General Business.

A BOTTLE,

SHARP'S BALSAM OF HOREHOUND FOR

CROUP, COUGHS & COLDS. PRICE 25 CENTS.

PROPRIETORS, ST. JOHN, N. B



THE BOUQUET

APRIL 9TH AND IOTH ! millinery, consisting of pattern hats and bonners selected from the celebrated Paris, English and American Modistes, as well as a dazzling display of the latest freaks of fashion in Flowers, Feathers,

A SURPRISE TO ALL stylish, the richest, the rarest, the most exclusive trimmed and untrimmed millinery ever shown in Chatnam can be obtained at the Bouquet. JOSIE NOONAN. NOONAN BLOCK.

DEPOT.

SHORTS

BRAN.

CORNMEAL

CRACKED FEED.

HAY AND OATS, Water St., Chatham,

STRANG

NOTHING TOO GOOD

FOR CHRISTMAS. WARMUNDE

IS OFFERING SPECIAL BARGAINS

---IN---CLOCKS, JEWELLRY.

Silverware & Novelties. during the holidays. All new goods. Give his We are glad to welcome visitors, pleased to show our goods and ready to make close prices to all. EXPERIENCED WATCHMAKEB Pallen Corner, Chatham, N. B.

To John B. Scott, Joseph Plamondon and Amadee Joseph Auger, all of Jacquet River in the parish of Durham, County of Restigouche and Province of New Brunswick all mill owners and all others whom old at public auction, on the premises herein-fter described at Jacquet River, aforesaid on premises situate lying and being in the Parish of Durham, aforesaid and described as follows:
Bounded on the south by the Queen's Highway, on the west by lands owned and occupied by Robert McMillan, on the north east by the Jacquet River, extending along the content of the parish of land and definite. And if my hon, friend wants more, I will read him another bit of fairly terse English. That is in the statement read by me the other night: extending along the same two hundred and ninety seven yards, and on the east by lands occupied by Rebert Connacher, extending along the said last mentioned lands eighty three yards, said above described let of land, being that part lying north of the Queen's Highway, of a certain lot of land conveyed to William Winton from John McMillan and Mary his wife by deed begging date the first device. conveyed to William Winton from John McMillan and Mary his wife by deed bearing date the first day of November, A. D. 1881 and duly recorded in the office of the Registrar of deeds 10 and for the said County of Restigouche, as number 2522 in Book "3" pages 180 & 181 of said Records, and the title to the said above described land and premises, being afterwards vested in the said John B. Scott Joseph Plamondon and Amadee Joseph Auger, was afterwards transferred by the said last mentioned parties to William Winton and Isabella his wife, by indenture of mortgage bearing date the tenth by indenture of mortgage bearing date the tenth day of June, A. D. 1886 and registered in the office of the said Registrar of Deeds, the nineteenth day of June A. D. 1886. as number 3234, on pages 710, 711, 712, 713 and 714 in Book H of said Records, which said indenture of mortgage was on the third day of November A. D: 1887, assigne t to James G. Ross of the City of Quebec in the Province of Quebec

improvements thereon, standing and being and the rights, members, privileges, hereditaments and the buildings and improvements thereon, are sold under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in the said indenture of mortgage, default having been made in the payment of the principal money and interest thereby secured.

Dated the eighteenth day of March, A. D. 1896. FRANK ROSS. Sole Executor of estate of James G. Ross Assignee of Mortgagees.

C. Hickey, Proprietor, WATER ST. Not a Luxury but a necessity this time of is a bottle of Spring Medicine.

WE HAVE THEM ALL HOODS SARSAPARILLA. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

SCOTT'S EMULSION. FELLOWS' COMPOUND SYRUP. BEEF, IRON AND WINE.

HERBINE BITTE All Fine Fresh Goods. -AT-

Hickey's Phermacy

Next door to R. A. Murdoch.

Miramichi Fishing Privilege

TO LET. The Lessee offers for sale the unexpired term of that part of the Main North West between "The Big de" and the mouth of the Little South West ramichi River. The lease has six years to run. and covers the best Salmon fishing privilege on the North West Miramichi. The pools are within four ours drive from Newcastie.

There is a good house and out buildings at Square Forks, owned by the lessee and built especially for the accommodation of angling parties.

For terms and particulars apply to

April 14 1896

GEORGE BROWN.

Miramichi Advance. CHATHAM, N. B., - - APRIL 30, 1896. Messrs Foster and Tupper's Position on Remedial Legislation.

to its readers the impression that the again proposing substantial reductions will return. reason why certain members of the Dominion Government tendered their resignations a few months ago was because they were not favorable to the remedial bill. It said, the other day:-"Sir Charles Tupper, Hon. George E. Foster and other conspirators, endeavored by threatened resignations, to force Premier Bowell to abandon the remedial legislation programme. They failed and withdrew their resignations."

On Tuesday it returned to the subject and after quoting part of a Sun editorial which did not, by any means, sustain its former misstatement,

commented thereon, thus :-"This is the very best authority for the statement that Sir Mackenzie Bowell, having been pledged to the remedial bill was, on that account, objectionable to Hon. Geo. E. Foster, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper and the other conspirators.'

Hon. Mr. Davies, the maritime Grit leader in the House of Commons insinuated, on 15th January last, what the Herald has put forth in editorial form, and he was answered on the spot by Hon. Mr. Foster who, with all due deterence to the Herald, is better authority than its far-fetched Sun editorial. In fact, it will occur to any properly balanced mind that "the very best authority" on the subject is not the Sun, but Mr. Foster, and that his statement made in parliament, before Mr. Laurier, Mr. Davies, Mr. Dalton McCarthy, Clarke Wallace and other leaders of the Herald's host in th crusade against Manitoba's constitutional rights, ought to be accepted in matter so vital to himself and his colleagues in the Government. take it from Hansard, page 98. Mr.

The hon, gentleman could find nothing better to do a moment ago than to rise and coolly assert that I had made no statement in this House or the country from which any intelligent man could find out my position on the Manitoba school question. He said that I had gone to Smith's Falls and said something there. So I did, and I will tell the hon. gentleman what I did say. But I will tell the hon, gentleman first what I said in this House last session, and if my hon. friend thinks himself unable to understand English, he may give other gentlemen credit for knowing what the English language means, I said this on July 8th

Foster said :-

of last year: A session of the present Parliament will be called ogether to meet not later than the first Thursday of January next. If by that time, the Manitoba Government fails to make a satisfactory arrangement to remedy the grievances of the minority Does my honorable friend understand

-the Dominion Government will be prepared at the next session of Parliament, to be called as above To wit, as stated in the first line

the paragraph that I am reading--to introduce and press to a conclusion-Is not that definite?

-such legislation as will afford an adequate relief to the said minority, based upon the lines of the judgment of the Privy Council and the remedial order of the 21st March, 1895. It strikes me that that is tolerably plain, concise English. "Mr. Foster was at Smith's Falls," said the hon. gentleman, "and made a statement." Well, Mr. Speaker, I have a copy of the statement good.' hat I made there, and from which, the hon, gentleman said, no man could gather at all what position I took upon this

question. This is what I said I tell you, as one having authority to say it, that on that question of policy, as stated definitely by me in the House and by Sir Mackenzie Bowell in the Senate, every member of the Government sees eye to eye. Our opponents get up their fanciful narrations as to who is not and who is going to

think I must have had the hon. gentleman from Charlo tetown, P. E. I. (Mr. Davies) in my eye. It is all simple imagination. Every one of the Government is united upon that just as closely as upon the trade question—that is, altogether and

Government, and on both these questions. Now, I appeal to fair-play to the sense of what is right in this House and out of it, to know whether that is a statement which is clear and

And yet, in the face of those consecutive statements, first, my hon, friend wh leads the Opposition, and then those who make the assertion that the real reason is something else than what I give as the reason, and that there is no unity in th

Cabinet on this question. Tupper, referring to the same subject said (Hansard, page 123) :-

As regards the other facts which im

mediately concern the action taken, I am justified in saying that it clearly appears, that whether the point was put before the Prime Minister at the proper time or or whether or not wise judgment they were actuated by two strong reasons and two good reasons. First, the interthe country, as they conceived And what did the interests of the country demand? The interests of the country in their opinion, demanded that remedia legislation, if necessary, should be pu upon the Dominion statute-book this session. In their opinion, it was impossible to rely upon hon, gentlemen opposite to do this. In their opinion, the Conservative party alone could be expected to enact that legislation, and, in order to do that, the Conservative party must be strong in the Government, and the Government, in their opinion, never required greater strength than on the

It may be hoped that with the evidence we have placed before it of the position of "Sir Charles Tupper, Hon. George E. Foster and other conspirators" in regard to remedial legislation. the Liberal Herald will not again resort to misrepresentation and misstatement. We do not blame it as we would if its young editors were more experienced than they are, but it must, if it wishes to command the confidence of its Miramichi readers, learn to derive less of its alleged facts and inspiration from its Water Street "branches."

A Gratifying Statement.

The Dominion trade returns for nine months of the current year are issued by the Customs Department and are of a most satisfactory character, exports show an increase of \$5,821,000 over the same period last year, while the imports are increased by \$5,705,-764. The revenue for the nine

cry of the Grits, when they have an increase of \$11,526,764 in the volume of their trade in the nine months, and the revenue is correspondingly buoyant. It is not improbable that at the meeting of Parliament in July Hon. Mr. The Liberal Herald labors to convey Foster will have the satisfaction of in the tariff.

Liberals and Liberals.

The Liberal St. John Record voices what is in the minds of Liberals over the country at the present time, in the short article, which we reproduce in another column. It demands that Mr. Laurier and his lieutenants shall cease to deal in generalities and tell the people what they have to offer. They must be specific in their statements. The Record truly says "it is not the Liberal party of Mackenzie." And it may be added that it was the change which compelled Mr. Blake and many others cf its best men to leave it. A lot of men who do not take the trouble to think for themselves, but are content to let Messrs. Laurier and Cartwright think for and tell them what to do and say, compose what is known as the Liberal party to-day. The real, old. progressive Liberals are supporting the Liberal-Conservative party.

THE CONTRACT with the Dominion Government for the construction of the railway from the Caraquet line Tracadie has been entered into.

SIR MACKENZIE BOWELL has resigned the premiership of Canada, which assumed by Sir Charles Tupper. The change will materially strengthen the Liberal-Conservative party at home and abread.

Political Notes.

Our local Grit friends are pretending that they are all desirous of making Mr. Mitchell their candidate. Of course they must say that, whatever they may think

Northumberland are predicting a glorious victory for their party-a sweeping victory, in fact. They will do that until June 23:d, after which they will give us labored explanations of their defeat.

The complacency with which the Grits in this County win elections before they take place is proverbial. The News has won the next election in that way already. It says the "Tories" are doomed and the deluge is coming. We suppose there's about as much prospect of the one as the

Sir R chard Cartwright's oft-expressed contempt for the Maritime Provinces will not cause their people to support his party n the pending elections. Sir Richard came to New Brunswick in 1878 and not only was his party defeated, but he was himself beaten at the polls and had to look for a new constituency.

The enthusiasm of the Grits over the reported intention of Sir Oliver Mowatt the Dominion, shows how anxious the party is to throw Jonah Laurier overboard. Of the latter it is now thoroughly understood that "he is pretty, but no

Looking over the landscape last night, Wilfrid Laurier got his eye on the bright glow of the smelting works at Huckleberry Point. "Ah!" said he unto himself, 'you may shine a little while longer, my bright friend, but when I get into power I'll throw the iron duty off, and you will close your bright eyes forever, my beloved child of the accursed National Policy!"-Hamilton Spectator.

It is now stated that Mr. Laurier's intention is to give up the leadership of the Grit party after the general elections. The Grit papers do not put it in that way, afford to continue it, and unless his party lesson and ought not to be lost sight defeats the Government in the pending elections, he will have to pass the reins to other hands. They are looking to Sir Oliver Mowatt as the man for the position.

It is said that owing to the obstructive tactics of the Grit politicians at Ottawa. the proposition to secure a Dominion subsidy for the Miramichi Steam Navigafollow him, find nothing better to do than | tion Company's down-river service was discouraged. When Parliament meets in July, after the general elections, Mr. Robinson will have a better chance, as And, on the same day, Sir Charles | the House of Commons will not be limited to any particular time for prorogation, and the Laurierites will not be able to successfully obstruct the business of the

The Liberal-Conservatives are putting their men in the field everywhere with the promptness which indicates confidence was used by the seven as to the mode in in the success of the party. On the other which they took that important step; hand, the Liberal-Grits are unable to imitate their opponents in many constituencies. In both New Brunswick and Nova Scotia there are very unseemly divisions over the selection of Git candi dates. It is said that there is a decided secession of Liberals in St. John to the Liberal-Conservative organization, as Messrs. Ellis and Tucker are very unpopular with even what is left of their

Mr. Robinson appears to be in a fair way to have a walk-over in Northumberland. It is said that a sun sufficient to cover the election deposit of a Grit candidate can be raised in Chatham and some \$500 additional, and that if \$500 more can be raised it will be spent in vexatious opposition. Why not devote some of this money to paying bills contracted in Mr. Mitchell's behalf in 1891 by members of his election committee, and still unpaid? Come, gentlemen, be just before you are generous!

The Northumberland News came ou last week, and with the gleeful air of boy with his first pair of trousers, had a leader on what it called "our cartoon." When the same picture was published in the Toronto Globe several weeks before, that paper was modest and didn't refer to it editorially at all. When a big Grit paper secures what the little ones think is a good thing, the latter appropriate it

because he knows we will turn him out when Laurier is premier. Of course, if Laurier isn't premier he'll come back It seems very certain that Mr. Laurier will come out of the pending election worse beaten than he did out of that of 1891, so it is probable that the postmaster

Leading Chatham Grits declare that Mr. Mitchell is the strongest candidate they could select. Yes, that's so. But 'there are others," and they are much stronger men than Mr. Mitchell on their personal merits. The real difficulty with that faction is that the wisest and best of their sympathisers know that their cause is a lost one. The people have no confidence in it, and the most respected and strongest man they have knows he would sacrifice himself were he to become their candidate in the pending election, as well as blight his political prospects for the future. What confidence can anyone now place in a party led by Messrs. in the party's complexion in that respect | Laurier, Dalton McCarthy and Cartwright. The sneers of the last named millionaire directed at the people of the maritime provinces have the effect of disgusting our self-respecting electors. It is understood that the Mitchellites

are again "on top" in the local Grit combination. The camp-followers who came into the once all-powerful Liberal party of Northumberland with Mr. Mitchell bringing with them all the parasitic characteristics of the barnacle, are reported to have discouraged all other candidates. With them it is Mr. Mitchell or nobody. What a farce it will be observe the alleged enthusiasm of the corporal's guard at the party's headquarters, when the old gentleman comes back to the County, as he always does a election times. It will be only a few days hence that we shall witness the beginning of the Mitchell boom. Mitchellism, however, is defunct in Northum berland. It killed off the Liberal party here and the efforts of the Grits and barnacles aforesaid to pass themselves off as Liberals cannot deceive anybody.

As there have been several indefinite The recently-established Grit organs in candidature during the past day or so, Hugh John Macdonald this afternoon authorized the statement that he had finally consented, if selected at the convention, to be the conservative candidate for Winnipeg. M . Macdonald added: "My personal inclinations as to politics have not altered, but to-day I find the position of affairs entirely changed. The entry of Sir Carles Tupper, with his we'l known views of aiding Manitoba and Northwest development, alters the situa-

"Under Sir Charles I think I may be of material assistance to Winnipeg and the province. Hence I give my consent. In Winnipeg political circles it is generally believed that Mr. M clonald will succeed Hon. Mr. Daly as minister of the Interior, the latter going on the bench of Manitoba in place of Judge Killam, who is to be elevated to the supreme court.

Circumstances have brought about curious alliance. Mr. Laurier is a French Canadian Roman Catholic. Mr. N to take charge of the Grit campaign in Clarke Wallace is a rabid Irish Canadian Orangeman. Mr. Dalson McCarthy is an Irish Protestant of marked Protestant views. These three men have nothing at all in common, in their everyday life together. Mr. McCarthy rather looks down on Mr. Wallace, socially, and only a few months ago, when the latter was a member of the Government, these two gladiato:s had only words of bitterness to exchange. But they are all right now; for this trip the Ministry because a former Prime Minister declined to call him in as Minister of Justice. Mr. Wallace has been forced by the Orange Society to desert from the Government, though he remains a Conservative in speech, action and leanings. He does not love Mr. McCuthy any more than he loves Mr. Lurier, but he wants "blood" and is willing to make any sacbut they intimate that his leadership of rifice to obtain it, therefore, he is disthe opposition involves the neglect of his covered voting with Messrs. Laurier and practice as a lawyer so that he cannot McCa thy. The spectacle is an object

by the electorate next June. Mr. Dalton McCarthy, the friend and associate of Hon. Mr. Laurier in the parliamentary obstruction by which the Manitoba minority were cheated of their constitutional rights, has issued an address to the electors of North Simcoe. He makes a strong attack on the govern ment and hierarchy in connection with the school question. He says "a decisive verdict on the question in the coming contest will put an end, I hope, for ever in Canadian politics to the domination of the church, which has too long, by mediaeval policy and intermeddling in secular affairs, retarded the growth and natural development of our country. In the close of the nineteenth century and on the free soil of North America the control of the priesthood and the reign of the priestcraft, against which our fathers successfully revolted three centuries ago, can surely find no permanent abiding place." Referring to the government. o tentations anxiety to manifest ecclesiastical masters.'

be ashamed of their new alley.

"Prohibition and Politics."

But the platform was by express resolution when it is dropped by the big fellow, and which met at Chatham the other day five they strut about displaying it as if it gentlemen who are leading prohibitionists were their own. A very little seems to thought that the "strength and vigor" of the satisfy them in the way of originality. | wording of one section was too great-so great in fact as to impart the character "I have a few well chosen remarks to of exaggeration to it. They desired to make," said the advertising and job modify the section so as to broaden and

goes to New York and will stay there If the Fredericton body had thought the platform, as originally prepared a sacred thing, so perfect as not to be open to improvement, it would not have left it so open and referred it to the judgment of local organizations. The Advocate is old enough to be less narrow and int lecant than it is

in this matter of temperance reform. It ought to realise that prohibitionists of its paign. class are really retarding the growth of true temperance sentiment, which is being so effectively promoted by men of practical views gained in the experiences of everyday The alienation of such men from th of alleged "temperance" workers, who cry for prohibition or nothing-the blatant, self-advertising and impracticable class-is a great hinderance of true reform.

United States Deficit in Three Years \$136,861 112!

A Washington despatch of 26th inst says:-"The treasury deficit for the year ending June 30, 1896, will be approximately \$25 000,000. This opinion of officials and others best qualified to make an intelligent estimate of the result of the financial operations of the year. In his annual estimate sent to congress at the beginning of the present session, the secretary of the treasury estimated the receipts from customs during the fiscal year at \$172,000,000. So far with nearly ten months of the year gone, the receipts have reached \$137,000. 000, with a fair prospect of increase to \$165,000,000 by the close of the year. The estimate of the receipts from internal sources was \$158,000,000. Up to this time they have received

\$120,000,000, and it is expected the figures for the completed year will be about \$164,000,000. The receipts from miscellaneous sources are expected to slightly exceed the estimates of \$15,000, 000, making the total receipts for present year about \$327,000,000. The secretary's estimates for the year's expenditures was \$362,000,000, which, according to his figures, would leave a deficiency of \$17 .-000,000. The actual expenditure, now thought, will aggregate about \$352 -000,000, or \$10,000,000 less than Mr. Carlisle's estimate in December last, so that the deficit at the close of the year, A Winnipeg dispatch of 24th says: - it is believed, will not show any very material change from Saturday's figures. statements and denials in regard to his \$25,162,423. This makes the total deficit f r the three fiscal years ending June 30, 1896, \$136,861,112.

"The secretary's est mates at the time they were made were believed by those in long experience in the department to be conservative. The receipts from both customs and internal revenue sources, however, have been surprisingly low, and there does not seem to be any immediate prospect of material improve-

Sensible Liberalism.

The St. John Record, which Liberal, but not a Grit paper, says Now that the electoral contest has been declared, it would be well for the citizens of Canada to know just what the great political parties have to offer-what they intend doing should they secure a verdict

at the hands of the people. "The Conservatives have controlled the affairs of the country long enough to show what their aims and intentions are; and whatever their sins political and otherwise, they cannot be charged with inactivity or obstructing the car of progress along the lines of commerce, internal trade, national growth, communication between provinces, etc., and it is presumed-at least the party leaders so claim-that there is no reason why it should be doubted that their work in the past may be taken as a forecast and promise of the future. What they have done, as a party, is the history of Canada for years past, and those who desire a full knowledge of it can readily at least. Mr. McCarthy wants to destroy | find it, but it is not so with their opponents, the Liberals, who come before the people, most of them untried men, asking the suffrages of the electors on promises of what they will attempt to accomplish should the country vote confidence in them.

"The Liberal party of to-day is not the liberal party of Mackenzie and cannot judged by what those did, or did not under altogether different circumstances The Liberal party of to-day must be judged on its merits or demerits, just as to-day. Liberal party to offer? This is the question that Mr. Laurier and his friends must answer; this is what they must be prepared for when they come face to face with the people, and address them from the public platform, and through the columns of the press. . . . "The point has now been reached in the fight when the contestants can no longer

deal in generalities, they must discuss matters practically-and if they win it must be with weapons that are effective. Have the Liberal party such weapons and what are they? This the people desire to know. Let us hear what they are-let us know just where Messrs. Eilis, Tucker and the Liberals all over Canada are to be found; then the people can make a choice.

In the Interests of Purity. Mr. Laurier and his friends have good deal to say about their desire to give Canada honest government. But their campaign arrangements do not accord with their pretences. The organizadevotion in political matters to their tion is passing more and more into the hands of convicted boodlers. Political indecency could hardly go Pacaud, the hero of the Bue des Chaleur farther than that. The Grits ought to and Whelan scandals, retains control of the organization in the Quebec district. Mr. Tarte, who has never accounted for \$10,000 he admitted having received from contractor Whelan, whose personal notes The Advocate deals with our last week's were retired from the proceeds of the remarks on the subject of the late pro- \$100,000 Baie des Chaleur steal, and hibition convention with the asperity whose election expenses were paid from which usually characterises its discussion the same fund, is the organizer for the of the subject of Temperance, and with its Montreal district. He has also been customary intolerance of any view differ- nominated for Beauharnois, a respectable ent from its own. It patronisingly says and honest man previously chosen having it wishes to say for the information of the been forced aside to make a place for him. ADVANCE that the platform of principles Mr. Tarte goes with Mr. Laurier everywas propounded by a committee at the where and assists in all the chief party organization of the New Brunswick functions. Mr. McShane, described by Prohibitory Association at Fredericton in one of the organs of his own party in his February last, etc., and that "the effort own city, as a disgrace to liberalism, and was made to have each declaration made a man who had done so many corrupt as strong as vigorous words could make things that he had become incapable of distinguishing right from wrong, is We were quite well aware of the fact that candidate in one of the Montreal disthe convention referred to was held and the tricts. The notorions alderman, boss platform adopted; also that words of Prefortaine, whom the Liberal Montreal great strength and vigor were employed. Witness has steadily denounced as the controlling spirit in all the baser municireferred to the local organizations for their pal transactions which have disgraced

judgment and when it was before the body Montreal, has been called from a country Natives of Alaska collect the hairs, dry sary great precision of aim, whereas the constituency to redeem another Montreal division from the Liberal Conservatives. Mr. Langelier, whose notes were paid out of the Baie des Chaleur money, and to whom over \$10,000 of the same fund was traced, is to be a candidate in one of the printing solicitor of one of the recently- make it more reasonable and correct. If constituencies in the Quebec district. In months is \$2,185,000 better than for established local Grit organs the other that was their view they had as good a Ontario Mr. H. H. Cook, who has been musical composers belong to the general guns fire only five times as fast. Still Compound, and see that it has the tradethe same period last year. Canadians day. "The postmaster is afraid of us, right to express it as the nine who opposed unseated and disqualified for corruption average, pianists and violinists have fine another factor that would tend to reduce mark, the "stalk of celery." No other Miramichi N. B. have no reason to heed the blue ruin He knows we are going to win; so he them had to hold to the original wording. in the course of his political history, and heads of hair until late in life, but performers bloodshed in a modern conflict is the lack of preparation will suit your case.

who admitted on oath the expenditure of \$28,000 in one contest, has been nominated in East Simcoe against Mr. Bennett, a clever and respectable young Liberal conservative member, who came into parliament in a recent by-election. And this is only the beginning of the cam-

The Hemlock Bark Business.

A decided change has come over the hemlock bark business in New Brunswick, and there is every reason to believe that it will be permanent. Those engaged in the industry of peeling bark have had to accept gradually reduced returns for their labor for a year or two, and they are now face to face with the fact that there is no prospect of an improvement. The reason is because of a change having taken place in the tanning industry in the United States, to which the bulk of New Brunswick bark has gone for many years. The tanning business has practically migrated from the Eastern States to Ohio, Illinois and Pensylvania, where both hides and nemlock are abundant, so that the requirements of the New England tanneries are hardly one half of what they were four or five years ago. This is quite a serious natter for many of our people and it affects Northumberland, perhaps as largely as any county in the Province. It cannot, of course, be said that the bark industry is extinct, but the conditions we have stated render it probable that the quantities required will always be less than heretofore, while the prices realized will fail to reach former figures.

The Advance's St. John Letter

N LABRADOR -- IN MONKEY LAND -- THE DAY'S NEWS--THE MARKETS, ETC. Mr. A. P. Low, of the Dominion Geologi-

cal Survey, has discovered that the Labrador peninsula is really an island containing a territory of 150,000 square miles. Mr. Low has also discovered a bed of very superior iron ore, thirty miles long and of great thickness and an immense mountain of al pure metal, called by the Indians the "Shining mountain," because of the glittering of the ore faces in the snn. Little can be done toward developing these deposits until a railway is built to the district. It has been known for some time that Labrador ASK FOR contains a large area of valuable timber land; in one or two generations it may become the largest iron producing territory Professor Gardner, who has been studying

the language, customs and manners of the monkey in Central Africa, is in Chicago prepared to report to the syndicate of scientists under whose auspices he went out to monkey land a year or two ago, on the condition and capabilities of our hitherto unrecognized brethren. Of course a good deal of fun is being made at the professor's expense, but strong in the faith that is in him he is not disturbed one whit thereby. We know that the oyster, the earthworm and many other of the lowest species of animal life make no audible sounds, but we do not know, for all that, that they are without means of communication with one another. We do know that the fowls of the barnyard, are very chatty and have a language which they themselves understand; the honey bee, the ant and most domestic animals impart to one another by sounds or signs a knowledge of what is going on within the range of their observation. To some extent they understand our language, and we understand theirs. Professor Gardner contends that the language of the monkey is quite as comprehensive as that of some of the inferior races of men; that he has mastered it to a certain extent and that the tribe with which he associated most "has a history, a lineage and a future. Some of the happiest moments of his life were spent in "listening to their folk lore." He returns to the Congo this summer and, as a scoffer puts it, "expects to learn that his class has

mastered mental arithmetic and progressive An incendiary fire at the north end last Thursday evening was discovered before much damage had been done. Some boatmen have lately earned \$10 a

day picking up drift logs in the harbor. Gaspereaux are being caught in considerable numbers about Kennebeccasis island. The water at Indiantown is over the wharves and the great flow of ice through the Falls for some days has attracted a large | charge than is afforded by the rod outside.

number of spectators. A St. John lumber dealer will receive 1,200,000 shingles from the Marysville mills

Mayflowers have become an old story, and now we are looking for new potatoes. Spring lambs are selling for \$4 each and eggs at 10 and 11 cents a dozen.

New crop molasses is now arriving freely and is reported by the Messrs. DeForest to be in good demand, Barbadoes selling at 32, Porto Rico at 33 and 34. New Orleans is on the market in many different grades, ranging in price from 28 to 34 cents per Sugar is firmer but unchanged in Pried fish are a shade lower but the quality is particularly fine for so early in the season. Several new brands of laundry soap are being introduced and manufacturers are using great energy to create a demand but the trade seems wedded to the old standard brands. Dried apples are lower and the market is rather overstocked. Choice butter is in good demand at 18

Goorge S. DeForest & Sons are about removing into their new store on the north wharf. It is one of the finest structures of the kind in that part of the city and in i to four stories contains about 16,000 square feet of floor space. On the entrance floor there are large offices and sample rooms. the lofts are light and well ventilated and the conveniences for the handling of goods are unsurpassed. Their removal from the old stand which they have occupied for near half a century was made necessary by the great expansion of their business during the last seven years.

Mr. Paton of Charlottetown says he has crossed the ocean 77 times in the interest his firm. Few merchants in Canada have

Eleven deaths were reported in the city last week: one from diphtheria and one EDWARD EDWARDS.

St. John, April 27. "Advance" Scientific Miscellany.

Horseless sleighs, driven by electricity, are a St. Petersburg novelty.

Pumice stone life boats, which have been

satisfactorily tried in England, support a considerable load when full of water. Unbreakable mirrors are made in Germany from transparent celluloid. The silvering is backed by a second celluloid plate, giving thus a mirror surface on both sides-or

forming a double mirror. The shout of the walrus is provided with stiff whiskers three or four inches long. perfection of the modern rifle makes necesas toothpicks.

OOK BO For shortening mever use more than wo-thirds as much Cottoene as you would of lard. ways put it in a cold pan, heatin Cottolene is sold everywhere in tins with trade-marks-"Cottolene" and steer's head in cotton-plant wreath on every tin. THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Wellington & Ann Sts., Montreal.

DANGERS OF SPRING

Children die in the spring. Blotches bloom in the spring. Boils break out in the spring. Women weaken in the spring. Men lose energy in the spring. Pimples protrude in the spring. Old people suffer in the spring. Malaria is deadly in the spring. La Grippe spreads in the spring. Doctors' bills grow in the spring. Undertakers thrive in the spring. All diseases germinate in the spring. Scott's Sarsaparilla sells in the spring.

"Scott's Sarsaparilla is the most popular and successful spring medicine we sell. Everybody uses it."-J. D. Todd, druggist, Queen St. W., Toronto. Write Mr. Todd, or any other druggist for particulars.

Vareanarilla

USE SCOTT'S SKIN SOAP FOR THE COMPLEXION!

MONARCH

THEY NEVER LET GO. TAKE NO OTHERS.

Orders filled at Factory Price, and a Freight Allowance made on

lots of 10 kegs and upwards at one shipment. KERR & ROBERTSON,

SAINT JOHN, N. B. N. B.-IN STOCK AND TO ARRIVE 100 DOZEN K. & R. AXES.

bone-become bald very early. The most powerful battleships in the British navy, the Magnificent and the Majestic, have each 150 compartments, with 208 doors. Lord Charles Beresford recommends closing up 19 of the doors and modifying 23 others, to lessen the risk of

sinking in case of accident A rapid speaker utters 150 to 200 words a minute, which a few stenographers are able to take down. For single minutes the typewriter has been operated at about 175 words. Compare these results with the speed of Delaney's machine telegraphy, by which 8000 words per minute have been transmitted and legibly recorded on the

receiving tape. conductor to and through the furnace

In an investigation of copper-zinc alloys, M. G. Charpy has tested 18 different mixtures in various ways. After annealing, it was found that the physical varied quite regularly with the proportion of zinc, the rigidity of the alloy increasing with increase of this metal to 45 per cent. and the maximum toughness being reached with zine at 35 per cent.

Low-level bridges have been found advisable on Cueensland rivers subject to severe floods. The cost of high-level bridges is excessive, those of moderate height are very liable to be carried away, while the lowlevel ones are submerged before logs and driftwood are brought down in cousiderable quantities, so that the dangerous debris passes harmlessly over.

It is now proven that the cowbird does the farmer little harm and much good. From the stomachs of 366 specimens, collected in 20 States during 10 months of the year, F. E. L. Beal has found that 28 per cent of the food of this bird consists of animal matter, almost exclusively harmful insects and spiders, and 72 per cent of vegetable, of which one-fifth is corn and oats, more than half the seeds of weeds, and the balance various substances.

A warning to mariners who rely on the popular theory that icebergs chill air and sea perceptibly for a considerable distance all around has been given by Capt. Macmillan, of the ship Dunhope. Careful thermometric observations at regular intervals showed no change in air or water on approaching ice from windward, the temperatures being the same at a cable's length as at several miles distance. On passing to leeward of a berg a tall of a few degrees was generally observed in the air.

A pet theory of the day is that warfare | burdensome and oppressive. n the future would be attended by such an appalling loss of life that all nations will refrain from it. Capt. F. N. Maude, a British military engineer, declares, how- quickly banishes our assailing and tormentever, that the records of the last three centuries prove such an idea to be utterly of rhenmatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, indiunjustified. The losses in battle have gestion, constipation, heart disease, nervousdepended primarily on the quality of the troops, and have been small until-as at Waterloo or in the closing engagements of the Great Rebellion--the men have become thoroughly trained in war. The world's armies have to-day no war-seasoned veterans to spread distruction greater than has hitherto been known. Improvement in weapons, moreover, has actually tended to diminish the risk, as fighting must now be done at a greatly increased range, and the them, and export them in neat packages to inaccuracy of the old musket-at 200 yards China, where the wealthy prize them highly instead of 500 or 1000-corrected the error in aim in a large proportion of the shots Celery Compound has in past spring seasons fired. Mathematical calculation shows, in Baldness is found to affect about 12 per fact, that 1000 times as many rounds would cent. of the male population, according to be necessary now to produce the effect of

on brass instruments-especially the trom- | excitement at long range, and the consequent greater nervous strain this would induce.

The influence of the direction in which

the human body reclines in sleep, though often discussed, is doubtless generally regarded as a very trivial question. So eminent a medical man as Sir B. W. Richardson has taken up the matter, however, and declares that the effect of the earth's rotation has not been properly investigated, and that it is probably of much mportance, especially to invalids, feeble and sleepless people. The rapid motion of the earth tends to affect the circulation. The blood is inclined toward the head or away from it, according as the head is placed toward the east or the west, and Dr. Richardson finds he sleeps more comfortably, and wakens more readily, with the head in It has been noticed in Germany that the westerly direction. The editor of lightning often passes harmlessly through Science Gossip points out that another the air and molten iron of blast furnaces to | curious fact connected with the earth's the earth, instead of being attracted to the rotation is the temporary uneasiness of lightning conductors. The suggested ex- animals about an hour before dawn, no planation is that the aqueous vapor and matter at what hour this occurs. Children carbon in the smoke column offer a better | turn and moan, elderly people awaken and turn over for another sleep, cocks crow, dogs become uneasy, and horses and cattle move about for a short period, when stillness returns for a time. What is the cause? Are the animals, it is asked, affected by an hour or so, or is the habit one of heradity, passed down through numberless generations from an original wild state when an alertness just before daylight was necessary for protection from enemies?

MILLIONS FOR DEFENCE!

Not One Cent For Tribute.

Canadians Assured, Safety of

When Paine's Celery Compound is Used.

It has ever been the boast of Britons, that they never shall be slaves. The Briton's heart warms to freedom; his blood is aroused where human beings become mere chattelsbought and sold like animals. British subjects will suffer patiently even extreme taxation for the raising of millions for defence; but, never, never will they pay tribute to any foreign master. British subjects-men, women and chil-

dren-are slaves too often! What do we mean? Just what we say-that we are too often miserable bondmen and bondwomen. when we might revel in freedom and Thousands of us are slaves to some trouble

or disease that makes this earthly pilgrimage. Why suffer longer? We have near us a mighty and powerful deliverer and rescurer known as Paine's Celery Compound that

ing enemies that come too often in the form ness, sleeplessness and blood disease. Why encourage and pay tribute to such death-dealing masters? Our bodies should be free, clean, pure, and fitted for the full enjoyment of true life. That world-renowned prescription, Paine's Celery Compound gives perfect health, strength and life. It

body, and purifies the blood. This is the season to banish every weight and oppression. Let the renovating work be commenced now, so that summer and the hot weather may be met with strong and vigorous bodies and clear heads. Paine's saved thousands of sufferers; it will do the

removes every trace of disease from the

same for you to-day, weary and sick mortal. When you decide to use the great healthan English physician. The same observer the leaden storm that devastated the old giver, see that your dealer gives you the