

SPECIAL SALE OF SUMMER DRY GOODS!

TAKE NOTICE. A TORNADO OF LOW PRICES! J. D. CREAGHAN, Chatham and Newcastle.

VALUES ENTIRELY DISORGANIZED!—EVERYTHING GOES, SMASH! DRESS GOODS, CARPETS, COTTONS, PRINTS, CLOTHING, &c. Observe the following Feast of Bargains—and Slump in Prices!!

A very nice Ladies' Dress Serge, new shades, all double width, reduced from 18c. to 12 1/2 per yard. Full 40 inch printed wool Steellins and Challies, worth 20c., only 15c.

WE SHOW A MAGNIFICENT RANGE OF New Dress Materials in Two Tone Lustres, Silk Warps, Chevots, Crepons, Barriatz and Cashmere.

Family Mourning and Priestley's Fabrics. No warehouse in the Maritime Provinces can present such an array of stylish goods and revelry of bargains.

JUST THINK, a perfect washing print GINGHAM OR FLANELLETTE, ONLY 5c. WORTH 8c. These lovely fluffy, cool, printed Nainsook Muslins, WORTH 12c., only 8c. PER YARD.

790 pieces assorted French and English Cambrics, rich, light and dark patterns, including Crum's prints. The same goods as advertised in St. John and Toronto for 15c. and 18c.; we will clear off the lot for only 12c. per yard. This is a stunner for competitors.

English and American Zephyrs, Shirts, Flannellets and Apron Checks, all marked down. These goods will move off rapidly at these prices—best patterns go first—be early for first choice.

A yard wide Grey Cotton worth 5c., only 3c. Very fine close heavy grey cotton 1 yd. wide 10c., now only 7c. Heavy Grey Cotton or Sheeting yard wide 8c., reduced to 5 1/2c.

Full 2 yard wide Bleached Cotton Sheeting, plain or twilled, worth 35c., our price 25c. Ladies' Caps, Jackets, Corsets, Underclothing and Hosiery—don't pay \$1.25 for these Ladies' Blouses; our price is only 75c.

Call and see our new patterns in 1 to 4 yd. wide SOLID ENGLISH OIL CLOTHS AND LINEOLEUMS 25c., to 65c. per yd.

Full yd. wide China Mattings, 20c. reduced to 15c. Very pretty patterns China Mattings, 2c., reduced to 20c. Best-made, double Linen Warp, 30c. reduced to 25c.

Don't send your money away to Toronto and St. John; you will be mistaken. Our goods are more reliable. Your cash and parcels may get lost in transit, and freight is high besides the money is wanted in Miramichi to pay taxes and home expenses. It is not patriotic. Patronize your own Merchants—they will please you.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS. Our best make self-acting, revolving window blinds complete, only 45c. each. Window Curtains, art silk, art muslins, art denims, the durable covering for furniture, only 25c. per yard, and draperies of all kinds.

HOSIERY AND GLOVE DEPARTMENT. Our special line 3 ribbed knitted hose, for youths, girls and boys; Storekeepers, Merchants and Traders will please note the above prices from which they can get our usual WHOLESALE PRICES AND TERMS; also, goods in quality and quantity to suit their trade at a moment's notice—no freight—no cost—no trouble.

J. D. CREAGHAN, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. NEWCASTLE & CHATHAM.

See That You Get "GOLDEN RULE" or "WHITE EAGLE" FLOUR FROM YOUR GROCER AND TAKE NO OTHER. Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

THIRTY-SEVEN ladies voted at the civic election on Tuesday. THE "ADVANCE" is for sale at Johnson's Bookstore, and the Circulating Library, Desmond building, next door to the Telephone Exchange.

THE MAYOR-ELECT was serenaded at his residence on Tuesday evening by the Chatham Cornet Band and by Mr. Winslow made speeches. Fireworks were also displayed in his honor.

PERSONAL.—Mrs. Alan Cameron, daughter of Jonathan Dickson Esq., of Napun, who has been visiting her home here for the past year, left yesterday for Stillwater to rejoin her husband.

Post Office Inspector King was in town yesterday. MIRAMICHI MARBLE WORKS.—If you are looking for the right kind of cemetery work, we are quoting prices that will draw the order from your inside vest pocket.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH. On Sunday evening next, the Rev. C. H. Paisley A. will occupy the pulpit. Mr. Paisley is visiting the north shore in the interests of the Superannuated Fund of the church. During the past year he has been apart for the purpose of increasing the endowment of this fund, and has met with much success.

MARSH AND PUPP AGAIN.—Referring to a comment of the Liberal Herald in a confused editorial experience of the World the latter paper says:— "Ignorant persons without experience in the writing of English, may find it difficult to distinguish quotation from comment, but they have to be very ignorant indeed."

And, yet, the "ignorant person" referred to was scholarly enough to be a member of the World's writing staff for a year or two. FATAL SHIPWRECK.—A despatch of Wednesday last from St. Paul's Island says:— "About midnight the Norwegian barque Broedrene, from Avenmouth for the Miramichi, was wrecked half a mile from the fog whistle here.

There was a thick fog and heavy sea at the time. Capt. Wilson, Mate Theodor Peterson, Simon Harold, Nelson and Ensel Peterson were lost. Five men were saved. Crew heard the fog alarm half an hour before the vessel struck.

AN ATTRACTION to buyers of family groceries, provisions, etc. goods and general household supplies is offered by Mr. Roger Plegan at his well known store on St. John Street, Chatham, in the form of silver knives and forks, silver spoons, silver cut stands and boxes of tea. He issues tickets which are presented by customers every time they make purchases, and no matter how small the amount, it is punched off, and when the purchases aggregate either \$15 or \$30, as the case may be, one of the articles specified viz.—a crust stand, or a dozen of silver knives or forks for a \$30 ticket or a 5 lb. box of tea, or 1 doz. silver spoons for a \$15 ticket is given free.

Mr. Winslow's organ counselled the electors to reject Mr. Snowball in the following terms:— "Because the men with whom he is surrounded are unpleasants words to our ears."

THE CANDIDATE and results of the voting were as follows:—

Table with 4 columns: Name, Votes, and other details for the Town Election.

MONDAY EVENING ORATORY.—Out-door speech-making was quite an attraction at the Water Street Square on Monday evening. It was begun by Senator Snowball on account of the statements made against him in the Winslow printed dodgers in Dr. Benson's interest. Mr. Snowball characterized both the statements and their author as they deserved and was enthusiastically applauded as he did so.

MR. WINSLOW made one of his usual reckless harangues and was much disheartened by the crowd's jeers, as was also Mr. Geo. Watt, the associate of Mr. Winslow in getting up the circulars.

MR. TWEEDIE made a temperate and telling speech calculated to ally the bitter feeling which Mr. Winslow has so indignantly promoted in the community for several weeks.

MR. BENNETT also responded to calls and made a good speech, after which Mr. Robert Murray denounced Mr. Snowball and intimated that he wanted to get into the council to make money. He was greeted by "How much did you and Mennie make when you were a councillor?"

MR. W. S. LOGGIE also spoke. Mr. Jas. Desmond let light into Mr. Watt's methods of taking as high as 50c. a day "black money" out of the ballot laborers, referred to the Herald renegades and, altogether, made a very effective speech.

MR. W. C. WINSLOW waited until after Mr. Snowball had gone away and then made a second speech, telling the crowd that it was no use to vote for him as he was disqualified because he had a contract for lighting the town.

MR. D. G. SMITH showed that Mr. Winslow was wrong in his law and had misstated the facts and called for cheers for Mr. Snowball, with which the meeting closed.

There were many interruptions especially that I possessed a piece of headgear quite becoming and that would, at all events, not expose me and my sex generally to the adverse criticism of my acquaintances. I am aware that the criticism usually made of single ladies of my age—and of some married ones also—is that we endeavor to dress in a manner that is not in keeping with our age. I never even detected as all "put on" and laugh at us for behind our backs; so I felt that I was doing the sensible thing in the selection of that plain black sailor hat. What, therefore, was my disappointment, after I had gone out a few times with it on, to find the World accusing me of "a lack of artistic sense," in wearing a black hat "unrelieved by a glint of jet or a touch of color."

Now I do not object to the editor of that paper wearing what he pleases. I never criticized him, either privately or publicly. Indeed, I never knew what he wore, nor was I acquainted with his identity until after he said—I believe that he was the correct term—for my hat; and when he pointed out to me, he did not impress me as one whose personal display of taste in what he wore could fit him to sit in judgment on the attire of ladies. In fact, judging from his personal appearance, I don't believe he is qualified to give an opinion on the subject. It has been suggested that he and one of the young men who were in the front ranks of the young men of our town, who are the wheels of our progress, and who are the fair prospects of our loved country. You can do all this by voting against Remedial Legislation. That any considerable percentage of you will do this, I who have been nurtured in your midst, refuse to believe.

I know it will be said; "We do not refuse to right any wrong that can be shown to exist; but we wish first to investigate, to ascertain if any hardship has been inflicted on a minority." To an outsider this appears reasonable; to a Canadian it is what I scarcely wish to characterize, lest I should be accused of using violent language. No man at all conversant with public affairs can be unaware of the injustice practised by and against the minority in Manitoba. It is a subject for sorrow and humiliation that any one should ignore this injustice; it is a hollow pretence to talk of investigating it; it is treason against conscience to plead this wretched excuse to justify opposition to its abolition. We may say, it is an insult to non-Catholics to suppose that any appreciable number of them will allow a difference of religious belief to blind them to the dictates of ordinary justice; or that they can be made the puppets of a movement which must end, if successful now, either in surrender to the claims of the minority, which is probably contemplated by the leaders, or in disaster to the country.

I trust, Sir, you were mistaken in supposing any Catholics in Halifax "lent countenance to an appeal to anti-Catholic prejudice." Some of them, indeed, may dislike the present Government, and might on a question of trade or other policy, but they oppose it; but in common with their non-Catholic fellow-citizens who are not blinded by fanaticism, they will surely be on the side of justice, even should they doubt the motive of the Government in acting justly. We are to look at acts, not motives. The former fall under our cognizance; the latter are seen and judged by God alone. True Catholics in Halifax, as elsewhere, will not learn their duty, nor the ethics of political action, from party politicians, Catholic or non-Catholic, but from purer and less interested sources, viz., from the principles of justice which are binding on all men, at all times. No party triumph, no worldly consideration, no ties of association can excuse an act of injustice.

THE BUDGET AND THE ELEPHANT. We commend the study of the story of the Budget and the Elephant to our buggy, friends of the press—especially to its law-reporter of chambers and other notoriety. One day as the Sage was making his rounds among his subjects he was halted by the Bug, who began:—"O Sage, the Elephant has abused me in the most shameful manner, and I cry for justice!"

"So Jumbo has been picking on you, eh?" queried the Sage. "State your case."

"I was going down the path and he was coming up, and he refused to turn aside when I called to him."

"I was standing in such a way as to hinder the sun for a quarter of an hour."

"Go on!" "Then as he passed on, he shook the ground so as to tumble me over," continued the Bug.

"Is that all?" "No, O Sage, when I attacked him he paid no attention to me I don't believe he even knew that I pitched into him."

"Sad—very sad. What do you propose?" "That you, O Sage, turn all the Bugs into Elephants and all the Elephants into Bugs. I have been a Bug so long that I now want to be an Elephant."

"My Buggy friend," said the Sage as he tickled his left ear, "that would only be to make the same number of Bugs and Elephants as now, with the same complaints, and the world at large would be no better off. You ought to be thankful that you are even a Bug."

That taint of scrofula in your blood can be wholly eradicated by Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

A Constitutional Question. LETTER WRITTEN BY ARCHBISHOP O'BRIEN—AN APPEAL TO PROTESTANTS AND CATHOLICS TO GUARD THE CONSTITUTION—THE PRINCIPLE OF JUSTICE IS BINDING ON ALL.

The following appears in the Antigonish Casket:—"On my arrival here from the East, a few days ago, I learned from the reports of Parliament, as well as from newspapers, the fate of the Remedial Bill. I need scarcely say it was a surprise to me, as well as a subject of regret. So strong was my faith in the good sense of my countrymen, and in their spirit of loyalty to our peerless Constitution, that I felt it would be an insult to doubt the practical unanimity of the House in upholding that Constitution, and in deciding once forever that in Canada there is no use for religious fire-brands as there is in a free political society."

The noble action of the Commons, on these various occasions, had amply warranted this belief. Who could have imagined that public men in Canada, both within and without Parliament, should have tarred a purely constitutional question into a partisan one, or should have sought to perpetuate an admitted injustice at the risk of an era of senseless sectarian strife, and of national retrogression. The worst enemy of our country is the sower of religious discord and of racial enmity. There is no place in our public life for such an one. He should be found in a shed with the attorneys of pessimism, and the would-be betrayers of our country, and trampled under foot on the threshold of public opinion.

A plain question is before the people of Canada. Shall we, or shall we not, stand by our Constitution which ensures the rights of all, but only inasmuch as they are guaranteed to each? Or shall we, by striking at the rights of a few, be the motive what it may, weaken the safeguards of our own, engender a spirit of mutual distrust, and fan into a flame the fast expiring embers of former unworthy dissensions? Only a desperate professional politician could be guilty of such a crime against the social well-being of our fair country. An honest man, it is true, who dislikes the idea of separate schools might, for a moment, be tempted to pursue such a course of action, looking at the question from one point of view only; but on reflection he would recognize that it is not whether the Constitution shall be observed to-day in regard to the rights of Smith, so that it may be invoked to-morrow to support those of Brown. Our rights must stand or fall together. Few, I trust, have any desire to infringe on those of their fellow-countrymen. Our religious and political liberty, as well as the conditions of our national life, would render impossible the gratification of such desire.

Having lately passed through various countries, and having attentively observed their social condition, the superiority of our own Canada, as a home of peace and plenty, has been more fully than ever impressed on my mind. And yet we are only at the starting point of our career. Mutual trust, a mutual respect for the convictions of others, a little bearing and forbearing, with a loyal devotion to the Constitution, even when it may run counter to some of our own selfish notions, are the conditions of our progress. But how about the dissenting? It was not to be had, but there was a plank commonly called Sarsaparilla, growing all over his farm which somewhat resembled it, and this was sent to his correspondents instead. In two years he made about \$20,000 and then the bubble burst and he was prosecuted for fraud but he escaped punishment on the plea that he did not know the difference between ginseng and sarsaparilla. "Sarsaparilla Sam" lost rapidly and retired to a hermitage of his own in the hemlock woods of Nictaux lake and when he died, less than two years ago, his body was found 150 miles further into the wilderness and buried at a spot where he said he had concealed most of his money, all searches for which have been unsuccessful. The world measures a man by his success. "Sarsaparilla Sam" was successful and might have become a prominent man in society had he, instead of plunging into the woods, moved in another direction from the scene of his exploits.

The Sons and Daughters of the Maritimes will hold an entertainment in the Provincial hall, Boston, June 23rd, the proceeds of which will be in aid of the Joseph Howe monument.

George S. DeForest & Sons report the markets generally unchanged since last week. Flour is 10 cents lower. Pure lard is quoted at 8 to 9 cents a pound. Best and large quantities of goods are moving. Beef and pork are rather easier. Choice new butter is selling at 17 cents; eggs are in good demand at 10 cents. Cheese is arriving very freely and is selling at 8 to 9 cents; twin's 9 to 9 1/2 cents. Union Blend cloths are running all over the country. Cloth at the wholesale is now being sold as good time as a \$200 chronometer.

The "Mutual Helpers," an association of about 20 little Boston girls have, during the last twelve months, distributed between 25,000 and 30,000 bouquets of flowers among the poor of the city. The St. John Agricultural Society will hold its annual exhibition on Monday, Sept. 21st. I know it will be said; "We do not refuse to right any wrong that can be shown to exist; but we wish first to investigate,

set which Mr. Winslow misrepresented in order to make his hearers believe that Mr. Snowball was disqualified in the 19th, and it reads as follows:— "No person shall be qualified to be elected or to serve as Mayor or Alderman so long as he shall hold any office or place of profit in the gift or disposal of the Council, or during such time as he shall directly or indirectly, otherwise than as a shareholder in an incorporated company, have any interest in any contract made with the Council, or with anyone on behalf of the Council, or shall be a defaulter for any taxes, fines, or money due the Town; or who is a minister, priest or ecclesiastic of any religious denomination, or person accountable otherwise than as a taxpayer for the Town revenues, or any part thereof; nor shall any person presiding at an election of Mayor or Alderman while so presiding, or any clerk or assistant employed by him at such election, while so employed, be so qualified.

The contract to which Mr. Winslow referred—the electric lighting of the town—is that made by Councilors Kerr and Murray with Mr. Macdougall Snowball, Manager of the Chatham Electric Light Company, in which company Senator Snowball is a shareholder. Mr. Winslow knew this, yet he advanced his statement of both law and fact in order to mislead the electors. What a safe adviser he would be in a law case!

Fanciers of pure bred pigs will have an opportunity on Saturday next, 6th instant, to purchase at public auction some fine specimens of the Chester white and Yorkshire breeds. The sale will take place at the Canada House yard, Chatham, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon and will be over.

These pigs were purchased by the provincial government on the recommendation of the Northumberland Agricultural Society especially for this district and the only condition attached to the sale is that the animals shall be kept for breeding purposes in the County for two years. When the importation was determined upon, the Secretary for Agriculture, Julius Inche, Esq., communicated with the officers of agricultural societies throughout the Province requesting them to give their opinions, and their ideas as to the best way in which to distribute the pigs—whether in the usual way of bringing all to Fredericton and selling them there, or dividing them into a number of lots to be sent to different localities and there sold to members of the district societies. When he received the information he made out a classified list, which gave the numbers and breeds required as well as the opinions furnished as to the places of selling.

This list was handed to Hon. Mr. Dunn—the member of the Government who made the purchase—and it is needless to say that a more practical or competent man for the work could not have been selected. He has sent six to Chatham and they are beautiful. One is a Chester white sow about six months old which will drop a litter in September. There are also 3 other Chester white sows, one of which is about eight weeks and two six weeks old, and two boars of the same breed six weeks old; also a Yorkshire boar of about eight weeks. Others may arrive in the meantime, and the whole will be sold to either members of the Society or other purchasers, subject only to the condition above stated—viz. that each animal shall be kept in the County for two years.

The reputation of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, as a blood medicine, is maintained by daily cures.

THE ECONOMIC PRODUCTION OF PORK. Bulletin 40 of the Utah Experiment Station gives details of hog-feeding experiments for three seasons. Some of the conclusions are noted below:— (1) Pigs allowed to run at large over eighteen acres of good pasture, and fed a full ration of grain, made the most rapid growth, and required the least grain for one pound of gain.

(2) Pigs confined in movable pens in the pasture grew more slowly than those running loose, and required an increase of twenty per cent. of grain to make one pound of growth.

(3) Pigs at pasture, fed under three different conditions, gained 92.5 per cent. more and ate but two per cent. more than the pigs getting grass and otherwise similarly fed, but confined in pens.

(4) As nearly as can be judged, exercise increased the gain twenty two per cent., and the amount eaten but 15 per cent.; but decreased the amount required for one pound of gain twenty-two per cent.

(5) Grass, when cut and fed green to pigs, whether fed in pens or yards, or with full or part grain ration, or without grain, proved to be of very little value.

(6) Pigs confined in pens and fed on grass alone, mostly lucerne, for ninety-one days, lost over a quarter of a pound per day.

(7) Pasturing, either with full or with part grain rations, appeared to be by far the cheapest and best way of making pork.

THE BLACK HATS. MR. EDITOR: I wanted something neat, and economical, and that had comfort and practicality in it for everyday use, and I procured a plain black sailor hat. I am a middle aged person and really imagined that I possessed a piece of headgear quite becoming and that would, at all events, not expose me and my sex generally to the adverse criticism of my acquaintances. I am aware that the criticism usually made of single ladies of my age—and of some married ones also—is that we endeavor to dress in a manner that is not in keeping with our age. I never even detected as all "put on" and laugh at us for behind our backs; so I felt that I was doing the sensible thing in the selection of that plain black sailor hat. What, therefore, was my disappointment, after I had gone out a few times with it on, to find the World accusing me of "a lack of artistic sense," in wearing a black hat "unrelieved by a glint of jet or a touch of color."

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I know it will be said; "We do not refuse to right any wrong that can be shown to exist; but we wish first to investigate,

city, now of Carleton, Maine, is charged by his wife with unbecoming intimacy with some of the female members of his flock.

The Salvation Army Rescue Home is receiving very liberal contributions from one of our business men.

Now it is talked of placing the Monticello on the route from St. Andrews to Boston. An Artesian well is being sunk at the almshouse.

Five deaths from diphtheria have recently occurred in one family at Canterbury Station where the disease is epidemic.

Steamer Shortland, stranded at Black Rock, a short distance below the island, is nearly discharged and an attempt to float her will be made next week.

The market is full of seasonable vegetables and the display of greenhouse flowers and plants is wonderful to behold. Since the rain of yesterday the old burial ground and the square have grown very beautiful; the picnic and excursion seasons are near at hand.

What will be the result of the triangular or quadrilateral election contest in St. John no man can foretell. Hon. Mr. Pugsley, independent, has many followers, but if Mayor Robertson takes a hand in the struggle he will have more. Without question Mr. Robertson is a very popular man—he has a legion of friends among the voters of St. John.

EDWARD EDWARDS. St. John, May 30.

Cyclists. At a meeting of the Chatham Cycle club, Monday evening, the following officers were chosen:— President, Dr. Baxter. Vice, Col. McCulley. Sec.-Treasurer, Geo. Dean. Captain, Arthur Rudlock. Lieutenant, H. E. Borradaile. Managing Committee, the officers and H. McLeod and J. G. McLeod.

Bylaws were adopted. The admission fee is \$2. Ladies are to be admitted as honorary members, on application to the Secretary. On July 1st The Triangle Cycle Club, in connection with the Fredericton N. B. V. M. C. A., propose holding a grand field of athletic sports, open to all amateurs. Entries must be received by Mr. E. J. Payson, Gen'l Sec'y Fredericton Y. M. C. A., not later than June 27. 15 medals for first prizes. All information furnished by communicating with Mr. Payson.

PROGRAMME. 100 yd. dash, 220 yd. dash, 1 mile run, 1 1/2 mile run, 120 yds. hurdle race, running high jump, running broad jump, pole vault, high step and jump, 1 mile bicycle, 1 1/2 mile bicycle, 2 mile bicycle, 5 mile bicycle, 10 mile bicycle, 15 mile bicycle, 1 mile bicycle boy, 1/2 mile run boy, putting shot.

K. M. C. A. Sec'y Athletic Committee, W. H. C. A. DIED. At Lower Newcastle, on Wednesday, June 3rd, Alexander Russell aged seventy seven years. Funeral will take place at eleven o'clock to-morrow, Friday forenoon, from his late residence.

Shipping News. PORT OF CHATHAM. Entered for Sea. May 27—S. S. Rydal Holme, 1226, Brown, Sydney, W. Newell, com. May 27—S. S. Pharo, 615, Costa, St. Pierre, J. B. Snowball, bal. May 27—S. S. Fygel, 539, Danelson, Acmtal, J. B. Snowball, bal. May 27—S. S. Gull, 511, Gundersen, Newport, F. E. Neale, bal. May 27—S. S. Nymph, 309, Hansen, Plymouth, F. E. Neale, bal. May 27—S. S. Jorgensen, 550, Jorgensen, Gole, J. B. Snowball, bal. May 27—S. S. Nostra Madra, 811, Castegian, Ramon, J. B. Snowball, bal. May 27—S. S. Belfast, 548, Rivaland, Belfast, J. B. Snowball, bal. Entered for Sea. May 27—Sch. Mary Jane, 13, Savoy, Traciale, Master, bal. May 27—Sch. Wild Brier, C. 124, Costain, Minnigash, Master, produce. May 27—Sch. Levens, 10, McCarthy, Tignish, master produce. May 27—Sch. Monkland, 145, Senter, Traciale, J. B. Snowball, bal. May 27—Sch. St. Peter, 15, Gillis, Tignish, master produce. May 27—Sch. Jany May, 19, Bradham, Tignish, master produce. Cleared for Sea. May 29—Bk. Leto, 13, Savoy, Traciale, J. B. Snowball, bal. May 29—Bk. Neophyte, Haford, Dublin, W. M. McKay, bal. May 29—Bk. Briston Drestle, Lawson, Llanelli, F. E. Neale, bal. May 29—S. S. Nellie Moody, Lawson, Glasgow, J. B. Snowball, bal. Cleared for Sea. May 29—Sch. John Jay, Savoy, Traciale, J. B. Snowball, bal. May 29—Sch. Lovers, Jumbo, Charlottetown, master, produce. May 29—Sch. Monkland, Senior, Traciale, J. B. Snowball, bal. May 29—Sch. Janet A., Perley, Charlottetown, C. E. Fish, steve. May 29—Sch. White Bird, Brau, Pokemouche, W. S. Loggie, gen cargo. May 29—Sch. Merrhouse, Loggie, Fishery, D. Loggie, gen cargo. May 29—Sch. Leitch, J. McLean, Mission, W. S. Loggie, gen cargo. May 29—Sch. Jenny May, Hironan, Tignish, Master, gen cargo. May 29—Sch. Maggie McBeth, Mackey, Tignish, Master, gen cargo. May 29—Sch. Swift Current, Murray, Charlottetown, C. E. Fish, steve. PORT OF NEWCASTLE. Entered for Sea. May 28—Bk. Bataia, 567, Johnson, Sarsapilla, Wm. McKay, bal. May 28—Sch. Charles Bell, 709, Johnson, Norway, D. & J. Ritchie, & Co. bal. May 28—Sch. Frank Omar, 629, Hanson, Norway, D. & J. Ritchie, & Co. bal. May 28—Sch. Oscar, 229, Schneider, Liverpool, Wm. McKay, bal. Cleared for Sea. May 27—Sch. Clara May, 14, Pace, Rastico, Master, bal. May 27—H. M. Crosby, 64, Crutcheon, Grand Harbour, master, produce. May 27—Sch. Rose, 64, Macque, Traciale, Master, bal. May 27—Sch. Levens, 10, McCarthy, Tignish, Master, gen cargo. May 27—Sch. May, 99, Hare, Barbados, molasses. May 27—Sch. Basie S. Keeler, 79, Horton, Chatham, Master, bal. Cleared for Sea. May 27—Bk. Dillburn, Kreutz, Belfast, Wm. McKay, bal. May 27—Sch. Valona, Johnston, Belfast, D. & J. Ritchie & Co., luncheon. Cleared for Sea. May 27—Sch. Clara May, Pace, Rastico, Master, bal. May 27—Sch. Pamy, Donette, Pace, Master, salt. May 27—Sch. Rose, Macque, Traciale, Master, gen cargo. May 27—Sch. Reilly, Miller, Alberton, B. Rogers, bal. May 27—Sch. Breeze, McDonald, Charlottetown, C. E. Fish, free stores. May 27—Sch. Basie S. Keeler, Horton, Charlottetown, C. E. Fish, free stores. INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION 1896. THE EXHIBITION ASSOCIATION. WILL HOLD ITS FOURTH ANNUAL FAIR ON ITS EXHIBITION GROUNDS, Opening Sept. 22d and Closing Oct. 2d 1896. Exhibits of Machinery and Manufactures, Fruit and Dairy Products, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Poultry. Products of the Forest, Mines and Waters. Special Attractions.—Fireworks every suitable evening, Band Music, afternoon and evening. Attractive Performances in the AMUSEMENT BUILDING. Varied Attractions in the PARADE GROUNDS. SPECIAL PASSES—RATES ON ALL LINES OF TRAVEL. PRIZES IN ALL THE DEPARTMENTS. The Provincial Government held of Live Stock, just purchased, will be exhibited and sold on the grounds. Prizes in all the Departments. Special Attractions.—Fireworks every suitable evening, Band Music, afternoon and evening. Attractive Performances in the AMUSEMENT BUILDING. Varied Attractions in the PARADE GROUNDS. SPECIAL PASSES—RATES ON ALL LINES OF TRAVEL. PRIZES IN ALL THE DEPARTMENTS. ENTRY FORMS AND ALL DESIRED INFORMATION WILL BE FURNISHED ON APPLICATION TO W. C. MITCHELL, CHAS. A. EVERETT, President, Manager and Sec'y.

to ascertain if any hardship has been inflicted on a minority." To an outsider this appears reasonable; to a Canadian it is what I scarcely wish to characterize, lest I should be accused of using violent language. No man at all conversant with public affairs can be unaware of the injustice practised by and against the minority in Manitoba. It is a subject for sorrow and humiliation that any one should ignore this injustice; it is a hollow pretence to talk of investigating it; it is treason against conscience to plead this wretched excuse to justify opposition to its abolition. We may say, it is an insult to non-Catholics to suppose that any appreciable number of them will allow a difference of religious belief to blind them to the dictates of ordinary justice; or that they can be made the puppets of a movement which must end, if successful now, either in surrender to the claims of the minority, which is probably contemplated by the leaders, or in disaster to the country.

I trust, Sir, you were mistaken in supposing any Catholics in Halifax "lent countenance to an appeal to anti-Catholic prejudice." Some of them, indeed, may dislike the present Government, and might on a question of trade or other policy, but they oppose it; but in common with their non-Catholic fellow-citizens who are not blinded by fanaticism, they will surely be on the side of justice, even should they doubt the motive of the Government in acting justly. We are to look at acts, not motives. The former fall under our cognizance; the latter are seen and judged by God alone. True Catholics in Halifax, as elsewhere, will not learn their duty, nor the ethics of political action, from party politicians, Catholic or non-Catholic, but from purer and less interested sources, viz., from the principles of justice which are binding on all men, at all times. No party triumph, no worldly consideration, no ties of association can excuse an act of injustice.

THE BUDGET AND THE ELEPHANT. We commend the study of the story of the Budget and the Elephant to our buggy, friends of the press—especially to its law-reporter of chambers and other notoriety. One day as the Sage was making his rounds among his subjects he was halted by the Bug, who began:—"O Sage, the Elephant has abused me in the most shameful manner, and I cry for justice!"

"So Jumbo has been picking on you, eh?" queried the Sage. "State your case."

"I was going down the path and he was coming up, and he refused to turn aside when I called to him."

"I was standing in such a way as to hinder the sun for a quarter of an hour."

"Go on!" "Then as he passed on, he shook the ground so as to tumble me over," continued the Bug.

"Is that all?" "No, O Sage, when I attacked him he paid no attention to me I don't believe he even knew that I pitched into him."

"Sad—very sad. What do you propose?" "That you, O Sage, turn all the Bugs into Elephants and all the Elephants into Bugs. I have been a Bug so long that I now want to be an Elephant."

"My Buggy friend," said the Sage as he tickled his left ear, "that would only be to make the same number of Bugs and Elephants as now, with the same complaints, and the world at large would be no better off. You ought to be thankful that you are even a Bug."

That taint of scrofula in your blood can be wholly eradicated by Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

A Constitutional Question. LETTER WRITTEN BY ARCHBISHOP O'BRIEN—AN APPEAL TO PROTESTANTS AND CATHOLICS TO GUARD THE CONSTITUTION—THE PRINCIPLE OF JUSTICE IS BINDING ON ALL.

The following appears in the Antigonish Casket:—"On my arrival here from the East, a few days ago, I learned from the reports of Parliament, as well as from newspapers, the fate of the Remedial Bill. I need scarcely say it was a surprise to me, as well as a subject of regret. So strong was my faith in the good sense of my countrymen, and in their spirit of loyalty to our peerless Constitution, that I felt it would be an insult to doubt the practical unanimity of the House in upholding that Constitution, and in deciding once forever that in Canada there is no use for religious fire-brands as there is in a free political society."

The noble action of the Commons, on these various occasions, had amply warranted this belief. Who could have imagined that public men in Canada, both within and without Parliament, should have tarred a purely constitutional question into a partisan one, or should have sought to perpetuate an admitted injustice at