General Business.

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CHATHAM, N B.

January 5th, 1903.

THE ST. JOHN Business COLLEGE. S. KERR & SON.

Is the date for beginning our new term.

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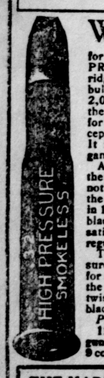

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Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B., - FEBRUARY 5, 1903.

Dominion Parliament.

The Dominion Parliament is to meet for the despatch of business on 12th March. It is expected that the session will be a long one—perhaps of six months' duration. One cause that will contribute to this is the business which was deferred last session on account of the King's coronation. Government measures will include a bill for the redistribution of constituencies, one providing for a railway commission, and a bill for the settlement of railway strikes by arbitration. The Alaska boundary affair will also be one of the important matters of discussion. New terms with the provinces will, no doubt, have to be considered also. A large number of other public measures and more than the usual number of private and local bills are promised. The members of Parliament will, therefore, have to spend nearly the whole summer at the capital.

The Subsidies Question.

It is significant that all the papers in opposition to the Federal Government are opposed to the claims of the Provincial Governments for a readjustment of their subsidy allowances. All the provincial premiers, from Nova Scotia to British Columbia, inclusive, assisted by other members of their respective governments, have urged the justice of these claims, which we have every reason to believe will be granted. Some of the premiers are opponents of the Federal Government—Mr. Prior, of British Columbia is one of them—but because the majority are in sympathy with the Laurier administration and a certain amount of credit will be given by the people of the different provinces to their leaders who will secure the necessary revenue increases, we have the spectacle of the most virulent opposition thereto being expressed all along the line by the conservative press.

The claims of the provinces are, however, founded on justice. The subsidy arrangements were made at the time of the union, thirty-six years ago, without an adequate conception of the future developement of the country and of the expenditure-requirements for administration of justice, education, railways, bridges and other public works. The subsidies were given in consideration of the relinquishment of the rights of the provinces to impose customs and excise duties. These, in the first year of confederation, amounted to only $11,580,968 25, while they are now about $44,000,000. If the necessities of Dominion administration have been so great as to require such extraordinary increases of revenue as that, is it not absurd to claim that the provinces should remain contended with allowances which are but little larger than they were when they parted with the sources of revenue which are now yielding such enormous increases to the Federal treasury? Fortunately, the Dominion Government and Parliament are not controlled by the gentlemen who appear to be ready to perpetuate injustice, if by doing so they can prevent the local premiers from securing what is the right of those whose interests are entrusted to them for the time being. In this province, we have Mr. Hazen and his followers opposing this measure of justice to New Brunswick, just as Mr. Foster and Mr. Hazen did when they were Ottawa M. P.s the payment of the Eastern Extension claims. They did not succeed, however, in the end. The Tweedie government pressed the Eastern Extension claims until the money was paid over. The Hazen-Tory policy in the subsidies matter will similarly fail.

The Opposition Ticket.

Moved by the news that three Hazen men have been nominated in Kings county, the Chatham World says the opposition in Northumberland should get ready. Maybe the forces there are like those in Charlotte—waiting for some one to come along and "organize" them. Mr. Hazen's trips to the North Shore do not appear to have effected much. The "revolt" reported by the Sun will require considerable new life, it seems.—Telegraph.

We beg to assure the Telegraph that the perennial Tory chairman from whom Hon. Geo. E. Foster fled; who was saved from being slain in Chatham Masonic Hall by a pitcher about to be wafted at him by the late Honorable Peter Mitchell, and under whose advice it is presumed the redoubtable Scott refrained from being the fifth speaker at the Hazen-McInerney-Mott McDade Scott nomination fizzle in Chatham, still exists. He will organise the forces, and even form one of the opposition ticket, should the proper consideration be offered. It is understood that he has the Hazen ticket's card for Northumberland already written, and claims that it's up to Messrs. Hazen and Scott to provide the "inducement" for the men to come out.

Not an Unmixed Blessing.

The "New Freeman," of St. John, although it publishes some anonymous "Tommy rot" on political matters professedly emanating from Northumberland, is to be commended for saying "We would "like, however, that our correspondents "to sign their proper names to their "writings as we are firmly convinced that, "except in very rare cases, it is not only "not manly to hide one's identy behind a "pseudonym, but the doing of it destroys "the influence sought to be exerted." We do not of course commend the faulty orthography of that paper, but the principle sought to be expressed.

While referring to our contemporary, it may not be amiss to say that it would commend itself the better to those who may be in sympathy with the professed object of its existence if it would not display the wretched taste it manifested in its little slur, or worse, at the bottom of its first column on Saturday, upon two bodies of Christians, representatives of which were compared to thieves falling out. If any other paper in the Province were to make such an ill-natured reference to the church for which the Freeman claims to speak, we have no doubt that its denunciations and cries of persecution would be long and vehement.

The same paper, too, hardly commends itself to the best Irishmen in New Brunswick, so many of whom are amongst our most loyal citizens, by saying, in connection with the case of the traitor, Col. Arthur Lynch, that "fear of the shame and derision of the civilized world was pledge that his blood would not consecrate a gibbet." Most people will agree that while it would be hardly worth while to go to the trouble of hanging such a person, it is an abuse of privilege for any paper published under the flag of our country to suggest the consecration even of a gallows in connection with the fate Lynch deserved, but was spared from meeting by the clemency which Great Britain so often manifests towards her enemies at home and abroad.

N. B University.

The result of the honor, class distinction and supplemental examinations held at the N. B. University last week, have been posted as follows:

Physics, honors and distinctions—Fourth year, Div I—Miss Carruthers, Freeze, Patterson.
Third year, Div 1—Sherwood, Colwell, Miss Sterling
Second year, Div 1—Sansom, Crookshank, Whitehead, McNaughton, Steeves.
Div II.—Patterson
Div III—McLeod, Wilbur, Lutwick, McVey.
Physics, Supplemental—Fourth year, passed—Goodspeed.
Third year, passed—McLeod, Lutwick, Jonah, Miss Roach Wilbur.
Greek, Supplemental — Passed—Miss Sterling, Wilson, Golding, Belyea, Hill, Miss Ruel.
Latin, Supplemental - Passed — Reid, Palmer, Miss Roach.
Distinctions in English—Second year, Div 1—McCarthy, Miss Osborne, Miss Ruel.
Div II—Miss Roach.
First year, Div II—Miss Allen, Miss Stopford.
Div III—Lunney, McNally.
French Distinctions—Third year, Div I—Haviland.
Second year, Div I—McNaughton.
First year, Div II—Clawson, Lunney, Reid, Thorne.
Supplemental, French—Passed, fourth year—Linden.
Second year—Jonah, Patterson.
First year—Coonan, Everett, Kinghorn, Nalder, Smith.
Geology Honors—Div I—Logie, Peters, Oulton.
Distinctions—Div 1—Freeze, Firth, Miss Kinney, Miss Carruthers, Miss Edgecombe, Shirley, Grimmer, Patterson.

Over-Righteousness on the Wane.

Sabbatarianism, as understood by some good people, is apparently waning in Scotland. The Scottish curlers took a Sunday trip to Niagara Falls on a late Sunday, which led to a sharp remonstrance from Rev. Dr. Milligan, of Toronto. Rev. John Kerr of the curlers wrote to the press defending the curlers' action in accepting as they did an opportunity of visiting one of the most wonderful and awe-inspiring works of the Creator. The Scotch pastor somewhat altered a stanza from Wordsworth and addresses it to the Toronto pastor:

One impulse from Niagara
Will teach you more of man,
Of moral evil and of good
Than Dr. Milligan.

The Scotch clergyman said in further reply:

"I venture, as a minister, to say that such narrow Judaistic conceptions as he (Dr. Milligan) seems to hold, in my opinion, do more harm to true religion than any visits of ours to Niagara on a Sunday can ever do." Not only this, but he goes on: "I pity the prospect of the churches in this great and promising country, if they cannot go beyond the rev. doctor's conception of good conduct and good taste."

A Big Undertaking.

The Bangor Commercial says:—

A bill of a great deal of importance to the lumbermen of the eastern section of the state is that which was introduced by Gagnon of Van Buren in the house on Friday morning, which provides for the right to dam the St. John river at or near the Winding Ledges in the town of Fort Kent.

Albert A. Burleigh of Houlton; James A. Milliken, of Augusta; Jas. W. Parker, of Portland; George A. Murchie, of Calais; Redfield Proctor of Proctor, V.; Abner W. Hayford of Boston, Allan E. Hammond and Peter C. Keegan of Van Buren, John Costigan of Ottawa, Wm. Pugsley of St. John, N. B.; Jas. Robinson of Millerton, N. B.; are named as incorporators of the St. John River Dam Co., with a capital stock of $1,000,000, divided into shares of $100 each.

The bill provides that the company may construct, equip, maintain and operate a dam with the right of flowage in the St. John river at or near the Winding Ledges in the town of Fort Kent from any point along the shore line of the river to the boundary line in said river between the United States and Canada, and may connect such dam with the dam to be built from the opposite shore of said river in the parish of St. Francis in the province of New Brunswick and to make such connection which has been or may be obtained by this or some other company in the Dominion of Canada, and may hold, maintain and operate all such dams, wing dams, sluices, conduits, piers, wharves, slips, buildings and other works above the dam to a point opposite the St. John river and below the dam to the boundary line between Maine and New Brunswick near Grand Falls in the river St. John, or any of its tributaries within the state.

Dalhousie, Restigouche, is moving in the matter of providing itself with a water system.

Election protests against Hon. Raymond Prefontaine in Maisonneuve and Mr. J. E. E. Leonard in Laval have been dismissed.

There is, apparently, an epidemic of railway disasters all over North America. Some of them have resulted from the most palpable neglect of block system precautions, train orders, etc., which seem hard to account for or excuse.

Shediac has had its first election under incorporation. The new council was unanimously returned as follows:—

Mayor—Dr. L. J. Belliveau.

Aldermen—O. M. Melanson, R. C. Tait, A. J. Webster, F. Robideau, C. A. Dickie, Hon. Pascal Poirier, Ernest Smith, Fred Ouellette.

Rev. Dr. Howard Sprague, who was offered the theological professorship of Mount Allison College, has intimated his determination not to accept, owing, it is understood, to his fear that his advancing age and health considerations might prove bars to his discharging the responsible duties of the position to his own satisfaction

An Ottawa despatch of Monday says: The story sent out from Montreal yesterday that Sir Wilfrid Laurier was there and was in very ill health is a pure fabrication. The premier was not in Montreal at all. He was here and is in excellent health. The conspirators who are engaged in sending reports of this character the rounds of the opposition press have been neatly caught.

Now, we're serious. We expected our genial friend, Mr. W. A. Mott, M. P. P., to come to Chatham last Thursday with his curling brethren from Campbellton. He has'nt been here since that attempted opposition nomination meeting was held in Masonic Hall. We were all glad to greet him on that occasion and to let him know that he and the other four political missionaries who accompanied him amused us. Ungratefully, however, he gave Chatham "the glassy eye and marble heart" on Thursday, but appeared at Moncton on Friday. Happy Moncton! Neglected Chatham!

The St. John Globe calls attention to the fact that in the city of Portland, Maine, which has a population of 50,145, a prohibitory law is in operation, and the arrests for intoxication in 1900 numbered 1,158; in 1901, 1,293 and in 1902, 1,593. The city of St. John, per contra, has a population of 40,787. A license law is in operation, and the arrests for intoxication were 743 in 1900, 658 in 1901, and 817 in 1902. Perhaps, continues the Globe, the Portland police are more vigilant in arresting drunken men, but this view will not be acceptable, for the belief is that St. John policemen live up to the letter of the law in regard to intoxicated persons.

The Baltimore Sun says:—"The public hardly appreciates the extent to which crude production has displaced coal in steam production, especially in California and Texas. California factories and railroads use nearly the whole of California's production of 16,000,000 barrels. The Southern Pacific is said to save $100,000 a month by the use of oil. It builds storage tanks all along its lines, and its two tanks at Oakland and Melrose hold 17,430,000 gallons. Locomotive tenders carrying oil and water exclusively run 300 miles at high speed without a stop. Oil-burning furnaces save about $16 per 100 miles. Coal burning has been practically abolished on the San Joaquin division of the company's roads. The Santa Fe Railroad company is operating all of its western roads with oil-burning locomotives."

Those Terrible Pains from Rheumatism and Neuralgia Promptly Relieved by Kendrick's Liniment.

There is nothing that will relieve pain, lameness and swellings like Kendrick's Liniment, useful in a hundred ways in the household and stable.

Municipal Council.

THURSDAY.

The Warden called the Council to order at 10 o'clock

Coun. Flett took his seat.

The Warden read the following:—

To the Warden of the Municipality of Northumberland.

Being prevented by quarantine from attending the meeting of the Council, we beg to send the list of officers for the parish of Rogersville for the ensuing year for approval

Also we desire to express our opinion with regard to matters concerning small pox in Rogersville. We are not competent to decide whether it is the genuine smallpox or not; the Board of Health is responsible for that. We know, however, that the same disease existed here a year ago in several houses, and also last fall in several families, and died out of itself without quarantine or any extraordinary precautions. We feel that unnecessary expenses were made in Rogersville regarding this matter.

1st. The renting of a house to serve as a hospital and the furnishing of it proved useless, as no one ever occupied it.

2nd. The appointment of a nurse was unculled for, as every family could well have attended the sick members of the family without him; in fact it was a great danger of spreading the disease, going from house to house, visiting and meeting the travelling public on the public highway. The doctor in charge could well have filled the wants of the sick without a nurse.

3rd. The expenses incurred in connection with the quarantine of Dr Bourret, his family and Jacques Poirier's family, were in our opinion all unnecessary and unjustifiable, if not illegal. The appointing of three special constables to watch three house for twenty days, not one member of the Board nor their adviser having once visited that house or enquired of their wants for that space of time, seems to us an act of special cruelty which we cannot allow to pass without a protest.

4th The expenses incurred with regard to the quarantine of Aime Martin and Pierre Goguen require to be investigated.

5th. The general treatment, ways and means of officers and the employees would also require attention and investigation.

6th. The fact of a new case of the disease in Harry Burque's camp at his mill should be thoroughly looked into. About two months ago in the same camp a young man was discovered infected with what was pronounced a bad case of small pox. After three days of sickness, when the rash was out he was allowed to walk five or six miles to his father's house on the public highway. The camp was quarantined and we believe the man vaccinated. After 20 days, quarantine was raised and it is supposed the building disinected. After several weeks, Friday, the 16th inst., another case appeared and again the camp is quarantined, but several of the men have gone to their homes in the meantime. We felt it our duty to give those informations to the Council, believing them to be true

PLACIDE CHAISSON, P. J. BARRIAULT,
Councillors for the parish of Rogersville.

Rogersville, Jan. 29, 1903.

Please have this letter entered on the minutes.

P. S.—I have asked for a pass to Dr. McDonald but could not get away without getting vaccinated. P. C.

Coun. Watt moved that it be filed. With regard to the first statement, it appeared that these gentlemen were setting their opinions up against the best medical authority on smallpox of the country. We know perfectly well that smallpox was in Kent, and a man who had come from there to Rogersville broke out with rash, and rash appeared in houses he had visited. Dr. McDonald was sent there to investigate, and reported it was smallpox in the scaling stage. Dr. Hayes went there and came to the same conclusion, and they quarantined the houses that had been visited by the man from Kent. They quarantined 22 houses within a week. The doctor in attendance on the cases said it was eczema; our adviser said it was smallpox. In order to be perfectly certain, we sent for Dr. Meahan, one of the best authorities in the province on smallpox, a doctor who has had a great deal of experience in it. We also sent for Dr. Fisher, Secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, and both of them pronounced it to be smallpox. Dr. Fisher said that the precautions that had been taken were proper. But even if it was not smallpox it was a contagious disease, and the other parishes did not want it carried to them. The Rogersville councillors were setting their opinions up against the medical experts. If it was the same disease that had appeared and died out last year, why did it spread so rapidly this year. If Dr. Bourret had known his business, reported the cases, and quarantined the infected houses, there would probably have been only three cases and the $3000 cost would have been saved. In reference to the cost of the hospital the Board had paid $2 a month for the house, and $67 had been spent in furnishing it. This bill was a surprise to him. This expense could have been spared, as it was found that the people would not send their sick away from home to be treated. We could have done without the $67 worth of furnishings, but we have them now in readiness for a pest house when we establish one. As for the nurse, he was paid $2.50 a day, and no one here would do the work for $10 a day. He had to sponge the patients, disinfect the houses, see that the patients took their medicine, and bathe them. As there were 143 patients to be attended to it must be admitted that the nurse earned his $2.50 a day. He was sent in reply to a telegram from Dr. McDonald urgently asking for a nurse. Brobecker was sent and is there yet, and he couldn't be done without. With regard to Dr. Bourret, the Board couldn't avoid quarantining him. He was told not to visit smallpox patients in Rogersville, and to report all suspicious cases. He persisted in visiting these cases and asserting that they were not smallpox. He now says it was varioloid, which is a form of smallpox that is just as contagious as any other kind. He persisted in visiting patients and not reporting, and was in attendance on a smallpox case in Kent Co. He was asked if he were taking precautions against spreading the disease, and said no, it wasn't contagious. We had to quarantine him in the place where he lived, Poirier's hotel, in the centre of the village. We tied him up 17 days. He had ignored all warnings and we had to close the house. It seems that he vaccinated his family and all others in the hotel, though he says the disease is not contagious. We couldn't get watchmen there we could depend upon, and three men were sent from Chatham and Newcastle. And they kept the people in the house. Constables were ready at all times to carry messages for them and get them supplies. Some of the bills were higher than we had expected—horsehire for instance—but better arrangements would be made in future. The case at Bourke's mill was visited, and the man, though infected with smallpox, danced a jig and was strong and smart. It was impossible to get a horse to take him home, and he was allowed to walk, under guard to prevent his associating with anyone on the road. A scaler who had worked there was quarantined, and, on his declaring that he had not been near the infected man, the quarantine was raised, and two days afterwards his daughter was seized with smallpox. The man did not take the disease, but carried it home to his daughter. A horse couldn't be got at Eel River to take the man back to Rogersville who had come there in violation of the Board's regulations, and a horse had to be sent from Chatham. This person was returned as an object lesson to others, to show them that they couldn't set the regulations at defiance, that they must get vaccinated like other men. A man who had sold a load of meat to another person, to be resold in town, had been given so bad a scare that the offence had not been repeated. It would do no harm to appoint a commission to look into the whole matter, and perhaps that had better be done.

Coun. Ryan said enough expenses had been incurred without a commission. The explanations that had been made by Coun. Watt were all that was necessary.

Coun. Watt read a letter from Dr. Fisher, with regard to a bill of Dr. McDonald's for $53, that had been refused payment, and moved that the bill be referred to the County Accounts Committee. Carried.

Coun. Doyle said as it appeared that Chatham and Newcastle towns were not liable for a share of the smallpox expenses, and as they were pretty large, it would be well to have a committee to inquire into them.

Coun. Watt said if there was the least idea that the bills were too large let them be inquired into, even though they had passed.

Coun. Doyle found a charge of $118 for horse hire. It would have been cheaper to have bought a horse for the doctor.

Coun Watt said there was a man with the horse all the time. The doctor often stayed in a house some time, and required the man and horse all day. He paid by the day. He believed the bill too large, and that it would have been less if his instructions had been followed and the horse hired by the trip. Another bill of $28, for hauling supplies, was proportionately smaller, as payment had been made by the trip.

Coun. Doyle—Were meat men prevented from endangering the residents of other places besides Chatham and Newcastle?

Coun. Watt—Yes. Chains were stretched across all roads leading from Rogersville, and guards put on them, to prevent persons from carrying infection to any other parish. Barnaby River bridge had been nailed up for 50 days. Some persons had avoided the guards by taking to the woods. The Board had interfered with trade only enough to prevent infection.

Coun. Doyle presented the Newcastle Road account. Passed.

On motion of Coun. Ryan the following Northesk returns passed. Jas. Mullins ($3 on hand), Pat'k Hurley, Paul Kingston ($2 95 on hand), Wm. M. Mullin ($5 79 due com'r). highway com'rs. Manford Sobie's return was not sworn to and gave no vouchers, and it was ordered that he make returns next session. Returns of Geo. McLean ($2 05 due col'), Wm. A Mitchell, Jas. Urquhart, and Jas. Sobie, collectors of rates, passed.

Parish officers were appointed for Hardwicke on motion of Coun. Williston.

Alnwick Road account passed on motion of Coun. Robertson.

On motion of Coun. Hubbard the following Southesk returns passed: Wm. Somers, R. M. Chapman, John D. Goodfellow and W. W. Tozer, com'rs of highways, and Jas. Lawlor, Daniel Sullivan and John Young, collectors of rates.

On motion of Coun. Pond the Ludlow Road Account passed, also the return of Geo. Neagles ($7.75 due col'r), col. of rates.

On motion of Coun. Connors the following Glenelg returns passed: Hugh McDonald, John Dunn (no return of defaulters of '01), and Pat'k O'Donnell, collectors of rates; Frank McDonald, Ralph Searle, Alex. Dick ($5 to be paid com'r), and James Lynes (to make fuller returns at once), highway com'rs.

On motion of Coun Dolan the following Nelson returns passed: Thos. Lynch, Thos. McDonald ($6.20 due county), and Peter O'Neill, collectors of rates; Alex. Harper ($6.73 to be paid him for his services); Isaac Isson ($5.80 due com'r), John Ivory ($3.23 due com'r), Matthew Carroll ($19.49 due the county), and Patrick Hughes ($15.70 due the com'r), highway com'rs.

On motion of Coun. Swim the Blissfield parish officers were appointed.

Coun. Crocker moved 'that Sec. 12 of Bye-law No. 6, entitled a "Bye Law relating to the going at large of cattle and fowl," be amended by making the penalty for violation of that section two dollars instead of five for each offence. Carried.

On motion of Coun. Watt the following Chatham returns passed: Wm. Kelly, Alex. Dickson ($11.68 to be paid com'r), P. Connors ($9 35 to be paid com'r), and Wilson Trevors ($10 16 to be paid com'r), highway com'rs; Thomas King (overcharge of $3.66) Wm. Johnson and Alex. Campbell, collectors of rates; also bill of T. M. Gaynor, parish clerk, $12.

On motion of Coun. Ullock the Glenelg parish officers were appointed.

On motion of Coun. Robertson, adjourned till 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON.

Coun. Anderson, from the committee on petitions, reported against the proposed setting apart of a portion of the Almshouse, as proposed by the Commissioners, at a cost of $500, for aged and infirm ladies, it not being advisable to add to the large taxation of this year. Adopted.

On motion of Coun. Swim the Blissfield Road Account passed and the amount on hand, $5, was ordered to be paid to E. A. Bamford, com'r No. 3.

Coun. Lewis presented the return of the Bay du Vin boom, and it was ordered to be filed.

Coun. Swim asked for the return of Blissfield justices of the peace

Sec.-Treasurer Thomson said E. A. Bamford had returned $2 collected from J. Gilks for disturbing the peace, and Thos. Parker $10, being fine collected from T. Crocker.

On motion of Coun. Doyle it was ordered that $5 be paid to Thos. Hayes, com'r highways, Newcastle.

Coun. Watt submitted the report of the committee appointed to visit the Almshouse as follows:

Your committee appointed to visit the Almshouse visited that institution on several occasions and found everything in and about the building in a very satisfactory condition.

The rooms and bedding were scrupulously clean, the building aired and comfortable and the inmates expressed themselves well satisfied with the care and attendance received by them.

Your committee feel it their duty to compliment the caretakers of the Almshouse, Major and Mrs. Templeton, on the success they have achieved in their management of that building, and beg to compliment the county on having such an efficiently managed institution.

GEO. WATT,
THOS. W. FLETT,
F. A. BROPHY.

Report adopted.

Coun. Flett said the Council had granted Chatham $1000 last year to build a pesthouse, and—

Coun. Watt—that is not correct. No grant was made to Chatham for that purpose; it was made to the county.

Coun. Flett—I have come to the conclusion that we made a mistake and I move that it be reopened, that it be reconsidered. Carried.

Sec-Treas.—The resolution was that the amount to the credit of the Land Fund be appropriated for the purpose of building a pesthouse, but the money has not been transferred as yet, I didn't see the necessity for doing so when it was not called for.

Coun. Flett moved that, in the opinion of the Council, a pesthouse was not necessary, and that the amount voted in 1902 for the purpose be placed in the Contingent Fund to pay the expenses incurred on the jail.

Coun. Murdoch said the money was where it always was.

Coun. Watt said no action had been taken under the resolution, as the Board was not able to do so. It had no chairman for a long time and the Government paid no attention to representations on the subject. Then, again, the amount was too small, being something under $1000, and it was the intention to ask Chatham for $400 or $500, so that a building could be put up that would serve the whole county in case of infection. He would like to see a pesthouse built, but did not want it in Chatham. It was an absurdity to say it was not needed. Take the money back, but don't vote yea to that assertion.

Coun. Flett said Mr. Watt had just told the Council about the uselessness of the pesthouse that had been opened at considerable cost in Rogersville. A pesthouse in Chatham would be all right for Chatham if disease existed there, but who in Blissfield, Blackville or Boiestown would send a member of his family to it? He had supported it last year, but had come to the conclusion that it would be $1000 thrown away. It was the height of foolishness to keep the money lying there, and the Council would do perfectly right in voting it back into the Contingent Fund.

Coun. Pond couldn't see how anybody but Chatham would be benefitted by the pesthouse. Patients wouldn't go to it from his parish.

Coun. Murray said Chatham didn't want it, and would be delighted to have it in Ludlow or Nelson. He hoped there would be no misunderstanding in regard to that. He would do all he could to have it placed in Nelson.

Coun. Doyle—The question is, is it necessary to have it? Is the county in a position to build it? I don't think it necessary, and I don't think county would be justified in doing anything in this matter.

Coun Swim said if we had a pesthouse we would have the same expenses as at Rogersville, and houses would have to be quarantined and guarded just the same.

Coun. Flett—It makes no difference to me where it is put. We don't want it and have no use for it. Constables might be got to stay in it, but it would be of no use as a pesthouse. There is no doubt in my mind that, if it were built, they would come back and ask us for a few hundred more.

Coun. Watt explained the causes which in his opinion, operated against the use of a pest house at Rogersville. If there was one near town an infected person could be sent to it, and the house from which he was removed placed in quarantine.

[Continued on 3rd page]

THE ANAEMIC YOUNG GIRL.

Easily Noticed by her Blanched Cheeks, Bloodless Lips, and Dull Eyes.

Perhaps she is sixteen. Suddenly she seems to lose strength. Her beauty fades because her vitality is steadily decreasing. Dark circles appear under the eyes which become lustreless and dull. Her spirits droop, for no girl can be contented and happy in such a condition.

This may be quickly corrected by taking Ferrozone. It supplies what is lacking in the blood, purifies and strengthens it, and keeps it in perfect order. Ferrozone makes plenty of red blood corpuscles that manifest themselves in a healthy, ruddy complexion. It aids the stomach to do its work, and creates a natural healthy relish for food

Every organ of the body is benefitted by Ferrozone. It rebuilds the entire system, makes new tissue, strengthens weak flabby muscles, makes thin people fat and sick people well.

No case of Anaemia is too chronic for Ferrozone. It may take time, but if persistently used will cure in the end. It will give you a well developed form, clear complexion, pure breath and will restore the bloom to faded cheeks and color to the lips more quickly than any other remedy.

Every woman who desires a vigorous constitution, and the good looks that come with good health, should take Ferrozone after each meal regularly. It is a wonderful tonic for the brain, the nerves and the blood, and acts also as an efficient but harmless regulator of the menstrual flow. In fact for all diseases peculiar to women and growing girls, Ferrozone has no equal as your druggist can tell you.

Three weeks treatment costs 50c., or three boxes for $1.25. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicine everywhere, or sent by mail if price is forwarded to N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont. Sold by C. P. Hickey, Chatham, N. B.

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CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY.

IN EFFECT OCT. 13, 1902.

UNtil further notice, trains will run on the above Railway, daily (Sundays excepted) as follow:

Between Fredericton, Chatham and Loggieville.

FOR CHATHAM (read down) Freight	Express		FOR FREDERICTON (read up) Express	Freight
7 10 a m	4 00 p m	..Fredericton,..	2 20	5 23
7 20	4 03	.....Gibson....	2 17	5 20
8 00	4 15	..Marysville,...	2 05	5 05
9 30	5 27	..Cross Creek, ..	12 40 p m	2 50
11 00 ar / 11 20 lv	6 25	..Boiestown,..	11 25 lv / 11 20 ar	1 20 pm
12 20 p m	7 10 ar / 7 25 lv	.. Doaktown, ..	10 30	12 05
2 00	8 25	...Blackville,...	9 25	10 20
3 15	9 20 ar / 9 25 lv	Chatham Jct	8 25 lv / 8 00 ar	8 50 / 8 10
3 45	9 45	.... Nelson	7 40	7 50
4 05	10 05	....Chatham....	7 20	7 30
5 00 ar	10 20	.. Loggieville ..	7 00 a m	7 05 a m

Connecting with I. C. R.

GOING NORTH.

	MARITIME EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS
lv. Chatham,	10.35 p. m	1.00 p.m.
Nelson	10.55 a m	1 20 "
Ar. Chatham Junc.,	11.15 "	1.40 "
Lv. " "	11.35 "	2.05 "
Nelson	11 55 "	2.25 "
Ar. Chatham,	12 15 "	2.45 "

GOING SOUTH.

	MARITIME EXPRESS.	DAY EXPRESS
Chatham,	7 00 a. m.	10.20 a. m
Nelson	7.20 "	10.40 "
Ar. Chatham Junction,	7.40 "	11.00 "
Lv. " "	8.25 "	11.50 "
Nelson	8.45 "	12.10 "
Ar. Chatham	9.05 "	12.30 "

The above Table is made up on Atlantic standard time.

The trains between Chatham and Fredericton will also stop when signalled at the following flag Stations—Derby Siding, Upper Nelson Boom, Chelmsford, Grey Rapids, Upper Blackville, Blissfield Carroll's, McNamee's, Ludlow, Astle Crossing, Clearwater, Portage Road, Forbes' Siding, Upper Cross Creek, Covered Bridge, Zionville, Durham, Nashwaak, Maurer's Siding, Penniac.

Maritime Express Trains on I. C. R. going north run through to destinations on Sunday. Maritime Express from Montreal runs Monday mornings but not Sunday mornings.

CONNECTIONS are made at Chatham Junction with the I. C. RAILWAY for all points East and West, and at Fredericton with the C. P. RAILWAY for Montreal and all points in the upper provinces and with the C. P. RAILWAY for St John and all points West, and at Gibson for Woodstock, Houlton, Grand Falls Edmundston and Presque Isle, and at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley.

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In effect Nov. 1st, 1902 to May 1st, 1903.

Commencing Dec. 18, 1902, and continuing, Steamers of this Company will leave St. John at 8 o'clock, a.m. (Standard Time) THURSDAYS for Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston

Returning, leave Boston Mondays, at 8.15 a. m. connecting via Portland, Lubec and Eastport.

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