General Business.

COONEY'S HISTORY

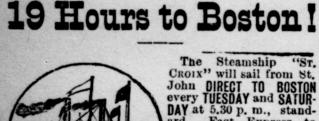
NEW BRUNSWICK ---AND---

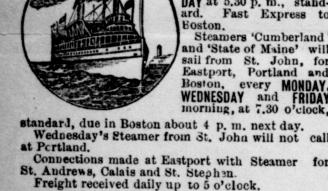
Printed by Joseph Howe in 1832 and reprinted by D. G. Smith in 1896, handsomely bound in blue and green and gold—including, 97 pages of the history of the County of Northumberland and a vivid description of the

GASPE.

GREAT MIRAMICHI FIRE and English for the possession of the French the hostility of the Indians; the French villages founded at Bay des Vents, Cain's River, etc.; the ships sunk in the Miramichi and Restigouche; the work of the Davidsons, Hendersons, Peabody, Frasers, Cunard, Simonds Davidsons, Street and other Peabody, Frasers, Cunard, Simonds, Rankin, Street and others, and an account of the settlement of Kent, Gloucester and Restigouche as well as the St John River, etc., etc. Price \$1.50 post paid to any address in Canada elsewhere. For sale at the ADVANCE OFFICE, D. G. SMITH.

INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO. FIVE TRIPS A WEEK





TIME TABLE

Miramichi Time used-30 minutes faster than



CAPT. GOODFELLOW.

On and after Wednesday, Sept. 12, 1900 Will leave Chatham every morning (Sundays excepted) at 7.10 a.m. for Newcastle, and leave Neweastle at 7.45 a.m. and Chatham at 9 s.m. for points down river, viz :- Loggieville, Burnt Church, and Neguac, calling at Escuminac on Mondays, and Wednesdays and Bay du in on Tuesdays, Thurs days and Saturdays returning to Chatham same day Steamer will not call at Bay du Vin on the way

MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS ON BOARD AT REASONABLE RATES.

down unless to land passengers who are to return



STEAMER "NELSON" CAPTAIN BULLICK. On and after Monday, Sept. 17th, 1900, and

CHATHAM AT NEW (ASTLE A 9.00 a.m. 9.50 a.m. 11.50 " 12.15 p.m. 2.00 p m. 2.50 p m. 6 50 " 4.00 " The evening and Wednesday Excursion rates or

RESEE PASSENGER TARIFF FOR RATES. All Freights Must be Prepaid. J. ARCH'D HAVILAND, Manager. Chatham, N. B., Sept. 5, 1900.

(Telephone 40.)

Excursion Rates on Steamer Miramichi:

On Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, Ex-cursion Tickets, good for day of issue only, will be ssued from Newcastle or Chatham, to points down liver at the following rates: For one person, 50 cents. For parties of 5 to 10 persons, 40 cents each. For parties of ten per-On Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, will be issued from Chatham, for the round trip to Escuminac—one person 75 cents; parties of 5 to 10 persons, 60 cents each; parties of 10 persons or more, 40 cents each. MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS can be had

J. ARCH'D HAVILAND. Chatham, N. B., June 20th, 1900, Telephon 4

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.

TENDER FOR FILLING PONDS AND BEACHES AT LEVIS, QUE.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned and marked on the outside "Tender for filling ponds at I evis," will be received until seventeen o'clock

FRIDAY THE 7TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1900, for the Filling of the Ponds and Beaches between the Ferry Wharf and Couture's Wharf, at Levis, Que. Plans and specification may be seen on and after the 31st day of August, 1900, at the Assistant Engineer's Office, Levis Station, and at the Chief Engineer's Office at Moncton, N. B., where forms of tender may be obtained.

All the conditions of the tender must be D. POTTINGER, Railway Office, Ge Moncton, N. B., August 28th 1900.

TENDER FOR STATION AT LEVIS.

Sealed Tenders addressed to the undersigned and marked on the outside "Tender for Levis Station" will be received until seventeen o'clock

Levis, Quebec.

Plans and specification may be seen on and after the 8th day of September, 1900, at the Assistant Engineer's Office, Levis Station, and at the Chief Engineer's Office, Moncton, N. B, where forms of tender may be obtained. All the conditions of the specification must complied with.

D. POTTINGER. Railway Offices, General Manager. Moncton, N. B., August 28th, 1900.

Executors'

All persons having legal claims against the estate o Bartholemew Stapledon late of the Town of Chatham in the County of Northymberand, Blacksmith, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested, within three months after this date, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned executors of said estate. Dated at Chatham this 21st day of August A. D.

D. CHESMAN, R. D. STAPLEDON. Executors,

NOTICE.

All persons having legal claims against the estate of Sarah A. Cushman late of the Parish of Nelson in the County of Northumberland deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from date; and all persons indetted payment to the undersigned sole administratrix of where the invasion was threatened—

Nelson, 5th June, 1900,

REBECCA J. ESSON,

Miramichi Advance. OHATHAM, N. B.. - SEPTEMBER 6, 1900

Pulp Mills and the Salmon Fishery.

It is said that because salmon are not as plentiful on the Mlramichi now as

In the first place, it is a matter of wonder with those who give attention to the salmon problem that the stock of fish is maintained on the Miramichi even as well as it is, considering the recklessness with which it is attacked by many of the people living along the river and who net Southwest, particularly, no salmon is allowed to pass up the river if it can be passed a law in 1889, the principal effect abiding settlers into the ranks of the salmon proaching fraternity, has failed to provide for adequate guardianship, par-WILLIAM G. LEE, Agent. St. John, N. B ticularly of the Southwest Miramich, and employed to protect a hundred miles of river, it will continue for, no matter how vigilant the individuals of such a small force may be, it is impossible for them extent.

It is not, therefore, necessary to go far afield to find reason for a decrease in the numbers of salmon frequenting the river. How can the stock be kept up under the conditions which we all know

As to the theory that the acid from the pulp mills affects the fishery in the least, all the authorities, as well as scientific data are against it. Professor Prince, Dominion Commissioner of Fisheries, has shown that there is no reason to fear that the pulp mills will do any injury to the salmon fishery of the Miramichi, unless they become much more numerous and differently situated from what they

The most eminent European authority on the subject is, perhaps, Professor the Austrian government, in connection with the pulp industry in that country. In his report he said, amongst other things: "After the cooking is finished "and the acid blown off if it has water enough so that it is diluted in proportion of one to a thousand, it is not only harmless, but is nourishing for plants, fish and animals, on account of the large quantity of albuminous follows :matter contained in the same."

The quantity of water in the Miramichi opposite the town of Chatham-say in a mile of the river-is 714,000,000 gallons, which, with a tidal change twice in every 24 hours, and the current of fresh water from the Northwest and Southwest passing along, is a volume to which all that comes from the pulp mills bears a ridiculously small proportion. Moreover, the dilution which the acid necessarily undergoes in the pulp-washing process renders it very weak indeed before it reaches the river, so weak that the serious discussion of the idea that it can have any possible ill effect on the salmon which visit the Miramichi seems almost an absurdity. Nevertheless, we shall expect that the class of men who appear to think it is to their interest to appear "wise above what is written" and to cater to prejudices of the uninformed, will continue to work this idea of the pulp mill as the bane of the salmon industry. We hope, however, that the salmon fishermen, and especially those up-river, will realise the true reason for the decreasing stock and govern themselves accordingly.

Deserved Honors.

Last Thursday evening was quite a

memorable one for many persons in St. John, the medals in commemoration of the going out of our New Brunswick volunteers, to do service in Charlotte county at the time of the Fenian Raid trouble in 1866, being presented in the drill shed in that city. There were speeches by Lt. Col. McLean, Mayor Daniel, Rev. W. O. Raymond, Hon. H. R. Emmerson and Mr. J. D. Hazen, M. P. P., and the incidents connected with the raid and the lessons which the gallantry and patriotism of those who volunteered were calculated to teach were duly enforced. It is true that our citizen-soldiers were not obliged to fight, but that was because those who came to make the attack found that talking of the conquest of the hated Britisher at a safe distance was a different thing from attacking him when he was on guard for the protection of the flag and his own fireside. The going to the front of the volunteers of St. John. Fredericton and Charlotte counties, suggested to the intended invaders that they would probably get nothing more of New Brunswick soil than enough to bury them in, so they made an inglorious retreat, gaining neither a foot of our soil nor anything but the derision of those who would have lionised them had they been as brave in deeds in the face of our men as they were in words when they set out to conquer them. The medals were, therefore, well bestowed on Thursday and we are glad to learn that there was a gathering on Tuesday night at St. Stephen for the same purpose, and that the distribution of the medals there -in the county

even more thoroughly than that of the previous Thursday at St. John.

A Sample of Opposition Methods.

The Globe, Gleaner, Sun and other papers of the Province, which are playing Hon. Geo. E. Foster's game against the they were in the earlier history of the local government, profess to entertain river, the idea that the decline is due to the idea that one of the reasons for Hon. the establishment of our sulphite pulp Dr. Emmerson's retirement from the mills is being promoted in certain quarters premiership was because Hon. Dr. Pugsand being entertained by many fishermen. ley, as solicitor for the Restigouche and It is a plausible the ory and, no doubt, Victoria railway, had made application to easily makes its way amongst those who the local government for a loan or guaranhave not the means or knowledge to tee of \$100,000 to enable the company to analyse it thoroughly. They know that complete that work. There is, of course, the salmon does not frequent impure no law to prevent Mr. Pugsley, or anyone water. They hear that the water used else, from making such an application, n washing pulp, and which is drained off but the fact that these papers into the river from the sulphite mills, never mentioned the subject until after contains a quantity of acid, and as they the Railway Company's memorial had take fewer salmon now than formerly, been before the government and disposed they attribute the lessened catch of the of, shows that their purpose in referring last two years. No man stands higher lean years to the presence of acid in the to it as they have done is purely for the

Victoria Railway's \$100,000 proposition future. The Dominion parliament, which the province. They were away on a of which has been to drive former law. Coast. No application of any kind has tion. Mr. Hill's knowledge of the since been made by or in behalf of the memorialists or in behalf of their government is thorough, being based before the Council in reference to it. an extent never before known. This because, as the Globe hinted, (it was the destruction of parent fish has been first to do so) he didn't want to be going on for years and, so long responsible for the provincial treasury being exploited by means of the \$100,000 application referred to? When the facts are as stated, and the whole matter made use of by the papers named as has been, what reliance can be placed in to prevent it to any but a limited anything they may publish against those whom they wish to hurt politically? If they had stated that the application was made and promptly rejected, and had given the acting premier, Mr. Tweedie. and his colleagues credit for their course. that would have been in keeping with the facts and the government's deserving in the matter. Misrepresentation, how-

Reconstruction of the Provincial Government.

ever, is more in their line.

The reconstruction of the Govern nent of New Brunswick-which had. for some time been anticipated, in view of certain Federal contingencies which it was expected would lead to Hon. Dr. Emmerson's resignation of the position of premier-was announced last Mischerlich, to whom it was referred by Saturday morning. 1) . Emmerson had retired and Hon, L. J. Tweedie, one of the representatives of Northumberland, and provincial secretary since 1896. was called upon by His Honor, the Lieutenant Governor to form a government. Mr. Tweedie undertook the duty and, with little delay, submitted the names of the new administration as

> Hon. L. J. Tweedie, Premier and Provincial Secretary. Hon, Dr. Wm. Pugsley, Attorney General.

Hon. C. H. Labillois, Chief Commissioner of Public Works. Hon. A. T. Dunn, Surveyor-General, Agriculture.

Hon. H. A. McKeown and Hon. Geo. F. Hill, members without office. His Honor and sworn in.

Hon. Dr. Emmerson, who still reissued the following address :--

Brunswick :

"Gentlemen .- I feel it my duty upon handing to His Honor the Lieutenant attorney general of the province, to express to you my high appreciation of the confidence which you have reposed in me during my tenure of office, as evidenced by the very handsome support you have accorded to the government which I had the honor to lead, when appealed to at the polls. I trust you the brood of the unsavory "nest." will believe me when I assure you that in relinquishing my position in the wholly actuated by personal considerations, but whatever may be my future I shall always cherish a grateful remembrance of your generous confidence and support, and will ever take a deep interest in the prosperity of my native province, in whose great future I have such an abiding faith.

"With renewed expressions of gratitude and esteem, believe me to be "Sincerely, your obedient servant, (Signed) "H. R. EMMERSON."

It is hardly necessary for a newspaper published in Northumberland to say any thing on the subject of the fitness of the new premier for the office to which he has been called. His political record is one marked by faithful and efficient service to the constituency he has so long and so The Sun and Mr. Foster have surely honorably represented. He has, for ten years, been the leading spirit not only amongst Northumberland's representatives, but also those of the four Northern Counties, and has, by taking broad views of all matters affecting the general inter ests of the province, won the confidence of the representatives of all sections. While he has demanded justice for the North Shore he has ever been ready to concede it to every other section of New Brunswick. It is to the consistent and constant manifestation of this spirit and the pursuit of this policy that Mr. Tweedie largely owes his popularity in the Assembly. He has the reputation also of being direct in his dealings with both friends and opponents, and his impulses are too generous to lead him to withold justice from any county because of the political obtuseness of even a majority of its people. While he gives to all questions of administration prudent consideration. his experience of public life and excellent professional training enable him to determine promptly and, in nearly all cases, wisely. The fact that his worst enemies and most bitter opponents have his integrity in all his dealings with the public interests and public revenues daring his career as a responsible minister, is a source of pride to the people of Northwas, if possible, an occasion which umberland, whether they are or are not

these reasons that we, at the North Shore, are proud of Premier Tweedie and feel that the government of which he is the head will conduct the affairs of the Province wisely and honestly and that it will justify the best expectations of its friends and, in the best sense, disappoint

The accession of Hon. Geo. F. Hill, of

St. Stephen, to the government is hailed with satisfaction throughout the Province, His name stands for thorough personal probity and undoubted political integrity. He was a member of the Legislative Assembly before confederation; He was a member and president of the Legislative Council at the time it went out of existence, and was one of the men who entered that body with the object of having it abolished. He subsequently re-entered the Assembly and has occupied the position of Speaker of that body for the than he in the confidence of the House purpose of creating political capital for the in which he has the reputation of being a consistent and conservative legislator as The facts are that the Restigouche and well as a wise and prudent counsellor. The fact that Premier Tweedie was presented to the Lieutenant Governor | has invited Mr. Hill to enter the cabinet in Council on 26th July by memorial. The and that he has accepted the position, memorialists were heard on that day, demonstrates two things ;-one is that and on the 27th—the very next day— the new leader desires to be assisted by the Council unanimously decided that men of the highest character, in whom their application should not be granted, the province has confidence, -the other and it was so entered on the minutes of that in accepting and associating himself Council. At that time neither Dr. with Mr. Tweedie and his colleagues, Mr. pursuing the fish without a thought of its Emmerson nor Hon. Mr. White were in Hill shows that he believes they are actuated by the same correct principles tour of western Canada and the Pacific as himself in regard to public administra-

gentlemen with whom he is to act in the undertaking and nothing is pending his close observation and experience with them in the legislature for many years. How then could Dr. Emmerson and it is a guarantee to the people of be influenced in resigning the premiership good government to have such men at the head of provincial affairs.

Hon. Dr. Pugsley, the other new member of the government, and who succeeds to the attorney-genership, is one of the He has been Speaker of the Assembly and was at one time Solicitor-General under Hon. A. G. Blair's premiership. He has a Dominion reputation as a lawyer and is eminently equipped for the office he has accepted in the new government. He is one of our public men whose fate it is to be well abused by the opposition press. He is, however, always attacked by innuendo, which is the form ever in favor with the irresponsible and cowardly. To those who judge men from their own observation, Dr. Pugsley is an able ally and generous opponent. Those who know him best in all the relationships of life esteem him the most highly. His Honor, the Lieutenant Governor has made no mistake in accepting him as one of his

The Press and the New Premier.

It is very low comedy that the Sun is playing just now in the interest of Hon, Mr. Foster, His huge tactical blunder, known as the Moncton convention has, as everybody in New Brunswick knows, left him without a constituency in the province to which he can safely appeal. He told his confreres at Ottawa that he was able, through the Moncton affair, to compel Mr. Tweedie, Mr. Costigan and other influential men of the Liberal Conservative party to stultify themselves in their relationships with the local government overweening self-conceit that it was only necessary for him to work the Hon. L. P. Farris. Commissioner of oracle through the Moncton convention and Tweedie must forsake his colleagues in the local government and thus help These were, of course, accepted by to defeat it, or if he remained in it go under with it.

Of course, Mr. Foster failed, Mr. tains his seat in the Assembly, has Tweedie stood by his colleagues and only laughed at the Foster tactics and "To the electors of the Province of New came out of the contest stronger than leader, Dr. Stockton, to compel him to

Then, Sir Charles Tupper was induced Governor my resignation as premier and by Mr. Foster to declare war on Mr. gage of battle. He could no longer remain with the "nest of traitors" and declared that he proposed to help Mr. Blair to defeat Mr. Foster or any of

Such being the situation just now in vincial government I have not been the Province it is, of course, a very bitter punishment for the Sun and Mr. Foster to see Mr. Tweedie premier of New Brunswick, and the existence of this feeling explains the Sun's illnatured references to the subject on Monday last.

It is positively comical, in view of Mr. Foster's record on the prohibition question, and of the declaration of Sir Mackenzie Bowell-the present conservative leader in the Senate-that Mr. Foster was "the dirtiest bird in the nest of traitors" to read in his St. John organ that "Mr. Tweedie and Mr. "Pugsley have been uncertain allies." not forgotten the treachery of Sir Mackenzie's allies in Feby 1886, or who it was that led them to desert him in a most unseemly, not to say indecent manner. It is true that when Mr. Foster found he had made one of his usual tactical blunders on that occasion, and went repentant to his leader, that the latter received him back again, but the Liberal-Conservative party has never recovered from the blow dealt to its prestige by Mr. Foster and his coconspirators at that time, and those of them who read the Sun must have an attack of "the creeps" when that paper refers to "uncertain allies."

In its attitude towards the new government the Sun seems to have with it only one other paper of any standing in New Brunswick, viz .- the St. John Globe, but as that journal gave its assistance to Mr: Foster in his Moncton convention crusade against the Emmerson-Tweedie government, it is at least consistent in pursuing the same policy, now that Mr. Emmerson has retired and Mr. Tweedie is premier.

It is not to be wondered at that the interest.

the Globe's continued antipathy is not the Canada Eastern Railway, there was so easily explained. It is to be presumed, however, that the fact that Mr. Tweedie has declared his intention of personally assisting Mr. Blair in the coming Dominion election is sufficient to even intensify the Globe's spite against the present local premier, who with a malignity as intense as its fealty is fickle and its views public life narrow. It is significent that the Sun of Monday, in its matter designed to help Mr. Foster in his ridiculous purpose of defeating Mr Farris, the new commissioner of agriculture in Queens county, found only the new government suited it for quotation, and that was the Globe's. And yet the editor of the Globe professes to be a Liberal. However, both parties have their traitors, although the Liberal ones don't "nest." As we have said the Sun and the Globe are alone amongst the papers of good standing in the Province in their opposition to the new government, and it is gratifying to find that their sentiments on the subject are more than offset by those of the cleaner papers, some of whose utterances we append.

[St. John Gazette]

The New Premier. Hon. L. J. Tweedie, who has been select ed premier of New Brunswick, has had perhaps the largest legislative experience of any one in the House of Assembly at Fredericton. He was first elected to the legislature in I874 when he was only 22 years of age and with the exception of the tinuously on the floors of the house. After the election of 1890 he was offered and accented the portfolio of Surveyor General by Mr. Blair, a position which he held until Mr. Blair's retirement in 1896. When Mr. Mitchell formed his governme accepted. The following year on the asbest known men in New Brunswick, sumption of office by Mr. Emmerson Mr. Tweedie continued to act in the new government in the same position and he will retain the secretaryship in his own

During the ten years that Mr. Tweedie has been a member of the government of New Brunswick he has proved himself a most useful and energetic member of the cabinet. As surveyor general of the province, he continued the reorganization of the Crown Land department commenced by Mr. Mitchell. For a century the Crown Lands of the province had been looted at will be interested persons. Hundreds of thousand of dollars' worth of timber lands have passed from the hands of the government to those of private individuals, often for the most trifling consideration. A result of this policy of past administrations was that the present government found themselves in possession of a greatly depleted estate and constantly decreasing territorial revenue. Under the guidance first of Mr. Mitchell and afterwards of Mr. Tweedie the revenue from Crown Lands has been doubled and i some years quadrupled over what it was before the present government took office. The administration of the Crown Land department was greatly improved by Mr. Mr. Tweedie who took a deep interest in everything connected with it. Much comment was made regarding the success of the New Brunswick exhibit at the Sportsman's fair. But had it not been for the forethought of Mr. Tweedie in originating a collection of the birds and animals of New Brunswick, the exhibition in Boston would not have been possible. The revenue from the public domain was largely increased by would, no doubt, discharge to the advanthe wise administration of Mr. Tweedie. In the office of Provincial Secretary, where he again succeeded Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Tweedie has been a valuable official. is not much scope for financing in this

province but the manner in which he handled the loan to refund and consolidate the debt of the province, has resulted in a large annual saving to the province. Mr. Tweedie has the honor of having effected a 3 per cent loan on terms quite as good as He assured Sir Charles and his own the latest 21 per cent loan made by the Dominion This loan which amounted to upwards of a million dollars was placed on the market at 96; the government paid no broker's commission and the interest payable at Fredericton although it is sterling loan, and is largely taken up in Great Britain. In other words: had the government been compelled to pay the brokerage charges and to have placed the interest in London as the Dominion government has always done, the net proceeds of the loan would have been smaller and the annual expenses greater. Mr. Tweedie made a conspicuous show of courage in dealing with the loan as there was a most determined effort made by the opposition accept an offer of 94, but Mr. Tweedie refused the offer and as a consequence made the best sale of Provincial bonds ever recorded. As a parliamentarian Mr. Tweedie has no peer in the house and he is not without experience as a leader, as during the illness of Mr. Mitchell he was leader of the house and acquitted himself in a man-

ner which leaves no doubt as to his ability to fill the office of premier in a manner that will be acceptable to the house and to the country.

[St. John Telegraph.] The new premier of New Brunswick to political life He has not been imported into the government and placed at its head an untried man, but has served faithfully for many years in the legislature, and has filled important departmental offices in the government of this province. Mr Tweedi was first returned to the House of Commons at the general elections of 1874, although from his youthful looks one would never suppose that he had been a member as mucl as twenty-six years ago. He served one term of four years and was then defeated, but he was re-elected at the general elections of 1882 and has been continuously in the legislature since that time. Mr. Tweedie has therefore sat in the legislature for eighteen years, which is a sufficient period to give a man of his intelligence a thorough knowledge of its working, and of all the questions which are likely to arise in connection with the public interests. Mr. Tweedie has been a member of the executive council of this province for more than ten years, having been sworn in as surveyorgeneral in February, 1890, and he became provincial secretary in July 1896, when the government was reorganized after the re irement of the Hon. A. G. Blair. Mr. Tweedie's experience as a member of the government has, therefore, been a long one and he has filled for four years the most secretary, for the provincial secretary is the keeper of the public purse and a man who is responsible for the financial condition of We have no doubt that Mr. Tweedie wil

make an excellent leader of the government. and we bespeak for him the favor and support of all the friends of the provincial government as it was under the late premier. the Hon Mr. Emmerson. Mr. Tweedie is alert, accessible, agreeable in his manner make a public man successful and popular. There is no reason to doubt that he will

The new government, although it does not differ from the old one in many respects. must be regarded as an entirely administration under a new head, with new men in two of the departmental offices. Yet we have no doubt that the policy which it will pursue will be that of the late government of which the Emmerson was premier, and that Mr. Tweedie will not relax in any respect the efforts which are being made to develop the resources of this province. We have already spoken of Mr. Tweedie so that it is unnecessary to say more now than that the people of New Brunswick have the utmost confidence in his loyalty and zeal for their

Sun is after Mr. Tweedie's scalp, for it When it became known on Saturday had applied, in St. John, to the Board of building and other purposes has ever manifested hostility towards afternoon that Mr. Tweedie was to return Education for a holiday on Labor Day, touched the loyalty of the people his political supporters. It is for all the north shore of New Brunswick, but home from Fredericton that evening by but it was found that the Board had no or the office of L. J. Tweedie,

general assent to the idea that he must have a reception from his fellow citizens. so that they might give expression to their appreciation of the honor he had secured for them and the county in attaining to the premiership. The absence from town of Mayor Loggie and the fact that there was no member of the has always been pursued by that paper Town Council deputed to act for him, gave rise to the question as to who should speak for the citizens, and the matter was set at rest by Hon. Senator Snowball falling in with a unanimously expressed wish that he would lead in the matter. There was no attempt made to get up an address, for there was no organization to determine on the form of the demonstration. Everybody wanted one paper whose editorial references to to participate in whatever would be done, and when Chatham people are in tha frame of mind things soon arrange them selves. The members of both the Citizens' and St. Michael's bands were to the fore to take their part in the welcome and there was an eager demand amongst

the rising young citizens for torches

People on foot and in carriages made

their way to the station, but many is town did not expect the train's arrival before ten o'clock, local time, and started late. The train was on time, however, and as it came in Mr. Tweedie could no have been otherwise than gratified at the heartiness of his reception. Old friends of all classes thronged about him and offered congratulations and it was some time before he was enabled to reach the carriage waiting for him and in which he finally took his seat with Hon. Mr. Snowball and F. E. Winslow, Esq., Manager of the Bank of Montreal here. The Citizens' band, led by Mr. Walter White, w as onhand and enlivened the scenewith its fine music, and a procession, marshalled by Messrs. Chas. Gunn and James Johnston, formed, the Band and torchbearers leading, some of the latter acting It will be a 1 cent, four-page paper. as an escort on each side of the Premier's carriage. Soon after leaving the station St. Michael's Band, with more torch bearers met the procession and fell in behind the Citizens' Band, after which each played alternately. The route followed was down Station or Henderson St. to Wellington, along Wellington to St. John, down St. John to Duke and thence by Water Street to the Town

There were over a thousand people assembled in front of the Hall when Senator Snowball appeared on the balco ney and was heartily applauded. He said they were gathered to-night to wel come Hon Mr. Tweedie home and to congratulate him on having attained to the position of leader of the Government of the province. It was the first time North Shore representative had held the positon since confederation, at least, and the conferring of the honor on a representative of Northumberland was a distinction which the county could not fail to appreciate.

He referred briefly to Mr. Tweedie's experience and his fitness for the position. He had begun at the foot of the ladder and had now reached the highest position to which he could attain in provincial politics, the duties of which he tage of the country. He congratulated Mr. Tweedie on his merited promotion and the county on the honor done it in having that gentleman called to the

with applause and when Mr. Tweedie appeared upon the balcony, applause-and

cheers greeted him. Mr. Tweedie said he thanked his fellow citizens for their hearty manifestations of good will, and Senator Snowball for the kind words he had spoken. He interpreted this demonstration as one not so man and was proud that he had begun at neglered and despised, its terminus in the foot of the ladder. He referred to the fact that he had made his way unaided by fortuitous circumstances, and his advancement in public life demonstrated that, in this country, the son of the humblest citizen might aspire to its highest positions.

For the past ten years he had been a of it being used for the genuine developmember of the government of the province, and he did not hesitate to say that it had always been his aim and that of his colleagues to administer the country's affairs to the advantage of the people. They had been criticised and censured in certain quarters, but whenever they had departure which will, in the not distant only some seven men were returned in thousands, perhaps millions, of dollars. opposition, which showed that the people approved of what he and his colleagues had done. Their constant care was to promote the people's welfare and he could claim on behalf of himself and his as ociates in the representation of the North Shore that its interests had been properly fostered and cared for and that Northumberland had nothing to complain of. Our industries had done well. The establishment of flour mills has been encouraged and the agricultural interests promoted in a substantial manner. He believed important office in it, that of provincial that the industrial development of the Province, and particularly of the North Shore, had only just begun. The attention of the people of the Dominion and of other countries also is being more and crop. more turned to New Brunswick as a place for industrial investment. St. John will, in a few weeks, start its second pulp mill; a third similar industry is contemplated and has all the qualities which are likely to here. Senator Snowball and others are carrying on the lumber industry which is continue premier of this province for many so largely contributing to the revenues of the province. He had done what he conceived to be his duty as a representative when that great industry was depressed, and whatever adverse criticism might article says, "the dreaded spots appear on have been directed against him and those the stalks. Black potatoes have already who acted with him at that time, he felt been dug in Mayo, in West Kirk and in that he and they had done what was Kerry."

> In response to suggestions from some of the youngsters as he came to the balcony, that they should be given a school holiday. the premier said, he would like to see them have a holiday. "At all events," said he "you needn't go to school tomorrow." [laughter and applause.] They

anada's Sons on Kopie and Veldt

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authority to grant the request. would, however, see what could be done for his young friends here by Monday. [applause.] Some of the young men of to-day would be going by and bye to the legislature as representatives of Northamberland and he hoped some of these

would be the future premiers of the province. While he retained the position it would be his aim to further in every possible way the interests of the province and to continue to be worthy of the confidence reposed in him and of the demonstrations of good will with which he had been honored on his return to Chatham on this occasion.

Three cheers were given for P.emier Iweedie, the bands played and emerged upon the street from the hall, the personal congratulations were continued for some time.

ELECTION SYMPTOMS:-The St. Joh San Printing Co. will begin on Monday, Sept. 10th, the publication of an afternoon paper to be called the St. John Sar. Its adopting the name of the great Montreal Conservative organ indicates, that it is to be a hot political campaigner.

Sir Charles Tupper and Mr. Foster are campaigning in Nova Scotia.

Mr. Foster's Chum.

This is what the St. Andrew's Beacon says of Hon. Geo. E. Foster's Queen's county chum :-

"Mr. Hetherington, who was chosen by the conservatives in Queens to contest the local seat with Hon. L. P. Farris, is the same Hetherington who threatened to go gunning for the Frenchmen of Quebec. He will be a defeated politician long before he has any use for his musket.'

Positive vs. Negative Politics

The Moncton Times intimates that the local government will postpone the bye-elections in Kings and Queens counties until the Dominion contest is brought on. That is, no doubt, Hon. Mr. Foster's idea of the matter, but what he would do under the circumstances and what a competent leader's action would be must necessarily be widely different. Mr. Foster will probably find the people around his summer home in Kings county shouting over Dr. Pugsley's bye-election triumph there before the end of September, Mr. Snowball's remarks were greeted while Mr. Foster himself will be still searching for a constituency.

What Mr. Blair has Accomplished.

[Montreal Herald.] Mr. Blair had been much abused None the less, the department over which he presides has never been so well administered. The canal work that under much for himself personally as a mark of his predecessors was dragged on without appreciation of the honor done to the semblance of a business plan, has been county he represented. The honor of rushed to completion. In four years has any success to which he had attained in been done the work of twelve by the public life was, in a great measure due to old standards. In his hands the Inter-Northumberland, which had always stood | colonial Railway has been made a reality, by him and in everything he had done as an instrument of progress and developa representative, he had always been ment, a national asset whose tendency is mindful of the county's interests. He to improve in value. What it was before, had gone to the legislature as a young all men know. A costly encumberance, ploughed field, kept going only by constant drains upon the public treasury. Mr. Blair has brought the Intercolonial to Montreal, and has made it pay. More than that, Conservative newspapers like the Toronto Telegram and the Toronto World now see in the road a possibility

ment of a Canadian winter port business. Mr. Blair's new policy of railway subsidies, by which the grants are no longer free gifts, but are in reality so many loans, the interest on which will pay for the carriage of the mails, constitutes a appealed to the people they were hand- future, be the means of saving to the peosomely sustained. In the last election | ple an annual expenditure of hundreds of

News and Notes.

New York, Aug. 30.—Many of the 420 Christian Endeavorers who reached this port from Europe yesterday on the North German Lloyd steamer Aller are unable to proceed to their homes by reason of lack of funds. Neither had any of the 420 any baggage when they arrived, lack ing even a change of linen. They tel harrowing stories of their experiences abroad. They report the continent of Europe to be dotted with ill-used Christian Endeavor tourists.

Ireland is said to be in an alarming condition because of blight to the potato

The situation was described in a copy of The Irish People, published last week in Dublin. Ruin, it says, stares tens of thousands of farmers in the face. Spraying has failed to stay the progress of the disease, which has attacked the potatoes, and intermittent rains have destroyed both corn and potatoes. "Where the potato field is the anxious

and particular care of the farmers" the

Fear is expressed that the condition may portend a recurrence of such a fam-

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MERSEREAU.

The Photographer

Chatham, Nov. 23rd 1898.

There have been placed upon the marke several cheap reprints of an obsolete edition of "Webster's Dictionary." They are being offered under various names at a low price BV

dealers, agents, etc., and in a few instances as a premium for subscriptions to papers. Announcements of these comparatively Worthless reprints are very misleading. They are advertised to be the substantial equivalent of higher-priced book, while they are all Reprint Dictionaries,

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