

The Reporter

Board of Works

1 Jan 91

AND FREDERICTON ADVERTISER

Herman H. Pitts,
Editor and Proprietor.

FREDERICTON, N. B., WEDNESDAY JANUARY 28, 1891

[L. 100 per Annum
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CHILDREN

Are always liable to sudden and severe colds, to croup, sore throat, lung fever, etc. Remedies, to be effective, must be administered without delay. Nothing is better adapted for such emergencies than Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It soothes the inflamed membrane, promotes expectoration, relieves coughing, and induces sleep. The prompt use of this medicine has saved innumerable lives, both of young and old.

"One of my children had croup. The case was attended by our physician, and was supposed to be well under control. One night I was startled by the child's hard breathing, and on going to it found it

Strangling.

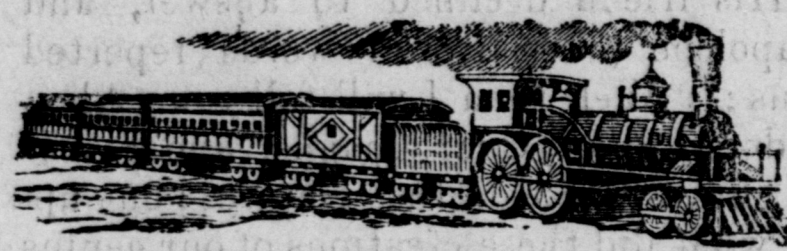
It had nearly ceased to breathe. Realizing that the child's alarming condition had become possible in spite of the medicine it had taken, I reasoned that such remedies would be of no avail. Having a part of a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in the house, I gave the child three doses, at short intervals, and anxiously waited results. From the moment the Pectoral was given, the child's breathing grew easier, and in a short time it was sleeping quietly and breathing naturally. The child is alive and well to-day, and I do not hesitate to say that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral saved its life."—C. J. Woodbridge, Wortham, Texas.

For colds, coughs, bronchitis, asthma, and the early stages of consumption, take

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1; six bottles, \$5.



CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

New Brunswick Division.

ALL RAIL LINE to BOSTON & C.
"THE SHORT LINE" to
Montreal, &c.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS IN EFFECT OCT. 12th, 1890.

LEAVE FREDERICTON.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

6.20 A. M.—Express for Fredericton Junction, St. John and intermediate points. Vancaboro, Bangor, Portland, Boston and points West, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton and Woodstock.
10.30 A. M. For Fredericton Junction, St. John and points East.
3.15 P. M. — For Fredericton Junction, St. John, etc.

Returning to Fredericton.

From St. John, 6.30, 7.35 A. M.; 4.40 P. M.
Fredericton Junction, 8.10 A. M.; 12.10 A. M., 6.25 P. M.,

McAdam Junction, 10.47 A. M.; 2.15 P. M.
Vancaboro, 10.25 A. M., 12.45 A. M.;
St. Stephen, 7.45, 10.15 A. M.
St. Andrews, 6.55 A. M.

ARRIVE IN FREDERICTON

9.20 A. M., 1.20, 7.20 P. M.

LEAVE GIBSON.

6.20, A. M.—Mixed for Woodstock, and points north.

ARRIVE AT GIBSON.

5.10, P. M.—Mixed from Woodstock, and points north.

H. P. TIMMERMAN, C. E. McPHERSON,
General Supt. Dist. Pass. Agent

DEC. 31st, '90.

Bargains. Bargains.

Winter Dry Goods

For the next 30 days we will sell the remainder of our Winter stock of

DRESS GOODS,
ULSTERINGS,
JACKETINGS,
WOOL GOODS,
FURS, BLANKETS,

Bed Comfortables, &c.

At sweeping reductions to clear before stocktaking.

Tennant Davies & Co.

New Brunswick Reporter,

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

Is published every Wednesday from our Steam Printing Office, York Street, Fredericton.

Terms of Subscription, \$1.00 per year.

ADVERTISING RATES.

For square of one inch, (10 lines) \$1.00 for the first insertion and fifty cents for every subsequent insertion.

When charged by the line 10 cents for first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Persons desiring to advertise for 3 months or a year will be made a special rate.

HERMAN H. PITTS,
Publisher and Proprietor

New Brunswick Reporter.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1891.

The subscription to the "Reporter" is ONE DOLLAR per year. You will find it money well spent. Send along your subscription.

THERE IS considerable talk of a General Election in the near future. Whether it will be within the few months, as currently reported, or after the session of Parliament is not authoritatively announced as yet. That an election will take place within a year at least, is quite probable.

MUCH OF our space this week is taken up with a report of the proceedings of the York County Council. While the report is quite full, yet of necessity there had to be a large condensing of the speeches and discussions. The subject matter, however, is given with care, and our country readers will be enabled to gain a good idea of what transpired at the board this year.

Civic Politics—A Little Personal Reminiscence.

Since our last issue there has been just a little movement of the political waters. The civic elections for the year have taken place, and what appeared to be a walk over for all the candidates resulted in an election in two wards, at what might be considered the last moment.

In Queens Ward, through pressure of well meaning friends Mr. M. Lemont was again put in the field. The equanimity with which our friend becomes an annual victim, is worthy of a better cause. Tenacity of purpose and right principles of action should commend him even to his avowed opponents. Mr. Lemont was defeated this year again. Many things entering into the contest bringing about this defeat. The lateness of entering the field, the lukewarmness of friends from whom he should have reasonably expected much help, a straight ticket against him, lack of aggressive workers at the poll, and many other side issues, brought the defeat.

In St. Ann's Ward there was a contest, also brought on at the last moment. The editor of this paper became a participant in a contest, he had not the most remote idea of entering upon, until within about an hour of the time of closing the nominations. Just how he became a candidate, and just how from step to step he was led into an election contest would not be specially interesting, and entirely unnecessary in view of the turn of events. Suffice it to say that backed up by influential friends, and a sense of duty, he went into an uneven contest, at a late hour, in a cornered fight, against a ticket, with many of his strong personal friends pledged to the ticket, and with many who might be expected to have interested themselves energetically on election day, quite passive, even to neutrality. He went into a fight against a lively minority of personal antagonists, made so by fearless denunciation of their sins and follies. Like Napoleon of old, the question of defeat was not once anticipated, and methods of escape were not provided. In this connection some things may

have been said in the hustings speeches that might have well been left unsaid, but this is simply another experience. After all the wise man should not say all he thinks.

While, in truth, the candidate could not see it, to those more thoroughly versed in ward elections it was quite clear that it must prove a defeat. The result proved their prognostications were based on wise judgment. There was defeat, but not by any means disastrous defeat.

Election day was well spent. It was no waste of time or energy. It was an experience cheaply bought, lasting, and of inestimable value. The most kindly feelings existed throughout between the candidates. Not a word to cause a feeling of irritancy occurred, any feeling around the poll that might have existed, was rather with supporter of, than with the candidates themselves.

The experience again, has made us a firm advocate of woman's suffrage. Those who took an active interest about the poll, will readily perceive the cause of the conversion.

To the elected aldermen we extend our most hearty sympathy. They will have our entire support and assistance in the work of the council for the year, and our advice as occasion demands, all in good part and with kindly and friendly intentions.

We have to thank our friends for their energetic support of, and hearty interest in our election. We thank the ladies specially for the whole-souled, and hearty manner in which they came forward to help us. We thank those who voted against us, in that they have more firmly rooted deep seated convictions. And behold the end is not yet.

"Tis not in mortals to command success,
But we'll do more, Sempronius; we'll deserve it."

Each issue of the "Reporter" contains a sermon preached by Rev. A. J. Mowatt at Erskine Church, Montreal.

The Queen's Dining Room.

And the Retinue of Servants that Provides the dinners.

The Queen's dining room, says the London World, always presents a very bright and brisk aspect, for, in addition to the crowd of servants in their royal liveries, and some of Her Majesty's Highland and Indian domestics, there are the head functionaries of the kitchen and the clerks of the cellar in their respective uniforms. The clerk of the kitchen, who is at the head of the *cuisine* department, receives £700 a year, with his board and lodging, and he is provided with a staff of four assistant clerks and a female menial, who is officially known as the "necessary woman."

The chef is aided by four master cooks, two women of the kitchen (one of whom is the confectioner), two bakers, two roasting cooks, two coffee women, and a perfect regiment of assistants, male and female of their kind; apprentices, sorcerers, kitchen maids, two steam apparatus workers, two "green-office men" and a storekeeper.

The cellar is a different department. There are plenty of delicacies at the Queen's dinners, as a matter of course, and always an adequate number of the elaborate "made dishes," which Mr. Osborne termed "ongreys," but there are also invariably some plain joints, both hot and cold. Prince Albert, like Sir Alexander Cockburn, was always pleased to see a cold sirloin of roast beef on the sideboard, and the Queen has throughout her life shown a marked preference for perfectly simple fare. Prince Albert and the late Duke of Cambridge greatly liked that good old-fashioned dish, a roast sucking pig, served with prune sauce.

There have been "dine and sleep" visitors at Windsor Castle every day during the Queen's residence there, but the list of people to be asked (exclusive of the royal official and diplomatic guests) is so long that there will have to be another succession during Her Majesty's next tour there in order to clear it off. The invitations are usually sent out by Sir John Cowell (often by telegram), and

as a rule only a few hours notice is given. The guests are expected to arrive in time to dress for dinner, and they leave after breakfast the next morning.

The rule for guests is to appear in the corridor in full dress at 8.30, the dinner hour being 8.45; and the Queen comes in from her own apartment just as the clocks chime the quarter, bows to the company, and proceeds into the oak room, where dinner is served.

After it is over the company usually stand about the corridor, or proceed into one of the three drawing rooms which adjoin it; the Queen speaks for a few moments to each person in succession, and then retires and the guests see her no more, as she never appears in the morning; so that a visit to the Castle does not involve much personal intercourse with Her Majesty.

After the Queen has gone to her rooms the company remain in one of the drawing rooms for music and waist; and when the ladies retire the men adjourn to the smoking room, in which there is a billiard table.

Affairs in Ireland.

A Parnellite Committee Meeting to be Held in London.

DUBLIN, Jan. 19.

The chairman of the Belfast National League meeting, which on January 12 passed a resolution endorsing Mr. Parnell, has written a letter to Mr. Thomas Sexton, nationalist member of Parliament for West Belfast, in which he says that the meeting referred to was not a representative one, and that a majority of Mr. Sexton's constituents approved of the action he has taken during the recent troubles among the members of the Irish Parliamentary party.

To this letter, Mr. Sexton has sent a reply, in the course of which he says that he would treat the vote of the 12th as authoritative, but his retention of the seat concerns four thousand people who elected him, besides the interest of the people of Belfast in the cause of Ireland. Mr. Sexton urges that a full meeting of the National League should be convened in order that a decisive vote should be taken.

At a meeting held to-day at Maryborough with the intention of establishing a National League branch under the leadership of Mr. Parnell, the committee appointed to take the steps necessary to attain the object in view passed a resolution deploring the interference of the priesthood in elections.

Mr. W. A. McDonald, nationalist member of Parliament for the Ossory division of Queen's county, made a long speech, which was warmly applauded. A resolution strongly endorsing Mr. Parnell and Messrs. Richard Lalor, nationalist member of Parliament for the Leix division of Queen's county, and Roderick McDonald, Gladstone liberal member of Parliament for Ross and Cromarty shires, was adopted.

Mr. Parnell, speaking at Athlone, said that at this important turning point he did not doubt the result of Ireland's struggle for home rule. Expressions of opinions, biased by the evil influence, prevalent in London and Westminster, were to him as chaff before the wind. Ireland would yet get a better Home Rule bill than Mr. Gladstone's "mained and whittled-down measure."

AMERICAN FUNDS NOT DIVERTED.

PARIS, Jan. 19.

Mr. John Dillon, Mr. T. P. Gill and Mr. and Mrs. William O'Brien arrived in this city to-day. In an interview Mr. Dillon said he had made inquiries in regard to the matter and found that there was absolutely no foundation for the statement which recently appeared in the *Insuppressible* to the effect that Mr. Harrington had held back the funds which had been collected in America for the relief of the evicted tenants in Ireland for the political advantage of Mr. Parnell. On the contrary, Mr. Dillon continued, Messrs. Webb, Kenny and Harrington were using the funds strictly in accordance with the agreement arrived at in America. Not a farthing had been used for any purpose connected with the present dispute over the Irish leadership. "I am happy to state," said Mr. Dillon, "that both sides, including Mr. Parnell, have agreed to an arrangement whereby the persons evicted from their homes will be protected, apart from the dispute in regard to the leadership."

O'BRIEN AND DILLON.

PARIS, Jan. 20.

Mr. O'Brien has dictated the following statement: "As I had every reason to anticipate, Mr. Dillon and myself are in full agreement, and with a view to success our reticence, patience and mutual forbearance will continue. That is as necessary as ever. The matter is so delicate, and so surrounded with difficulties, that it is hard to be too sanguine of the result. All I am free to say that we have made substantial progress toward a settlement which will be satisfactory to the British, as well as ourselves. We shall not leave France without exhausting every effort for peace, and a very few days must determine the result." Mr. Dillon read this statement and signified his approval.

In an interview, to-day, William O'Brien said he knew nothing of the alleged circular announcing that the promoters of the new national paper in Dublin were offering to return the money which had been subscribed for the enterprise, owing to his declining to accept the editorship. Mr. O'Brien further said those interested in the paper had no authority to announce him as the chairman of the company or the editor of the publication.

Chapter of Fatalities.

In one issue of a Quebec paper the other day the scribe made a long chapter of sudden deaths. Among the fatalities was one Pierre Hamel, aged 82, residing in St. Raymond. Portneuf, has been frozen to death. The old man had been visiting his son, who resided some ten acres from him, and in returning home lost his way and his life.

A woman was buried here yesterday whose death was caused by a fish bone. While eating fish on Friday a bone stuck in her throat. Instead of calling a physician to remove the obstruction she finally got rid of it herself as she thought by forcing it down into her stomach, where it did its deadly work still more effectively.

An old man named Daniel Larkin, living separate from his wife, also came to his death very suddenly while visiting a friend in the city yesterday. It is said that he has been drinking heavily.

A man named William Lewis was knocked down and instantly killed on the street in Maisonneuve, a suburb of Montreal on Tuesday, by a horse being driven at a furious rate.

At the Polls.

There was very little excitement about the streets on Monday over the Aldermen's election. The representatives of three wards were returned by acclamation, and contests, three-cornered ones, took place in St. Ann's and Queen's wards. No addresses were made at the latter polling place but in St. Ann's the electors had stirring speeches from the candidates. Alderman Gilman was of course the first speaker and he very properly gave an account of his stewardship and sought a renewal of the confidence of his constituents. He described several canvasses made against him which he endeavored to show were without foundation in fact, and the Grand Lake mud, or rather his connection with it, was satisfactorily explained.

Mr. Walker followed with his maiden speech and frankly admitted that civic affairs had never been made a study by him.

Mr. Pitts said he had entered into the contest with the best feelings for all and whatever the result of the day's work he saw no reason for undue excitement or hard feelings.

Everything worked smoothly all day and at the close of the poll the candidates stood as follows:

ST. ANN'S WARD.

Walker.....125
Gilman.....119
Pitts.....78

QUEEN'S WARD.

McNutt.....122
Moore.....121
Lemont.....70

In Queens Ward the solid rum party worked with a vengeance to defeat Mr. Lemont, who did not expect to be elected from the start, but to satisfy his friends entered the field.

In St. Ann's Ward rattling speeches were made at the close of the poll, many voters from other Wards assembling there, expecting to listen to a flow of eloquence.