-Recitation, "The Drummer Boy," Douglas Steel

5-Esay, "Queen Victoria", ArchieFraser. 6 -- Singing, "God save the Queen." 7-7-Address, "Patriotism, 'R B Bennett 8 -Singing, "My own Canadian Home." In addition to the organ the music was greatly helped by the violin played by Herb McDonald.

Mr S. McLoon will conduct the boys' neeting next Saturday morning.

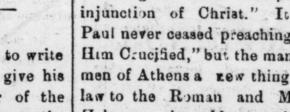
Neglect of the hair often destroys its vitality and natural hue, and causes it to fall out. Before it is too late, apply Hall's Hair Renewer, a sure remedy.

A \$300 PIANO

\$250 in Cash to be Given Away.

From the 2nd of March until the 2nd of September, 1895, with each dollar's worth of goods that you buy for cash at either of the stores of W. T. Harris, including the Cheap Cash Grocery on Henderson Street, you will receive a ticket for a plano, which is to be given away.

It will be conducted as follows :-Each ticket will have a number and a stub with a corresponding number, you will receive one of them with each dollar's worth of goods purchased from us for spot cash. The stub you will tear off and olace in a closed box, one of which we will have placed in each of our three stores. On the SECOND OF SEPTEMBER. the three boxes of tickets left with us will be opened and thoroughly mixed together in view of all, then some disinterested



the Last 50 Years Coug Medicines have been coming in and dying out, but during all this time .....

**50 YEARS** 

#### SHARP'S BALSAM OF HOREHOUND

Never Left the Front Rapk for Curing Croup, Coughs and Colds. All Druggists and most Grocerymen sell it. 127 25 Cents a Bettle.

& CO., PROPRIETORS. ARMSTRONG



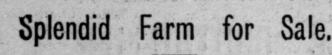
NOTICE TO HOLDERS TIMBER LICENSES CROWN LAND OFFICE, 12 JULY, 1894.

The attention of all holders of Timber Licenses i alled to Section 19 of the Timber Regulations, which reads as follows ;-

"19 No Spruce or Pire trees shall be cut by any Licensee under any License, not even for piling, which wil not make a log at least 18 feet in length and ten inches at the small end; and if any such shall be cut, the Lumber shall be liable to double stumpage and the License be torfeited"

and all Licensee; are hereby notified, that for the future, the provisions of this section will be rigidly enforced

> L J TWEEDIE. Surveyor General

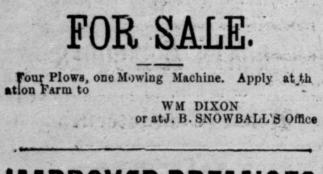


The subscriber offers for sale his farm at Napan, well known as the late John Bremner farm, which contains 100 acres more or less of land under cultivation and well watered, besides about 100 acres additional well wooded with pulp wood, cedar and firewood.

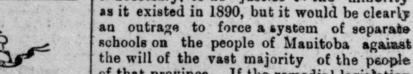
The farm is seven miles from Chatham which offers a fine market for its products. The land under cultivation is in splendid ion and the portion under grass will cut about fifty tons of hay this season, besides the usual mixed crops, for which it is well suited. It has a fne new two-storey dwelling, commodious barn and

other outbuildings. The district school is located on the property, and there is a church and also a blacksmith shop within a mile. There is a cedar bog on the farm and mussel mud in the river in front of it, which offer an exceptional privilege for obtaining fer-tilizing matter. Apply to

THOMAS TRAER. Lower Napar



am of opinion that under our constitution the Roman Catholic minority living in Manitoba, in 1890, is entitled to some consideration. They are clealy entitled to as much consideration as Protestants would have been if the Roman Catholics of Manitoba had increased more rapidly than the Protestants, and had passed school laws objectionable to Protestants. But I protest most strongly against the adoption of a separate school system for Manitoba by any other power but the Manitoba Legislature. The Dominion Parliament may interfere, if necessary, to do justice to the minority as it existed in 1890, but it would be clearly



of that province. If the remedial legislation be confined definitely to the Roman Outholio schools in existence at the time the Manitoba school acts of 1890 were passed, just Protestants could not reasonably object, and just Roman Catholics should be satisfied.

It appears from the foregoing that even some prominent orangemen have discovered that there are two sides to the Manitoba school question.

allow himself to be a candidate for St. Antoine (city) division. Sir

reply to the address recalled events bill the much debated Manitoba schools

question. He said I should say one word about. We have a very vexed question here before us at present, the smicable settlement of which will be, as I believe.

FOR THE REAL GOOD OF THE COUNTRY. It is a difficult question, but 1 believe that there is enough good sense among Canadirus

of it. I refer to the school question in and twenty or more years ago 1 commissioned-may I say selected or ap-

pointed-by the Canadian Government to go to the people of the North-West with A MESSAGE OF GOOD-WILL AND OF PEACE

from the Canadian Government, a letter from the then Governor-General. Sir John Young, and also a direct expression from the Queen herself of her regard for her

to education. Manitoba, and in their loyalty. That was in a letter that was cabled from England, and I was instructed to convey this exp

HER MAJESTY'S REGARD

to the people in the North-West. All these

documents gave the pledge that right and

instice would be done to the people of the

North-West in every case. I should,

perhaps, explain, because some of you may

not be able to look back so well as I can.

and may not know the circumstances of

the moment; I may say that we were not

at that time in the same happy relations

towards our friends on the other side of

the line as we are fortunately at the present.

moment. It was just after the 'Alabama"

difficulties and before the meeting of the

joint high commission in Washington, which

NORTH-WEST.

due to the bitter feeling of the United

States towards England and Canada, that

was well understood at the time-a very

great danger indeed. We know that swer

tures were made to these people of the Red

River settlement, from the state of Minne

sots, at any rate, and that money would

have been forthcoming, if necessary, to aid

any action on the part of the settlers

Eugland. We know that our friends on the

other side would have been right glad to

and we know also that they had a greater

appreciation of it at that time than we had

ourselves in Canada. As is usually the case

when they have anything to determine they

get to know the inside of it before they

come to arbitration. I think we have been

convinced of that on several occasions, and

with all this before us, it was felt by the

ASSURANCES OUGHT TO BE GIVEN

to the different articles contained in

THAT BILL OF RIGHTS.

at least as it was published at the time.

bill of rights. I have here

to the people of the North-West, both

antagonistic to either this comptry

THERE WAS A GREAT DANGER

took place in 1871.

government that

is as solemn a pledge for the good faith before the Governor-General in-Council, in which its guarantees shall be adhered to as the British North America Act. No one has ever denied that from the first settlement of the country, up to the time of passing the Manitoba Act, the schools were denominational. They were distinctly under Roman Catholic. Church of England, Presbyterian and real motive for this sudden interest in other sectarian control-according to their affairs and his apparent desire to be the religious preferences of the people their candidate and helper. It would be amongst whom they were established, unreasonable for Mr. Adams and the the civil governing authority-from the half dozen gentlemen who, if they have

time of Lord Selkirk in 1817, when the Church of England, as well as Roman Catholics were given aid for th eir schools, making regular grants to each. It was in order that this

privilege of separate schools might be secured to them by law that the Red River delegates to Ottawa 1870, had the following provision On Wednesday afternoon of last their bill of rights :-

week Sir Donald Smith of Montreal was waited upon by a large number. of prominent merchants of that city with an address and request for him to

we think, that the bill of rights formed the basis of the constitution of Mani-Donald accepted and in his speech in toba. The foregoing section 7 of the

would, of course, be a meagre which have an important bearing on provision to appear in an Act of parlia ment, but it is evident that the inten-

tion on all hands was to secure to the There is one other matter which I think people of that country what they had been accustomed to in the matter of denominational schools, so we find the

Act :

as a whole to secure a satisfactory solution Manitoba. It happened that some five following provisions : (1) Nothing in any such law shall was

> with respect to denominational schools which any class of persons have by law

At that time I had, besides a commission

subjects in the Red River settlement, new

following in Sec. 22 of the Manitoba In and for the province the said legislature may exclusively make lays in relation t education, subject and according to the

prejudicially affect any right or privilege looking for some other candidate.

or practice in the province at the union. lined brought again into the County (2) An appeal shall lie to the Governor-General-in-Council from any Act or decision its old representative, Mr. Mitchell. of the legislature of the province, or of any provincial authority, affecting any right or privilege of the Protestant or Roman Catholic minority of the Queen's subjects in relation his past political history enables us all to realise that he is not so much concerned

(3) In case any such provincial law as from time to time seems to the Governor-Generaliv. Council requisite for the due execution of may receive, or the party under whose t'ae provisions of this section is not made, banner he may go to the polls, as he is about or in case any decision of the Governorthe all-important matter of obtaining General-in-Council on any appeal under this seat in the House of Commons. Of section is not duly executed by the proper and in every such case, and as far only as I the circumstances of each case require, the parliamentof Canada may make remedial laws politicians are working, not for party, but this section and of any decision of the seem, at present, to be "Mitchell" Governor-General-in-Council under this section It is not a matter of wonder that fifths of the electorate, however, hopin Sir Donald Smith, or any other fair bill of fare to their liking may be presentminded map who is acquainted with ed. If Mr. Adams should be re-elected the circumstances of the people of the there is no reason to expect that he will Red River country in 1870, and rein any way change his treatment of the members the jealous care they exercised in guarding against any diminution of they have been accustomed since 1891. their privileges in regard to religious Should Mr. Mitchell be returned, and French language, should sympathise and fail to give him a seat in the cabinet with the minority who have had to struggle against great numerical odd of the scornful, devoting his parliamentary and organised prejudices to maintain the rights which seem so clearly guaranteed to them by an imperial land's interests would have no part. statute. What was promised to them "in the Queen's name." at a time when they might have ceased to remain the Queen's subjects, ought not to be denied to them now, even though, the bar

"There is nothing in the law to prevent public matters within his province as a man having all the whiskey he wishes on member of parliament-thus alienating his own premises for his own consumption, their interest in and personal regard for or for that matter for his friends, only he must not sell it. The prohibitory laws him. It is true that for a month or two have not come to this point yet; that is a past he has shown a disposition some developement which will come no doubt after our lady friends have obtained the what different from this, and extended right to have a say in the making of the the circle of his visit tions and conferaws. This Chatham club numbers about ences in the County, but it is also true 250 members. It buys its own liquors, and that there is an election not far off, so has them served on the club premises to members of the club who pay for them a politician-such a man would have kept the people will judge for themselves the

Social Club case says :-

allowed to purchase them. The decision of the magistrate is said to e final, though we should think some mode ought to be open to bring so important a question before the Supreme Court of the Province.

not controlled his policy as a representative, have been almost exclusively the custodians of his confidences and his ad visers in County matters, to expect any degree of enthusiasm among the people over the idea of his again being a candiour perhaps unsophisticated intelligence, downright nonsense. date. Indeed, it may be said that there

is a general feeling of regret that he has not realised his failure to meet their expectations and, even in the interest of hi way he does,

party, assist in placing in the field some

more efficient and acceptable man. 7. That the schools be separate and the

public moneys for schools be distributed It is, of course, of no practical use al among the different religious denominations this time to say that in view of the com in proportion to their respective population. parative absence of party feeling in It has always been acknowledged, Northumberland, there is good reason to believe that Mr. Adams had the opportumity to make himself almost invincible in the County. He was taken up four years ago by men of all shades of politics, who were tired of Mr. Mitchell and his absentceism. They hoped that Mr. Adams, being with them and of them, would be

> always within reach and in contact and sympathy with them. Had their expectations been realised, he would not only have retained the support of those who voted for him in 1891, but won that

many who did not do so. To his own neglect in this matter is due the fact that as the time has passed supporter after supporter has been alienated until, now, the great majority of the electorate are

The condition of things we have out

is true that he comes, this time, in the character of a Liberal, but a knowledge of

about the party complexion of the vote he provincial authority in that behalf, then Liberals or Conservatives, Northumberseems to have few indeed. The active for the due execution of the provisions of for persons and personal concerns. They "Adams" men, as the case may be, four almost against hope that a more suitable ed to the Central Experimental Farm people of the County from that to which education, as well as the use of the even the Liberal party come into power Ottawa, March 11th, 1895. it is not improbable that he would adopt hisold role of third party and sit in the seat knowledge to the promotion of a political brokerage business in which Northumberwas so in the past. What reasonable guarantee is there that it will not be so in the future ? It is well known that Mr. Mitchell's liberalism in Northumberland Christian country some young men, has but one plank in its platform. It is are sons of Christian parents and not

tion; who, when set upon by the mob in Jerusalem, claimed the ancient privilege of Jewry, and who before the judgment seat of Festus, on his right as a free born Roman citizen, defied bis Jewish prosecutors and appealed to Cæsar ; the man who does not appear to have been ever yet surpassed as a logician, an orator and

when received, no introduced guest being himself in touch with the people had he lived in the ninetsenth century and would have done his Divine Mission no hurt. The ministers cannot afford to quarrel with the young man. Their relations are

intimate and eternal. To lay the responsibility for the present apparent indiffer To talk about a "sale" of liquor by a club ence wholly upon the shoulder of the servant, who does not own the liquor, and young man is indefensible, as it would be does not keep the money paid for it, and is merely paid wages for drawing it and indefensible to lay it wholly on the bringing it to the club member seems to shoulders of the minister, but if the

church would go on and prosper the The belligerent oll gentleman will minister and the young man must be

observe that everybody doesn't view the brought together. decision of magistrate McCalley in the

## Canditates.

It is sellom that the Advocate gets as Distribution of Samples of Grain from near the pith of any subject it treats as successfully as it does in the following, which we take from yesterday's issue of by 13m. 13s. actual time, and by 12m. that paper :--During the past eight years samples of

"The Liberal Convention was held in those varieties of grain which have suc-Chatham on Monday as previously adverceeded best on the experimental farms tized in the Chatham "World," and the Richibucto, March 15 - Rev. Wm. Aitken result was that Hon.' Peter Mitchell was of Newcastle and Rev. Joseph McCoy of nominated as the candidate to run in the Chatham, representing the Miramichi Pres liberal interest at the coming election. bytery, visited the Presbyterian congrega-They had to make the best they could of tions this week to ascertain their feelings it, as Mr. Mitchell was bound to offer as candidate in spite of his statement on the | in reference to re-arranging the boundaries. husrings at the last election that that | A meeting was held at Bass River on Tueswould be the last time he would be before day afternoon and in the evening at West them as a candidate. But in spite of his Branch. Ou Wednesday afternoon the promise then he was again in the field as matter was heard in St. Andrew's church at the self nominated candidate, and the Kingston. Wm. J. Brait moved, second d by Liberals have had to accept, nolens James Girvan of Galloway, that no change volens, and now he is the liberal candibe made. The vote was nearly unanimous

While on the subject of candidates it in favor of the motion. The same evening would be well for the Advocate to take its received were so numerous that on this proposition was to take this section off of basis of distribution all the available readers into its confidence as to what the Kingston and put it on Kouchibouguoc. conservatives are thinking about or doing stock had been promised by the middle of twelve miles north of here. The congregain the matter of a candidate. Have they February, and all later applicants could tion expressed no desire to be separated started any requisitions yet? Have they from Kingston, besides they felt it would

This year my instructions are to send one sample only to each applicant, with the hope that with this limitation every farmer in the Dominion who so desires may share in the benefits of this useful candidate. Truly, the time seems to be later.

branch of the work of the Experimental a peculiar one in regard to the condidate

'Britannia' ..... 12 52 07 person will be chosen and approved of by Passing the Point D'Aiguille mark the those present. He will be blind folded and take one ticket from the collection. times was :-..... 1.07.50 'Britannia' ..... 1.11 00 'Corsair' At the club house mark, at the end

..... 12 48 30

..... 12 27.57

"Corsair" ...... 12,34.09

the 'Ailsa' took the windward and gained

on the first leg of the second round, so that

the yachts passed the St. Honorat mark in

and whoever holds a ticket with the same number will receive the plano, or if that person should not want the piane we will give him or her \$250 CASH FOR IT. the second round, the time was :--This is a square transaction and no one 1 29 40 can know until the second of September ..... 1.36. 9 'Corsair' ..... 1.56.59 who will held the ticket with the right number, bur some one is sure to hold it The Ailsa was 6 n. 33 .. ahead of the big

and get a \$300 PIANO OR \$250 IN CASH cutter when she turned the markboat to You will buy your goods as cheap as at make St. Honorat for the third and last any other store in Chatham, so you time, and continued to gain throughout the cannot waste your money. You get full remainder of the race. The yachts rounded value for every dollar you spend and some St. Honorat the third time, in this order .-one is sure to get the PIANO IN ADDITION. Buy your goods from us until the second of September and see if you can get the piano. The new boat made a fine run to Point

The piano is on exhibition in the brick d'Aguille, which the leaders passed as store. The above will apply only to retail

W. T. HRRRIS.

Chatham, N. B.

trade. Ailsa ..... 2 19 19

H. M. S:

The home run from Point d'Aguille was Wholesale and retail dealer in General much like the race had been throughout, the Groceries, Flour, Meal, Hay, Oats, Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Ready-made Clothing Ailsa steadily drawing away from the Bri tannia, and the Corsair hopelessly falling in and Gents' Furnishings, &c. the rear of the Prince of Wales' cutter. The leading boats crossed the finish line thus :-

The Presbytery.

The Model Parliament

gives to young men a rare chance to acquire The Ailsa, according to these figures, won information on subjects of public interest. and for practise in

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

Parliament meets Tuesday nights, at 8 o'clock, in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

FREE TO ALL.

Five Thousand Hides

Wanted.

I will pay cash on delivery for all the hides I cars rocure; also, I will buy ore thousand calf skins ither for cash or for exchange, Parties in any part of the County needing plaster

ing hair can be supplied by sending in their orde a meeting was held in the church here. The 5.15 WILLIAM TROY Chatham, May 15th, 1893.



The assessors of rates for the Parish of Chatham aving received warrnats for the assessment of the On the Parish for County Contingencies, \$ 700.82 for County School Fund, 2828-59 for Alms House, 427.00

On " " for Scott Act purposes, Ou " " for support of Pauper 82 72 On the Police district for Police and

On the Fire district for Fire purposes 1494 50

hereby request all persons liable to be taxed in

said parish to bring to the assessors within thirty

days from date a true statement of their property

and income liable to be assessed. The assessors

completed will be posted at the post office.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up

A. R' MELROSE, Trustee,

P. O. Box 253, Newcastle.

o and including Sa'urday, March 30th inst, for the

stock in trade belonging to the estate of Thes. A.

also give notice that their valuation list

Total

\$7764.71

Assessors.

called any convention of their party to

make a nomination ? Who does it think would rally to the standard of the gentleman it intimates is the conservative

what amount could be raised and report

Things to Remember. A cold in the head is the first cause of catarrh Catarrh is an unhealthy disease and often followed by consumption. Hawker's catarrh cure positively cures catarrh, cold in the head and all catarrhal

be impossible to raise the amount of money

to support a minister between here and

Kouchibouguae. They decided to find out

have been distributed on application in 3lb. bags to farmers in all parts of the Dominion free through the mail. The object in view in this discribution has

the Experimental Farm at Ottawa.

To the Editor of the Miramichi Advance.

been to improve the quality and character of these important agricultural products throughout the country. This work has

met with much appreciation and a considerable degree of success.

Last year I was instructed by the

Honorable Minister of Agriculture forward as far as practicable, two samples date in their interest." to each applicant, but the applications

**IMPROVED PREMISES** sion of

Just arrived and on Sale at

- Roger Flanagan's

Wall Papers, Window Shades, Dry Goods, Ready Made, Clothing, Gents' Furnishings Hats, Caps Boots, Shoes &c. &c.

Also a choice lot of GROCERIES & PROVISIONS FLANAGAN ST. JOHN STREET CHATHAM

PROFESSOR LEICESTER, organist of St. Luke's church, professeor of the PIANO, ORGAN, VOICE PRODUCTION have had the whole of that North-West, and whose pupils have taken the highest honors including the Bronze Me tal and Sterndale Bennett Scholarship Royal Academy of music,

LONDON, ENGLAND. FOR TERMS, APPLY AT RESIDENCE, QUEEN ST

Shanty, Camp and Boat Stove.

[From Miramichi Advance of Oct 11.] George Marquis of Chatham will be looked upon as a benefactor of smelt fishermen, sportsmen and others who may have the good fortune to pro cure stoves of the new pattern designed by him the first sample of which was put together at his well known shop at Chatham on Tuesday afternoon and shipped yesterday to Neguac It is to be used in a goose-shooter's camp at Tabusintac and for that purpose as well as for heating and cooking in smelt-fishermen's shantles it is just the thing I is about 20 inches long, 14 inches from front to back and the same from bottom to top The bottom top, door and dampers, ste are of cast iron and the sides and ends are composed of a sheet of 16 gauge sheet steel It will hold nearly twice as much wood as a star stove while owing to a new and peculiar form adopted in the bottom, it will burn either a small or large quantity of fuel, as may be desired It may also be fitted to burn coal There is a draft for forcing the tire and a damper for lessening the requirement that is more than local, and the cost, 5, places it within almost everbody's ability to buy it Mr Marquis has just begun to fill orders, and it will te well for those who intend to fish smelts

FISH ! whole of the Red River settlement, the and skirt composed of the same material, As the whole stock will be sold preparatory to spring movements tatives, as provided in the rules of th for no elusidation. boundaries of which were defined in Art. up serenely" again in the next election, as a fashion which speedily became universal. of merchandize, this sale should be of special interest to the shopping This expression happens to be in com-17 of the bill of rights, which reads as association. His reply was that the the judgment of the convicting court has He was not responsible for the introducbeen reversed by the Supreme Court of mon use among those profane fellows who follows: "That the Local Legislature of gentleman making the suggestion and public. this territory have full control of all the the State. A New York despatch says :- | would have done with all parsons if tion of crinoline, that having criginated Never say you can't get fresh fish in town and that they are all exported. We are offering at retail public lands inside a circumference having another, whom he named, wanted to run Erastus Wiman is now to all intents they could have their way ; but it neverwith the Empress Eugenie. TERMS CASH, Upper the party, but they couldn't do it and and purposes a free man. The people theless suggests a crystallization of the Worth made dresses not only for the J. D. CREAGHAN FORT GARRY AS & CENTRE, FRESH SALMON, MACKEREL, SMELTS, SHAD, the party could get along without them. may appeal to the Court of Appeals or doubts of many a thoughtful man who is royal ladies of Europe, but for the queens and the radius of this circumference be the number of miles that the American line is The same spirit was manifested towards they may take a new trial, or they may in no sense certain that the church at this EELS, CODFISH, BASS ETC. of society both in Europe and the Un ted distant from Fort Garry.' Of this 11,000 Dr. Wilson, when he asked a question drop the whole business. But if they should appeal to the Court of Appeals and end of the century is working as effectively Telephone orders will be attended to promptly. States and for the queens of the footlights or 12,000, perhaps 6,000, were French-speaking Roman Catholics. The other 5,000 which bore on the same subject. He the latter court should support the as it might. It seemed therefore to offer as well. His first royal customer was W.S. LOGGIE CO,LTD. Jan. 5, 1895

gain then made was an injudicious one

amenable to party discipline, for if any nated at the Liberal meeting of Monday last in Masonic Hall, Chatham, and there was, heforehand, a determination

to have it done there and then, regardless of the standing rule of the Liberal Association of the County prescribing

not be supplied.

The distribution now in progress consists of some of the most promising sorts of Oats, Barley, Spring Wheat, Pease, Field Corn and Potatees. Already more than 7,000 applications have been filled. All farmers desiring to participate in this distribution should send in their applications early, and state which of the above named samples they would prefer, and their wishes will be met as far as practicable, until the available stock is exhausted. The grain can be sent early, but the potatoes will not be distributed until the danger of being injured in the transit by frost is over. Letters address-

> may be sent free of postage. WM. SAUNDERS. Director Experimental Farms.

Montreal Herald.] The Young Man and the Church.

No little heartburning has been prevoked by the recent frank discussion of the reasons why young men do not go to church. Of course, many young men do go to church ; but the object of the enquiry is to find out how it is that in the sole plank upon which he and his themselves unbelievers, so constantly most active adherents stand. It is to absent themselves from the place of wormake Mr. Mitchell the parliamentary ship. In an article in the Cosmopolitan candidate of the Libaral party whether some weeks ago, Eiward Bok attempted they like it or not. He and they are not to shift to the shoul lers of the clergy a nortion of the responsib lity for the canditate other than he were chosen, he failure of the Church to hold the young and they would probably walk over to men. He stouly declared that most of

the conservatives, where they were his acquaintances were young men before, and fight under that party's had not been touched with the prevailing scepticism, who accepted with some in It is because of such considerations as | telligence, albeit unquestioningly, the

all rights and privileges they had enjoyed attention of Mr. Kerr, who was made Men's suits and Irish frieze ulsters, worth \$15.00, cut down nothing for such easily won triumphs. keeping pace with the world in the conin the past. I was authorized to say such Erastus Wiman who was so important the same time, have a stove on which they can do president of the organization on Mon-Worth originated a number of styles that | to \$7.75. quite a range of cooking to place their orders with him, as early as possible. would be the case. I did say it would be test for the allegiance of the young men, a factor in the Dominion campaign of day, to the desirability of permitting all the case. (Hear, hear.) But I think in Ladies' Furs and jackets, half price. were destined to revolutionize the world and in this connection he made use 1891 and has been for a year or more connection with that I should make one the parishes to have a say in the matter of feminine dress. Among these was the the expression "keeping in pace with the explanation. At that time there was some under a cloud, having been convicted of forgery in New York, will probably "bob people" which is so suggestive as to call through their duly accredited represenshort skirted walking costume, with jacket 11,000, certainly not 12,000, people in the

# The Great Dressmaker Dead.

The death of Worth, the great Parisian dressmaker, is announced. The New York Herald says :-

Much interest and much regret will be excited by the announcement that Mr. Worth, that monarch of the dressmaking world, that king of couturiers, is dead. Nature's waywardness was never better Ilustrated than in her choosing a bluff Englishman and sending him forth from his native Lincolnshire to beat the French It is the children's favorite. on a ground that previously had been

considered peculiarly their own. Mr. Worth was the son of a solicitor, and was born at Bourne, in Lincolnshire, some seventy years ago. When his father died he went to London and found a positio n in a well known dry goods firm. There he developed and perfected his appreciations of the productions of the French milliners and dressmakers, superintending large patronage given them. the unpacking of every case of pattern

garments that arrived, and speedly becoming an authority in all matters connected with a stylishness of cut and tastefulness of trimming. But Paris alone afforded a field for the full exercise of his talent, and to Paris he accordingly went. He became a member of a Parisian firm and imparted to the productions of that house a stamp of style and elegance exceeding anything ever before known in

the annals of Parisian fashion. The Empress Engenie, then in the prime of womanhood and in the full perfection of her incomparable beauty. was delighted with the dresses invented for her by the brilliant young Englishman, and Worth speedily became the dress maker par excellence to the imperial court. At the first universal exhibition

the whole of the discussions in the convenin Paris, in 1855, Worth appeared for the these that the great majority of both faith of their fathers, and who sat not in Among other things, it gives what tion. the mode of making nominations. The first and only time as an exhibitor. His Liberals and Conservatives are apethetic | the seat of the scornful. He threw out was said by the delegates, the bill of rights disposition of the gentlemen controlling over the matter of the next election in the suggestion, based upon his enquiry contribution, a court mantle in white Full yd. wide grey cottons 3c per yard, worth 5c. that they put forward, and my answers to heat at will The top has two pot-holes and these heat at will The top has two pot-holes and these may, by the removal of the dividing centre-piece, which is of the usual form, be converted into an oblong hole for a big beiler or oblong pan Alto-gether, the new shanty-stove seems to meet a One of these says, I need not detain the meeting was disclosed a few days silk, entirely covered with elaborate Northumberland, and feel like saying among these young men, and upon them. A special line fine heavy grey cotton yd. wide, 6c worth 9c. you to quote the exact words, but it says embroidery in gold thread, the artistic with Mercutio : "A plague o' both your somewhat extensive personal experience in before it took place, when an old " hite cottons, Gingh ams and flannelettes. in effect that pattern of which was designed by himself, church going, that at least a portion of houses. Liberal of the County, and former Scotch wool, tapestry and hemp carpets, all reduced THEY SHALL HAVE PRESERVED TO THEM carried off the first prize almost without the blame rested with the preachers. EVERYTHING THEY HAD HAD IN THE PAST worker in the party ranks, directed the accordingly. contestation. Since then he has cared Wiman again Frez. He intimated that the church was not during the coming winter, as well as sportsmen and gunners who want to be comfortable and, at

SAMUEL WADDLETON. GEORGE STOTHART, WM. DAMERY, Cause and effect ; constipation is the cause Chatham, Feb 27, 1895. of a host of diseases. Hawker's liver pills cure constipation, thereby preventing its

Chatham.

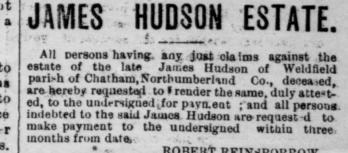
Clark, Newcastle.

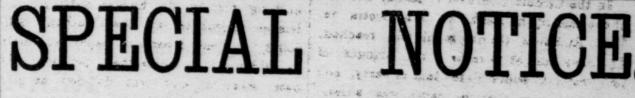
consequent ills. Tenders for Stock. For children's coughs and colds Hawker's balsam of tolu and wild cherry is unequalled

T. M. C. A. Notes.

The ladies committee met on Tuesday Caps, etc Parties tendering to state whether paynents will be made in cash or approved endorsed afternoon to further arrange for the "Cobweb" on next Tuesday. The commit-The bighest tee has the assistance of a very large number accepted. of its friends, and is determined to make Store will be open Stock list on and after Monday. 25th inst. the "Cobweb" a notable event. As this is the only occasion on which the committee. as such, has come before the public during the association year, the ladies are confident JAMES that their effort will be appreciated, and

The Y. M. C. A. has undertaken to re-form the class in vocal music which was started early in the winter, and had to discontinue its study because of the absence from town of its teacher. Professor Leicester | make payment to the undersigned within has been engaged to instruct the class. Lessons will be held once a week, in the Chatham March 14 1895





Great closing out sale of staple dry goods, men's clothing, household drapery, ladies' dress goods, furs and jackets, carpets, blankets, flannels grey cottons, ginghams and flannelettes. All to be slaughtered in price at J. D. Creaghan's stores, Chatham and Newcastle. As this sale is peremptory and sure, if you want merchandise for spring sewing or grey cottons for snow bleaching this is the time and place for bargains.

This file of the 'New Nation' is, perhaps, the only complete copy extant, and gives

French-speaking and Euglish-speaking, both Roman Catholics and Protestants of all Politics in Northumberland. denominations, that equal right would be done to all. In the conventions that took It was, of course, a foregone concluplace, a bill of rights was put forward, and sion that Mr. Mitchell was to be nomias representing the Dominion Government. which I was empowered to do, I answered