

Everything from a NEEDLE to an ANCHOR

Call and see one of the most complete and well-selected lines of Goods kept by any general store in the province.

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOOD, Groceries and Provisions

Hats, Caps and Furs,

Hardware and Tinware, Boots, Shoes and Oil Tanned Goods, Ready Made Clothing and Gents' Furnishings.

As we buy all our Goods for Cash we are enabled to sell at

BOTTOM PRICES.

King Lumber Co. (Ltd.),

Chipman, N. B.,

J. W. KEAST,

GENERAL DEALER IN

Flour, Meal, Feed, Oats, General Groceries Hardware, &c.

: Fresh Meats :

of all kinds.

Game, Poultry and Fresh Fish

A SPECIALTY.

Orders for Fresh Meats from customers on the river solicited.

Consignments of fat cattle, sheep, poultry, etc., solicited.

ridge Street,

—Indiantown, St. John, N. B.—

NOTICE!

Having made arrangements with Messrs. Wallace & Fraser to sell

ALBERTS THOMAS

PHOSPHATE POWDER

IN HAMPSTEAD AND VICINITY.

I will call on all farmers as soon as possible. Those intending to purchase will do well to hold their orders until I call or write for prices.

Phosphate the Best,

Prices the Lowest,

Terms Easy.

GEO. J. RATHBURN,

Agent, Hibernia, Queens Co.

March 4.

FOR SALE.

One Single Horse Deering Ideal Mower, 34 Foot Cut. Mowed twelve tons of hay last season, almost as good as new.

Also a full line of

NEW AND STYLISH

is our summer assortment of

Hats, Flowers and Ribbons.

The Best Variety of Sailor Hats in the City at Lowest Prices.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

General Dry Goods.

MISSES MAHER,

447 Main St., St. John, (North End).

N. W. Brenan,

Undertaker,

BUILDING NO. 715,

FOOT OF MAIN STREET.

Telephone, 222 a Office, 222 b Residence.

ST. JOHN.

Special Prices for Country Orders.

TELEPHONE 953. ESTABLISHED 1879.

Jas. V. Russell,

SUCCESSOR TO MRS. T. A. VINCENT.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

BOOTS, SHOES AND SLIPPERS

of every description at Lowest Prices.

Special Attention given

To the Country Trade.

677 MAIN ST., NORTH END, ST. JOHN.

AGENT FOR THE

E. and D. and Phoenix Bicycles.

WM. PETERS,

DEALER IN

Leather, Hides, Tallow,

Furriers' and Tanners' Tools, Shoemakers' Findings, etc.

Manufacturer of the Famed Bluenose Buffalo Sleigh Robe.

266 Union St., St. John, N. B.

C. L. SCOTT,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

CARRIAGE, CARTS AND SLEIGHS.

—ALSO HEAD QUARTERS FOR—

Massey-Harris Farm Machinery.

—SUCH AS—

PLOWS, HARROWS, REAPERS,

MOWERS, SOWERS, CULTIVATORS, ETC., ETC.

NOTICE.—All persons desiring to have their sleighs or carriages repaired, painted or upholstered will kindly send same by boat. Orders will receive prompt attention.

Orders by mail promptly attended to

C. L. SCOTT,

MAIN ST. GAGETOWN, N. B.

NOTICE.

Whereas William, son of Isaac Brown, of Browtown, in the Parish of Hampstead, Queens County, whom I had adopted, has left me without any just cause, this is to notify all persons not to trust him to anything on my account, as I will not pay any bills contracted by him.

JOHN RATHBURN.

Hibernia, Queens Co., Nov. 21st, 1898.

Isn't it Time

You bought that Watch you've been promising yourself so long? We have what we think will just suit you.—A P. S. Bartlett, Waltham Movement, 17 Jewels, Adjusted, in Gold Filled Case, Open Face, Guaranteed 20 years for \$18.50. Same in Solid Silver Case for \$14.00.

L. L. SHARPE,

Watchmaker and Optician,

42 Dock Street, St. John, N. B.

For 15c. in stamps we will send by mail post paid a good Thermometer. Try one!

NOTICE.

Public Notice is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted Wellesley T. Hamilton in the estate of the late Thomas Hamilton, and all parties indebted to the said estate and all having claims against the estate are requested to have the same filed with him, duly attested, within one month from the date of this notice.

Dated at Gagetown, June 14th, 1898.

WELLESLEY T. HAMILTON,

Administrator.

H. Niles & Sons,

DEALERS IN

GENERAL GROCERIES

Flour,

Meal,

Hay,

Oats

Feed, Etc.

Correspondence solicited and promptly attended to.

Write for quotations.

Robertson Wharf, Indiantown, N. B.

F. A. YOUNG,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

General Hardware.

Agent for Sherwin-Williams' Paint

SPECIALITIES:

OILS, PAINTS AND GLASS.

BRICK BUILDING,

36 MAIN ST., NORTH ST. JOHN, N. B.

FOR SALE.

Two lots of land situate in Speight Settlement, Petersville, owned by the Bank of Montreal, formerly owned by Andrew Co-bett. For further particulars apply to

JOHN R. DUNN,

Barrister, Gagetown.

Nov. 26th, 1898.

CHICAGO'S GREAT FIRE.

Interesting Comparisons With Other Great Conflagrations.

October 9 was the twenty-sixth anniversary of the great 1871 fire of 1871. The Times-Herald of that city makes the following interesting comparisons: The famous London fire, which ended the great plague, and the destruction of Rome by Nero are said to have exceeded it in loss of human life. In all three fires accurate figures as to life loss have never been obtained. These are the estimates:

Table with 2 columns: Lives lost in Chicago fire, Bodies recovered in Chicago fire, Lives lost in great London fire, etc.

The property loss compared with the property loss at other famous fires, was: Chicago fire, \$130,526,500; Great London fire, 25,000,000; San Francisco, 1849, 20,000,000; Pittsburgh, April 18, 1845, 9,000,000; Albany, September 9, 1848, 15,000,000; Boston, September 8, 1872, 80,000,000.

The Chicago fire began October 9 about 9:30 o'clock in the evening, in the barn of Mrs. O'Leary, 137 De Koven street. A man is supposed to have knocked over a lit lamp. The fire lasted twenty-eight hours. It had been preceded by a fire the night of October 7, which burned fourteen hours, with a property loss of \$220,130. Similar fires raged October 8. The weather was very dry and southwest and west winds prevailed.

The fire of October 9, in one hour and fifteen minutes, had burned over eighty acres of the city and entailed a property loss of \$130,526,500. Such a sweeping zone of flame had never before been witnessed by man. The early bursting of water mains and pumps and the destruction of the water tower made the fire department almost useless.

The total average sweep of the Chicago fire, compared with that of other fires, was: Chicago fire, 25,000; Great London fire, 10,000; San Francisco, 1849, 20,000; Pittsburgh, 1845, 9,000; Albany, 1848, 15,000; Boston, 1872, 80,000.

The Chicago fire department lost in buildings and apparatus property valued at \$1,440,073. The insurance on the burned Chicago property was \$9,000,000, and the loss exceeded that by \$100,526,500. The insurance companies acted heroically. Nearly 100 were driven out of existence by their losses, but nearly all of them made an effort to meet their policies as far as possible.

The number of people rendered homeless by the Chicago fire, compared with other fires, was: Chicago fire, 28,500; Great London fire, 200,000; Portland, Me., 1806, 30,000.

The loss to the municipality in property was \$2,212,000. The loss in loss in currency and coin in the Sub-Treasury was \$1,026,200. There were 55,153 buildings in Chicago before the fire, so that nearly one-half of them were destroyed. The loss of the business blocks, residences, depots, warehouses, etc., destroyed was \$5,200,000. The loss on other property was \$135,326,500.

The entire burned district was rebuilt within the year, the character of the buildings changing from the frame prior to the fire to brick and stone.

Of curious Bibles, the names of which figure occasionally in sales, the following is the best known: The "Vineyard Bible" is so called because "The Parable of the Vineyard" is printed "Parable of the Vineyard." The date of this Bible is 1717. The "Servant" Bible makes the error of printing "Servant" for "Serpent" in the third chapter of Genesis, thus: "Now, the servant was more subtle than any beast of the field."

The "Judas" Bible has a bad typographical error, substituting Judas for the Saviour. "Then came Judas with them into a place called 'Gethsemane.'" The "W" Bible is of 1631, and the "not" is left out in the seventh commandment. The printer paid for that blunder, so it is recorded, to the amount of £300.

The "Pagan" Bible contains in its illustrations some terrible anachronisms. It was published in 1572, at the time when the sailor would still serve for many purposes. At the head of St. John's first Epistle, chapter 1, appear Mount Olympus, Leda, the siren, Daedalus and Apollo. The least that can be said of the pictures is that they are good examples of old art.

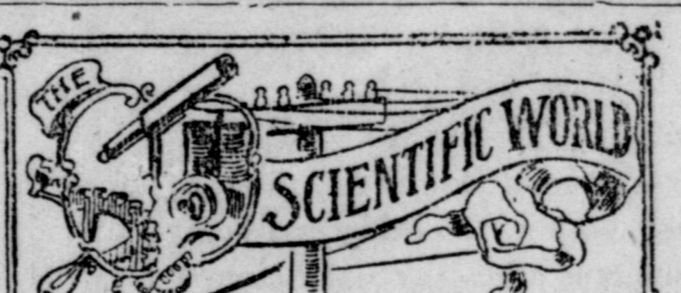
The "Bugge" Bible is exceedingly rare. Psalm xci. 5, reads in the Matthew Bible (1561), "So that thou shalt not need to be affrayed for any bugges by night." By "bugge" is meant "bugie." A perfect "Bugge" Bible will bring \$300 or more.

Occasionally the "Breeches" Bible turns up. In Genesis, iii. 7, the text reads "And they sewed fig-tree leaves together and made themselves breeches." Coverdale makes it "aparas," and, perhaps, comes nearer to primitive fashions.

A queer mistake is in what is called the "H" Bible. In Ruth, ii. 15, the compositor unsexed Ruth, and made her "he." This blunder was printed 1611. The edition in which the word is corrected is known as the "She" Bible.

The "Treacle" Bible is the one in which the "balm of Gilead" (Jeremiah, viii) is made to read, "There is no more treacle at Gilead." When this double blunder was made, in 1577, transcribers and printers were held to task, and all the copies were destroyed, but some few escaped. "Treacle" or "treacle" is not after all such a blunder, because in the sixteenth century "treacle" meant any kind of an antidote, or a mixture which assuaged pain. Gilead was, perhaps, the compositor's mistake.

The "Wooden Leg" Bible is so called from a picture, where Satan, with that conspicuous tall which belongs to the part sports a wooden leg. But why a "wooden leg" Bible? There may be many surmises indulged in. One is that in the England of that time there were numerous soldiers who were tramps, and some had wooden legs and bad traits.



A HOME MADE APOTHECA.

Some Things the Household Scientist May Find That Are Useful.

The wise and prudent woman is she who, when taking her walks abroad, gathers the sampies and herbs which should be found in every household dispensary. The healing efficacy of many herbs is so well-known that one need not be a skilled herbalist. There are even weeds—the nettle, for instance—which the novice would scarcely think proper for a place in the little apothecary. Although much managed, they are a panacea for rheumatism; gather fresh nettle leaves, dry them and make into a tea.

Violet leaves boiled in vinegar will heal goat. A white blossom tea is the best known remedy for producing perspiration. The blossoms of the mullein made into a decoction are a useful throat gargle. Silverweed tea renders good service in case of tetanus.

Willow bark is recommended for heart-ache—its extract being made by boiling its roots, seeds and leaves. Juniper berries, used for fumigation, make an agreeable odor; they also work with similar effect taken internally. The berries fumigate the mouth and stomach and ward off contagion. Those who are suffering from fever-stricken patients should chew a few juniper berries—six to ten in a day. They burn up, as it were, the harmful miasma.

Strawberry leaf decoction will cure skin eruptions arising from morbid blood; it also assists a topical L.V.R. Sage purifies the liver, and kidneys. Wormwood relieves seasickness. Tea made of leaves, blossoms, berries, bark or roots of the common elder is a protection against cholera.

Eyebright, that salutiferous little herb, makes an excellent wash for the eyes—the dried and pulverized leaves being made into a tea for the purpose. Gentian roots, well dried, cut into small pieces and put into brandy, relieve cramps in stomach, nausea and attacks of faintness are removed by taking a teaspoonful of tincture of gentian in water.

Tincture of dilberries is indispensable for the apotheca. A handful put in a bottle of good brandy is a mild but good remedy for dysentery. Coltsfoot tea purifies the chest and lungs and is a remedy for asthma and coughs.

A Novel Experiment. The spicy scent of the water mint clearly indicates that this little herb occupies an important place among medicinal plants. It suffering from a violent headache bind mint leaves across the forehead; mint tea, prepared with hot water and half wine, assists the digestion and cleanses and purifies the breath.

A very old experiment was tried at Paris on May 4, at the suggestion of Le Journal, one of the great French dailies. The idea was to see whether a message could be delivered from Paris by balloon and bicycle to a given point, the city being considered besieged by the enemy. The aeronaut and bicyclist, Hervieu, made a balloon ascension, taking with him his bicycle. He was given a message to be delivered at St. Cyr, a short distance west of Versailles, and bicyclists of the supposed enemy, informed of his intention to take the message, were sent out to intercept and, if possible, catch him. They were distributed in such a way on the roads leading from Paris and Versailles to St. Cyr that, no matter where he landed, bicyclists would follow him on existing roads. A prize was offered by Le Journal, which fell to the ball on his unhampered arrival at St. Cyr from Bois d'Arcy, where he landed safely with his balloon. A reporter from Le Journal had accompanied him in his aerial flight in order to write up the story. The fact that the aeronaut and bicyclist had gone to further west than his destination and his intimate knowledge of the roads enabled him to avoid the bicyclists sent after him and to slip by them without difficulty.

Problem of Long Life. What to eat and how to live form a study which should have its own university, from which graduates should emerge to rival preachers and physicians as the preventive agencies, as the latter practitioners are the remedial agencies, in human welfare and against the encroachments of disease and sin. There is no natural law or superhuman edict limiting the term of life to three score and ten. That period is not a boundary set by dispensation, but an average gathered from experience. There is no physical reason why 70 years, or 90 years, or even 100 years should be an exceptional length of life. What one can do another can do, the conditions being equal. The power to live for a century exists, and there is no reason for the race not to have its term of existence extended to the full limit of human endurance. And it will be when we have mastered the problem of the best food and the right rules of conduct.

Calendars. The calendar. One of the men who make up the calendars used as advertisements has evolved a few simple rules to facilitate the process. They are: No century can begin on Wednesday, Friday or Sunday. The same calendars can be used every twenty years. October always begins on the same day of the week as January, April or May, September as December, February, March and November begin on the same days. May, June and August always begin on different days from each other and every other month in the year. The first and last days of the year are always the same. These rules do not apply to the year when the comparison is between days before and after February 29.

A Coin in the Bottle. There have been patented all kinds of schemes devised for the purpose of securing a bottle that cannot be refilled after having once been emptied of its contents. A great deal of fraud is said to be perpetrated by refilling the bottles of some standard liquor with an inferior grade, and palming it off as the original bottling. An ingenious Philadelphian proposes to accomplish this by blowing a coin in the body of the glass bottle, and he thinks this will be tempting on such to induce someone to buy the bottle as soon as it has been emptied.—Philadelphia Record.

It is a popular idea that the heavier the brain is the higher are the intellectual possibilities of its possessor. Sir William Turner now says that a heavy brain is no indication of intellectual eminence. The average weight of the European brain is from 40 to 50 ounces, yet five out of 31 male lunatics taken without selection from post mortem records, had brains ranging from 69 to 65 ounces. The brains of three female lunatics out of 22 exceeded 50 ounces. It is, moreover, a well-known fact that epileptics have unusually large brains.

"How did Eleanor announce her engagement to the family?" "She just wiggled the finger that had on the diamond ring."

We are offering special prices for THE COUNTRY TRADE ONLY

WE ALSO GIVE A PRIZE TO EACH

Customer Who Purchases \$2.00 Worth of Goods.

And remember we do not charge extra for the goods. The prizes we offer in this advertisement is worth \$1.00 to the Purchaser.

Notice a Few of Our Low Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item and Price. Items include 32 INCH SHAKER FLANNEL, GREY FLANNEL, TWILLED OR PLAIN, RED AND WHITE TABLE LINEN, etc.

A large assortment of Men's Ulsters, Overcoats and Suits. Men's Pants at prices that will surprise You.

Cut This Out. And when you make a purchase of \$2.00 WORTH you will receive the following presents: 12 DOZ. SHIRT BUTTONS, 1 PACKAGE NEEDLES, 2 PAPERS PINS, etc.

ALWAYS BRING THIS COUPON.

SCOTT BROTHERS, Steam Saw Mill and Carriage Factory.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Carriages and Sleighs of every description.

Repairing and Painting in all its branches. General Blacksmithing done connection.

LAND ROLLERS A SPECIALTY.

MAIN STREET, GAGETOWN, N. B.

CUT THIS OUT

And return it to us with a year's subscription to The Queens County Gazette.

The Queens County Gazette,

Gagetown, N. B.

Enclosed find \$1.00 for which send me for one year The Queens County Gazette.

Name.....

Post Office address.....

ADDRESS,

JAS. A. STEWART,

Gagetown, N. B.

THAT JOB OF

PRINTING

You may need soon can be neatly and promptly executed at the office

QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE. + +

Good Type Plenty of It, and Skilled Workmen handle It!