"Unanimously and Respectfully Sub- have been built by New Bruismitted."

You will search that report in vain for any reference to wrong doing on the part of the government, or any member thereof, with respect to the cost of permanent bridges. These two paragraphs from the report of last year's committee will be found interesting:-

"That wherever practicable the contracts for the construction of the superstructures of permanent bridges should be put up to tender, with preference in fevor of provincial manufacturers."

"In conclusion your committee desire to place on record their appreciation of the highly satisfactory manner in which the honorable chief commissioner of public works and the honorable provincial secretary furnished all information in their possession asked for by the committee with respect to the expenditures im their several departments."

How unlike the sensational articles of the Sun are these reports of the public accounts committee, made up, as I have stated, by representatives from both sides of the house.

I have never hesitated to say on the foors of the legislature and elsewhere that I honestly believed that in very many cases the government could get better work at a less figure by having the service done by days work. Money was saved in that way with respect to the matter of inspection, and the department was not confronted with a large bill of extras, as is unfortunately too aften the case when the work had been done by contract. I have endeavored to point out particularly with respect to the work of repairing, that it was often very difficult to have p ans and epecifications prepared that would meet the case. The fluoring of a bridge might have to be repaired, and when part of it was taken up it would be found that very much greater repairs were needed than at first supposed, and while I know that there is always a desire on the part of opponents to create the impression that work done by the day is more costly than if put up to tender, I have no hesitation in saying that in nine cases ont of ten better work at a less figure can be obtained when the day's work system prevails. While I say this I do not mean to say that occasions will not arise when it would be in the best interests of the province to have important works let by competion.

I do not purpose making any reflections upon the integrity of the gentleman who has fathered these "startling exposures." I refer particularly now, not to the purist of the Nacawic, but to

Our Young Friend, Mr. J. Douglas Hazen.

wick concerns. An examination of the reports of the auditor general of the Dominion of Canada for 1893 and 1894 should afford Mr Hazen and the St John San evidence of their great corsistency. The reports mentioned show that the work of lebuilding the custom house was done entirely by day's work. In 1893 there was paid out for labor and material on the St John custom house the sum of \$74,983 38, and in 1894 for labor and material there was paid on account of the St John custom house \$113,011 65.

Interesting Custom House Items,

Wages were paid the men all the way from \$1 50 to \$4 per day. I am not finding fault with the rate of wages paid, but in connection with the accounts there are some faw items of very special interest. Mr. John E. Wilson is a very respectable gentleman, and is engaged in the galvanized iron work in St. John. When the work of repairing the custom house in St. John was commenced tenders were asked for placing copper roofs on the building. Teaders were sent in from all parts of the dominion, and when they were opened it was found that of Mr Wilson of St John was the lowest. The public works department telegraphed M. Wilson asking him if he was prepared to enter upon the performance of the contract at the figures named by him. He replied that he war, whereupon his contract was accepted and he gave an order to Messre. W. H. Thorne & Co. for the large quantity of copper that would be required in the performance of his contract. Sometime after his acceptance of the contract Mr. Wilson concluded that he was not likely to make as much out of the work as he had expected. He thought he discovered some roofs on the building that had not shown in the plans, but he thought he might reasonably count on large extras, or extras sufficiently large to make the contract a profitable one, but on reading over a copy of the agreement he concluded that there was very little chance for extras unless he had the matter arranged in advance.

Arranged with Hazen for Extras.

ducing Mr J Douglas Hazan to accom- dominion for 1895 and cannot say posi- as it was once by such men as Messra pany him to Ottawa to see if it was not tively whether any sums due on the Fisher, Allen and Blair, but I believe possible to have the contract price custom house in St. John were paid that now the change has come and York will changed. I have it on the most unques- year or not, but I think it will be ad- again take its proper place. tionable aut ority that Mr Hezen tried mitted that the sum of nearly \$200,000 all his persuasive powers upon the then was a very large price to pay for the reminister of public works, Hon Mr pairing of one building in the city of tive of the Conservative party. It was Oaimet, to induce him to permit a change St. John. Now, mark you, I in the c niract price, so that Mr Wilson am not pretending to say that henceforth to be allowed to govern themmight have a few thousand dollars more there was anything wrong in the matter selves but they must be governed by can very well understand that a than the amount of his tender. The so far as Mr Wilson, or, for that matter,

A Fat Thing for Wilson.

The government took off the hands of Mesers. W. H. Thorne & Co. the copper which they had purchased for Mr. Wil the same, and then they employed Mr. Wilson to superintend the job, paying h'm at the rate of \$4 per day as foreman, and paying him also \$1.50 a day for the hire of rooffing and cornice tools, and also purchasing from Mr. Wilson a large quanity of supplies. Mr. Wilson had profits from three sources-his wages as foreman, the hiring of his rooffing and cornice tools, and the profits on the main the materials supplied by Mr. Wilson was that of solder, for which he charged at the rate of 30 cents a pound, a figure so high that before paying the bill the auditor general wrote some spicy correspondence on the subject. I am told that there was a pretenderers will be doubted when I mention the fact that the auditor general pointed out that the price paid Mr Wilbought at retail.

In 1893 Mr. Wilson Rece ved \$728

as foreman of the custom house, and the same year he received \$1,855 52, the greater part of which was for supplies. In 1894 there was paid to Mr Wilson \$633, about one-half of which was for material and the other half for wages. The total sum paid for wages to roofers alone for work on the custom house was upwards of \$30,000 during those two years. Messre Thorne & Co received nearly \$14,000 for custom house supplics. Mr Thorne is one of the leading directors of the St John San newspaper, the leading opposition paper in the province. Neither the Sun nor Mr Hazin seems to have been strongly opposed to the principle of having public work done by the day when the repairs were being made to the custom house in St. Johr. These repairs, as I have showr, cost nearly \$200,000; at least the lected by the county of York, and he auditor general's reports for 1893 and congratulated the county of York on its 1894 show those amounts. I have not at very excellent choice. The county had He had not any great difficulty in in- hand the auditor general's report of the not been for some years past represented tions. If I wanted to

Impute Charges of Boodling to Mr. Bazen

might not have to draw very largely on my imagination to paint a picture son, paying them a very large price for that would at least be attractive to the eye of that gentleman's political opponents. Just fancy a member of the dominion parliament starting off in the company of a gentleman who had received a contract covering many thousands of dollars, seeking an interview with the minister of public works, first beseeching him to change terials supplied. A very large item the contract-to consent to a higher price-and then threatening him with dire consequence if the contract went to a concern outside of New Brunswick. And it might be possible-in fact it might be no very difficult matter-to leave the impression that Mr. Hazen in taking the stand that he had taken was tence at asking tenders for the supplying not moved entirely by motives of patriotof the solder, but the genuineness of the ism; however, it is not my purpose to fling mud, and the only reason why I have referred to this matter at all is to show the hypocrisy of the gentlemen who now son, for supplying over 2,000 pounds, was seek to have the government of New the same rate that the solder could be Branswick hurled from power for having permanent bridge work done by the day by New Brunswick concerns, when he was so willing a few years ago to apply the day work system to the repairs apon the custom house in the city of St John.

> I thank you most heartily for your kind attention. Possibly I have occupied your time more fully than I should have done, but I was desirous of making a full and complete statement with respect to these charges, and I am quite willing and quite prepared to accept the people's verdict with respect to these and all other matters connected with the affairs of government.

Mr Emmerson was in magnificent voice and shattered the two price bridge charges to pieces. It is needless to say that in York the opposition will not dare voice these charges again.

Attorney General White congratulated the four candidates who had been se-

He then discussed the Moncton convention, said that it was not representathere declared that the people were not

rentleman so closely connected with minister pointed out that that was so far as Messre Thorne & Co, were con-"the Harris land job" in St. John might at variance "the Harris land job" in St. John might at variance with all prece- cerned. I merely mention this matter be expected to tremble and turn pale at dents, and refused to comply with to show the consistency of the men who the very thought of the provincial the request of Mr Hazen in are quite willing to approve of all that government being in any way con- favor of his friend Mr Wilson, had been done in connection with the meeted with jobs, and when we re- The minister, I am assured, pointed out work on the St John custom house, and call his connection with the work that it Mr Wilson was unwilling to go on who find fault with our government for ow the custom house in St. John with the contract at the figure named in having any work done by the day. It om the custom house in St. John with the contract at the figure named in having any work done by the day. It a few years ago, when he was a member his tender, the work would be given to is quite impossible to figure out of the of the Dominion parliament, we are the next highest tender, which, I believe, auditor general's report the exact able to get an idea of how he must have came from a Montreal concera. Upon cost of the roof on the custom suffered in mind and conscience when hearing this Mr Hazen threatened the house building, but the greater part he made the discovery that we were minister and said that the constituency of Mesers Thorne's bill of nearly \$14,000 building some permanent bridges by of St John would not consent to have the appears to have been for materials for day's work, such bridges being con- work done by an upper province con- the roof. If you will add to that sum structed by New Brunswick firms at a cern, and he then and there proposed the amount paid to Mr Wilson for mate-less price than we had paid upper Can- that the job should be done by the day's rials and wages, as well as the wages of adian province firms for a very inferior work, and it was accordingly decided the different roofere, the grand total jority of the large andience was eviclass of bridges, comparing the latter that the work should be done by the will have assumed tremendous propor- denced from the frequent outburst of superior bridges that day. What was the result? with the

party.

He scourged Stockton for his change base and said that the learned doctor at one time in a speech said that he would be ashamed to belong to the Conservative party. Yet now we find him hand in glove with them.

Owing to the lateness of the hour the attorney general cut short a very interesting and eloquent speech.

At the close of the meeting Premier Emmerson was warmiy congratulated upon what was considered on all hands to be the ablest speech of his life. It was a masterly answer to the red fire of the opposition and that it carried conviction to the minds of the great mahearty applause.

