down N son Street, when witness lost sight of him. When the waggen turned | His Honor Judge Carter, in charging the Jury, explained the law, and direct-

down North Street saw men running across the ruins.

mot so high as the Court House, but should think it half as high. Stood on the front first count. On the second count he thought there were doubts whether they could walk, fleaning against the rafters, which were just put there. Stood on the bricks. be convicted. If three persons had thrown brick-bats, it was a riot, for there was no Knew Kearney before, as he (witness) is an apprentice with Mr. Spiller, a blacksmith doubt but the people assembled there to prevent others from passing along the puband is often sent to Mr. Carvill's store for iron, where Kearney is employed. Saw lic highway. The main question for them to decide was whether Hagarty and Dris-Boon fall as soon as Kearney fired. As Kearney was the only man he knew in the coll were connected with those who assembled for the common purpose of obstructcrowd, he kept his eyes upon him. As soon as he had thrown the missile he ran ling the highway, -His Honour then read the evidence and commented upon it. The down to Raymond's store door. Did say upon a previous enquiry that there was Jury then retired, and after about an hour's absence returned, acquitting McCarthy some probability * he might have been mistaken, but when he said so he was bother- Kearney, and Driscoll, and finding Hagarty guilty of a Common Assault. ed by a severe cross-examination. If there was another man there resembling the prisoner closely, it is possible he might be mistaken at the distance at which he stood Knew the prisoner by his profile, and by an apron he wore, and usually wears .-Kearney was the man to the best of his knowledge.

prisoner's indentity, and has none now.

(Here the prosecution closed) 12th of July when Boon's waggon passed. Kearney was standing near him, on Mr. a speech .- as prosecuting officer in Court, at least, if he does not in the Legislature. Lawton's platform, and could not have been where the last witness said he seen him. It is in exceedingly bad taste for a speech, remarkable in some passages for its daring

ed, and is positive he threw no missile, and took no part in the riot. directly opposite where Kearney stood, and looking up Union Street towards the pocrisy, and preach up Christian forbearance, when every one knows that he has crowd. Saw the waggon come from Smith Street, and saw it attacked by a shower been actuated by the most vindictive feelings. of Missiles; did not see Boon struck. One stone came over the waggon, and into As to Mr. Richie's conduct upon this occasion we shall say nothing. And as to the Mr. Raymond's Store at the doorway. Did not see Boon fall. Had known Kearney prisoners, in McCarthy's case there had been a most egregious blunder committed, for some time; he had crossed the street from Lawton's before the waggen came up, in arresting the wrong man! Young Howe must have been mistaken with regard to and was then in Mr. Raymond's Store; he ran across as the waggon was coming Kearney. In Driscoll's case a doubt may possibly be entertained, and if so, he up Smith Street, and remarked to Mr. Raymond that the stone which came in the was entitled to the benefit of it. But in Hagerty's case it is singular that the Judge's store was near striking him.

the affray. Should not have known him from the distance of Rankin's building.

THOMAS F. RAYMOND,-Keeps a store at the corner of Union, and Nelson Streets. which, we regret to say, is becoming quite common. Saw the prisoner Kearney on that day before the procession returned from Portland, and some time before he saw Boon's waggon passing, Kearney during this time was not over twenty, yards from his (witness's) store. Kearney is in the employ of Mr. Carvill, whose store is in Nelson Street, and quite near. At the time the waggon passed Kearney was in his store, where he lad been a short time previous. The horses were at full speed. Kearney was not out of his sight during the time the waggon was passing, and remained there long enough afterwards for the waggon to reach King Street. He had no stone in his hand, and took no part in the affray, but appeared anxious to avoid it. If he had done anything witness must have seen it .-Has known Kearney for some time, and believes him to be a quiet young man.

Cross-examined, -Saw the waggon pass. Boon was in a leaning posture. There was a crowd of probably 100 persons in Union Street, and a great many stones were thrown. Saw a man run forward and seize the reins, and Boon attempted to whip him off. Coaches had passed previously, and had been attacked, but not so severely

as Boon's waggon,

THOMAS G. BARR, -Is a Clerk in Mr. Carvill's store. Kearney is employed there. Saw him there on the morning of the 12th of July. He was out, and came in about fifteen minutes after Boon's waggon passed. Witness took him to task for being out, as he had received orders that morning not to allow any of the young men to leave the store. Prisoner spoke about the attack on Boon as a cowardly attack upon an moffensive man.

James Charman, Knows the prisoner Driscoll, and was in his company on the 12th of July from between ten and eleven o'clock until twelve. Was at York Point after the procession went over, and Driscoll with him. Saw the waggon driving through Smith Street, and pass Sweeney's corner; (Corner of Smith and Union Streets); witness and Driscoll were then standing at the head of Dock Street, corner of Dock and Union Streets. Did not see Driscoll with a brick-bat in his hand, nor anything else, nor did he see him throw anything all the time the waggon was passing. They had been standing there for some time before the waggon came up.

Cross-examined, -Could not swear positively that Driscoll did not throw a brick-bat. He might have done so as witness's head was turned.

Re-examined,-Thinks Driscoll did not throw any missile. Thinks he would have

seen him if he had done so.

(Here the evidence closed.) MR. RITCHIE, in addressing the Jury, said this was another affair growing out of the unfortunate 12th of July. It was the result of that detestable party spirit which was kept alive by a portion of the community—these transactions were its legitimate fruit, and were of such a nature as to make the innocent portion of the community tremble for the ultimate consequences. He deplored and denounced the attack made upon Mr. Boon, but while the Jury no doubt did the same, they should take care not to punish the innocent for the guilty. Hen were apt, when a crime was committed which they abhorred, to be satisfied with a smaller amount of evidence than in ordinary cases. That was wrong and the prisoners in all cases should be fairly and calmly tried according to the indictment and evidence. There was one remark he would week, we were for a day or two in hopes that we had reached the crisis of the mamake in connection with these riots, there were twenty policemen employed and lady, and that a satisfactory change was occurring in the public health. We regret paid by the city at the time the riots took place, and a police force in Portland, and to say that the mortality seems to be spreading rather than diminishing; or, to speak it was an extraordinary fact that not one of them was present to preserve the peace more correctly, as it diminishes in its virulence in some places it breaks out in other -to prevent the row which much must have been anticipated, and to bear testimony and more distant localities, so that we have the melanchory duty to announce a conagainst the guilty. Had any policemen been present, cases need not have been re- siderable access to the daily number of cases. ferred to the Jury upon such vague testimony as in this case. Mr. Ritchie censured Boon for the manner in which he had given his evidence, and then went through the evidence given, contending that the only two there was any proof against (Hagarty) and Driscoll) were not together, and had no connection with the mob at the corner of profession of faith, of which the following are the leading points: -- immediate reof Mill and North Streets, and the corner of Smith and Union streets, and therefore vision of the constitution, in such a manner as shall secure the public liberties from could not, on the first count, be found guilty of riot. He also contended that as nei- all curtailment; consolidation of the constitutional menarchy, through the medium ther of them had struck Mr. Boon, they could not, on the second count, be found guilty of lawful order, based on constitutional liberty; speedy deliberation of organic laws of a common assault.

ing out of the memorable 12th of July, and one that was distinguished for its ferocity project of the 28th of May last. -a ferocious spirit, the existence of which must be regretted in any community. It was surprising that so many should collect together for such a purpose; and he was astonished that some two hundred men could remain there for hours, holding possession president by 176 votes out of 285. He thanked the Chamber, and stated its mission of the public streets and attacking every one who passed, while thirty-three Magist trates resided within the sound of their shouts,-Magistrates who are bound to pre- Simson was elected first vice-president by 140 votes, against 102 given to Count A. nocence of the other two; and he must say that it was a strange circumstance that sures might be adopted in the event of its taking place. after all the efforts of the law officers of the Crown, those two were all they could find any evidence against, out of the hundreds who were present. In reply to the Learned Counsel for the defence that, owing to the want of connection, the prisonnal which was well understood, and acted upon all along the line. Those in the in the manufacturing districts are now enjoying a greatly increased demand for their treets prepared themselves, while those in the houses ran out. They were as much productions for home use as well as for exportation. Importers of most descriptions connected as the different sections of a regiment. Hagarty heard the shout, and ran of foreign produce, too, are experiencing an improved demand at better prices, but said this was the fruit, and exhorting all parties to a Christian spirit of forbearance, the very low prices at which they have been some time past. and virtuous emulation.

* Witness evidently meant possibility.

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ed the acquittal of McCarthy and Kearney. In reference to the other prisoners he Cross-examined by Mr. Ritchie,-The building on which he stood was pretty high; said it was a question for the Jury to decide whether or not they were guilty on the

REMARKS ON THE ABOVE TRIALS.

Nothing could be more bitter than the Attorney General's denunciation of Orangemen, and the party spirit which (he says) they keep up. Whatever may be Mr. Wil-Re-examined, -At the period of the previous examination had no doubt of the mot's opinion of the matter, we can tell him that all the Orange Lodges in New Brunswick have not, for the past year, done half so much to keep alive party spirit as he has done by his gratuitous and officious meddling with the duties of the local James Joyce,-Was standing at the corner of Union and Nelson Streets on the Magistrates. We would also recommend Mr. Wilmot to alter his manner of closing Was not out of witnesses sight for some time previous, and while the waggon pass- and threatening character, and in others for its bitter and insulting denunciations, to dwindle into a sermon at its close! And it is not only in bad taste, but a vain and Cross-examined,-Witness was standing in the doorway of Mr. Raymond's Store, toolish endeavour to deceive the community, for an orator to assume the garb of hy-

instructions were disobeyed, and that he was found guilty on the second count of Re-examined -Stood in such a position as to know that Kearney took no part in indictment instead of the first! The Jury was composed of eight Protestants and four Catholics, and this verdict looks very much like a compromise,-a practice

THE ENGLISH MAIL. ARREVAL OF THE CALEBONEA.

HUNGARY.

In the South, about Peterwardein, a good deal of active fighting is going on, but we have no positive information of General Haynau having joined the forces of the Ban; it is not unlikely that the Hungarians may, in that quarter, out-manœuvre the Austrians after all. General Nugent, at the head of about 14,000 men has got as far s Funtkirchen, but there he is at a stand still, waiting till he hears from Haynau. In the meantime we learn with tolerable certainty that the right bank of the Danube, between Vienna and Pesth, is entirely interrupted, and it is again reported that the Hungarians once more occupy Pesth. It seems from the little we have thus described, that in almost every position the Hungarians maintain their ground, and in several they are undeniably conquerors. If they can defy the Viennese so close to the capital as Raab, it is quite plain that the Russians and the Austrians have heavy work to get through before they can quell the "insurrection." Prince Schwartzenbourg has proceeded to Warsaw, to have an interview with the Emperor on the state of affairs. It is reported that his object is to obtain additional aid from Russia, but that Nicholas declines plunging himself deeper into the affair General Lamoriciere, the ambassador of France, has reached Warsaw, and has been received favourably by the Emperor. The influence of Erance, now thrown into the scale with England, might secure to the Hungarians an honourable peace, and the accomplishment of all their wishes. Venice holds out, and a teeling is rising amongst the French clergy. expressed through the Archbishop of Paris, who is moving to procure honourable terms for the noble Venetians. The Archbishop's letter to the Minister of Foreign Affairs on this subject is a noble and eloquent appeal in favour of oppressed humanity. Rome presents a gloomy aspect, and its immediate future destiny will prove we fear a sad one. The cardinals have forgotten nothing, have learnt nothing. General Oudinot is undoubtedly recalled; and it is said that part of the French troops are to be immediately withdrawn. But the Papal triumvirate, which has succeeded the Red Republican triumvirate, has restored the status ante que, and all things portend, from the deep-seated resentment which is gathering strength among the Romans, that the moment the French troops are withdrawn there will be a fresh revolution. Mazzini is in Switzerland; Sergeant Boichot has joined him from England, and a little congress of Red Republicans has been held at Geneva, to promote the liberty, if not the peace of the world.

CHOLERA

From the apparent decline of the mortality from cholera towards the close of last

PRUSSIA.

The Liberal members of the Chambers have held a meeting, and drawn up a sort on the principles projected by the Government; stringent support of the Govern-THE HON. ATTORNEY GENERAL, in addressing the Jury, said this was a riot grow- ment in its intended efforts to carry out the German constitution, as proposed in its

General Wrangel has been officially appointed governor of Berlin.

In the Chamber of Deputies of Berlin, on the 11th, Count Schwerin was elected was to employ all its efforts to establish the unity of the great German nation. M. serve the peace—and not one of them present! It convinced him that a speedy re- Boytzenburg, candidate of the extreme right. M. Lensing, of the moderate right, vision of the Magistracy of St. John was necessary. With regard to the prisoners, was elected second vice-president. It had previously been intimated that the electwo of them must be acquitted; and it was for the jury to decide upon the guilt or in- tion of M. Simson would not be agreeable to the Government, and that ulterior mea-

LIVERPOOL TIMBER MARKET.

The contentions that have so much agitated the different states in Europe appear ers could not be convicted on the first count of the indictment, (riot) he contended to be subsiding, and confidence as to the safety of extending commercial transactions that the shout given when the waggon first came up was the signal for action-a sig- is gradually being restored. It is gratifying to observe that those engaged in trade out of the house with a stone in his hand. Driscoll had also done his best to stone the supplies from Quebec of square Timber have been of late on so ample a scale the waggon, and if he was drunk that was no externation.-The Learned gentleman | that the market has become heavy, whilst from St. John the arrivals have been unwound up by condemning in unqualified terms the Orange Procession, of which he usually limited, and are likely to continue so. Deals, however, are recovering from

> It is reported that Chief Justice Haliburton (the author, of "Sam Slick") intends to retire from public life, shortly, on a pension.