

WARMUNDE IS OFFERING

BARGAINS SPECIAL

CLOCKS, JEWELLRY, Silverware & Novelties.

during the summer. All new goods. Give We are glad to welcome visitors, pleased to show our goods and ready to make close prices to all. EXPERIENCED WATCHMAKER Pallen Corner, Chatham, N. B.

HARRIS has just received a lot of

FANCY TABLE MOLASSES TRY IT. OTOD

Cramps and all such

Complaints Summer

PENDLETON'S PANACEA?

Propr. of Pendleton's Panacea, I wish to give you a few words in praise of your Panaces. I was a victim of Cholera for some two or Panacea. I was a victim of Cholera for some two or three weeks, during which time I consulted different doctors, and tried different patents, but seemed to get no relief, until I commenced using Pendleton's Panacea, which very shortly cured my complaint Trusting this will be a service to you.

Yours sincerely

W. E. ROOD. Ask for Pendleton's, Take no PRICE 25CTS.

MURDOCH'S NEW

HOUSE FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

The Best in 5 frame Brussels Carpet at 85c to \$1.75c
The finest Tapestry
The Heavest Wools
The Best Made Unions
at 30c to 75c The Best Made Unions

At 30c to 75c
The newest in Dutch Carpet at 20c to 30c
At 12c to 25c
Floor Oil Cloth in Handsome Patterns and 4-4
6-4 8-4 and 16-4 at 28c to 45c per sq. yd.
Lace Curtains at 25c to \$5.00 per pair.
F'cy Fish Net Curtains (the latest) \$1.75 to \$10.00

Mr. Fraser married Martha, eldest per pair. Fancy Muslin Curtains Curtain Lace, 15c per yd, and upwards. Paper Blinds, Curtain Poles, Counterpanes, Table Covers and a complete line of New House Furnishings,

PIERCE BLOCK, CHATHAM, N. B.

GO TO PORTLAND, BOSTON, ETC.

VIA THE Canada Eastern Railway and Fredericton,

Leave	Loggieville	6.00 a.r
"	Chatham	6.12 a.r
"	Chatham Jc.	6.45 a.n
"	Doaktown	8.50 a.n
· ·	Boiestown	9.35 a.n
	Cross Creek	10.47 a.n
Arrive	Fredericton	12.15 p.n
Leave	"	
Arrive	D	4.20 p.n
	Bangor	11.10 p.n
4	Portland	3.50 a.n
"	Boston	7.25 a.n
Pullma	an Sleeper ru	
from I	Cradovieton 1	ins diroug

INSURANCE

Boston.

The Insurance business heretofore carried on the late Thomas F. Gillespie, deceased is contin by the undersigned who represents the follow Companies:—

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL, ALBION, IMPERIAL, LONDON, & LANCASHIRE, ÆTNA, HARTFORD, NORWICH UNION PHŒNIX OF LONDON,

FRANCES A. GILLESPIE

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE

All persons having claims against the estate of Elizabeth Walls late of Chatham, Milliner, deceased, are required to file the same duly attested with the undersigned, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to JAMES F. CONNORS, Chatham.

JAMES D. MURPHY, Administrators. Chatham, 26th August, 1896,

BREMNER

Agent for P. S. MacNutt & Co., Agricultural Machinery Implements of all Kinds. Hardwick Village, Bay du Vi Call and examine my stock and get prices terms, which are as good as the best.

INTERCOLONIA RAILWAY



On and after Monday the 7th September, the trains of this railway will run daily (Sunday excepted) as follows: WILL LEAVE CHATHAM JUNCTION.

Through express for St. John, Halifax and Pictou, (Monday excepted)
Through express for Quebec and Montreal,
Accummodation for Moncton
Accommodation for Campbellton,

ALL TRAINS ARE RUN BY STANDARD TIME. EASTERN D. POTTINGER,

Miramichi Advance.

Death of Hon. John J. Fraser, Lieutenant-Governor of New Brunswick.

A despatch of Tuesday night to Hon. Provincial Secretary Tweedie at Chatham announced the death of His Honor Lieutenant-Governor Fraser, which took place at Genoa on that day. Accompanied by Mrs. Fraser, he left Fredericton on Monday, 2nd inst., for Genca, in the hope of regaining his health, or, at least, prolonging his life, but the journey appears—as too often happens-to have had an effect the opposite of that hoped for, and the sad announcement that has come over the Atlantic, although not wholly a surprise, is in the nature of a shock.

The news is received throughout New Brunswick with unusual regret, but nowhere with more mournful interest than on the Miramichi, where the deceased governor was born and by so many of whose people he has always been regarded as a personal friend, while all have felt that his success in public life, attained by honorable means at the bar and in the political arena, as well as on the bench and as the chief executive officer of the Province, has been a source of pride and honor to the

Mr. Fraser was the son of the late John Fraser, who came from Invernessshire to Nova Scotia in 1803 and removed to Miramichi in 1812. He was born at Beaubair's Island on August 1st, 1829 and was, therefore, in his 68th year at the time of his death. After receiving his education at the Grammar School, Newcastle, he studied law with Messrs. Street & Davidson, was enrolled as an attorney in 1850 and went to reside in Fredericton the next year. In 1852 he was admitted to the bar of the Province. In 1865 he was elected to represent York, but was defeated in the "Confederation election" of 1866; also in the House of Commons election of 1867. In June, 1870, he was appointed to the Legislative Council, but resigned in 1872 and was elected as one of York's Assembly representatives. He was president of the Executive Council from June 2nd. 1871 until July 1872, when he became Provincial Secretary, succeeding the late Geo. L. Hatheway in that office. exchanging it for that of Attorney-General and Premier in 1878. He resigned in 1882 and was defeated in the Dominion election in 'May of that year. The following December he was appointed a judge of the New Brunswick Supreme Court in succession to the late Judge Duff and remained on at 30c to 65c at 65c to 1.10c the bench until called to the Lieutenant

> Mr. Fraser married Martha, eldest laughter of the late Alex. Cumming of Fredericton in September, 1867, who | \$2 will be made in the spring .- [Ottawa died in March, 1871. In May, 1884, Flag. he married Jane M. P., daughter of the late Hon. Charles Fisher, D. C. L., Judge of the Supreme Court, Frederic-

ton, who survives him. Flags are flying at half mast in Chatham on the staffs of the Dominion Public building, Hon. J. B. Snowball, Millet Salter and others and the Lieutenant-Governor's death is the subjest of regretful comment in town and

The Tariff Question.

The subject of the tariff is being enquired into by a committee of the Dominion Ministry consisting of Finance Minister Fielding, Sir Richard editor of the ADVANCE, but it n. | Cartwright and Hon. William Paterson. They are, of course, not conducting their investigation in the famous "Red Parlor" in Toronto, or being "dictated to" by the "bloated manufacturers" and "combinesters," but they have been consulting all sorts and conditions of manufacturers and other business men, with the result, so far, that there is a remarkable unanimity of statement against free trade. The Toronto Globe seems to have an inclination for "kicking over the traces" and it has resorted to the cartoon to illustrate its evident opinion that too the consumer is not consulted at all. The Globe's interference is, however, ill-timed, for that paper ought to assume that the enquiring ministers will not neglect the duty of ascertaining the views of all classes interested in the subject who can aid in throwing light upon it. It may, also, be safely assumed that the more light they receive the greater will be their disposition to recede from the position of Sir Richard Cartwright, when he declared in parliament that protection must be destroyed in Canada, root and branch, no matter who or what might suffer. Now that he is a responsible minister he wi probably take a more rational and practical view of the subject.

The Manitoba School Question.

It does not appear to have been a very difficult matter for the Dominion and Manitoba Governments to settle the vexed school question of that Province an agreement having been arrived at and ratified last week. The terms, as officially announced, are as follows -

1. Legislation shall be introduced and passed at the next regular session of the legislature of Manitoba embodying the provisions hereinafter set forth in amendment to the Public Schools act for the purpose of settling the educational questions that have The sums required under the bill will be broken husband for divorce. If the ing.

been in dispute in that province. 2. Religious teaching to be conducted as attending the school in the case of a rural district; or by the parents or guardians of at least twenty-five children attending a school in a city, town or village.

the afternoon and to be conducted by any person duly authorized by such clergyman, or by a teacher when so authorized.

of the trustees, or where so required by the petition of the parents or guardians, religious teaching during the prescribed period may take place only on certain OHATHAM, N. B., - NOVEMBER 26, 1896. pecified days of the week instead of on every teaching day.

> 5. In any school in towns and cities where the average attendance of Roman Catholic children is forty or upwards, and in villages or in rural districts where the average attendance of such children is twenty-five or upwards, the trustees shall, if required by the petition of the parents or guardians of such number of Roman Catholic children respectively, employ at least one duly certified Roman Catholic teacher in

In any school in towns and cities where the average attendance of non-Roman Catholic children is forty or upwards, and in villages and rural districts where the average attendance of such children is twenty-five or upwards, the trustees shall, if required by the petition of parents or guardians of such children, employ at least one du'y certificated non-Roman Catholic

6. Where religious teaching is required to be carried on in any school in pursuance of the foregoing provisions, and there are Roman Catholic children and non-Roman Catholic children attending such school, and the school room accommodation does not permit of the pupils being placed in separate rooms for the purpose of religious teaching, provision shall be made by regulations of the Department of Education (which regulations the Board of School Trustees shall observe) whereby the time allotted for religious teaching shall be divided in such a way that religious teaching of the Roman Catholic children shall be carried on during the prescribed period on one-half of the teaching days in each month, and the religious teaching of the non-Roman Catholic children may be carried on during the prescribed period on one-half of the teaching days in each month. 7. The Department of Education shall

have the power to make regulations not inconsistent with the principles of this act for the carrying into effect the provisions 8. No separation of the pupils by religious denominations shall take place during

the secular school work. 9. Where the school room accommodation at the disposal of the trustees permits, instead of allotting different days of the week to the different denominations for the purpose of religious teaching, the pupils may be separated when the hour for religious teaching arrives, and placed in separate

anguage other than English), as their native language, the teaching of such pupils shall be conducted in French or such other language), and English upon the bi-lingual

11 No pupils to be permitted to be present at any religious teaching unless the arents or guardians of such pupils desire it. In case the parents or guardians do not lesire the attendance of the pupils at such religious teaching then the pupils shall be ismissed before the exercises, or shall emain in another room.

The settlement is, in the main, received with general approval, and as it has been made by Mr. Laurier, whose overwhelming majority in Quebec. was largely gained in the general election in consequence of his attacks upon the late government's attitude in connection with the Remedial bill, we presume it will be sufficiently satisfactory to that province to warrant the belief that the question is happily removed from the arena of active Dominion politics

PRICES OF CANADIAN LUMBER have advanced, the past week to the comfort and advantage of that great interest. It is good news for tens of thousands of men who depend on the trade for a living. It is probable more men than usual will be sent up into the woods this winter in consequence. The Chicago Lumbermen's Association has advanced prices 50 cents to \$1 per thousand feet, and large dealers there think a further advance of \$1 to

Queen's Counsel.

By a recent judgment of the Supreme Court it is held that the local governments, and not that of the Dominion, have the right to appoint Queen's Counsel in the respective provinces.

"There are Others."

We thought, the other day, when began reading the following from the Courrier du Canada-

"Fanatic, impostor, calumniator, persecutor and rebel, such is the man chosen by the great French-Canadian Laurier to represent Manitoba and complete the Liberal cabinet at Ottawa."that it was an extract from either the World, Herald or News, referring to the feeble imitation of the "heroics" of those papers and was applied to Mr. Clifford Sifton, the new minister of the Interior.

New Steamer for the Island.

Capt. McIlhinney of the Marine Department went the other day to Kingston, Ont., to take the Dominion steamer Petrel to Prince Edward Island, where she is to ply to the mainland between Traverse and Cape Tormentine. At this point the distance is only nine miles. whereas the route of the Stanley is 45 miles. If the Petrel is fairly successful it will probably result in a heavier winter steamer being put on over the short route. The Petrel will not cross under much attention is being given by the dangerous conditions, but will be an aid committee to the manufacturer while to the service. The Stanley will resume her regular work.

The Horse is still on Top. A fortnight since quite a flourish trumpets took place in connection wit the inauguration of travel on the streets of London by motor vehicles. There was a great assemblage of self-propelling carriages of all kinds and it was predicted that the future of the horse in London would be the same as in Paris, where very large business is done in fattening and slaughtering them for the table. late despatch, however, says that there has been no such widespread appearance of motor vehicles as the public expected Only isolated motor carriages appear i the streets of London. A motor omnibu has been tried to Brighten, but the horse rules as supreme as ever and the conges-

Startling Statement of Overwith the reclamation of marsh lands and hereinafter provided (1) if authorized by a any relation to the claims of Ireland are to be treated in this way the marriage resolution passed by a majority of the arising from the report of the financial service had better be amended. ommission that she is annually over- Subscriptions to the City park fund ing for religious teaching and signed by the taxed £2,500,000 is as yet only known to aggregating \$1,363 50 are acknowledged parents or guardians of at least ten children | the chiefs of the treasury. There is a | by the treasurer. wide diversity of opinion on the conclusions of the commission. Sir Michael attempted suicide last Tuesday by taking Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Ex-3. Such religious teaching to take place chequer, does not agree with the commis-between the hours of 3.30 and 4 o'clock in sion. Sir William Vernon Harcourt is It is thought that she will recover, Christian clergyman whose charge includes understood to coincide with Sir Michael

that Ireland has long be overtaxed, the 12 or 15 cents he would be hailed as a amount yearly is not nearly equal to the sum stated above. Mr. Dillon's demand for a balance of accounts, with an enormous restitution of the overplus to Irewill be a good political cry, but it very obviously is not 'business.'

A Political Newspaper's Failure.

Confiding people who are induced by designing political agitators to put their money in party newspapers should be warned by the experience of the investors of moderate means in the defunct Boston Standard, the organ of the P. P. A. which failed a few weeks since. The assignees learn that about \$500,000 was used up in about eighteen months. The board of directors, most of whom had no newspaper training, and had about as much idea of journalism as the ordinary printer, would not be guided by the experienced men whom they had, themselves, placed in charge, the result being most gigantic failure in newspaper history, considering the time in which it was put through. It is said many women of moderate means had money in the undertaking.

By-bye, Baby!

Our little friend, the Herald, has, evident'y, changed editors again. It has ceased to give the "dead cold shake and 'the stony stare' to the Minister of Rulways and is really "cultivating" him It is also apologising for the Government at O tawa in its delay of making certain appointments for which it, not long since, was charging neglect of its real friends at the instigation of its enemies. Its chief backers, too, have recently ceased to revile Hon. Mr. Blair as a dishonest and corrupt public man an!, in short, the whole ont5t has fallen into line, and it is understood that, hereafter, there is to be no grumbling, let the government do or speak the French language (or any The Herald is, of course, a little late in becoming wise, and we hope, for the sake of its trangual ty, that there will be no hitch in the fulfilment of the assur ances which its two principal writers think have been made to them. If, however, certain anticipations are not reali ed. it is probable that the little organ will again relapse into the hysterics with which it was troubled a mouth or so ago, and its present optimis n in reference to "the pickings" become a tender subject of mournful regret.

Canada's Bevereges.

An Ottawa despatch of Tuesday gives

aunual report of the Inland Rivenue report for 1896. It shows that less spirits and tobacco, but more beer and cigarettes than formerly were consumed during the last fiscal year. The quantity of spirits produced during the fiscal year was 4,382,210 proof gallons, compared 3,139,000 in 1895. The average for four years previous was 3,138,000. Duty was collected last year upon 2,344,000 proof gallons. The consumption per head of spirits was .62, or sixty-two gallons for every hundred souls in the Dominion. This is the smallest consumption since Confederation, the average in twentyhead. In 1895 it was .66 and 1894 it was .74. Of beer there was consumed 3.52 and if there is any reaction it must be gallons, against 3.47 in 1895 and 2.16 in slight. There has been a sharp advance 1870. Of wine the per capita consump- in oatmeal and millers are now asking tion was 2.12 compared with 2.16 in 1895 \$3.75 to \$4 per barrel. A heavy export ettes made in Canada, a little over six on sugar is maintained and the demand pounds for each male adult. There were is good. George S. DeForest & Sons are 108,290,000 cigars consumed, 106,131,000 in 1895 and an average of in the history of their firm. A commiswere manufactured to the extent of 77 .-664,000, against 54,493,000 in 1895 and damages against Dearborn & Co. of this 44,450,000 in 1894. To produce the four city, who are charged with selling Parker, millions odd gallons of proof spirits re- Eakins & Co. of that place a lot of inquired 74,000,000 pounds of grain, of ferior tea claiming it to be Union Blend. which 57,000,000 was corn, 12,000,000 The trial will probably be held on the rye, 754,000 oats and 31,000 wheat.

Advance's St. John Letter.

MARRIED MAN'S WOES-AFTER DEATH, BY H. L. S.-GENERAL GOSSIP-THE MARKETS, ETC.

About six months ago Mr. Frederick M. Hamilton of Brooklyn, a gentleman moving in the highest society, was married to a young lady whose social position was no less enviable than his own. When the clergyman interrogated her, "Wilt thou obey him," meaning Mr Hamilton, "and serve him, love, honor and keep him, in sickness and in health:' she firmly and unhesitatingly answered in the affirmative. Mr. Hamilton thought he was happily fixed for life, but his dreams of bliss have been rudely dispelled. Frank as Mrs. Hamilton appear ed while standing at the altar, it seems that she pledged herself to obedience with a mental reservation. The other day while the couple were taking a walk Mr. Hamilton suggested that Mrs. Hamiton should throw herself under a passing electric car. Mrs. Hamilton declined. Mr. Hamilton reminded her of he marriage vows and their solemnity; he told her that her taking off would be sudden and almost painless; that her obedience would make his happiness complete. still she was obstinate. Mr. Hamilton tion of horse and caravan traffic reigns was grieved by this perversity, still he did not resort to any harsh measures. While he felt that he had an undoubted right to command, he thought it would not be undignified to yield a little to the A London despatch of 21st says that prejudices of his wife. He therefore "the government has agreed upon the suggested that she drown herself in the formation of an agricultural board for river, but notwithstanding his pleadings Ireland. This measure was in the pre- and arguments, she refused point blank gramme for last session. It will deal to comply with his wishes and went home to her mother in a huff. Not content the afforesting of districts either long with her disobedience, her disregard of by Prof. Flinders Petrie, who finds existsince denuded of trees or, under modern her marriage vows, Mrs. Hamilton has ing museums far too small to receive the knowledge, capable of being afforested. brought an action against her heartconsiderable. Whether they will have pledges contained in the marriage service

A girl, 11 years old, living in this city, poison. She had, it is said, been criminally assaulted, and had no desire to live.

Competition has reduced the price of

public benefactor.

All of the river and lake steamers, after a successful summer's business, will soon go into winter quarters. Two disorderly houses were raided by

the police last week and their inmates. with one or two exceptions, were fined

The Concordia of the Donaldson line and the Lake Haron of the Beaver line are now en route to this port.

Passenger traffic on the southern division of the Central railway was suspended for the winter last Saturday. There are in port uncleared two ships,

four barques, three barquentines, two brigantines and 14 schooners. S. S. Lake Huron bound from Liverpool to this port brings 110 passengers.

Local time is now recorded at the Custom house. Pumpkin pies. Thanksgiving day

Time flies. Calendars for '97 are here Great flocks of wild geese passed southward over the city last night. Saturday was a cold day in the city. The thermometer registered 13° above

The actual damage occasioned by the land slides at Sand Point was about \$15,000. The winter business of this port will not be seriously affected. AFTER DEATH.

Here where I lie The yellow leaves are falling, And in the wood near by Belated birds are calling, Each unto each, -'Tis time to be away-The airs grow frosty and the skies grow gray." Here where I lie

The brown and withered grasses Give sigh for sigh To every breeze that passes Close by my pillow chirps the cricket drearily And by my feet the brooklet murmurs eerily. Here where I lie

Comes never sound of labor, And never nigh Comes old-time friend or neighbor, Why should they come? I bid thee tell me Why? They live and more -a clod, inert, am I. Here where I lie

Is room for one beside me: When thou shalt die May angels hither guide thee : No matter then how storm or tempest rages, Peace will be ours through all the countless

Some magnificent banners have been painted by F. H. C. Miles of the Academy of Art for Hibernia and Union lodges F. & A. M. of this city and for the Orangemen of Pisarnico. They have been much admired by visiting brethren abroad. Mr. Miles does a good deal of this work, banners, bannerets and transsome interesting statistics from the parencies, sitk, satin, bunting, cotton. etc., for masonic lodges, Foresters, Oddfellows, Knights of Pythias and other organizations.

Northrop & Co., the enterprising young merchants of South Wharf, having their wholesale grocery, fruit and fish business firmly established, are giving especial with 2,605,787 in 1895. The quantity attention to such reliable specialties as warehoused was 4,597,000 gallons, against Golden Finnen haddies, English Army blacking, Foam yeast and Instantaneous tapioca, which lead all other products of their kind in the market.

The flour market remains steady. Some of the leading Ontario millers think a slight reaction in prices is probable, while other good authorities are of the opinion that the large export demand will seven years being over one gallon per keep prices up. Ontario farmers are delivering wheat only in small quantities and 2.26 in 1894. The French treaty has demand has set in and the advance is primary schools of Russian villages. not yet made Canadians any more partial almost sure to be maintained. Beans are to wine. The quantity of tobacco con- 5 cents per bushel lower. The market Ekaterinoslav states that 227 out of the sumed during the year was 9,633,000 on pork and lard is a shade weaker but pounds, or 340,000 pounds less than the prices are unchanged. Evaporated apples average of the past four years. Half a are lower and the very choicest packs are tree-plantations, or farms, -averaging a million pounds of Canadian tobacco was sold at 5 cents. Pickled herring are very little more than an acre in size, -at used in the factories. There are 1,500,- scarce. Nothing in choice Canso or Lab- which gardening, tree culture and silk-000 men above the age of twenty in the rador is obtainable. No. 1 shad is quoted Dominion. This would make the average at \$4.25 to \$4.75. Cream of Tartar is consumption of tobacco, snuff and cigar- two cents per pound lower. The advance against | experiencing the most active fall business 110,192,000 for four years. Cigarettes sion has been appointed to go to Yarmouth and take evidence in their suit for 27th inst. and is the subject of much

Paddy Brown of Loch Lomond fell from his vehicle last Friday night and died from his injuries and exposure soc after he was found Saturday morning. He was about 50 years of age. Ten deaths were reported in the ci

St. John, Nov. 22.

Buckingham's Dye for the whiskers is the best, handiest, safest, surest, cleanest, most economical and satisfactory dye eve nvented. It is the gentlemeu's favorite.

"Advance" Scientific Notes.

The light of the starry sky has bee recently found by Capt. Abuey to be bont 1-44 that of the full moon, which is placed at 1-600,000 that of the sun at

The bison is becoming extinct in Russia, as in America, the carefully protected herd of the forest of Bjelowjesha, in Lithuania, having dwindled from convened, on advice of his attorney, he 1900 in 1856 to less than 500. The weasels of North America, accord-

ng to Dr. C. Hart Merriam, number 22

species, 11 of them now first described

They represent the sub-genus Ictis, the sub-genus Putorius being a ferret of the same genus. The canals of Mars are explained b M. Tornebohm as trade roads, which extending across desert regions, are irr gated by artesian wells and are thu

given a deep border of vegetation of

The purchase of a 500-acre lot near London, to be gradually covered by an immense ethnological museum, is urged material explorers are so rapidly unearth-

A new life-buoy, invented by an officer of the Austro-Hungarian Navy, consists of a hollow-metal ball, filled with compressed air, and a pair of semi-globular wings of rubber-covered cloth. On turning a screw, the air inflates the wings, of 38 pounds.

Diseases, according to Dr. McCassy, have characteristic odors. In scurvy the odor is putrid, in chronic peritonitis any portion of the school district, or by a Hicks-Beach, and there is direct authority alleged sausages in this city to five cents | musky, in syphillis sweet, in scrofula like

sane asylums have an odor peculiar to themselves.

An Irish observer estimates that wasps captured between 300 and 400 flies on two of his cows in about 20 minutes. There was a constant stream of wasps carrying away flies, probably to feed the larvae in their nests, and returning to catch more. A white cow appeared to be a favorite with the wasps, as the flies could be seen at once against her skin.

The first daily weather map is usually supposed to have been that begun by Le Verrier on Sept. 16, 1863, in Paris. It has been pointed out, however, that a weather map, based on telegraphic reports, was issued in London every day except Sundays from Aug. 8 to Oct. 11, 1851, and was sold at the Great Exhibition. The longest base-line yet completed by

he United States coast and Geodetic Survey is the trans continental arc of the thirty-ninth parallel extending from a point on the Atlantic coast of Little Egg ten miles south Island lighthouse, below Cape May, to six miles north of Punta Arenas lighthouse. several miles above San Francisco. The line has cost about a million dollars.

The use of good rich river water. neither boiled nor fil ered, is the curious advice of Prof. Ray Lankester to people who would avoid cholera and typhoid. Such water, he explains, teems with microbes that prey upon each other, giving the human organism a chance; whereas the disease germs that may be imbibed in spring water flourish unmolested by the harmless bucteria whose duty is to destroy the dangerous species.

A possible mine of wealth in Mexico is pointed out by a British consular report. The leaf of the pineapple is said to furnish a fibre of extraordinary strength, which can be made into ropes cables, binding, twine, thread, mats. bagging, hammocks, paper, and even silk-like cloth. It is believed that the fine cloth of the Aztecs was made from this fibre. Modern Mexicans manufacture it but little, partly on account of the slow and wasteful method of separating it, and the foreigner with suitable machinery should reap a rich reward.

A striking presentation of the influence of chemistry and physics upon the evolution of our modern life was given by M. Berthelot in his presidential address to the International Congress of Applied Chemistry, recently held in Paris. The three-quarters of a century was contrasted with the previous development of the human race for 6,000 years, revealing a difference so great that we find now a new man in a new world, with social conditions which the past gives us no means of comprehending.

The loss of vessels by fire could be much lessened, a correspondent of London Engineering suggests, by the use of liquid carbonic acid. Cylinders of this substance should be suitably fastened in the highest parts of the hold and on deck, and a thermometer in the hold should be arranged to ring an electric bell at a certain temperature. Valve ropes in convenient places would enable the officer in charge to pull open the cylinders promptly on hearing the alarm. The liberated carbonic acid would expand, filling the hold and instantly smothering any fire without damage to goods. School gardens, or small model farms.

are rapidly becoming a feature of the report for the southern province 504 schools in the province already have small model kitchen gardens, orchards, worm culture are regularly taught. The teaching is mostly done by the school masters, who receive special instruction at summer schools or from local specialists. This province being nearly trocless, much attention is given to tree culture, silkworms ranking next in importance, and bee-keeping and vineyards being studied at some of the schools. In Central Russia the culture of cereals takes first place at the school farms, while in Caucasia the greatest interest is felt in silkworm culture and vine culture.

The Weather for Colds.

This is the time when colds are in the fashion-every body who is any body has one, if not himself there's one in the family. For no complaint under the sun are there more remedies than for a cold in the head. but of the thousands Chase's Catarrh Cure is the best. "In twelve hours I was cared of a bad cold in the head by Chase's Cure,' writes Miss Dwyer, Alliston, Oat. 25c. of all druggists, with blower free.

News and Notes.

Mr. L. Z. Joneas, ex-M. P. for Gaspe, has been appointed Superintendent of Fis and Game for the Province of Quebec at a salary of \$2,300 per annum, Mr. Chasse having resigned to assume the editorship of

St. Paul, Minn., charged with attempting to poison his wife, pleaded guilty last Friday and was sentenced to state prison for six years. He went on the stand during the morning in his own behalf and his ca went to pieces, so that when the court re pleaded guilty.

Rev. W. Johnson, Bishop of Fort Scott for those of a modern tool shop. Sickles, district of the Independent African Metho- bill-hooks, rakes, forks, spades, blacksmith's dist Episcopal church, was convicted in the tongs, hammers, soldering iron, planes and Federal Court, the other day, of making shovels are much like those of to-day; but false pension affidavits, and must go to the the most marvellous instruments are those penitentiary. That's harder on brudder for surgery, beautifully executed and of de-Johnson than if he had been caught in the sign exactly similar to some recently patentact of stealing chickens.

A Montreal despatch of last Thursday says: Capt. Delisle, of S.S. Tiber, arrested at Sorel and brought to Montreal charged with manslaughter in causing the sinking of the schooner Maggie Worth in St. John's harbor, whereby thirteen persons were drowned, has been released from custody on many of them ingenious and intricate. bail set at \$20,000. Stewart Munn and Lead pipes under the streets distributed the Paine's Celery Compound, and kindly gave Robert Dobeli are Captain Delisle's sure- water supply; and there were many public

Under the heading "A settlement that

will satisfy," the Orange Sentinel says "Notwithstanding the rumors to the contrary, we believe that the Manitoba school question is practically settled, and on terms that will be acceptable to the people of Manitoba and Protestants of Ontario. The principle of national schools will be maintions are that Mr. Laurier has kept his were asked for. Railway Office, Moneton N. B. 3rd September, 1896 4. Where so specified in such resolution | heads of the treasury concur in estimating | be induced to furnish the real sausage at | hysteria like violets, and so on. Even in | He probably sees a way to placate them. | they are now affording in the way of warn- and get it.



Fry everything from potato chips to doughnuts in Cottolene. Put Cottolene in a cold pan-heat it slowly until it will delicately brown a bit of bread in half a minute. Then put in your food. It will pay you to try Cottolene just this waysee how delicious and wholesome it makes the food. Get the genuine, sold everywhere in one, three, and five pound tins, with trade-marks THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Wellington and Ann Sts., MONTREAL.

DANGERS OF SPRING

Children die in the spring. Blotches bloom in the spring. Boils break out in the spring. Women weaken in the spring. Men lose energy in the spring. Pimples protrude in the spring. Old people suffer in the spring. Malaria is deadly in the spring. La Grippe spreads in the spring. Doctors' bills grow in the spring. Undertakers thrive in the spring. All diseases germinate in the spring. Scott's Sarsaparilla sells in the spring.

"Scott's Sarsaparilla is the most popular and successful spring medicine we sell. Everybody uses it."-J. D. Todd, druggist, Queen St. W., Toronto. Write Mr. Todd, or any other druggist for particulars.

USE SCOTT'S SKIN SOAP FOR THE COMPLEXION!

FOR SALE BY CLIFFORD HICKEY, CHATHAM, N B.

*************************** Prepare Now for the Cold



by seeing that all your ordered clothing is interlined with Fibre Chamois. It will not add weight and only costs a few extra cents. but it gives a grateful comforting warmth to men's, women's and children's clothing which will defy the coldest blasts of winter. For your own sake don't try to do without this backbone of all

Don't buy any ready-to-wear suits which haven't the Fibre Chamois label. Think of the healthful warmth, the difference in price doesn't count,

Reduced to 25 cents a yard.

winter comfort.

****************** The public should remember that he has ings through the columns of the press. not attempted coercion; he has not destroyed the national schools of Manitoba; he has kept his pledge to Ontario. The electors of the outer envelope. If the name "Diamond" this province and the people of Manitoba is not seen, rest assured you are being are to be heartily congratulated on the out-

come of the negotiations.

A Gloucester, Mass., paper of 14th says : -For more than a month Provincetown Harbor has been packed full of herring, something that has never been known before. A conservative estimate places the catch at over 1,000 barrels daily, taken by traps, seines and nets, and still the supply does not seem to diminish. There are now between 1,200 and 1,500 barrels lying in seine pockets between railroads and steamboat wharves, waiting for customers from Ireland, sixty-two years ago. From his the fresh fishing fleet. Barque Tillid and schr. J. K. Manning, of this city, with freezing plants on board, when they went to Provincetown at the beginning of the catch were light. Tc-day they are like a plank few years of unsettled life fixed his abode on the water, and a few more barrels will in the heart of New Brunswick's woods, complete their lading. Not only this, but where he built a log hut, and after cutting barrels upon barrels have been seined and some acres of timber began tilling the ground left upon the flats to be carted to the rear His time was spent between prayer and of the town and used as a fertilizer on the work, for he lived alone, and was separated gardens and hay lands. For a continuous from his nearest neighbor by a distance of eatch of such magnitude and for such a length of time, the like has never been known in this or any other country.

A good story is told of the four-year-old daughter of a prominent clergyman not a thousand miles from Bangor, who has lately mastered the nursery rhyme, "If at first you don't succeed, try, try again.' The hour of little Mabel's departure to the land of "Bye-bye" had arrived, and the child came toddling into the sitting room to say her prayer, at mamma's knee. It had been a trying day in the nursery, and the nurse had had occasion several times to call for assistance in the management of what that day had proved a very unruly little miss. The child seemed conscious of her fall from grace, and it was with a very sober face that she came to ask forgiveness. After repeating the time honored "Now I lay me down to sleep," she continued as was her wont, "An now, Dod, please bess mamma an' papa, an' make me a dood dirl -" Here she paused, and then, with a seriousness which convulsed the other members of the family and completely won her mother's forgiveness, she added : "An' Rev. J. C. Hil, the preacher on trial at if at first you don't succeed, try, try

> In a study of the tools of the ancient Romans as preserved at Pompeii, Prof Goodman has been most impressed by the resemblance between many of the ments of 1800 years ago and those of to-day. Except for the rust, the iron tools Pompeian factory might almost be taken ed and re-invented. Incredible as it may request, and was delivered from her life of appear, the Pompeians had well-made wireropes. The brocze brazier and kitchener had boilers at the side and taps running off for the benefit of the thousand that have the hot water; and there were ewers and not yet found a cure; she says: urns with interior tubes and furnaces precisely like the present arrangement in steam boilers. Metal safes had substantial locks, drinking fountains, with private fountains in most of the large houses.

Sad Complaints.

Ladies Must Protect Themselves. equal to a good day's work.

Several ladies have recently written to tained throughout, and the concessions that the manufacturers of Diamond Dyes comwhich then exert in water a lifting force have been made to the minority are not plaining of having received very worthless

All buyers of dyes who ask for the Diamond Dyes should look for the name on offered some miserable imitation. Diamond Dyes are the only perfect dyes

in the world for home dyeing. The best druggists and dealers sell them. Death of a Former N. B. Recluse.

The Antigonish Casket says :- On Today, the 10th inst., the remains of the Rev. Brother Peter were consigned to their last resting place in the cemetery of Petit Clairvaux. He was known in the world as William Cullen, born in County Wicklow, earliest days he loved solitude and to commune alone with God in the rich fields and woods of his native land. At the age of twenty he emigrated to Canada and after a many miles. When his confessor learned his manner of living he advised him strongly to join a religious community. Accordingly he entered the Tracadie monastery thirty-

Canadian Territory.

five years ago.

Cedar Hill, Victoria, B. C. case that has caused much Favorable Comment.

Lifetime of Agony From Rheumatism, a Larly is cured by Paine's Celery Compound.

There is no other medicine in the world prominent to-day as Paine's Celery Compound. The results it invariably gives to rheumatic sufferers are so astonishing and satisfying that it has justly been named the world's wonder-working medicine. The desperate case of Mrs. Elizabeth King, Cedar Hill, Victoria, B. C., is one that is well known to hundreds in the city of Victoria and vicinity. For almost lifetime Mrs. King endured the variable agonies of rheumatism, and failed to had a care by the aid of doctors and patent

A friend, knowing personally the value of Paine's Celery Compound and its power to overcome the worst cases of rheumatism, advised Mrs. King to give it a trial. The afflicted lady complied with her friend's torture, and now, with a heart full of joy and thankfulness, makes a public statement

"I have been troubled with rheumatism all my life, and about eight years ago I had a very severe attack, almost losing the use of my right arm. A friend recommended me a bottle. I am so much benefitted by that one bot le that I took three more, and was quite cured. Since then it has been almost my only medicine for all the ailments from which I have suffered, and all my family have found some benefit from it. I am sixty-five years of age; I live on a farm, get up early in the morning, and am

Completely Knocked Out.

"I was so much run down I had to give thought to be of such a character as to ex. dyes from certain dealers (whose names are up work, and I felt as if life was not worth cite opposition against them. The indica- known) instead of the Diamond Dyes that living, writes Wm. W. Thompson, Zephyr, Ont. "I took Scott's Sarsaparilla and am pledge to the people of Ontario. If he has The manufacturers of Diamond Dyes, now feeling as I did years ago." Scott's offended his compatriots in Quebec in the while they deplore this unwise and dis- Susaparilla tones up the entire system, settlement, that is a matter which the Pro- honest practice of substituting, cannot give purifies the blood, and eradicates rheumatic for stating that while leading permanent per pound. If some manufacturer could stale beer, in fevers ammoniacal, in testants of Outario need not take to heart. any greater protection to the public than and scrofulous poisons. Ask for Scott's