from our friends a spirit of forbearance in their judgment it and round it, constructed at an immense cost, and af- evidences of having been built in a hurry, it bears also all of the French Government. They have a difficult part to fording a profitable return to their proprietors. Now what the tokens of rapid decay-its shops being for the most play at Rome. But we are entitled to expect from the is the cause of this extraordinary growth of capital, in a part unoccupied, its houses untenanted, and its streets

[From Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine for October.1

CIVIL REVOLUTION IN THE CANADAS. A REMEDY.

they are concerned.

produce should be pretected in her markets-that, for all America, thus truthfully and eloquently remarksthe profits England might make by manufacturing for the "I have spoken of labour as one of the great elements holly, mahogany, American elm, red and white walnut, colonies, they should have a full return in the profits they of our society, the great substantial interest on which we (French and English,) and mulberry. It is mentioned as should have by their produce being protected.

the produce of their country, broad clothe cottons, silks, thies are with it, and my voice, until I am dumb, will be blankets, scythes, hardware, and crockey, which were for it." manufactured in England, they saw all the profits of their Of the profits arising from the capital invested in these Hotel, the particulars of which are as follows:-A few cans, on the other hand, who bought with the produce of vestments in England. The Newburyport Herald, a couple | que, arrived in this city from Chicago, and took lodgings their lands, the manufactures of their own country, saw of years since, gave a statement of the profits arising from at Barnum's Hotel, stating that they were on a hunting the profits upon these manufactures applied to building the Essex Steam Mill Company in that town, by which excursion through the West. Nothing particular was obup factories, villages, and towns, which brought together it appeared that forty two and a half per cent. upon the ca- served in their manner until last evening, when about 11 a useful population; built churches, made roads, estab- pital invested was paid to the stock-holders, as the amount o'clock, as Mr. Barnum, a nephew of the Proprietor, and lished places of learning and improvement; made better of profits for 1845. The Dedham Company, in the same J. J. Macomber, steward of the house, were retiring to bed markets for some things which might have been sold oth- state, also divided ten per cent for six months of the same one of the French gentlemen came to the window on the erwise, and made sale for many that could not otherwise year; the Norfolk Company, twelve per cent. for the same gallery and tapped lightly on the same. Mr.-Barnum pushhave been sold at all, besides greatly enhancing the values period; and the Northern Company ten. All these com- the curtain one side, when the man outside fired a gunof all adjacent property, and increasing the general wealth panies were engaged in the manufacture of Cotton goods | the ball from which passed through Mr. Barnum, and two of the whole country. The advantages of the one system | - the most profitable, however, of all manufactures in the buckshot lodged in the arm of Macomber. At the report over the other, however, did not stop here. The neces- States. of its lands, and to contribute to its civilisation and conve- ture as by manufactures? niences, from the establishment of a college down to the From one end of the provinces to the other, in every building of a blacksmith's shop. The colonial farmer, too, colony Britain has in America, there are no evidences of who bought the goods of an English or a Scotch manu- prosperity approaching, much less equalling that of Masfacturer, contributed to send those manufacturers' chil- sachusetts; there is nothing, in truth, wherewith to instidren to school, to give them a profession, or to leave them tute a comparison between them. Beyond the towns a fortune. The American farmer who bought his neigh- which are supported by the trade incident to selling not recover. The trunks of the French brothers were hours' manufactures, contributed to establish a school in England's goods, there are none to be found in British broken open this morning, and letters found, showing his own neighbourhood, where his children could be edu- America. Beyond the little villages throughout the pro- them to be Parisians of wealth and family. They also

much less in the fragment of an article, the wealth and is no appearance of labour employed in busines, of capi- they will plead their own case. Albert Jones, who was prosperity that have accrued to the States over the Colo- tal reproducing capital. Probably one of the best culti- shot, was buried this afternoon. He was shot by an ounce nies, by this system, would be impossible. We must vated and most productive districts in Upper Canada, is ball and sixty-six large shot. The mayor has ordered a content ourselves, for the present, with glancing at the the Gore. It is situated at the head of Lake Ontario; has strong police force to protect the jail. The other persons accumulation of capital, and the extraordinary improve- the beautiful little city of Hamilton for its capital; is com- who were wounded are doing well, and will, in all proments in one State as an example of what must have, and posed of very fair landand is settled by a population dis- bability, recover. in truth, what has, accrued to the rest, in a greater or less tinguished for their industry, and for the great comfort

resources, has fewer, or, at all events, as few advantages traveller is struck with the appearance of a little village making the passage round the Cape. It contains a sensias any other state in the American union. With a few called Oakville. It is situated on the bank of the lake, ble view of the actual state of things in California, and we verdant vallies, and some highly productive land, it has has its neat white churches, and its little picturesque cot- commend it to the attention of these who indulge only in much that is rocky and barren, and more that is marshy tages, looking out upon the lake. A stranger at a distance, golden visions of the fairy land:and useless. Yet this state, far below Upper Canada in from its situation and appearance, would imagine it one "Now methinks I hear you ask, what about the geld?" natural advantages, has, intersecting it in different ways, of those villages that spring up so magically in America, Is it as plenty as it has been represented here at home?

honour of France an immediate investigation .- Christian place where there was literally so little for it to grow upon? without people. And what may be the reason, in z d -and how came such immense facilities for public busi- trict so prosperous as the Gore, and surrounded by To be British, or not to be, is now literally the question ral offspring of those manufactures. Its principal manu- trade equal to the cultivation of every let of land in the in all the North American colonies. Like England, when facturing town, Lowell, the largest such town in the United adjacent country that could support a family, and to the Mr. Cobden and the potato blight produced, together, a States, has grown from a few hundred inhabitants, that manufacturing into staves, and boards, and square timber panic which seemed to obliterate for the time, all past the land might have feebly supported, to some forty thou- of every tree in the surrounding woods. But the policy arguments, and all future consequences -changing minds sand, that manufacturers have profitably employed. The of England has rendered it unprofitable to get out the before deemed unchangeable, and raising to fame and necessities of these manufactures called for a canal and a timber; and free trade has taken away the inducement greatness men and reasoning that the world was never railroad. The profits of the capital invested in them, and to enter into Canadian farming. The consequence is that previously able to see the force or the depth of-like Eng- the labour they employed, soon constructed them. Salem, the shops which were built to do anticipated trade in land then, are the colonies now. They are all in the depths | wholly by the profits of making cotton fabrics, has become | Oakville, are now unrequired; and the people who built and mazes of a panic. One of the storms which occasion- a town of fifteen thousand inhabitants. Salem's manufac- houses for the accommodation of those who were to be enally break over the heads of all people is now raging over turing interests required a railroad to Boston, and Salem's gaged in the expected business, have their houses upon theirs. Nor is it surprising-with England's history to manufacturers' and artisans' profits were able to construct their hands. Nor can any one well acquainted with Upten years before us-it there should be those among them it. Manchester and Lawrence owe their existence and per Canada fail to recognise in Oakville a faithful picture who shrink from its drenchings or its shocks, or are inca- prosperity, and the adjacent country owes the advantages of many, if not most, of the towns and villages in the prepable, in the midst of its wild commotions, of seeing sun- they are to it, wholly to manufactories. They wanted, viace. shine in the distance. For our part, we are fond of that too, a railroad to connect them, and they were able to But let us now reverse the picture, and suppose that sturdy greatness which can put its shoulder to the blast, make, and have made one. Springfield, also in this State, Cakville, instead of looking forward to rising, and being and say, "Blow on, great guns; we can stand your thun- and Worcester, Tall-river, Lynn, and Newburyport, and supported by the trade incident to selling England's goods Not that the panic in the colonies arises from the peo- their existence and prosperity to the same cause. Nor is them, had looked forward to prosperity by manufacturing ple's looking forward to having nothing to eat. They have it to be wondered at that, in so short a period, such vast and selling goods of its own. Let us suppose that its plenty, thank God, and to spare. But they have nothing improvements should be made, when we consider the founder-who, fifteen years ago spent some £20,000 in in their pockets; and, what is worse, they are afraid, if immense profits that have accrued upon the capital em- adapting its harbour for ships, that never had occasion to they go on much longer as they are now doing, they will played in these manufactories, and upon the labour enga- come; and in building storehouses, for which there has soon be without pockets too. Factory cotton may be but ged in them. There is a cotton factory in Salem which never been use-had spent the same money in establishfourpence a-yard; but if they haven't the fourpence to pay itself employs a capital of £200,000, giving work to five ing one of those factories which first formed the nucleus for it, it might as well be as dear as diamonds, as far as bundred and seventy-five operatives—three fourths of of Lowell or Salem in Massachusetts. whom are girls-whose average wages are three pounds The policy of England, from the day that Lord Chat- twelve shillings sterling a-month. Yet, a great portion ham said "that he would not allow the colonies to make of these being very young, it necessarily follows that the a hob-nail for themselves," has been to convert them into | wages of the grown up are reduced to make up the aver- | Coal exchange consists of upwards of 4000 pieces of wood, marts for her manufactures-to make them useful and age of those of the weaker, and that in reality an indus- of various kinds and and qualities. The great feature of profitable to her, by causing them to consume those things trious woman "can generally earn a dollar a-day; and the affair is, that the whole of these pieces were, only a which give her poor employment, her merchants and ma- there are those who have been known, from one year's few months since, either in the trees in the growing state nufacturers profit, and her commercial navy all the inci- end to another, even to exceed this." Speaking of the or cut from wet logs, and were prepared for use in the dental carrying trade. As a return for this, the colonies character of this labour, and of its effect upon the States, course of a few days, by their method of seasoning. The were directly and indirectly assured by England, that their Mr. Webster, the highest authority upon this subject in names of the woods thus introduced are black ebony,

all stand. Not feudal service, nor predial toil, not the irk-Meantime, the United States pursued an entirely differ- some drudgery by one race of mankind, subjected, on ent system. They, notwithstanding the interests of the account of colour, to the control of another race of man- and removed from the bed of the Tyne river about the great body of the southern states-whose interest, their kind; but labour, intelligent, manly, independent, thinkprincipal product being cotton, was to buy what they mg and acting for itself, earning its own wages, accumu- as the blade of the dagger in the city shield, is no less wanted of manufactured goods in the lowest market, and lating those wages into capital, becoming a part of society to sell their cotton in the highest-rigidly adhered to the and of our social system, educating childhood, maintainsystem of forming manufacturing interests of their own, ing worship, claiming the right of the elective franchise, and of fostering and encouraging them by every means in and helping to uphold the weat fabric of the State. THAT | pied more than 10 or 12 days in seasoning .- The Builder. their pawer While the colonies, therefore, dought, with its AMERICAN I MOUR, and I confess that all my sympa-

manufacture, their sale, and their carriage. go to another manufactures, they have varied in different years, but have, days since two French gentlemen, calling themselves country, to be spent among another people. The Ameri- on the average, vastly exceeded those upon all similar in- Gonzales de Montesque and Count Raimond de Montes-

tated the making and improving of a common road, next the States, against the vast incidental improvements and the door to see what was the difficulty. He had scarcely conceived the benefit of a railroad and a canal, and the wealth to the country that have arisen from manufactures, passed the same, when he received a shot, which felled profits of manufacturing were straightway applied to their what have the British rolonies to show? What have the him to the floor, and he died in a few moments after. A construction, and they were done. The farmer, therefore, Canadas to arrest the eye of the traveller, and to prove couple of gentlemen who had also entered the gallery, imperceptibly to himself, was placed within a few hours to him that, though they have pursued the system which were struck with buckshot; their names were H.M. Henof the best markets over the continent-found his produce | Lord Chatham chalked out to them, of not manufacturing | derson, wounded in the forehead, and W. H. Hubble, of carried to them for a trifle, in comparison to what it used a hob-nail for themselves and which the policy of Engto cost him-and found withal, the process which made land has ever since prevented their doing-they have diately pursued to his room, where, after a desperate struit so, bringing thousands upon thousands of people into still wherewithal to attest that they have prospered; and the country, to develope its riches, to increase the price that their labour has been equally rewarded by agricul-

eated; and to bring people together to support them, if vinces, that owe their existence to the necessity for agen- contained some splendid accourrements, and \$4,500 in they chose to study a profession or enter into business. | cies to collect the profits of the | German gold coin. They are evidently insane. Both of To trace, within the limits of a whole magazine even, country, and to send them to other lands to be spent, there them fired fatal shots. They refuse counsel, and state degree, in proportion as they have been engaged in ma- and independence it has brought them. Upon entering | California. The following is an extract from a letthis district by the high road from Toronte, or in passing | ter received this week from one of the passengers in the The state of Massachusetts, in point of soil, climate, and in a steamer upon the north shore of Lake Ontario, the steamer Panama, which sailed from New York last year,

ness to be employed, where nature has done so little to country teeming with grains, and with still many unuse create business? The answer is obvious. Massachusetts resources, that this village has so palpably disappointed has not prospered by its land or natural resources -- it has the expectations of its founder? It is this, - Oakville was prospered by its manufactures; and its improvements, projected and built with a view to the largest prosperity great and extraordinary though they be, are but the natu- of the country; and with facilities and necessities for a

several other places of minor consequence, owe equally and the draining of the country's resources to pay for

TO BE CONTINUED.

SEASONED WOOD .- The desiccated floor of the London black oak, common and red English oak, wainscot, white a proof of the rapidity of this mode of seasoning, that the black oak is part of an old tree which was discovered latter end of last year. The mulberry wood, introduced. than a piece of a tree which was planted by Peter the Great, when working in this country as a shipwright .-The patentees state, that no one piece of the 4000 occu-

ST. Louis, Oct. 30, 1849.

An awful tragedy occurred last evening at Barnum's of the gun, Mr. Albert Jones, a ceach-maker, residing in sities and the advantages of manufactures, which first die- But against this immense accumulation of capital in Third Street, ent who had a room adjoining, rushed to Liberty, wounded in the arm, The assassin was immegle he was secured. He is the younger of the two brothers. Both of them were arrested, and affected to be insane. Mr. Barnum is still living, but is very weak. A. fewidays since the same fellows made a similar attempt. on the landlord of a public house at Alton, Ill.

SECOND DESPATEH.

ST. Louis, Oct. 30-p. m. Mr. Barnum is still alive, but it is certain that he can-

five canals, their aggregate length being ninety-nine miles. -full of activity, energy and prosperity. He visits it, Well, perhaps it may be, if one goes far enough, and digs It has, too, no fewer than eleven railroads winding through and to his surprise he inds, that though it bears all the deep enough; but where one can stand the fatigue and