

NOVEL EXPORTATION.—On Monday last fifty young women belonging to Fredericton and its neighbourhood left this city in the Steamer "Forest Queen," on their way to Salmon Falls, near Portland, Me., for the purpose of working at a Factory in that place. These girls have been collected and engaged by a Mr. Clary, who visited this Province for the purpose of procuring a hundred young women to replace a similar number, who had struck for the ten hour system, at the Factory with which he is connected. Our Provincial girls will, of course, be required to work the twelve hours, but we dare say, when they become acquainted with the merits of the question between their employer and their predecessors, they will be apt to adopt the views of the sisterhood who have held out for a little time which they can call their own. It is, however, lamentable to see such a number of young persons, many of whom were born and have their relatives and friends in this country, leaving it for the purpose of procuring employment in a Factory in a foreign land.—Could not some means be devised for procuring employment for those who desire it in a factory within the Province? We have water power in abundance, the raw material can be imported from any quarter of the world without duty of any kind, and this exportation proves that we have plenty of unemployed young women who would be willing to work, provided they could get employment. The cry of "no market" is the ready answer of those who have pre-determined that we can do nothing. When we manufacture all the plain cottons and other fabrics consumed in the Province, which might be just as well manufactured here as elsewhere, and then find a surplus of labor on our hands, it will be time enough to raise the "no market" cry, but until we can do this the complaint of not having a market is a mere shuffling evasion to screen a want of forethought and enterprise which we are ashamed to own.—*Heat Quarters.*

The cholera is evidently on the decrease in our city.—We have every reason to believe, however, that the report up to noon of this day will show an increase over the preceding 24 hours, the disease having been somewhat worse during that period in the Cove and St. Lewis Suburbs. But the history of this malady shows that fluctuations of this nature do occur, even when it is on the decrease. This only admonishes us the more emphatically not to relax in precautionary measures.—*Quebec Gazette.*

Thursday, the 12th instant, being the Festival of the "Boyme," a number of the Brethren of the Loyal Orange Association, celebrated the day, by dining together at their spacious Lodge Rooms, St. Lewis Street. Upwards of 70 sat down to a most sumptuous entertainment, the Chairman and Vice being respectively the masters of lodges 343 and 349. The officers of the Deputy Grand Lodge for the District, were also present, and although the "turn out" was not so numerous as was expected, (from the prevalence of sickness), yet there was a balance of loyalty and devotion to the cause, worthy of a larger assemblage. A few guests were present and the whole enjoyed themselves admirably, separating with joyful hearts at the "wee short hour."—*ib.*

Since our last publication, with the account of the row and shootings at York Point, daily reports have been made of some person or other having been shot at, and various terrifying rumours spread abroad to the great alarm of the timid; but we are happy to say these reports are all without the slightest foundation.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, accompanied by the Attorney General arrived in this city on Friday evening, for the purpose of personally inquiring into the late breach of the peace; and at his excellency's suggestion a meeting of magistrates acting in the City and County of Saint John was held on Saturday afternoon to adopt measures for further securing the public peace by adding a number of special constables to the Police force. Some conversation took place as to the best method of proceeding in the object, when Mr. Justice Sharkie came in, and asked—"What was the use of increasing the force, when four or five of them were in the Orange procession?—the tree was known by its fruits, and what was the use of increasing such a tree?" This assertion put a stop to the immediate object of the meeting, and it was warmly repelled by Mr. Justice Robertson, Gilbert, Allan, Lockhart and Smith; the former stating that if such a thing had occurred it was his (Mr. Justice Sharkie's) duty to have immediately made complaint, and handed the names of the guilty parties to some other magistrate for punishment. He concluded by moving a resolution, that Mr. Sharkie be called upon to furnish the names and proof of the assertion.—Mr. S. said he was not present himself, but understood one man was walking.—Mr. Smith totally denied it on the part of the City Police;—when Mr. Sharkie said it was in Portland,—thus withdrawing the general charge. Mr. Justice Allan said there were only four men on duty in Portland—these were under his charge as Police Magistrate, and they were on duty throughout the day, under his own immediate superintendance.—The motion being pressed and seconded, it was suggested that the charge might be withdrawn, which being done, the resolution was also withdrawn, by consent of the Board. It was then agreed that 20 additional police men should be added to the present force.

The nightly police are now armed with pistols, &c., which they always should be. It is too much to expect that our limited police will go into an armed mob with nothing but a stick to defend themselves. It is an unhappy state of affairs to be sure when peaceable people cannot lie quietly in their beds through fear of an outbreak, and armed men nightly parade the streets; yet such is and has been our condition, and doubtless will be, until some organic change is made in our magisterial and police system, by which it will be shown that the majesty of the laws are to be upheld with some kind of determination.

An examination, connected with the late riot, has been

going on for several days, with the view of eliciting information as to its instigators. Many disclosures and several arrests have been made, on information given before the Court, and likewise the Coroner's Jury.

A protestant named Foster, who was knocked down and beaten with brick bats in the riot, died yesterday from his wounds.—*St. John Chronicle.*

AWFUL FIRE.—We are informed by an individual who came passenger in the Packet from Picton this morning, that a report reached Picton yesterday afternoon, that from seventeen to twenty houses had been destroyed by fire, and one man burnt to death, at River John, on Wednesday last. The same individual informs us that he counted thirty-two fires between River John and Picton, on his way over in the Packet on Wednesday last. This will account for the immense quantity of smoke that has enveloped the whole country around us for some days past.—*P. E. Island, July 13.*

THE CHOLERA.—It would appear from the official statement subjoined, that the disease broke out on the 4th instant, so that it has prevailed in our city for 16 days. The report embraces the deaths during one fortnight—the total number being 244; the highest number on any given day having been 53. On referring to the official statement for the same period in 1834, we find the deaths during the first fourteen days of the existence of the epidemic to have been 332; and the highest number on any one day, (which was the 15th from its outbreak) was 57. As a community we have reason to be thankful for the assurance now officially given, that the disease is still sensibly diminishing. Yet let not our citizens on this account relax one iota in following out precautionary measures, but continue to attend with the greatest scrupulosity to diet, clothing, cleanliness, &c., and applying for medical aid immediately on feeling premonitory symptoms. Acting thus, and relying on the blessing of Divine Providence, we may reasonably hope that the public health will ere long be re-established.—*Quebec Gazette.*

REMARKABLE STATEMENT.—Important to Medical Men.

An eminent physician of Paris, Dr. Bonet, has written to a professional brother in this town statements so startling in reference to the results of a very simple mode of treating, in the worst stages, the disease now so fatally prevalent in Paris, that we deem it our duty at once to lay it before the public. The letter, of which the following is a translation, is dated Paris, 18th June:—"I think it my duty to inform my professional brethren that, in a great number of patients affected with cholera in the last stage, that is to say, when the pulsation of the heart and the movement of the pulses are absent, and in the commencement of the blue stage, I have succeeded in restoring the action of the heart and in recovering the patient from the blue stage, by administering, at intervals of half-an-hour, four cups of a hot and sweetened infusion of the common lime tree, mint, balm, or camomile, &c., in each of which cup of infusion were four drops of volatile alkali, making sixteen drops, which the patient may take in two hours. The reaction is almost instantaneous.—The pulse commences instantaneously to beat, rather irregularly at first, it is true, but afterwards with force; the blue state disappears; the body, face, and extremities are covered with hot and copious sweat, and in a few hours the patient is entirely out of danger. It is frequently necessary to combat the reaction when it becomes too strong, by the assistance of bleeding.—*Liverpool Albion.*

RIOT AT QUEBEC AND DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY.

—The *Quebec Morning Chronicle* of the 12th inst. says:—"Last night about 9 o'clock, persons to the number of about 2000, riotously disposed, assembled in front of the Police Barracks in Champlain street—the Customs building—and without ceremony entered and demolished, yelling and hooting all the time, everything that could be broken, doors, partitions, stair railing and windows; the few policemen who were lodged in the house were compelled to make a speedy retreat. The military were not turned out; the police could not stop the destruction; the Police Magistrate is in Montreal obtaining information concerning a riot which occurred in that city; Mr. Symes, J. P. interferred, in the hope of checking the destruction; but we regret to learn was assaulted, and severely cut and injured about the head.

The design of the Board of Health to convert the house into an Hospital for Cholera patients was the cause of the destruction.

CROPS IN UPPER CANADA.—We are glad to learn, says the *Quebec Gazette*, that in Upper Canada there never was a finer prospect for an abundant harvest. Hay is being generally cut, and the produce is very large.—The winter wheat looks strong and big-headed. The spring crops are reported as most promising. On the whole, the yield this year is expected to be uncommonly large. In the neighbourhood of Kingston, complaints are made of the red weevil. In the State of Ohio great destruction has been done to the wheat crop by this insect, and the Montreal papers speak of its ravages in that district. Near Quebec, the growing crops are suffering much from the drought, and it is apprehended the hay crop of this season will fall short.

ITALY.—Capt. Engle, Commander of the U. S. steamer Princeton arrived at Boston on Tuesday last, he has been in Italy from the commencement of the late troubles. He with several of his officers were in Rome for eleven days after the commencement of hostilities with the French. He witnessed from the top of St. Peter's, the first battles, and says that the Romans fought with bravery and determination. As to the story that the inhabitants act under fear of the foreigners in the city, he says that nothing can be more untrue. To a man, the Romans are opposed to the Pope as a temporal prince, or of the rule of ecclesiastics in any form whatever. The prince of Canino, however, one of the great getters up of the revolution, is now very unpopular in Rome.—*Bangor Courier.*

MARRIED.

On Saturday evening 23th, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. Thomas Todd, Mr. Ebenezer Phillips, of the Parish of Wakefield, to Miss Ann Brewer, of the Parish of Woodstock.

DIED.

At Woodstock, on the 11th inst., Phebe, widow of the late Michael Smith, (one of the Loyalists) at the advanced age of 83 years, leaving a large family and numerous relations to mourn their loss.

CENTRAL BANK AGENCY.
COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.—James Robertson, Charles Perley, Charles Connell and D. L. Dibbles, Esquires.
AGENT.—Charles Connell, Esq.

COMMERCIAL BANK AGENCY.
R. English, Esq., AGENT. J. Grover, Esq., CASHIER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WEBBER & CO'S EXPRESS.
TO FREDERICTON, ST. JOHN, NOVA SCOTIA
AND THE UNITED STATES.
Leaves Woodstock as follows, for the above places, Monday's Wednesday's and Friday's, at 8 o'clock a. m.

If safety and punctual delivery be any object to the public, we feel confident that they will patronise the undertaking, as our charges are in reality scarcely a recompense for our trouble.—Heavy freight received and forwarded during the summer season, for a small commission over freight, cartage, &c. Any information will be cheerfully given on application to
JOHN STEVENS,
Agent for Woodstock.
July 31st, 1849.

LOYAL ORANGE ASSOCIATION.
THE members of Woodstock Lodge, No. 33, are requested to assemble at the Orange Hall, on Monday evening, 6th of August, at half past seven o'clock p. m., for the transaction of business of importance.
By order of the W. M.
J. TUPPER, Sec.

H. WELAN

HAS just received a fresh supply of Room Paper, Confectionary, Castor Oil, and American Iron & Copper Shoe Nails, and is daily expecting TWA, SHOE PEGS and SPARA-BILLS, which he will sell for Cash only. July 20th, 1849.

PRO BONO PUBLICO!

NOTICE.

THE Nobility, Gentry and Commonalty of the County of Carleton and all others whom it may concern, will please take Notice, That several peddling Merchants in Woodstock are disposing of Tinware representing the various articles in that line as having been manufactured by me. Therefore, in order to prevent the public from being imposed upon by these spurious and imperfect Wares, I beg leave to say, that there are no merchants in this Village that have any Tinware to dispose of, manufactured by me, nor can it be obtained in any other place but at my own manufactory, next door to the residence of John S. McBeath, Esq., and nearly opposite to the Post Office.—sold wholesale and retail. Likewise all sorts of jobbing in my line of business done at the shortest notice. Cash given for old Copper, Brass and Pewter.
JAMES MURPHY,
Tin, Copper, & Sheet Iron Manufacturer.
Woodstock, July 22d, 1849.

N. B.—The Subscriber informs the public that he has lately invented a portable SHOWER BATH, for which he intends taking out a Patent.
J. M.

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE Regular meeting of Woodstock Lodge, No. 311, under the Registry of the Grand Lodge of England will be held at Connell's Hall, on Wednesday evening, the 1st of August at 8 o'clock.
By order of the
W. M.

List of letters remaining in the Post Office at Woodstock July 15th, 1849.

A.	Fortune Walter	N.
Alligan Margaret	Fulton Samuel	Niles Miss N.
Adams Wart	G.	Northway John
B.	Guin Patrick	Neilson William
Boyer Jonas	Godfrey Charles S.	P.
C.	Griffin Henry H.	Palmer Isaac
Carmichael John	H.	Page Mary Jane
Costello John	Haney James	Pearson Thomas
Carmichael Robert	Hunt Hiram	R.
Churchill Israel	Hall Samuel	Russel Thomas
Curtis B. D.	Hopkins Richard	Ritchie Alfred
Crandemire John	Irvin Jane	S.
Cain Richard	K.	Sharp Isabel
D.	Kelley Owen	Smith Peter
Dickenson Peter	Ketchum R. R. 2	Shaw Charles
Day D. I.	Kent Andrew	T.
Duffey James	M.	Thomas Caroline
Deasey Michael	McElhinney William	V.
Debeck George	Mowbray Thomas 2	Vaughan Ann
E.	Murphy Margaret 2	W.
Eagan Martin	Miller Benjamin	Williamson James
Eden Thomas	McFitt Robert	Watson John 2
F.	McFaden Catharine	Waterson Noble
Fewer Richard	McGuire John	R. ENGLISH, Postmaster.
	McGlynn James	

NOTICE.

THE Time appointed in a previous "Notice" for receiving payment in country produce, having expired, I now call upon all who are indebted to me to pay their bills immediately in CASH, for I wish to settle up my business, as I intend leaving the Province for two or three years.

Those who do not attend to this notice will be waited upon by the Constable. Though all bills due, must be paid now, yet for the accommodation of those who may need my professional services between this date and the time of my leaving the place, the usual credit will be given.

The dwelling house now occupied by me is to be rented or leased for two years.
Feb. 6th, 1849. C. D. RICE.

TAILORING.

Nathaniel Fletcher returns his thanks to the inhabitants of Woodstock for the liberal patronage which they have extended to him since his residence among them, and begs to inform his friends and customers that he has removed to the shop lately occupied by Mr. W. Q. Shaw as a store, where he hopes to receive a continuance of their favors.
May 8, 1849.