

ENGLISH NEWS.

Arrival of the Canada.

By Telegraph to the Sentinel News Room.

The Royal Mail steamship Canada sailed from Liverpool, 6 p. m., Saturday 1st May, and arrived here at 9 this evening. She has 51 passengers; passed Africa, midnight 1st; experienced, with the exception of a few days, strong head gales. The steamship Great Britain sailed from Liverpool on Saturday 1st, for New York, with 160 passengers.

Cotton remains steady. Breadstuffs dull. Moderate transactions in provisions. Freights lower.

ENGLAND.—The House of Commons was occupied on Wednesday discussing a measure proposing to abolish Religious tests in the Scotch Universities. After a lengthened discussion the measure was negatived by 15 majority.

The second reading of the Colonial Bishop's Bill was made the occasion of a speech by Mr. Gladstone, in favor of appointing Bishops in connection with the Church of England to the colonies. The debate was adjourned till the 20th May. In the House of Lords on Thursday, Earl Grey took occasion to ask the Government whether the honours that were paid to General Rosas on his landing at Plymouth, were by order of the Government. Lord Malmsbury gave an evasive reply, to the effect that he believed no orders went from his department, but Rosas was no common refugee, but one who shewed great distinction and kindness to the British merchants who had traded with his country, and whatever his cruelties, unfortunately not exaggerated, had been in South America, the English Government could not mark them here by any stigma. Some further conversation ensued respecting the affairs of the Banda Oriental, after which subject dropped. The rest of the day was taken up by a discussion on the sanitary condition of London. The Commons the same day had before them a motion to regulate the Revenues of the Church, leave was given to bring in a bill on the subject.

Mr. Haywood's motion for a committee to consider the propriety of preserving the Crystal Palace came up, and a long discussion which ensued in a division of 103 for a committee, to 321 against it, so the Palace will be taken down. Its demolition commenced to-day, May 1st, the anniversary of its opening. On Friday, according to announcement, the Chancellor of the Exchequer brought forward the Budget. It proposes to repeal none of the existing taxes, says nothing of imposing new ones, except the continuation of the Income and Property tax for a limited time. Estimates the income of the coming year will be from present sources, £51,165,000, and the expenditure 51,163,979, leaving a surplus of £461,021. The estimate is looked on favourably, so far as opinion has had time to express itself. The Halifax and Quebec Railroad was also the subject of some conversation. Mr. Cobden asked the Colonial Secretary Packington if he would lay the correspondence before the House. Sir John Packington demurred, and Mr. Cobden said he would place a motion for it in the notice book. Secretary Packington stated in reply, that nothing had taken place between the late Government and the parties anxious for the construction of the lines, that could be construed into a qualified assent; the language of Earl Grey went no farther than to say that Government would be no party to any such guarantee as that sought for, unless they were satisfied with the line.—The subject was now, however, under the notice of Government.

The London papers contain a sickening narrative of the sufferings and death by starvation of a Missionary party on the Island of Picton, off Cape Horn. The Mission was under the direction of Capt. Gardiner, a gentleman of some fortune, and Mr. Maidmate, a Catechist.

A telegraph, in anticipation of the mail from India, received from Trieste, from Mail Steamer Adrian, arrived on 28th April, with Bombay dates to the third of April. The expedition against the Burmese goes on; a battle of three hours duration had been fought between 2500 British troops and a body of native mountaineers to the North of Peshawar; mountain-

eers defeated—no further details. Timber market at Bombay was firm. Cotton active, and prices rising. Money less abundant.

Five days later advices from the Cape of Good Hope to 5th March. Indecisive skirmishes were continually occurring between the troops and the Kaffirs. President Roberts' inauguration address, on his third election to the Presidency of Liberia has reached England. It represents, in general terms, the Colony as flourishing—but the late attack in Bassa has caused a deficiency of \$2000 revenue.

MURDER BY A SLAVEHUNTER.—On Thursday afternoon last, at 4 o'clock, Columbia, Pa., was thrown into an excitement by the report that a cold-blooded murder had been committed.

The particulars of the terrible tragedy are as follows: Deputy Marshal Snyder, of Harrisburg, and Police Officer Ridgely, from Baltimore, came to Columbia to arrest an alleged fugitive slave, by the name of Wm. Smith, who was engaged in piling lumber at Mr. Gottleib Sener's yard. The first witness who testified before the Coroner's Jury, says, that he was standing on the steps at Parson's Hotel, when Ridgely called him out and stated to him that they were going to take a slave, and wanted him to go with them and assist. He accompanied them, and saw Snyder touch William Smith on the shoulder. The witness then ran away immediately to some distance. In a very short time he heard the report of a pistol. Snyder and Ridgely a moment afterward made their appearance, the former very much frightened, and exclaiming that Ridgely had shot the man. Another witness testifies that he saw Snyder and Ridgely have hold of the colored man—Snyder of the left, and Ridgely of the right shoulder. The deceased was pulling away when Ridgely placed a pistol against his neck and fired. Poor Smith fell dead instantly.

There was no effort made to rescue William Smith, though he was within a hundred feet of at least a dozen colored men, who were at work in the lumber yard. The perpetrator of the murder was allowed to escape—a fact that will forever stain the character of our law-abiding citizens.

Ridgely made his escape to Baltimore, taking a by-road (as has since been ascertained) around the towns of York and Strasburg, to avoid detection. When he arrived within the borders of the State of Maryland he took the cars for Baltimore.

The sheriff of York County was advised by telegraph to get out his posse, thinking Ridgely would arrive in the cars.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

NAVAL.—A Pensacola letter, from a reliable correspondent of the *Norfolk (Va.) Argus*, states that the U. S. ship Cyane, Capt. Paine, came in at Pensacola on the 28th, having been ashore three times during her late cruise—once on Crab Island, from whence, after forty hours thumping, she escaped by throwing over her guns; again, sixty hours in Port au Prince; and more recently, under the Moro of Havana, from which last place she was extricated by a steamer. The letter adds:

"This morning, through a very heavy rain, for three or four hours, the squadron and the citizens of Pensacola have been treated, by the Cyane, with the sight of a marine hung up on the inside of the main rigging, by the wrists and ankles—a sight little less painful than that of hanging by the neck, and a torture greater to the individual soldier. To such a punishment as this, flogging would have been the essence of mercy."

THE HEIGHT OF IMPUDENCE.—The moment the news of possible hostilities with the Burmese reached Calcutta, an English merchant resident there thought it an excellent opportunity for a speculation in muskets, of which he happened to have a large stock; he accordingly despatched them to Rangoon, where they were taken at once by the Governor—but the latter functionary refused to pay after he had obtained the goods, and the merchant has actually had the impudence to put his "little bill" in, as one of the claims against the Burman Monarch, to be settled before there can be peace. Verily we do believe that when the spirit of trading has taken possession of a man, every other spirit, honour and patriotism included, goes out of him.—*Ma. treat. Cr.*

A COURT DISPERSED BY A MOB.—The following will show what sort of liberty is enjoyed in the Southern States.—We extract from the *New York Sun*:—"Grayson Co., Va., has been the scene of an outrage, such as seldom occurs in any country where law is supposed to govern. A man named Cornut, was lynched for tampering with the slaves. He instituted a suit against the parties, who afterwards held a meeting and passed resolutions, notifying the Court and lawyers not to undertake the case, upon pain of a coat of tar and feathers. The Court, however, convened at the appointed time, when a band of armed men marched around the Court House, fired their guns by platoons, and dispersed the Court in confusion. There was no blood shed. That county and the county of Wyeth have held meetings and passed resolutions, sustaining the movements of the citizens of Grayson."

Some of the Upper Canada Roman Catholics are beginning to write in the newspapers against the extravagant powers arrogated to himself by Bishop Charbonnel. The Irish Romanists of his diocese however, it is understood, support him through thick and thin in his tyranny over themselves. Irish Roman Catholics in their infatuated submission to priests remind us of the Hindoo devotee laying himself meekly down under the wheels of Juggernaut's car to be crushed to death; or the Emperor of Morocco's Slave, of whom it is recorded that when the Emperor had in a mere fit of recklessness thrown a javeline at him which only wounded him, he drew the steel out of his flesh and kneeling down returned it most humbly to the tyrant, who threw it the second time with better aim and despatched him.—*Montreal Witness.*

THE COLONIES IN ADVANCE OF THE STATES.—Newspapers are not taxed with postage in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick; but are sent free over the Provinces. This is a wise and most beneficial piece of legislation, and one that will have a happy effect on the intelligence and general information of the inhabitants. It is a duty that every citizen owes to his country to be informed, and an ignorant man is a disgrace to a civilized nation. The post office revenue for carrying newspapers should be replaced by general taxation, so that he who will not provide papers and magazines for his family, shall at least bear his portion of post office tax for those who are disposed to store their minds with necessary and ample information.—*International Journal.*

The *Montreal Gazette* says, "The New Brunswick Lumbermen have lately pushed their way up into Canada, upon the Black River and other tributaries of the St. John back of L'Islet. They were at first taken for Americans. Mr. Torney was sworn in as a Justice of the Peace and sent down to warn them off, but the lumbermen refusing obedience, he returned for a posse and some troops and will probably succeed in rescuing the timber. The parties have given bail to answer to any charge that may be preferred against them."

LARGE OXEN.—Mr. Wm. B. DeWolf of Bristol, R. I., gives us the weight of his large Ox "Romulus," killed on the 31st day of March last. His age was nine years and eleven months. The live weight was 2463 pounds. The weight dressed was—

Tallow,	195 lbs.
Hide,	134
Hind quarter,	339
" "	325
Fore quarter,	371
" "	349

Total, 1713 lbs.
—*Maine Farmer.*

ESTATE OF JOHN McDONAGH.—From present appearances, we think there will be very little left of the huge estate which the late John McDonagh employed all his life in accumulating, by the time the parties who are quarrelling over it, bring their disputes to a close. Already have the Executors, Attorneys, Notaries, Appraisers, Agents, &c., consumed nearly one hundred thousand dollars; and now we perceive that a large portion of the personal and real estate of the deceased is advertised to be sold to meet the current expenses.—*N. Orleans paper.*

The Quebec correspondent of the *Montreal Pilot*, states—"The Hon. Mr. Robertson, of St. John, N.B., is now in town, on the question of the trespass committee, on that part of our territory lying contiguous to the latter Colony; and which was, before the late adjustment, claimed by her. Mr. Robertson, who is an extensive merchant, is much involved in the dispute; and has—considering the gravity of the charges preferred—good reason to be here."

On Thursday night, a little after nine o'clock Policemen Henderson and Walters, on duty in Brussels-street, attracted by its cries, found a healthy female infant about four weeks old, lying by a retired house near Irvine's ship-yard. It was clean and well dressed, and carefully wrapped in a flannel wrapper. A woman in the neighborhood took charge of it for the time.—No clue has been found that promises to lead to the discovery of the unnatural parents.—*Freeman.*

SAW-DUST LAW.—Yesterday afternoon, at the Police Office, James Briggs, owning one of the Saw Mills on the Straight Shore, was convicted on the evidence of Mr. Murray the Harbour Inspector, of a violation of this law, and fined £20. The Common Clerk appeared for the Corporation, and Mr. Bayard for the defence. An appeal is spoken of.—*Jb.*

His Excellency Sir Edmund Head, accompanied by Lady Head and family, arrived in the City on Saturday Evening, en route for England, and proceeded by Steamer to Windsor on Monday last. A meeting of Executive Council was held soon after His Excellency's departure, when Lieut. Col. Murray was sworn in as Administrator of the Government during his absence.—*Ch. Wit.*

DREADFUL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—*Ogdensburg, May 7.*—At a place called Pierrepont, on the Watertown and Rome Railroad, a party of ladies were this morning amusing themselves with a hand car on the track, after the regular passenger train had passed, not knowing that a freight train was soon to follow. The freight train striking the hand car, ran over it, and instantly killed four of the ladies in the most shocking manner. Others were dreadfully hurt.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—P. M.—Henry Clay is sinking fast, and he will not, probably, survive three days. His family has been sent for.

The President has notified the Utah judges, now here, to return immediately, otherwise their successors will be appointed.

Our city is infested with burglars, who, for the past two weeks, have committed the most daring burglaries. Rows of contiguous buildings have been entered on the same night.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDER.

FREDERICTON, April 29, 1852.

His excellency the Lieutenant Governor has been pleased to make the following promotions, &c:—

1st Battalion Carleton County Militia.

Ensign Elisha Baker to be Lieutenant, vice Melville, retired.

William Lindsay, Gent., to be Ensign, vice Baker, promoted.

Samuel Watts, Gent., to be 2nd Lieutenant of the Rifle Company, Vice R. P. H. Phillips, left the Province.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to accept the resignation of Lieutenant Abner Bull, and Ensign George H. Ketchum.

By Command,

R. HAYNE, Lt. Col. A. G. M.

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.

The Attorney General, the Solicitor General, James W. Chandler, and Charles Fisher, Esq., and the Surveyor General, to be Commissioners under the Act for the farther amendment of the Law and the better advancement of Justice.

James Porter, of Sheffield, in the County of Sunbury, Gentleman, to be Superintendent of Schools under the new School Act passed at last Session.

Charles S. Appleby to be Supervisor of the Road at or near John Boyer's, in Simonds, County of Carleton, to the American Line on the Big Presquille, being part of the Grand Road from Woodstock to the Grand Falls.

By His Excellency's Command.

J. R. PARTELOW.

Secretary's Office, 7th May, 1852.