der, forces-them to have their main dealings with those are not used for the dairy. who can furnish them with Bills of Exchange drawn Now, if our farmers choose to take the trouble, and are trated, but without any foundation that we know of. against exports, and causes the accompdation which willing to leave the benefit as a legacy to their children, was further stated that a company of soldiers, and some they can afford to the general interests to be to a limited they may make a breed of their own too; the same care artillery, with rockets, had been immediately sent off. extent in amount, and temporary and uncertain in du- and time would produce the same results. But common All this unnecessary trouble, and probable bloodshed,

hemp, or vegetables, the Banks, as now constituted, would with an inferior race of cows without selection or an at- vocation that can be conceived, have now sent up troops no doubt, be as ready to deal with them as with other pro- tempt at improvement. ducers. We may mention, as an instance of what may | One cause of the prejudice against the imported breed | We believe that the present Administration is not as be done in this way, that the tarmers' wives in the State in this country is from balls only being introduced into all to blame for the first iniquity, the sale of the Chipof Maine export a greater value of poultry and eggs than particular districts. The produce of a cross cannot be peweyan lands to the Mining Companies having been the we do in timber.

as to enable them to advance capital to farmers without, No correct judgment can be formed of the value of any and settled honestly and justly with the Indians; instead But Banks are wanted with a constitution so founded less. at least, the immediate necessity of such a return; and breed unless it is kept pure; a little care and attention in of that, they have allowed the affair to run over two or

our case. agriculture, and has not hitherto extended beyond that them. kingdom. On this system, productive land, instead of In Britain and the United States, cattle of the improv- the third having been admitted to His Excellency's gold and silver deposited is the value pledged on which ed breeds are valued at more than double the price of presence during last summer. We are told that on each the Banks are allowed to issue notes, and money is prin- the common kinds, and bulls are often sold at from £20 occasion Lord Elgin treated these people with great careciply loaned on what are called cash credits—the borrow- to £100. Does any one suppose that the rent-pay- lessness and indifference.—Montreal Courier, Nov. 21. being allowed to draw to a certain extent, and pay- ing fermer of Britain can afford to do this to gratify a daily interest on the amount at his debit.

system, they must first generally deserve and obtain the only for the above breeds. We observe also that at the character of being prudent, industrious, frugal upright, last New-York State Show, at Syracuse, no other breed- A EZ EZ W A E DE TORRESTE OF THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF TH honourable men, willing and prompt to fulfil all engage- ing cattle were admitted to compete than pure-bred Durmenrs at whatever sacrifice; and second, show that they ham, Devon, Hereford, and Ayrshire. Native cattle and can make a profitable use of capital toaned them,

condition we are happy to hear testimony; still, from the year excluded all but native cattle from competing !!!demoralizing nature of the timber trade, in which so ma- Our neighbours of the United States have no want of naour people. With regard to the second, any one who they are right and we are wrong. travels through the country and sees the mere playing at | Those breeds, however, will be no better than our own farming which generally prevails; the main part of the unless they are better treated; they will not even do so ed pastures, with pocket handkerchief patches of green like our hardy race, to stand cold and hanger. for fear it will not pay, so much acustomed to the high raise all the turnips. despise the slow returns and prospective benefits result- their superiority. the glorious privilege of being independant, of having round periods and construct learned sentences; and, un- tion of no small consideration. enough and to spare of those things which are ever the fortunately, many, who ought to take the lead, who have | The same authority intimates that Sir Henry is emmoney is only the representative.

tle hesitation in saying, that until an entire change can be We offer no apology for speaking of Provincial agribrought about, there is already quite enough of capi- culture generally, we being only a local society. In Public feeling in the mother country is inclined to act lital employed in farming for all the good that is done pressing danger, no one can be blamed for calling "fire!" berally with the colonists. If a generally expressed desire

ability in the soil to reward the intelligent cultivator, or hopeless asphyxia, this is the one. any insurmountable barrier to prosperity, is rendered evi- With our timber nearly exhausted-without another note" to the British Government, in which he protests every part of the province, to an enquiry which has been is fast destroying the ability of the soil to produce food- Turkish question. The despot of Russia is quite crest recently made, is, "That farmers who have devoted them- what but poverty and rain can overtake us! selves exclusively to their business have invariably accu- But we think we can discern symptoms of better things a stand in behalf of the unfortunate Hungarian refugees. try, have generally become rich."

Our former remarks regarding improved stock perhaps agriculture to which its importance entitles it. require further explanation. They have been understood | The idea is gaining ground, that probably this may be as if we wished to introduce foreign stock to take the a farming country after all ! place of native, from, it may have been supposed, our | Such being the case, we have full faith in the result, foolish preference for things from abroad, many alleging, and trust we shall live to see prosperity and happiness, has been much steadiness during the week. The Cotton that nat ve cows give as much milk as foreign, thrive bet- as the reward of intelligent industry, taking the place of market has again been active, and an advance of I-8d. to ter, and are more suited to the country.

Now, be it observed, that we pronounced no opinion as to one breed of cows being better than another; and the reason why we prefer others to the cows of this country Douglas B. STEVENS, Secretary. is, that there is no distinct breed here, they are all mongrels | Saint John, October 25, 1849. or derived from crosses between cows brought into the country with the first settlers, and others since introduc- Extraordinary Discovers in California. The Reports from the Manufacturing districts state that a

ed from all parts of the world. milkers amongst them, the progeny cannot be calculat- The letter bears date Abg. 26, 1849; ed upon, and the more especially on account of the care- . There was a gold mine discovered here (what is call- If any change, it may be considered that discounts are lessness that prevails regarding what bulls are kept-any- ed Murphy's Diggings) one week to-day. It is evidently rather easier. thing in the shape of a bull being reckoned quite good the work of ancient times-210 feet deep, situated on the enough. Those making a business of it, and depending summit of a very high mountain. It has made a great on the produce of the dairy for the means of paying a excitement here, as it was several days before preparaheavy rent, could not afford this playing at farming. With tions could be made to descend to the bottom. There was gaged in filling up returns, for the information of Govthem it would be a matter of life or death. Every cow tound in it the bones of a human being, also an altar for ernment, of the quantity of produce, stock, poultry, &c.,

country. Particular breeds are thus made. A farmer a great outlay, for tools and machinery to work it." may have in his dairy of twenty cows, say five, that with | This discovery, if properly pursued by competent ob- and refuse to give information. With regard to the 5th the same feed will yield more milk and butter than the servers, may prove of the highest historical importance. of November, so much dreaded in the north, we are inothers. He is aware that it would pay him better if all It will establish the fact that the mineral wealth of that formed that all passed off tranquilly. There were no his cows were equal to those, and to effect this, he breeds region has been known to preceding generations and the orange or ribbon processions, but from the accounts rehis future stock from them only, taking care that the bull relies which have survived, may enlighten us as to the ceived, it appears that both parties were ripe for mischief, is also from a good milker, it being a rule that "like be- nationality of the people who first pierced this mountain and the preservation of peace and prevention of a collision gets like," and killing off any that may not come up to two hundred and ten feet, and will doubtless suggest an are attributable to the precantionary measures adopted by the mark. By careful breeding in this way, for many inquiry into the reasons for abandoning the pursuit of the Government. A sham fight was to have taken place generations, have breeds been formed, possessing distinc- gold in a country in which it seems to abound, and where in Donnoghmore, County of Down, but some of the Protive qualities, colour, and shape—the produce of which its discoverers had found encouragement to make such testant inhabitants, fearing hostilities between the parties,

retain the characteristics. None of these breeds are ever crossed for breeding purposes, nor are they allowed to be mixed with common THE Indian Outereak .- In our evening edition, pubstock. Some breeds also have been made up on account of their size and fattening propensities.

sense suggests that it will be cheaper to take the benefit has been caused by the shuffling dishonesty of the Cana-Were our farmers to furnish an export, which they will of the labour and care of others. He must be a poor far- dian Government, who, having ill-used and plundered do sooner or later, say of beef, pork, butter, cheese, weol, mer, however, who is contented year after year to go on the Chippewas, hed to them, and used every pakry equi-

calculated on, it may take after either parent, or be worth- work of their predecessors, but the present Ministers are

what is called the Scotch Banking system precisely meets the beginning is all that is required to effect this: and three years, until this trouble, and it may be a much more those only who have seen heards of well-bred and well-fed serious one than some people may be inclined to imagine

tancy?

But before farmers can obtain loans on this or any other | At all the cattle shows in Britain, premiums are given

cuse for ploughing; the starved mungrel race of cattle, housed from November to May, and only out to drink, as the most convenient and least expensive for cutting a unfit either to yield milk or take on beef; the manure fed with turnips and straw or hay in winter. In summer ship canal to the Pacific. An American company has heaps exhaling their gases to heaven, and the precious they should have for pasture the best hay-field on the been formed for this purpose, which has received the liquid draining into the nearest brook—and all this with farm, which can be afforded if turnips and straw are fed, countenance and support of the Nicaraguans; while our a listless desponding people, afraid to take hold of work and the manure saved from the cows being kept in, will consul at Guatamala, on the faith of some old treaties with

And if ever a country needed the utmest exeritons of eve- for annexation with the United States were made, it would That these circumstances are not the effects of any in- ry one who can aid in rousing her from a state of almost be conceded; but to secure this, unanimity is indispensable

dent by the fact, that the almost universal answer from article of export, and following a mode of agriculture that against the "arrogance of England" for interfering in the

mulated property, and, with ordinary prudence and indus- to come. The public mind is becoming alive to the necessity for giving that attention and encouragement to His Holiness Pius IX. had departed from the Neapoli-

our present poverty and despondency. By order of the Board R. JARDINE, President.

following is an extracr bear a letter written to his wife by moderate business is going forward, and that the opera-As such, although there may occasionally be good a New Yorker, now working in the mines of California, tives generally are well employed.

lished on Monday afternoon, we mentioned a report pre Durham, Devon, and Hereford. In Scotland but one- I ad attacked the Mining Company's settlement at Mica and forty policemen remained in the place during the day,

of the business of the exchange broker and money-len- the Ayrshire. The Galloway, Angus, and West Highland Bay, near the Sault St. Marie. Rumor added that peo-

to blame in not having at once taken the bull by the horns This system was founded for the encouragement of cattle can understand why such prices should be paid for had broken out. Three times these Indians have sent

THE ENGLISH MAIL.

The most interesting news by this mail is the sailing grade or crosses were excluded. Onr Agricultural So- of Sir Henry Bulwer, the new envoy to the United States, That there are many farmers who come up to the first cieties may take a hint from this. Some of them this for the scene of his diplomatic labours, in the steamship Hecate. He is said to be charged with some important matters, and a journal which professes to know the spirit ny have been engaged, we are not prepared to say, that lional pride; and they rather surpass us in knowledge of of his instructions states, that he is to resist all attempts the above can as yet be held as the general character of what will pay. We may presume, therefore, that in this at interference on the part of the United States in the affairs of Nicaragua."

The European Times thus remarks on this subject :-The little Republic of Nicaragua claims, our readers farms lying in weedy and worn out hay-fields, and stunt- well with the same eare, never having been accustomed are aware, in opposition to the King of Mosquito, the mouth of the river St. Juan on the Atlantic, which joins crop; the scratching of the earth, which serves as an ex- If dairying is meant to pay, cows should be warmly the lake of Nicaragua. This point is generally regarded the Mosquito Indians, has put in a claim on behalf of the wages and profits of a protected timber trade, that they | With such treatment the improved breeds will show | King of the latter. An affair, trivial in itself, has thus become a matter of importance from the gigantic entering from the cultivation of the soil, worshipping money We trust we will be excused for our want of method prise which is now projected; and to the parties willing ss the one thing needfal, as the only thing to be desired, in putting torth these harried remarks. We are too to advance the necessary sum for the completion of the and ignorant of, and therefore, incapable of appreciating much engaged in the active business of life to find time to undertaking, the validity of the title is, of coarse, a ques-

reward of frugality and patient industry, and of which most interest in the improvement of the country, and powered to ascertain what encouragement the United most spare time at their disposal, stand coolly aloof, and States Government will give to the annexation of Canada. Any one witnessing such a state of things can have lit- afford us neither their time, money, nor countenance. The inference is, that the Home Government will not in-

> The Emperor of Russia has addressed "an energetic fallen; he had no idea that England would take so noble

' tan dominions, on his return to Rome.

COMMERCIAL.

In the several departments of trade and commerce there 1-4d, per lb. has been established on American descriptions. The sales of the week were 59,830 bales.

No improvement can be reported in the Grain trade.-At London Liverpool, and all the great provincial markets, very little business was going forward, and prices are on the decline.

The Money Market offers no special leature for remark

IRELAND.

would have to do its duty, and produce so much, or the worship, and some other evidences of human labour .- in the land. The object, we suppose, is to ascertain the From present indications it is doubtful whether it will amount of food in the country; but no notice of the mat-There are common cows in Britain as well as in this pay to be worked, as it is mostly all rock, and will require ter having been given by the authornies, many poor people are suspicious when the pelice make inquiries of them, extensive excavations in former times .- N. Y. Eve. Post | lodged informations before a magistrate and had the affei nipped in the bud.

The most extensive preparations had been made by the Orangemen for the fight; for in oas house alone upwards of 800 rounds of ball cartridge were discovered! Mr. Sin-There are in England three celebrated breeds—the valent in Montreal that day, that the Chippewa Indians gleton, with a troop of lancers, two companies of infantry,