

General Business.

NOTICE.

Collectors of Rates and County Accounts Etc.

Collectors of Rates and other officers bound to make returns to the County, and all persons having accounts against the County, are hereby requested to make their returns and file their accounts...

C. WARMUNDE

IS OFFERING SPECIAL BARGAINS

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

Silverware & Novelties.

All new goods. Give him a call.

We are glad to welcome visitors, please to show our goods and ready to make them prices to all.

WARMUNDE, EXHIBITION WORKERS

Fallen Corner Chatham N. B.

COMMON SOAP

ROUGH SKIN

We have just imported a large lot of Olive Oil and Cucumber Soap

direct from the factory which we can sell for the best TWO WEEKS

3 Cakes for 10 cents.

It is made from Pure Olive Oil and the Juice of Cucumbers. We can recommend it.

Mackenzie's Medical Hall.

C. A. C. BRUCE,

FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE

Insurance Agent.

Bank of Montreal Building

CHATHAM, N. B.

PULP WOOD!

THE DOMINION PULP COY LTD.

Opposite Chatham, N. B. are now prepared to contract for their supply of Pulp Wood for next season.

Also for CORD WOOD, nine feet lengths, delivered ON CARS at Chatham Station

BY SLED TO THEIR MILL during winter.

Particulars on application.

CHATHAM, N. B. P. O. Drawer 3.

THE DOMINION PULP CO. LIMITED.

DENTISTRY!

Henry G. Vaughan, D. D. S.

Office Hours—8.30 a.m. to 1 p.m., 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. Saturday—9.30 a.m. to 1 p.m., 7.30 p.m. to 9 p.m.

GAS ADMINISTERED.

PAINTLESS DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.

OFFICE—OVER MACKENZIE'S MEDICAL HALL, CHATHAM, N. B.

INTERNATIONAL S. S. CO.

Winter Arrangement.

ONE TRIP A WEEK

BOSTON

\$3.50. Winter Rate. \$3.50

COMMENCING DEC. 19 the Steamship S. S. CROIX will leave St. John every THURSDAY morning, at 7.30 o'clock

standard, for Kempton, Lohar, Portland and Boston.

Returning, leave Boston MONDAY at 11.15 a.m., Portland 5.30 a.m., through Tickets on sale at all Railway stations, and Baggage checked through.

Passengers arriving in St. John in the evening can go direct to the steamer and take Cabin Berth or St. John for the trip.

For rates and other information apply to nearest Ticket Agent, or to

WILLIAM C. LEE, Agent, St. John, N. B.

STANLEY, SHAW & PEARDON,

Practical Plumbers

Sanitary Engineers.

Plumbing and Hot Water Heating.

WATER STREET, next door to the Hooker Building CHATHAM, N. B.

Bank of Montreal.

ESTABLISHED 1817.

Capital (all paid up) \$12,000,000

Reserve Fund 7,000,000

(NINETEEN MILLION DOLLARS)

IN THE SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

at CURRENT RATES

on sum of \$4.00 and upwards and paid or commencing 1st of January, on 30th of June and 31st of December. This is the most convenient form for depositors, but depositors will be issued to those who prefer them.

COLLECTIONS

made at all points in Canada and the United States at most favorable rates.

TRAVELLERS' LETTERS OF CREDIT

issued, negotiable in all parts of the world.

R. R. CHROMBIE, Manager Chatham Branch.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., MARCH 6, 1902.

THE BISLEY TEAM expenditure last year was not half as much as in 1900.

FISH BREEDING APPROPRIATIONS by the Dominion Government in the main estimates amount to \$60,000 for the coming year.

LORD DUNDONALD is mentioned in well-informed quarters as the next Major General to command the military forces in Canada. He has been a prominent figure in the South African war.

THE RECEPTION by the school children of Chatham of His Honor Lt. Governor and Mrs. Snowball, on Friday last, was a very enthusiastic one and could not have been otherwise than gratifying to all concerned. It had not the varied surroundings of the first great popular demonstration at Newcastle and Chatham, but was none the less hearty and loyal.

The following telegram is self-explanatory:—

New York, March 2. To C. J. Milligan, St. John.

You may state, as authorized by me, that the newspaper reports respecting my health and intended resignation from the government are entirely incorrect. My health, I am happy to say, has greatly improved, and I have not the remotest intention of resigning.

A. G. BLAIR.

It 'Hoodoo's' Them.

The St. John Globe doesn't agree with the leading public men of York county in reference to the desirability of having its three representatives attend to its legislative interests for one session—or two at the most. It attempts to dictate in the matter. It glories in elections. There's business for it in them. It would be wiser for the Globe, however, to cease making itself ridiculous. It was rather unfortunate for the conservative candidates in the federal by-election in York and the local in Kings, that it abandoned its Liberalism and assisted them. If the Globe had opposed them they might have won. The longer the local by-election in York is deferred the better it will be for those who are to be 'hoodoo'd' by its support, which they will not have because it loves them, but rather that it hates the government.

Opening of the Legislature.

The Legislature is to meet at Fredericton at half-past two o'clock this afternoon. The new members will be sworn in by His Honor, Chief Justice Tuck. His Honor, Lt. Governor Snowball will deliver the Speech from the Throne, and Mr. Speaker Robinson will make the usual claims regarding the privileges of members, etc., after which the House will adjourn until Friday. This latter course is a departure from the usual practice, but it is one that will, no doubt, meet with general approval, inasmuch as it is for the purpose of affording all who may desire an opportunity of being received by the newly-appointed Governor and his wife. It is evident that His Honor and Mrs. Snowball are bringing to the position in which they are placed a knowledge and appreciation of the duties pertaining to it which are an augury of the kind of success which people of all classes admire, because its underlying cause is a recognition of the fact that those who govern can only do so acceptably and effectually by keeping in touch with the governed.

At the Friday afternoon session of the Legislature the Address in reply to the Speech will be moved by Mr. King, the new-elected member for Kings, and seconded by Dr. Ruddock, recently elected to fill the vacancy in St. John county, caused by the death of Mr. McLeod.

Water and Sewerage Work.

The warning note sounded by the ADVANCE a few weeks ago in connection with the final settlements to be made with the contractors for the town water and sewerage work, appears to have been timely. We referred to the subject because, being acquainted with the methods of gentlemen engaged in such undertakings, as contractors, we assumed that they would act in the manner usual to them, and get the best of the town if they were permitted by the local authorities to do so.

The ADVANCE based its remarks on facts as they existed. That the contractors put up one of their workmen to call the editor a liar and employ other coarse and characteristic language to him, did not surprise us, any more than do the letters which were read at Monday night's Town Council meeting, or the fact that Messrs. Hanscomb are making claims for extras at this late date and just as the time approaches when the finishing of a very important part of their contract is to be entered upon.

If, as seems probable, the town's engineers have made mistakes which ought to have been avoided, it will be necessary to have the facts established, so that justice may be done to all, according to their merits.

We are glad to observe that the gentlemen of the Public Works Committee seem to be alive to their duty of protecting the town in the premises. That is their sole duty; and if they permit themselves to be turned aside from it by such abuse as has been indulged in on behalf of the pumping plant people against the ADVANCE, or by claims that may be set up to offset those of the town for failures of the

contractors in any branch of the work, they will only have to share with other ratepayers hereafter in the losses to Chatham which will be the gain of these outsiders, who seem to think they are entitled to do about as they please with us.

As to Mr. James Miller, whose name is in the correspondence, while he is nominally the contractor, everybody knows that he is simply the representative of Montreal and New York parties in the matter, and that he was induced to connect himself with them in order to enlist local interest and sympathy in their behalf. Everybody wishes him well. Nobody blames him for doing his very best for his principals and himself in connection with the pumping plant contract, but the town of Chatham owes a duty to itself which its council should perform, regardless of the interests, real or supposed, of any individual, whether he live here, in Montreal or New York.

'Shingles' Again at Ottawa.

The Sun's Ottawa correspondent is unfair to engineer P. S. Archibald. He says:—

"Mr. Barker, member for Hamilton, one of the greatest railway authorities in Canada, evidently intends devoting considerable attention to the affairs of the I. C. R. this session. He has given notice of a series of important questions regarding the purchase of supplies for the road. He also asks for a return regarding the transfer of items of expenditure from revenue account to capital account during the past year."

It is known that Mr. Archibald, who was dismissed from the position of chief engineer of the Intercolonial Railway for political partisanship, has been in conference by correspondence and, more recently, by personal closings at Ottawa with Mr. Barker. Whatever Mr. Barker may know of I. C. R. affairs should go to the credit, or otherwise, of Mr. Archibald. If he is "one of the greatest railway authorities in Canada," he has been similarly created a wonder in railway knowledge in the person of Mr. Powell, ex-M. P. for Westmorland. Of course, Mr. Powell's training by Mr. Archibald led to his defeat in the next election, and Mr. Barker, of Hamilton, may meet with the same fate. All the same, he will meantime shine with borrowed light from Mr. Archibald, but that gentleman should not be deprived of whatever credit may be his due in the matter. We wonder if Mr. Archibald will tell Mr. Barker all he knows about "shingles."

The Result in King's.

Considering the circumstances of the election, in King's County, the result, which is reported under another heading, indicates that the Government has nothing to fear from its electors in a general election.

There was a general feeling everywhere that, whatever were Mr. King's abilities, his personal strength amongst the people did not compare with that of Mr. Sprout, who fought a good battle in the previous by-election against Attorney-General Pugsley, who had with him all the prestige of a high government office just acquired, and the influence of a successful and honorable professional and political career as a native of the county. On that occasion, Mr. Sprout was not recognized by the Conservative party or supported in any substantial or organized way. Yet he polled within eight hundred and twenty nine votes of Mr. Pugsley.

In this election, however, the conditions were much changed. The Foster Conservatives thought Mr. King was a sufficient weak man to afford them a guarantee of success against the Tweedie Government, the defeat of which they desire for several reasons. So they openly espoused Mr. Sprout's cause and put their leading speakers in the field, including Mr. Hazen, Mr. Fowler, M. P., Mr. Geo. V. McInerney and others. They also induced the St. John Globe, which was supposed to be a Liberal newspaper, to abandon its position as the "candid friend" of the government and come out in open hostility to it. To these efforts and influences they added an accumulation of cash contributions levied upon the generous stalwarts of the party all over the county from Sackville to Ottawa, for the latter were assured that success was in sight and it needed only the call to make it sure.

Premier Tweedie appears to have taken the position that the government ought to win on its merits, and that it cannot carry out sundry promises made, and that certain parties who were misled and have "claims" cannot secure satisfaction for them; so it is a case in which the losers cannot either pay up or look pleasant, for they have not even the hope of "better luck next time."

The Sportmen's Show, Boston.

As stated in the ADVANCE last week, the Sportmen's Exhibition in Boston opened on Saturday, 22nd., which was a public holiday. Large crowds were present from early in the morning until late at night.

The New Brunswick headquarters was a busy place all day; hundreds of people who had never visited the province inspected the exhibits displayed, and made enquiries as to the ways of reaching the province, conditions respecting game, and the advantages offered to tourists. The guides present from the province made a number of engagements with hunting parties.

The New Brunswick government exhibit occupies a larger space this year than in the case four years ago. The log cabin, in which are the headquarters, is handsomely set off by numerous

mountings, including heads of moose, deer, birds, etc. Near the base of the cabin, on the outside, are two stuffed seals. The Canadian colors are prominent, as are also the New Brunswick coat of arms, and the entire exhibit is so labelled as to leave no doubt in the minds of spectators as to where it is from. In front of the log cabin is a large yard which is well filled with specimens of game and fowl, handwork of the taxidermist. The decorations throughout have been very tastefully arranged.

Working in conjunction with the government officials are the officers of the Federation Tourist Association, which is brooming the valley of the St. John in energetic fashion. The government and tourist association are distributing liberal supplies of literature, which include large maps of New Brunswick from the Crown Land office, Gun and Rod, written by Fishery Commissioner D. G. Smith and Mr. W. K. Reynolds, the late colonial 'safari' folder, "Where to go for a Vacation," and the Fredericton book, "The Tourist's Paradise."

Hon. Albert T. Donn, of St. John, Surveyor General, arrived at the show Friday, and spent two busy days. Hon. Mr. Dunn left for Fredericton to attend the sale of angling rivers, but is to return. The other government officials present were: L. B. Knight, Chief Game Commissioner of the province; W. H. Allen, Pannock, York county, guide; Robert Armstrong, Perth, Victoria county; Harry Allen, Perth County. Walter Carnall, taxidermist, of St. John was also present at the government headquarters.

The show was to continue for three weeks from opening-day. Later on D. G. Smith of Chatham, Fishery Commissioner, R. H. Armstrong of Newcastle, and John Robinson, jr., one of the principal wardens of the province, and a well known guide were expected, so that a good representation would be on hand.

In the show at large two of the most striking features are the pond with hundreds of swimming wild ducks and geese, and the exhibit of live fish. Outside of these and the New Brunswick exhibit, the general display in the exhibition hall is hardly up to that of other years. The State of Maine does not make a particularly good showing.

Among the advertisers, the Canadian Pacific railway is a prominent exhibitor. That corporation has a log cabin, and a complete bureau for the dissemination of literature relating to all parts of Canada. The company has also a splendid collection of game specimens. H. J. Colvin of Boston acted as the C. P. R. in charge. The railway lodge is situated almost directly across the hall from the New Brunswick headquarters, and is prominent. The New Brunswick camp is situated on the right of the great building from the main entrance, and has what is considered by many to be the most advantageous position in the hall.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Neale, of Chatham, were amongst the earlier visitors to the show, and received very attention from those connected with the New Brunswick department.

Growing girls in ill health should use especially WHEELER'S Botanic Bitters, a purely vegetable and reliable remedy for all irregularities of the system, curing all Headache, Biliousness and Dizziness. Only 25 cents, at all dealers.

The King's County Election.

HAMPTON, March 3rd.—The provincial government scored another victory on Saturday, when Kings returned as its representative Ora P. King, of Sussex. Mr. King has a majority of 120 votes.

This being Mr. Sprout's home, considerable interest was manifested in the election. The opposition party made a big fight for the substantial majority from this parish, but although Mr. Sprout gained many votes on account of personal considerations, the friends of good government rallied under Mr. King's standard with the result that the counting of the ballots showed Mr. Sprout's majority to be but eight votes.

In the outlying parishes the fight was interesting and the probable result of the election was the principal topic of conversation all day. The returns as reported are:—

King. Sprout.

Westfield No. 1..... 27 43

Westfield No. 2..... 27 43

Stadholm No. 1..... 86 87

Stadholm No. 2 (Apopah)..... 121 140

Sussex No. 1..... 277 216

Sussex No. 2..... 39 15

Cardwell..... 119 89

Greenwich..... 77 87

North No. 1..... 67 100

North No. 2..... 54 67

Rothsey..... 2 80

Havelock..... 148 145

Waterford..... 131 125

Upland..... 51 120

Springfield No. 1..... 94 93

Springfield No. 2..... 103 47

Hampton..... 188 196

Kearsley..... 51 40

Hammond..... 51 40

Kingston No. 1..... 93 70

Kingston No. 2..... " 11

Totals..... 1,899 1,779

\*Majority.

Our Ottawa Letter.

Ottawa, 28th Feb.—The second week of the session ends with a record of progress practically unprecedented. Ever since the change of government the Opposition have permitted very little business to be done during the first two or three weeks; but this year they have been disposed to change their tactics.

CHANGED PRACTICES.

They could not very well have done otherwise. Immediately after the short debate on the address had closed, Mr. Fielding laid the estimates for the year on the table of the House, and it has since that time been taken up in a business-like way the Conservatives would have had to answer for an inexcusable waste of time. During the past week a large number of items were put through, although on Tuesday night the Opposition showed their teeth in a very decided way over the estimates of the Agricultural Department.

HARRIERS.

The course of the Opposition on Tuesday night was clearly due to the determination to "roast" the Minister of Agriculture. During the past few years it seems to have become a settled thing that at some period during the session each Minister is made to pass through this fiery ordeal. Such a proceeding does not help the dignity of Parliament; but the Opposition appear to think that each head of a Department may be made to realize he is alive. The lot of a Minister

is not such an easy one that this course is really necessary in order to keep him in a proper condition of humility before his opponents; but the Opposition seem to think it is.

A CHANGED SENATE.

The really important event since my last letter was the triumph of the Liberals in the Senate. When the present Government succeeded to power, the Upper House had an overwhelming majority of Conservatives, and every one is familiar with the means which were taken in the Senate to block the will of the Commons in matters of important legislation. The throwing out of the measure providing for the extension of the Intercolonial, and the Redistribution Bill, were striking instances of the way in which the partisan majority was turned to account. At one time it looked as if the new Government would be unable to do anything to which the Conservative senators might take exception; but that day has passed. One by one Liberals have taken the place of Conservatives, until this year, when the issue arose as to the control of standing committees in the Senate, the government party were found to be in the majority.

DON'T LIKE THEIR OWN MEDICINE.

The loss of this last vantage ground was not allowed to take place without a final vigorous struggle. Mr. Scott, as the Government leader, spoke very candidly about the political aspects of the matter, intimating that since Confederation the Liberals had not been allowed to have a chairman of a single committee in the Senate, and that now he thought the time had come for a change. The Liberals were now in a majority, and he held that they ought to have control of the committees. It was pathetic to hear Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Mr. Ferguson deplore the introduction of a partisan view, and declaim in favour of an independent and judicial Senate. They contended themselves, however, with this protest, and, for the first time in the history of the Dominion, Liberals have been placed at the head of the standing committees of the Senate.

RECIPROCITY.

Monday was taken up wholly with a discussion on the subject of reciprocity. Mr. John Charlton brought up the question, and spoke at considerable length. He took occasion to point out the very unreasonable attitude of the United States in relation to trade with Canada, characterizing the action of that country as narrow and selfish. He quoted from the official trade returns to show that our imports from our neighbors were enormously greater than our exports to them, and that the situation in that regard is steadily growing worse. His notion of a remedy was not, however, as clear as his diagnosis of the trouble. As was pointed out by some of the members, without regard to partisan considerations, we cannot help it on this side if the Americans are disposed to be hogish.

ENGLAND DOESN'T SUPPLY THE ARTICLES.

Moreover, a careful analysis of our purchases from the United States shows that three-fourths of all we buy consists of articles which England cannot supply. For example, Great Britain cannot sell us raw cotton, hard coal, tobacco, oranges, or a score of other things which we now get from the United States. Nearly all these articles are on the free list. Contiguity enables our neighbors to sell us largely of the coarser manufactures of iron and steel, such as steel rails; but if all goes well these things will be produced in Canada after this year. In fact, the production of steel rails has already begun at Sault Ste. Marie, and under the prevailing tariff and bounty system it will not be to the interest of purchasers to be outside of the country. The debate was not ended on Monday night, and when the subject next comes up the Finance Minister will have the floor.

SELF-ADVERTISING.

Reference was not made last week, owing to the lack of space, to Mr. Bourassa's annual tirade against the manner in which Canada is treated by Great Britain. His motion on the face of it referred only to a call for the papers relating to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty; but with this text he roamed over his favorite ground of attack upon the general subject of imperial policy. He incidentally hinted at his views about the South African war, and revealed an unmistakable trace of hostility to the Motherland. Mr. Bourassa said this very largely for the sake of notoriety; but the novelty of the thing has worn off, and very few people take him seriously. He does not speak for any party, and he has no following.

GOOD SHOWING.

The reports of all the Departments have been laid on the table of the House, which is a record that has not been equalled before. This has been due to the settled policy of the Government to afford the Opposition no ground whatever for the blocking of public business after Parliament meets, on the ground that official information is lacking. Some of these reports afford interesting and instructive reading. That of the Interior Department shows that the receipts of last year from the sale of Dominion lands was \$370,416 greater than the immediate previous year, which bears out the view that immigration into the Northwest is going actively forward. These purchases were made to some extent by settlers who went in years ago; but for the most part they were made by immigrants who have come across from the Western States.

YUKON IS A REVENUE PRODUCER.

The report just referred to also shows that the excess of revenue over expenditure in connection with the administration of the Yukon District now amounts to \$757,795. If the charges to capital account are eliminated the surplus amounts to \$1,804,333. The outlay in connection with the Yukon has gone each year to swell the total expenditure by the Government; but when the account is looked into it is found that a very substantial balance exists on the credit side. Since the administration of that district began the balance of revenue over outgo amounts to \$3,613,430.

BIG PUBLIC LAND SALES.

The total acreage disposed of by railway companies is not quite as large as for the previous year, but the combined area of lands sold by the department and companies amounted this year to 712,566 acres as against 699,178 acres in 1900, showing an increase of 13,388 in favor of 1901. The number of homestead entries granted during the past year, 8,167, was 741 in excess of the previous year, and was the largest ever granted

in the history of the department. During the last five years there were 29,514 entries made, as compared with 16,367 for the preceding five years, or an increase of 13,147.

THE "MEEK AND LOWLY."

During the week Colonel Hughes brought up a resolution on the subject of precedence. It seems that under the rule adopted in Canada no one is recognized at a State function of a lower ecclesiastical rank than that of a bishop. The Colonel drew attention to the fact that this gave recognition to two of the denominations, while the heads of the others were ignored. He held that this was unreasonable and the cause of much needless irritation. We have no State Church in Canada, and there was therefore no reason for discriminating in favor of the heads of two denominations to the exclusion of all the others. The subject was discussed in a moderate spirit, and it is probable a remedy will be found in due time.

MR. BLAIR IS ALL RIGHT.

The Minister of Railways was obliged to visit New York a day or two ago, and this circumstance was seized upon by the Opposition press to revive the rumor that Mr. Blair was about to retire. It was said that his health had broken down, that he had gone to New York to consult a specialist, and that his successor had already been selected. All this was sheer invention. Mr. Blair is now entirely free from organic trouble, has returned to regular office work, and has almost regained his full physical strength. Acting under the advice of his physician he is avoiding the danger of overwork; and if nothing happens he will be in possession of his wonted vigor in the course of a few weeks. No doubt his opponents would welcome his retirement, but that is not going to happen.

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