General Business.

### COMMON SOAP

WILL CAUSE ROUGH SKIN

We have just imported a large lot of and Cucumber Soap

direct from the factory which next TWO WEEKS

-AT-

3 Cakes for 10 cents. It is made from Pure Olive Oil and the Juice Mackenzie's Medical Hall.

# HICKEY'S

Drug Store.



Keep warm and enjoy the cold days by wearing a perfect-titting, tailor-made

Frost King or Frost Queen Chamois Vest Made of chamois, reinforced with flannel-light, soft and com-Like everything else in this store, these vests are guarantee to give entire satisfaction.

FOR SALE BY

C. P. HIGKEY, ORUGGIST, CHATHAM, N. B.

### Bank of Montreal.

ESTABLISHED 1817.

(TWENTY MILLION DOLLARS!)

IN THE SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT of this Branch, interest is allowed

AT CURRENT RATES on sums of \$4.00 and upwards and paid or compounded twice a year, on 30th of June and 31st December. This is the most convenient form for depositors, but deposit | thereto. receipts will be issued to those who prefer

COLLECTIONS made at all points in Canada and the United States at most favorable rates.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Chartered Banks in Chatham, N. B. and Newcastle N. B. have decided to change the Saturday closing hour to 12 O'CLOCK, NOON, commencing on October 4th next. Until futher rotice, for convenience of customers, this Bank will be open for busibusiness from 9.30 a. m. on Saturdays.

> R. B. CROMBIE, Manager Chatham Branch.

## YOU ARE NOW PAYING FOR **NOT HAVING**



If you haven't got any typewriter, you are paying for it by doing less work and inferior work than if you had a machine.

If you have an inferior machine, it will pay you to get one which will produce the best results, and save the difference.

WHY DO THE GREAT RAIL-WAYS BUY THE OLIVER? CANADIAN OLIVER TYPEWRITER COMPANY, 156-8 St. Antoine St., - Montreal.

### WANTED.

Men or women local representatives for a high class Magazine Large commissions. Cash prizes. Write J. N. Trainer, 80 East Washington Square, New Yerk, N. Y.



NEW HAVEN, & CONNECTICUT

Miramichi Advance.

OHATHAM, N. B., The Miramichi and Its Interests.

(From the Maritime Merchant, Halifax, May 19.1

their raw materials from the woods. last year. Miramichi Bay has very rich fisheries, the capacity of which is among our merchantable products. limited only by the number of men Gold, iron, silver, copper, coal, and amount of capital. There is mineral paint, etc., are found, but no better country for tourists in so far not in paying quantities. the world, for it has all the advan- An iron mine is about to be opened tages of climate and it abounds in in the next county (Gloucester) by

A GENERAL REVIEW OF THE SIT ATION BY A LOCAL BANKER.

Fishing is being prosecuted to induce the youth to remain at home, than moose. whereas now the only occupation | We have unsurpassed waters in is cutting, driving and sawing logs. our river and bay for boating, There is sufficient lumber in this vachting, tide-water fishing and new ideas from larger manufactur- required to make the Miramichi a ing centres seem to be needed to improve the industry. As a tourist resort there is none better. W. H. TAPPER.

### The Miramichi District.

"ADVANCE."

Apart from lumbering, fishing \$12,000,000 and pulp-making (the existing chief industries of this place,) the manufacture of furniture in the commoner grades, of the commoner grades of boots and shoes, and of waggons might be carried on very successfully by men having the necessary technical knowledge, if the requisite amount of capital were applied

Agriculture is carried on exten- development are excellent. sively in a few localities only. The land is not used to good advantage. The people engaged in agriculture seem to have insufficient knowledge of scientific farming, with the result that the land is allowed to become impoverished by cropping without due attention to fertilizing

raised finds ready sale. Cattle cannot be raised here as economically as farther west there is a lack of large grazing areas and the animals must be housed and attended to indoors during the winter season. Hogs are successfully raised. It is a good country for egg-production; sheep-raising. The conditions are all favorable to the raising of hav and grain, but not to fruit-raising.

This is probably the best section of the Maritime Provinces for lumbering. Spruce, chiefly, is made into deals in large, modernly-fitted mills, and shipped principally to Great steamers and sailing vessels. The to the United States.

for the British market, and their manufacture is developing quite an important industry.

The lumber industry is capable of the expansion in the direction of the manufacture of box shooks and crates for export to the great manufacturing and fruit-exporting has already been made by one concern. Hemlock Extract for tanning is made on a very large scale at one establishment on the Miramichi, and it is one of most remunerative industries of the country.

The present condition of the lumbering industry is good, and its future seems to be fully assured. new lines are also of an inviting character. New ideas from older or more developed centres, and capital in the possession of practical men to work such ideas out, seem to be needed

Our fisheries are a great source of wealth. Salmon, herring, smelts and lobsters are our chief commercial fish, and bass also are plentiful. Salmon, smelts and bass are shipped chiefly in a chilled or frozen state to the larger United States cities, and the shipments amount to hundreds of tons

Such shore fisheries as herring and codfish yield large returns, and are limited only by the number of people engaged and the amount of capital invested therein. presence of bait freezers hereabouts already equips the district well for the prosecution of this industry.

The largest fresh fish shipping concern in Canada-A. & R. Loggie -has its headquarters in Chatham parish. This firm is also a large canner of lobsters, small fruits, etc. Other firms doing a large business

Co.) for the last fiscal year include the following:-

Smelts......3,000,000 lbs. \$150,000.00 JUNE 2, 1904. Codfish . . . . . 3,720,000 74,400 00 Salmon . . . . . 370,000 74,000.00 Lobsters..... 127,000 25,400.00 Frost fish . . . . 1,500,000 25,000.00 Mackerel ..... 257,000 30,840.00 8,600.00 27,900.00 Shad .......2,070 " 14,490.00 Gaspereaux .....2,170 "

Besides the above, haddock, hake halibut, trout, eels, flounders, squid, The Miramichi District is prob- clams, fish oils and by-products of ably the best section of the Mari- fish contribute their share of value time Provinces for lumbering and every year, and together with the offers many possibilities for success- above mentioned made the fisherful industries that would draw ies of the county worth \$479,190

Minerals can hardly be counted

Sydney parties. There is a popular belief that the country up the Miramichi river is rich in minerals, such as gold and silver, but I am not aware of any good reason therefor.

This is one of the best angling its fullest extent in the Miramichi and big-game-hunting regions of other hand, took the view that the district, and perhaps there is very North America. Salmon and little room for improvement at trout abound and attract anglers present; but the lumbering interests from the United States and Upper are not worked to the best advan- Provinces. Moose, caribou and tage, deals being the highest and deer abound. A party of our practically the only form of manu- guides recently brought in seven facture. Mills for the manufacture live moose, all caught within of paper, in connection with the twenty-five miles of Chatham, pulp mills already established, which were taken to the order of ly upon legal principles because in such should be erected; these would the Newfoundland government for attract skilled mechanics and offer breeding purposes in that colony. sufficiently remunerative wages to Caribou are even more plentiful

vicinity to last a century, if oper- bathing. Fog is practically un-Capital is known, the temperature is moderrequired, but more particularly ate in summer and nothing is popular and enjoyable resort, but knowledge of its attractions and the establishment of summer hotels and conveniences for the entertainment of tourists.

We have railway connection with the Intercolonial and a linethe Canada Eastern-running to Fredericton, where it connects with the C. P. R., also a steamer plying daily (5 trips) between Chatham and Nelson, calling at Newcastle. Bushville and Douglastown, and a passenger and freight steamer running to down river points daily as well as another running to Redbank on the N. W. Miramichi. We need a steamer plying between the Miramichi and Prince Edward Island. There is now a large trade done by schooners on that route

D. G. SMITH.

### A Needed Reform Effected.

A very important event in th history of the Church of England was accomplished lately, when by vote and rotation of crops. There are the Bishops in both Houses of Consome vacant farms, but they are vocation resolutions were passed i Other days as usual from 10 a. m. until of the poorer class. The local favor of discontinuing the compulsory market is good and everything use of the Athanasian Creed in th Church service. It will be remembered that the agitation against the us of the Creed dates from the year 1870 when Archbishop Tait and others strongly advised the omission of the Creed's public reading, not only on account of its so-called "damnatory clauses," but because it is of uncertain also for dairying, poultry and origin and authority, very imperfectly translated from the Latin original, and a great hindrance to the faith of many evout members of the church.

### The Fishery Award Question.

It appears to be about determined the money received by the Dominion by-products, such as palings and under the Halifax award shall be paid birch squares for furniture-making over to the Maritime provinces or also go to Great Britain, and laths retained at Ottawa, shall be determined by arbitration instead of the While birch is made into spools Supreme Court. The St. John Telegraph has had an interview with Attorney General Pugsley on the subject, that gentlemen having just returned from Ottawa. In explaining the situation Dr. Pugs'ey said that as it had not been found possible to agree with the department of justice upon a countries. A successful beginning case which would, in his opinion, fairly bring before the court the claim made on behalf of the province, he had, in conjunction with Mr. Peters, of P. E. Island, and through the kindness of Hon. Mr. Emmerson, who had exhibited a warm interest in the province claims, obtained an interview with the prime minister and several other members of the government who had been Its possibilities of expansion along appointed a sub-committee of council to deal with the matter. The sub-committee consisted of Sir Wilfrid Laurier the minister of justice, the minister of marine and fisheries and the minister of railways and canals.

At the meeting the whole subject was very fully discussed and the committee of the government seemed to fully recognize the desirability of having a speedy settlement arrived at respect to the right of the provinces to the amount of the Halifax award and also in regard to control and admin istration of the coast fisheries in the

The difficulty, so the attorney general stated, of agreeing upon a case was that while on behalf of the previnces it was desired that the questions to be submitted should be as to whether or not the privileges conferred by the treaty of Washington upon citizens of the United States involved the use o the proprietary rights; and whether such rights were vested in the crown in right of the provinces or in right of the dominion; and also whether or not in the same lines are located here. the amount of the Halifax award "Truth" seldom travels on railway passes;

Why is it that Ayer's Hair Vigor does so many remarkable things? Because it is a hair food. It feeds the hair, puts new life into it. The hair

cannot keep from growing. And gradually all the dark,

rich color of early life comes back to gray hair. "When I first used Ayer's Hair Viger my hair was about all gray. But now it is a nice rich black, and as thick as I could wish."

— MRS. SUSAN KLOPPENSTIEN, Tuscumbia

All druggists.

for Lowell, Mass Gray Hair

the latter question should be determined upon equitable grounds.

The department of justice, upon the question for the opinion of the should be as to whether the dominion was under legal obligation to pay the

amount of the award to the provinces. The attorney general said he felt it would not be just to the previnces to allow the question to be decided strictevent, even although the court should be of the opinion that the money had been improperly paid by the imperial government, to the dominion instead of to the provinces, yet judgment might still go against the provinces on the ground that under the circumstances the dominion was not under a legal

obligation to pay over the money. The minister of justice was of the Many of the Russians guns were captured. opinion that only questions of law could be referred to the court under

It therefore, became apparent, Mr. Pugsley said, that the only practicable be determined upon just and equitable

Mr. Pugsley informed the reporter that he was most favorably impressed with the evident desire of the dominion government to have the question dis posed of on a fair basis and he had good grounds for believing that would be determined in the way sug-

reasonable doubt of the result as, under and the possibilities of its greater the decision of the judicial committee of the privy council, given in 1898, the proprietary right in the coast fisheries is held to be in the provinces and as the amount of the Halitax award was the provinces, the money should have shelling of Nanshan Hill. been paid by the imperial government to the provinces as being the owners of the fishery rights.

He said that the matter is to government and that a formal conterence will be held between representatives of the provinces and the subcommittee of the privy council on June 8 next in Ottawa when it was likely the matter would be finally disposed of.

Ottawa.

FISHWAYS IN DAMS. The minister of marine has given notice of an amendment of the fisheries act which he takes power to compel owners of dams, slides or other obstructions streams to put in durable and efficient fishways, the form and capacity to be prescribed by the fishery officer. When slide may be removed to give freer pass-

age of fish to the spawning grounds. Deal Freights.

LONDON TIMBER TRADES JOURNAL OF The inquiry from all Canadian ports is very limited, and a few fixtures have been effected, but there is a rather better | inquiry for July and August leading. There is nothing doing for prompt loading. The following fixtures have been effected: Cape Tormentine to W. C. B., 381, marines. June, "Suborg" West Bay to W. C. B., 35s, June, Miramichi to Cork or Lime ick. 40 Termentine to W. C.B., 1,030 stds, 37s property was captured

Bathurst to W. B. or E. I., 1,150 reg. 37s 6d, (sailer)

RADIUM is not sold by the shovelful, nor can you buy for 25 cents a good Linimen by the bucketful, and there is value in every drop of Kendrick's Liniment.

### A Model Railway.

A recent trip of one of our representives brought "Truth" in contact, among other things, with the Grand Trunk Railway and its incomparable dining car service. A brighter, cleaner, more efficient plan of eating while journeying, does not exist on any railway anywhere, and "Truth" has travelled on most of the leading lines of the world. and is therefore in a position to know. "Club" Break asts are an excellent feature which appears to many travellers. attendance are courte-us and obliging, and don't appear to boalw y looking for a "tip." between Toronto and Niagara Falls makes it possible to run that distance without de ays of any kind, and you are landed at your des-

tination right on time to the minute. The great improvements on the main ho east between Toronto and Montreal, have been very costly, and have in some cases meant the almost entire reconstruction of the road. The line has been straightened, the grades lessened, and "Truth" is told that very shortly a train will be put on between Toronto and Montreal that will make the distance in very much less time Terento Truth. than even The International Limited does

The returns of the fisheries of should have been paid to the provinces the Miramichi, (Northumberland instead of to the dominion, and that the Miramichi, (Northumberland instead of to the dominion, and that the Miramichi, (Northumberland instead of to the dominion, and that sidered perfectly unbiased, and are made GURNEY & CO., Aubura, Me., U. S. A.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.

OFFICE—OVER MACKENZIE'S MEDICAL HALL.

CHATHAM, N. B.

with the wife out to the latter of the west of their these the manufacturers

# The War.

A Washington despatch says:-

The Corean Government, now completely under Japanese domination, has abrogated all her treaties and agreements with Russia, including the concession for the cutting of timber along the Yalu River. This important information came to the State Department in a despatch from Horace N. Allen, the United States Minister at Seoul.

It is apparent from Corea's action that she has thrown caution to the winds and cast in her lot with Japan. While the annulment of treaties does not mean, necessarily, an abandonment of neutrality, it will be so regarded by Russia, and probably by the civilized world in this

instance. It is expected that some other important step will be taken soon, bringing Corea and Japan into even closer relations than they now

The Yalu timber concession was a frequent cause of friction between Russia and Japan when they were trying to settle their differences. Japan contended that Russian troops were advancing into Corea under the pretense of guarding the timber which Corea had given Russia the right to cut. Considerable ill feeling was produced over this phase of the controversy.

Kin Chou and Nan Shan Hill, two of the important approaches to Port Arthur have been taken by the Japanese. The Russians evidently hoped by fortifying strongly the line of hills, of which Nanshan, 2,200 feet high, was the key, to hold the Japanese back for a considerable time from their main defences. There were quite a number of 7.8 guns in position, weapons corresponding to the British 8 inch weapon. The range of these guns from the places where they were mounted was five miles. The entire number of Russian guns used, large and small, was more than seventy, while rifle pits, wire entanglements and mines completed a very formidable defence. The Japanese for some time tried in vain to discover the calibre and position of the Russian guns, and finally adopted the expedient of manœuvring their men so as to draw fire, and by picking up fragments of the shells ascertain the calibre George Hildebrand, Cunard St. Chatham, N. B.

Having secured this information they prepared for battle, set up guns to reply to the Russian fire, and on Wednesday, 25th, as at the Yalu, their artillery had a duel with the Russian guns.

On Thursday, gunboats were called in on both sides, three Japanese ships firing from the west side of the peninsula in Kinchow Bay, and a Russian gunboat from the east in Talienan Bay. The Japanese infantry was launched against Kinchow early on Thursday morning and captured the town. That night, pressing forward, the Japs stormed Nanshan Hill, rifle pits, wire entanglements, big guns, mines and all.

The battle is described as a bloody affair, the early Japanese rushes being checked by a deadly fire. It was only after they had been sixteen hours under fire that the Japanese gained possession of the ridge. Of the material results of the victory it is rather early to speak.

In the pursuit of the fleeing Russians the Japanese inflicted losses that would in some measure repay them for the very great loss incurred by them in the storming of Nanshan Hill.

The Russians talk of a Japanese loss of 12,000 in killed and wounded, but there was less than a third of that number of casualities. In any event General Oku can bring up men to replace his losses, while solution of the question was to have it every Russian put out of action is a loss that cannot be replaced—a referred to arbitration so that it might rifleman or gunner the less to withstand the last great rush.

> A Tokio despatch of 29th says that the details of the fighting emphasize the heroic tenacity of the Japanese in their conduct at

Nine successive times the Japanese charged the fortified heights in the face of a storm of death-dealing missiles, and in their last effort they carried the forts and trenches only after a bayonet to bayonet conflict with the Russians, who made a desperate despairing struggle to beat back the oncoming hordes.

The final assault of the Japanese, in which they at last succeeded in taking possession, was marked by the most desperate hand-to-hand In his opinion, there could be no encounter that has thus far characterized the war.

The Japanese left wing throughout the entire action until night was exposed to an enfilading fire from the Russian infantry, a gunboat on Talien Wan Bay, and four 9-centimetre guns posted at Tafengchen. At a critical moment the ammunition of the artillery ran low, and it was decided to cast the remaining ammunition into one final desper-

Fortunately, however, at the moment this decision was reached paid for the privilege of using these the Japanese squadron in Kin Chou Bay, which had ceased bombarding fisheries, which are the property of when the infantry had first moved forward, suddenly resumed the

Then it was that the issues of the day were determined-at a moment when the outcome was fluttering between success and defeat for Japan-and an almost certain repulse was converted into victory so complete that the forces of the Czar were swept into confusion and disorderly retreat. With all the Japanese guns centering their fire upon further considered by the dominion the Nanshan forts and trenches, the infantry sprang over the bodies of their comrades who had sacrificed their lives in the preceding fruitless charges. The entire line rushed forward toward the Russian left where the fire of the Japanese squadron had proved most deadly and which was the first to weaken under the death-dealing bombardment, and it was there that the first breach was made in the human wall that all day had been an invincible barrier to the impetuous assaults of the

> It was the fourth division of the Osaka men that stormed the Russian left. It had once been said that Osaka men were not brave. It will never be said again.

The first division of Tokio, which had the center and the third division of Nagoya, occupying the left and which had been exposed all day to the Russian fire against the front flank, now followed the example of the Osaka men and rushed forward and the battle became transformed from an artillery duel into one of personal conflict, with the bayonet as the instrument of war. On every parapet the resistless, death-defying Japanese surged forward in increasing numbers, and hustling the Russians from their entrenchments, swept off the hill. At 7.30 o'clock, as the sun was sinking beneath the horizon, the flag of the Land of the Rising Sun floated above the blood-sodden Nanshan Hill, while the shouts of "Banzai" swelled from hill to hill and re-echoed

from squadron to fort. The Japanese paid for their victory in 3,500 killed and wounded. To the Russians the humiliation of defeat was intensified by the loss of 68 cannon and 10 machine guns, while lying dead in the forts and trenches were 500 men, the victims of the accuracy of Japanese longdistance marksmanship and of close range fighting.

The beaten forces, badly shattered, retreated toward Port Arthur, exploding the Tafangchen magazines as they receded. A detachment of Japanese infantry pursued the retreating Russians far into the night. Gen. Oku estimates that the force of the enemy consisted of one line division, two batteries of field artillery, some fortress artillery and

General Oku telegraphs his opinion that the Russians intended to check the Japanese advance on Nanshan in order to protect Port Besides the big guns a miscellaneous assortment of Russian

General Oku concluded his report by heartily thanking the navy for its co-operation. The Japanese captured a number of Russian officers

A St. Petersburg despatch of 28th says:— Neither the admiralty nor the general staff have any direct information. Like the outside world, they are dependent entirely on the enemy for news. Native reports which may be of some value are

expected shortly. While there is no disposition to question the main facts sent out officially from Tokio, some unofficial reports from Japanese sources are

being received with caution. The impossibility of holding the advance positions around Kin Chou in the face of overwhelming odds has all along been admitted,

but on account of the character of the position, as well as its defences, the general staff cannot but believe that the defences must have been heroic and that the positions would only be taken by a display of desperate courage and at a frightful cost. The news is, however, received in a calm spirit by both the public and the newspapers, but if the latest report that the Japanese captured fifty guns is true, the effect will be much deeper and certain to be considered a severe blow. Until the report arrived, the feeling was that the Russians had resisted to the limit of human endurance and had retired in good order, but if this The fine, heavy double track of tails number of guns was taken, it will put a different complexion upon things, though it is conceived here that if the Japanese operating fleet landed forces at San-Shi-Li-Phu and Talien Wan and got in the rear of the Russian position, the abandonment might have become inevitable. This view, however, will hardly diminish the extent of the loss.

> purely because of the excellent facilities afforded the general public, and because of the pride "Truth" feels in one of our great national highways.

We bespeak great things for the Grand

Office Hours :- 9,30 a,m. to 1 p.m. 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. Trunk Pacific Railway on its completion .-Wednesdays -2 p. m. to 6 p. m. saturday -9.30 a.m. to 1 p. m. 7.30 p. m. to 9 p. m. GAS ADMINISTERED.

Henry G. Vaughan, D. D. S.



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### CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY

IN EFFECT OCT. 12, 1903. IT Ntil further notice, trains will run on the above Railway, daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

Between Fredericton, Chatham and Connecting with I. C. R. Loggieville. GOING NORTH FOR CHATHAM FOR FREDERICTON MARITIME EXPRESS. DAY EXPRESS Freight Ar. Chatham Junc., 11.15 a m 1.10 \*\* ......Gibson.... 2 17 ... Marysville,... 2 05 5 05 ... Cross Creek, ... 12 40 p m 2 50 12 .0 4 ... Boiestown, .. 11 25 GOING SOUTH. Doaktown, .. 10 30 MARITIME EXPRESS. DAY EXPRESS .Blackville .... 9 25 Chatham Jet { 8 25 lv 8 00 ar 7 00 a. m. 10.20 a. m. 7.40 " .... Nelson .... 7 40

The above Table is made up on Atlantic standard time. The trains between Chatham and Fredericton will also stop when signalled at the following flag Stations—Derby Siding, Upper Nelson Boom, Chelmstord, Grey Rapids, Upper Blackville, Blissfield Carrol's, McNamee's, Ludlow, Astle Crossing, Clearwater, Portage Road, Forbes' Siding, Upper Cross Creek, Covered Bridge, Zionville, Durham, Nashwaak, Manzer's Siding, Penniac.

.Chatham .... 7 20

.. Loggieville .. 7 00 a m 7 05 a m

Maritime Express Trains on I. C. R. going north run through to destinations on Sunday. Maritime

CONNECTIONS are made at Chatham Junction with the I. C. RAILWAY for all points East and West, and at Fredericton with the C. P. RAILWAY for Montreal and all points in the upper provinces and with the C. P. RAILWAY for St. John and all points West, and at Gibson for Woodstock, Houlton, Grand Falls Edmundston and Presque Isle, and at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley. THOS. HOBEN, Supt. ALEX. GIBSON, Gen'l Manager

BEST BUY IN B. C., CANADA, AT 15 CENTS.

Greatest Gold Discovery of the Age is in B. C.

Rossland's large ore bodies are a great

success with the concentration system of

ore reduction of \$3.00 ore pays to mine as now proved by Central Star and LeRoi No. 2 Dividends.

Shares can be had on installment plan,

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Company has no debts or liabilities.

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eash, balance within a year.

or business man in city.

CONSOLIDATED GOLD MINES, LIMITED.

Capital \$625,000 of which nearly 40 per cent. is now in our Treasury. Shares fully paid and non-assessable.

Mines directly west of the LeRoi and LeRoi No. 2, two of the largest gold-copper mines in the world, both of which have paid large dividends. Same identical ore and veins now sight on the BIG FOUR. Large ore bodies.

Assays from \$5 to \$800 in gold, copper silver, etc., as now on exhibition in the city ore exhibit, causing considerable We have two miles of railway on

Four property with water and timber in abundance. Rossland ore shipments for 1902, 350,000 tons. Shipped for 1903, about 450,000 tons. Total value of Rossland

ores mined, \$25,000,000. PLEASE NOTE PRICE AT Omitted, all the voyage of their life Is bound in shallows and miseries. Any amount less than \$100 send by

There is a tide in the affairs of men Which taken at the flood, leads on to

postoffice or express money order; over this amount by bank draft to JAMES LAWLER. Secretary and Treasurer

FOR ONE MONTH ROSSLAND, B. C., CANADA. Booklets, Order Blanks and Prospectus with Maps and Reports from Mining engineers sent only to investors or those desiring to invest. And further, LEARN TO DISTINGUISH THE REAL FROM A SHADOW.

### Wheeler's Botanic **Bitters**

CURE Biliousness Headache Constipation Keep the eyes bright

They cleanse and purify the system. At all dealers 25c.

and the skin clear.

NOTICE RE TIMBER LIMITS.

Notice is hereby given that Martin Fox has been appointed guardian of the limits formerly held by The Maritime Sulphite Fibre Co. (Limited), and

R. B. CROMBIE, Manager Bank of Montreal

### Wood Notice.

We have found it necessary to change our system in connection with our Wood Business, and, in future, all orders for wood must be accompanied by cash.

J. B. SNOWBALL COMPANY, LIMITED.

# CANADIAN AY.

WORLD'S FAIR ST. LOUIS, MO. May 1st to December 1st.

Eplendid Equipment. P. Through Trains. Unexcelled Dining Cars Low Rates, Daily.

GENERAL CHANGE TIME, JUNE 13 C. B. FOSTER, D. P. A., C. P. R., St. John, N. B.

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SPECIAL BARGAINS \_\_\_IN\_\_\_

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELLRY, Silverware & Novelties.

All new goods. Give him a call We are glad to welcome visitors, pleased to show WARMUNDE, EXPERIENCED WATCHMARK

Pallen Corner Chatham N. B.