General Business.

WATER BOTTLES

-AND-

FOUNTAIN

IN

VARIETY AT

COMMON SOAP

WILL CAUSE ROUGH

SKIN On Face and Hands.

We have just imported a large lot of and Cucumber Soap

direct from the factory which next TWO WEEKS __AT__

3 Cakes for 10 cents. It is made from Pure Olive Oil and the Juice

Mackenzie's Medical Hall,

DENTISTRY

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OFFICE-OVER MACKENZIE'S MEDICAL HALI CHATHAM, N. B.

PATRONISE.

I beg to return thanks to my patrons their favors of 1901, and as the year has come to a close the most important feature of any business is to make the next year more successful than the last. With that special object in view I have selected my stock from best houses in the Dominion of Canada and United States and bought it at the lowest prices, so as to still enable me to increase my business by selling goods cheaper than I ever did before.

Call and prove my assertions when show you my new stock at rock bottom prices. Thanking you for past favors, I await your visits,

> ROGER FLANAGAN. Water Street, Chatham.

EXQUISITE STYLE IN DRESS



made to measure by an artist tailor who knows the value of perfect fit, heautiful fine workmanship, and who selects his fabrics with an eye to please the taste of the well bred gentleman, "The tailor makes the man" is an old saying and we can supply all defects of form, and give you both style and satisfaction in suits and overcoats. Ladies suits, coats and skirts at reasonable rates. Gents fur lined overcoats a specialty.

W. L.T. WELDON

MERCHANT TAILOR. CHATHAM, N. B.

Administrators' Notice.

All persons having any just claim against the estate of Joseph M. Ruddock, late of the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland, proprietor of the Miramichi Foundry, are hereby requested to file the same with the undersigned administrators within three months from this date duly attested, and any person indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment forthwith to

(Sgd.) MARGARET J. RUDDOCK, CHARLES D. RUDDOCK,

DR. C. B. MCMANUS.

DENTIST. Rooms over J. D. Creaghan's store, Newcastle. Is prepared to do all work in a most satisfactory manner by latest methods. All work guaranteed,

NOTICE.

Extracts from Act of Assembly 60, Vict. A. D. 1897.

The property to the amount of Five Hundred dollars of a wife deserted by her husband and compelled to support herself; and where the whole porperty owned by a widow, as well the place where she resides as elsewhere, is under the value of Fifteen Hundred dollars, and such widow supports minor children of her own or of her deceased hus-band, her property in the parish where she resides shall be exempt from taxation to the extent of Two Hudred dollars for each minor child wholly supported by her. If she has no property in the parish quent speaker in the House where she resides, then such exemption shall be

Miramichi Advance.

OHATHAM, N. B., - JULY 17, 1902.

The King.

King Edward VII is rapidly recovering from the operation lately performed on him. He is now resting on the Royal Yacht, Victoria and Albert. The Coronation will probably take place between 9th and 12th August.

Lord Salisbury Resigns the Premier-ship of the United Kingdom.

The expected resignation of Marquis of Salisbury as Premier of the Upited Kingdom has taken place. He became leader of the Conservative party in 1881, when Lord Beaconsfield died, and in June, 1885, became Prime Minister. He held the position, with exception of a few months, until August 1892. In July 1895 he assumed the position for the third time, holding it until his resignation last week. He was exceedingly conservative in his tendencies, and has been subject to the criticism that his mind ran rather to the maintenance of British preeminence on lines partially obsolete than with a proper and safe regard for new and modern conditions and development. He will, however, live in history as a great and self-reliant states-

Great Britain's New Premier

Mr. A. J. Balfour, the new Premier is comparatively young man to fill so important a position. He was born in 1848, a son of Mr. James Maitiand Bal four and Lady Blanche Gascoigne Cecil sister of the Marquis of Salisbury, and been in parliament since 1874. Writing of prominent members of Parlia ment in 1884, a journalist thus describe Mr. Balfour: "A tall, aristocratic somewhat aesthetic and well-dressed young man; clever, writes better (i the Saturday Review) than he speaks, bu is altogether a most superior person. His superiority has been proved by th eminent position he won in Parliament in a few years. He had practically com menced political life by acting as private secretary to his uncle in 1878-80, when the Marquis of Salisbury was Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. He was engaged at Berlin at the famous meetings in 1878. He was called to the govern ment in 1885, becoming president of the local government board, and he subsequently held other positions in th administration. His chance came in 1887, when he became Chief Secretary fo Ireland. His administration of Crimes Act brought down on him th severest reproaches from the sister isle where he was alliteratively called "blood Balfour," but in England he was hailed as a rising statesman. On the defeat of his party he became leader of th opposition in the Commons and acquitted himself with great credit, making certain that when the Conservative should again attain power he would be th leader of the House. Since June, 1895 he has led the government forces in th Commons, Mr. Balfour is a Cambridge

is unmarried. Theoretically, with the resignation the Premier the whole cabinet resigns. It is very doubtful if all the presen members-even if asked-will serv under Mr. Balfour.-Globe.

man, and has written several books. H

is famous as a golfer, and was prominen

dent of the National Cyclists' Union. He

Juggling With the Salmon Fisheries of Gloucester County.

The reference made by the ADVANC of 3rd instant to the bad faith of present Minister of Fisheries in licens ing new salmon-nets in semi-tidal waters-those of the Nepisguit and Restigouche particularly-has appar-M. P. for Gloucester county. That gentleman has, with amazing alacrity and unaccountable inconsistency, started in his paper, the Courier, to run amuck against the editor of the ADVANCE the New Brunswick government, and also sundry "sports" or visitors to the Prov- Nepisguit, which is the chief nursery of ince, whose identity he veils in con- the Gloucester net fishery. Yet, because genial innuendo. Not only so, but, as if to | we object to this outrage on the Gloucester suggest the old legend of the live ass salmon fishery, Mr. Turgeon invents and which mustered up sufficient courage | publishes the falsehood that the ADVANCE to kick the dead lion, he assails the memory of the late Senator Burns with a coarseness which must be a surprise, not only to the friends of that lamented gentleman, but the better class of those net fishing in Gloucester county, anywhere of Mr. Turgeon, himself.

Having in view only the conserva- protesting against Minister Sutherland's tion of the salmon fisheries, we pointed out, on 3rd instant, that the new policy of the present Minister of Fisheries in establishing net fishing for salmon in semi-tidal water above Nepisguit high way bridge, was wrong. We claimed that it was not only a menace to the Fisheries and the government to cancel legitimate salmon netting industry of net licenses above Nepisguit bridge, in the county of Gloucester, but a depar- order that he (Burns) might profit thereture from the policy of the Department by in the sale of angling rights in which for many years, as well as a violation of the spirit of the understanding between the Provincial and Dominion governments when the former agreed to permit the latter to continue the administration of our tidal and semi-

tidal fisheries. Mr. Turgeon, if he felt called upon to defend the new policy of the Depart- his own imaginings-in his statements on ment, might have done so with some regard for the decencies of public discussion and in terms befitting his position as a member of parliament. He. however, makes a serious mistake when he attempts to defend the action of the Minister by resort to insinuation of improper motives on our part and to personalities which, although they may be congenial to his tastes, cannot com- tions of that river. They have their rights mend him or his methods to those whose good opinion he ought to value. Turgeon is not permitted to be a fre-

addressed to the editor of the ADVANCE : "Il doit v avoir derriere le rideau un pouvoir plus souriant que le pouvoir d'Ottawa. C'est vrai. Il y a le pouvoir du "sport-millionnaire," qui lui paie

ment him, we may remind him that Charles Dickens, of whom we assume heard, became disgusted a certain class of newspapers about half a century ago, because of the hopelessness of his purpose to influence public men through them, in the reform of abuses in institutions of public administration. He was, fortunately, not turned aside from his mission, however, for he became a novelist and, in that capacity brushed aside and directed the contempt of the civilized world towards Bathurst "Courier" class of papers by creating the Eatenswill Gazette, of which personalities of the Turgeon stripe were the stock-in-trade. In this he did a signal service to British journalism, at least, from which it is evident, however, that the Courier has not profited. The Minister of Fisheries must b

amused, if not disgusted, over Mr Turgeon's attempt to keep him right in the matter under discussion, and he will-if he reads the "Courier"-come to the conclusion that he has had some very bad and misleading advice from the member for Gloucester, who now comes out in that paper as his champion. Whatever else he may think we are quite sure that he must, on reading what Mr. Turgeon has to say, be ashamed of the company he is in, so far

as Gloucester is concerned. The motive which ought to influence Minister Sutherland, as well as all others connected with the administration of the fisheries, is their preservation as a valuable asset of the people-not of any individual who may have a little influence with such members of parliament as Mr. Turgeon, but of all the people.

If it is necessary, in the general interest of the fisheries, to restrict the length of nets or have them entirely discontinued in certain localities or places, it is wise administration to do it. This was done time and again, in New Brunswick at least, long before Mr. Turgeon came to the province. If he had lived here in the time when the necessity for restricting the us of nets was first acted on, he would, doubt, have joined those who protested against the regulations which prohibited them being set at the spans of bridges, or within certain distances of the mouths of rivers, etc. In like manner, he might have agitated against the regulation which imposes a penalty on anglers for taking salmon before six o'clock on Monday mornings. Like the ADVANCE, he is in favor of giving all rights of net fishing on the coast of Gloucester, and right up to Bathurst harbor, but he is so absolutely reckless of the future of the fishery that he would go further and remove longestablished restrictions above the Bathurst Bridge over the Nepisguit river; and, because the ADVANCE claims that it i dangerous to the existence of the !legitimate coast fishery to do so, he untruthfully states that we are endeavoring to deprive the net fishermen of their enough as a bicyclist to have been presi-

> If Mr. Turgeon were not a member of Parliament the disgust which the dishonesty of his statements creates would prevent us from taking any notice of him, but as there are, doubtless, some persons who may be influenced by him, we feel constrained in the public interest to follow the matter a little further.

If men of the Turgeon stripe can induce the Department of Fisheries at Ottawa to re-establish nets for the capture of salmon where they have been found dangerous to the existence of the fisheries, we shall soon have the new poilcy worked for all it is worth, not only in the semi-tidal waters of the Nepisguit, but in all other rivers similarly situated. If this were ently excited Mr. Oniesphore Turgeon, done, how long would the coast fisheries be worth engaging in?

Mr. Turgeon is, therefore, amongst the worst enemies of the legitimate coas fishermen of Gloucester because, for the sake of pleasing one or two men who liv about Bathurst bridge, he would prevent hundreds of salmon from ascending the is desirous of interfering with those who are legitimately engaged in that industry. We desire to say in a word : that neither the ADVANCE nor its editor has ever proposed to interfere with salmonsave above the Bathurst bridge, and in policy of establishing net stands above the bridge, we seek to conserve Gloucester

County's salmon fisheries. Mr. Turgeon's charge that the late Senator Burns, when he was a member of the House of Commons, some twelve years ago, influenced the then Minister of Mr. Turgeon asserts, he was financially interested, is entirely new to us.

We cannot believe that the charge is true, not only because the late Senator Burns was a very clean man as between his political influence and his personal interests, but also because we know that Mr. Turgeon is incapable of discriminating between truth and falsehood-fact and the fishery subject. It is easy to slander the dead, but a member of parliament ought to hesitate before carrying his

political acrimony that far. Respecting the anglers of the Nepisguit, of whom we know very little personally. we assume that they would naturally oppose the new policy of Minister Sutherland in establishing nets to intercept salmon in their ascent of semi-tidal porequally with the legitimate net fishermen. If they were to attempt to prevent the

North American rivers. To be silent mede and Metapedia, have their develop- not aired, neither the domestic upheavals Passing over Mr. Turgeon's execrable French, on which we cannot compli-

and malevolence. He is represented as soon be provided. the enemy of the net fisherman and the briber of Mr. Turgeon's betters in attacking the poor fishermen's interests. The provincial government, too, is accused of abuse of the fishery interests, presumably because it leases angling rights to those who pay well for them and, at the same time, guard the river against poachers. It is in the interest of the latter, we presume that Mr. Turgeon assails the provin-We hope, however, that Mr. Turgeon

will be unsuccessful in his efforts to create

antipathies between the legitimate netfishermen and anglers who enjoy salmon fishing-each in their own way-in Gloucester. The net fishermen took an average of nearly 500 salmon a day, last year. The anglers took much less than that number in the whole season. The interests of both classes have been attacked by the new policy of establishing nets above the Nepisguit highway bridge. The but can look back and say that putting net-fishermen of the county are an impor. all together in their proper proportions tant factor in its industrial life. They distribute the money they earn both in and beyond their own localities, and thus help to maintain the general business and premote the well-being of the community at large. In the same manner, the anglers - like other sportsmen - bring money to the county. They pay well for the privilege of taking the comparatively few fish they get, and their annual visits are thus beneficial. Mr. Turgeon, how ever, appears to lose sight of all this and for the sake of carrying his point of establishing salmon net-fishing where was properly prohibited years ago, because it was a menace to the existence of whole salmon fisheries of the Nepisignit, as well as a detriment to the navigation of the semi-tidal portion of the river, he would destroy the industry of the net fishermen as well as drive the anglers from

The Minister of Fisheries has had attention drawn to the matter of wh we complain, and we hope he will not be prevented by Mr. Turgeon from reconsidering his decision to depart from the safe policy followed by his predecessors. We do not think there is an intelligent and disinterested net-fisherman in the county of Gloucester who will endorse the advice he appears to have received from Mr Turgeon; and the mistake he has made ought to warn him that it will be safe hereafter to receive any recommendation that gentleman may make with the greatest caution. As one of the papers of the province which promoted Mr. Turgeon's unopposed election to his present position, the ADVANCE regrets that he has proved himself so unmindful of the public interest involved in this important question of the salmon fisheries.

LIBEL SUIT :- Papers were served Mouday on editor James H. Crocket. of the Fredericton Gleaner, in a libel suit entered against him by manager C. J. Milligan, of the St. John Telegraph. The cause of action arose out of letter, presumably written in St. John, published in the Gleaner, in which Mr. Milligan claims he was libelously referred to. Mr. Crocket seems to be defiant and Mr. Milligan determined.

St. John Hospital.

It is evident that St. John Public Hospital needed reforming, after all, as the report of the commissioners appointed to investigate its management have subnitted their report to the government ecommending some radical changes. The ommissioners found there was cause for complaint over the character of the food furnished to patients, want of cleanliness and inattention to patients. They recommended nine more lady nurses, oractical instruction in cookery, the employment of three trained male nurses, general superintendent or head nurse, that the number of commissioners be reduced to five, and that \$25,000 expended in improving the building.

A Highway Bridge Over the

Restigouche. We are glad to hear that there is prospect of having a highway bridge combined with that by which the Intercolonial Railway crosses the Restigouche at Metapedia. Through the representations of Mr. Jas. Reid, M. P. for Restigouche county, N. B., aided by Mr. Marcil, M. P. for Bonaventure, P. Q., Hon. Mr. Blair has entertained the idea of including the much needed accommodation in the proposed alterations of the I. C. bridge. It may appear singular to many New Brunswickers, in view of the fact that the government of this province pro-Mercier regime, a bridge was built across necessarily slow in their processes.

the mouth of the Metapedia, but it was,

over the introduction of a policy which, ment retarded and their people put to caused by the desertion of the cook on we believe, is the entering wedge to the constant inconvenience by reason of wash mornings, says the New York Sun. depreciation of a most valuable natural neither the Metapedia or Restigouche asset of the province would be almost being bridged. It is, therefore, good news not the quiet of weakness. It is the calm criminal. No suggestion was needed and to hear that Hon. Mr. Blair is disposed of trained faculties, balanced so nicely none was received from any men or man to establish a highway bridge in connecin Gloucester that we should oppose that nection with the railway bridge over the color, but will not bring forth a loud cry. policy. It is rather suggestive that Mr. Restigouche when making the proposed Well bred women are a boon to the Turgeon thinks it is necessary for a man alterations for railway purposes, provided human race. They help the social and to be bribed to the performance of a pub- the governments of Quebec and New professional world to maintain a high Brunswick will contribute reasonably standard of morals and behavior. Last year the net fishermen of Glouces- towards the cost. It goes without saying, ter county took thirty thousand salmon perhaps, that the New Brunswick Governand the anglers three or four hundred, ment will do so, although it is much the perhaps. We can see no reason why smaller province. Mr. Reid will, therethere should be any clashing of interests fore, have the New Brunswick Dominion between the two classes. It is the prac- Minister, its Chief Commissioner of tice of narrow-minded persons of the Public Works, Mr. Mott, M. P. P., for demagogue class to create prejudices in Restigouche, and in fact North Shore the minds of those who are not wealthy representatives generally with him in the against those who are supposed to be so. matter. If Mr. Marcil, M. P., is equally The "millionaire sport" seems to be the fortunate in his province, the long-needed object of Mr. Turgeon's particular envy highway bridge over the Restigouche will

Well Treated in London.

H. J. Smith of St. John, one of returned Coronation contingent, in a letter to the Globe says :-

"During the whole time we were away the best was done for us that could be done almost. Naturally, there were some very disagreeable experiences, which is one dwelt on would go far to spoil all. but the pleasant things far outnumbered the unpleasant. In camp at London better arrangements could not have been made, the Imperial authorities did all they could to make us comfortable. If the contingent was not treated to more it was more on account of the uncertain ty of arrangements than of any intentional slight. As individuals every one of us met with the greatest courtesy from all we met so there is no one of us ing, has been a pleasant and very memor-

The King's Physical Condition,

An authorative statement regarding the health of King Edward is published in the British Medical Journal. It says: "In view of the fact that sinister stories continue to be manufactured and printed it may be again stated as emphatically as possible that during the operation no trace of malignant disease was observed, that no suspicion of any kind has arisen since, and that the medical attendants are quire satisfied that His Majesty's constitution is thoroughly sound.'

The British Medical Journal adds : 'The progress of the last week has been even better than expected. The wound though still deep, is granulating well. During the last ten days the improvement in His Majesty's general health has been remarkably rapid. The King has regained his strength almost completely and is able to take restricted diet with a good

The Lancet also stigmatized as "lies" the sensational rumors circulated, and ays; "There is not and never has been the faintest shadow or ghost of suspicion of any malignant disease."

The Lancet specially asserts that th King is free from cancer.

NEWS AND NOTES.

Trains are now daily running the 200 mile journey from Liverpool to London in hours, 55 minutes.

The annual convention of the French Acadians of New England will be held at Waltham, Mass., on August 16. Judge Landry, of Dorchester, N. B., will speak on the Acadian People, and Rev. Philip Belliveau on the Acadian Clergy.

There are in the borough of Brooklyn 20,000 apartment or tenement houses (1-ss than half the number of New York) 11,000 stores, 10,000 stables, 5,000 factories, 541 hotels or hotel saloons, 315 schools, 540 churches, 90 theatres, 91 lodging houses, 215 clubs, 46 station houses, 126 engine houses, 153 hospitals and asylums a 1,300 warehouses.

The minister of marine and fisheries of the Newfoundland Government has issued a statement which shows that the total extent of the damages wrought by the recent storm to property and fishing interests on the coasts and in the outer water amounts to \$750,000. Making allowance for property that has been partially recovered, reports show that the loss will reach \$500,000.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier made an admirable speech at the Empire Coronation banquet in London, on Friday night. On the most important issues he was non-committal. The granting of representative institutions. said Sir Wilfrid, has brought prosperity, contentment and unity to the Empire. It would be fatal to try to force events in the British Empire. Any pre-conceived plan along the lines of general or individual efforts should proceed slowly. "Historic experience," said Sir Wilfrid, "has clearly shown that political changes, unless prompted by actual necessity, generally fail. There is no finality to human affairs." The time might come, the Premier suggested, when a Parliament of the Empire should assemble at London. It would be a great spectacle, but not greater than the present galaxy of free nations owing allegiance to the same flag.

The capture of Benj. D. Green and John F. Gaynor, and their removal from Canada vides its people so well with bridges, that to the state of Georgia for trial on charges there is no highway bridge crossing the of misappropriation and embezzlement of Restigouche, which forms the boundary over two million dollars in connection line between the two provinces as far up | with river and harbor improvements at as the Patapedia river, yet such is the Savannah, Ga., have been sought for some fact. The reason, no doubt, is because time by the United States. It is now the government of Quebec is behind foolishly said by the yellow press that the all others of the Dominion in bridge- matter will take on a diplomatic phase in building enterprise. If the Public Works | a few days, when Secretary Hay communi-Department of that province were as cates to the British government the view responsive to the requirements of its of the department of justice that the people as that of New Brunswick is, Canadian authorities are pursuing an Quebec's highways and such bridges as it "extraordinary and unwarranted course has—especially in Bonaventure and Gaspe in the case." The trouble seems to be counties-would not compare so unfavor- that the United States lawyers cannot ably as they do with ours. During the comprehend that international cases are

The best bred women do not fuss. They from the first, a crazy structure and was partially carried away several times and take their gowns and their furniture, their latter from the exercise of their privileges | wholly destroyed about three years ago, jewels and their children as a matter of of the people of Gloucester, that Mr. in any way the ADVANCE would neither but no attempt to restore it has been course. They are unconscious of their sympathize with nor assist them. In the made, so far as we have learned. It, veils and their gloves, and they expect discussion of the new policy of the Ottawa therefore, happens that the people living everyone else to be equally so. If they and at their residence, guaranteeing delivery of where she resides, then such exemption shall be allowed in the place where such property is situated; but such exemption shall not apply or extend to school taxes.

Commons at Ottawa, in view of the by knowledge and experience of the past, the Restigouche in Quebec, east and west they refer to it admiringly, but they also display he makes of his ignorance and where such abuses have led to the past, the Restigouche in Quebec, east and west they refer to it admiringly, but they also display he makes of his ignorance and where such abuses have led to the past, the Restigouche in Quebec, east and west they refer to it admiringly, but they also display he makes of his ignorance and where such abuses have led to the past, the past and the pas display he makes of his ignorance and where such abuses have led to the prac- of the Metapedia-with such centres of preface their comment with an apology. sec.-Treas. Co. Northe discourtesy by such a sentence as this, tical extinction of the Salmon in certain population as St. Alexis, Deeside, Runny- Their differences with their husbands are

The repose of the well-bred woman is that an earthquake may cause a change of

A correspondent who wrote to Mr. Chamberlain asking whether it would be possible to give a statement of the numbers of the Australian, Canadian and New Zealand troops who served in the South African war, has received the following

"Downing Street, June 16, 1902. 'Sir,-In reply to your letter of the 11th inst., I am directed by Mr. Secretary Chamberlain to state that, exclusive of the special service battalion, over 1,000 strong, which was formed to relieve the imperial garrison at Halifax, and which subsequently volunteered for active service, some 7,300 troops were raised in Canada and despatched to South Africa. Including the recent Commonwealth con tingents, the number of troops raised in Australia and New Zealand amounts to some 22,000. To these figures must be added the considerable numbers of men who proceeded to South Africa from Canada and Australia on their own initiative and enlisted in local South African corps,

"1 am, sir, your obedient servant, "H. BERTRAM Cox."

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other remedy. The action of Ferrozone is very mild and efficient, and can be depended upon to give satisfactory results in every case. It brings about a healthy condition of all the organs of the body, causes the kidneys to eliminate all poisonous products and wastes of the body. It purifies and enriches the blood, recon structs wasted tissues, excites healthy appetite and promotes good digestion. Be the regular use of Ferrozone nutrition is improved, and strength to ward off disease s established and maintained.

No remedy for the alleviation and cure of kidney disease can possibly equal or surpass Ferrozone. This fact is conceded by all those who have used it, and a trial will convince you of its merits. Don't be misled into accepting a cheap, unworthy substitute, but insist on having the genuine Ferrozone. It is the very best that money, brains, skill and scientific research can produce, and that is the sort of remedy you want. Price 50 cts, per box, or three boxes for \$1.25, at druggists, or N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Sold by C. P. Hickey, Chatham,



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.Blackville,... 8 42

Chatham Jet { 7 40 lv 7 20 ar

11.50 " Chatham 6 40 8.00 " The above Table is made up on Atlantic standard time, The above Table is made up on Autorities of the State of

Stations—Derby Siding, Upper Nelson Boom, Chelmstord, Grey Rapi'ls, Upper Blackville, Blissfield Carrol's, McNamee's, Ludlow, Astle Crossing, Clearwater, Portage Road, Forbes' Siding, Upper Cross Creek, Covered Bridge, Ziouville, Durham, Nashwaak, Manzer's Siding, Penniac.

Maritime Express Trains on I. C. R. going north run through to destinations on Sunday. Maritime CONNECTIONS are made at Chatham Junction with the I. C. RAILWAY for all points East and West, and at Fredericton with the P. RAILWAY for Montreal and all points in the upper provinces and with the C. P. RAILWAY or St John and all points West, and at Gibson for Woodstock, Houlton, Grand Falls Edmundston and Presque Isle, and at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley.

CITATION.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF

THOS. HOBEN, Supt.

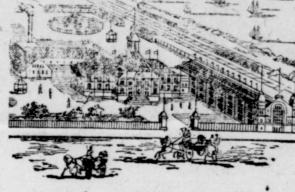
To the Sheriff of the County of Northumberland or any Constable within the said County, Greeting : Whereas, Nicholas Power, Executor of the last Will and Testament of Julia Murphy, late of the Parish of Nelson in said County, widow, deceased, hath by his petition represented to me that the said deceased left no personal property for the pay-ment of debts against her Estate, and hath prayed that license may be granted to him to sell the Real Estate of the said deceased fo. the payment of the debts due by said deceased and that the accounts against the said Estate may be passed and allowed. You are therefore required to cite Edward Murphy Dennis Murphy, both of Chicago, Mary McNaughton of Virginia, Annie Sauntry of Williamstown in said County of Northumberland, and Ellen Donovan of Virginia, the heirs, next of kin of the said deceased, the creditors and all others interested in her

said Estate, to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at my office, Newcastle, within and for the said County of Northumberland on Friday the Eighteenth day of July next, at the hour of half-Estate and to shew cause (if any they have) why neeme to sell the Real Estate of said decease. should not be granted as prayed. given under my hand and the seal of the this Second day of June, 1902.

(Sgu) G, B FRASER, (Sgd) SAM THOMSON, Registrar of Probate Judge of Probate for said County.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., August 30th to

September 6th 1902. OVER \$12,000 Offered IN PRIZES. ALSO A NUMBER OF INTER-ESTING SPECIALS.

Live Stock enter on 30th August and leave on Entries close August 18th. Late entries pay Exhibits carried by Rail and Steamers at low Live Stock Judges will explain their awards, and

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Manager & Secretary.

L, J. TWEEDIE,

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THOTO DITITUDE. The subscriber is prepared to furnish stone for uilding and other purposes.

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ts will be issued to those who prefer COLLECTIONS DITTI DING CTONE made at all points in Canada and the

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Manager Chatham Branch.

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Capital (all paid up)