

The Carleton Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MARCH 19, 1853.

We did not intend to have given the communication in the Freeman, signed "A Magistrate," any further notice at present, but on looking it over a second time we find so many wilful and malicious misstatements, and such foul and wholesale slander that we can keep silent no longer. The first charge is against us—"It is useless to apply for the publication of any communication in the only paper published here, unless it supports the views of a certain party." This we unhesitatingly deny, and challenge the self-dubbed "Magistrate" to prove his assertion. We know him well and know his motives, and we ask him if we ever refused insertion to an article from him, or if he ever knew us to refuse insertion to any article on account of its political bearing? A report of the kind was put in circulation here a short time ago, but it harmed us not, as the author and his motives were too well known. We would also ask this self-styled "Magistrate" if he would dare to come out over his own proper signature and slander the County Council and the people of this County as he has done in the Freeman, or if he would feel comfortable if we should give his name to the Public? Hear one of his charges against the people of Carleton—"Slaves are they—bought and sold by political task Masters." Of the Council he thus speaks—"And how do you suppose, Sir, this accomplished body have effected this retrenchment, reformed these abuses, and brought about the delightful state of things so glowingly described in the 'Carleton Sentinel?'—By conduct, which I believe never has, and I hope never may disgrace any body of Justices. The so called retrenchment has been effected by a flagrant breach of public faith—by violation of contracts—by repudiation, which even "the drab colored men of Pennsylvania would have scorned—by scandalous denials of common justice." And these charges the writer says he is prepared to prove at any time he is called upon to do so. Now men of Carleton what is your opinion of a man, living in your midst professing to be a friend to progress and reform who could deliberately sit down and pen such slanders against a whole community, and against a Council chosen from the body of the County? Think you he would dare make use of such language unless he felt himself secure from detection by writing over a fictitious signature? We promise you he would not! There is not a man in the County more anxious for popularity than is this very writer, and if we are not much mistaken he will shortly obtain it, but, to use a homely phrase, "it will be over the left." We do not feel called upon to defend any of the Acts of the Council at present, but we will say that for the last 12 or 15 years much dissatisfaction has prevailed in this County in consequence of the loose and unbusiness like mode of conducting the public business; all saw the necessity of a change, and many of the Magistrates so lauded by this writer in the Freeman, signed the petition for a Municipal Corporation, a majority of the people were in favor of it—a charter was obtained—the Council were selected from the great body of the people, and so far their Acts have given general satisfaction, except to a few disappointed politicians, who have seen that the Hon. Mr. Connell, by working with and for the people has gained the good will of the County at large, hence their dissatisfaction; they are jealous of his popularity, and will stop at nothing to carry out their plans and sow the seeds of dissention and discord throughout the County, in the hope that something may turn up to exalt their party again to power.

Now, "Mr. Magistrate" allow us to tell you very quietly, that we deny your assertions, and defy your proof, every charge you have made is false in toto, and designed only to mislead—You have come out under false colors and deny in the Freeman what you profess to advocate under other circumstances—you profess to be a conservative, and while you say nothing for or against Municipal Corporations—you agree with the Council in advocating vote by ballot, extension of the franchise, registration

of voters, and a re-organization of the Parish School System—you profess to be a staunch protestant, but you select the Freeman as your organ through which you would make converts to your cause from among the protestants of Carleton. But let us tell you sir, that if you suppose you can bring the people of this County back to serfdom, you are green indeed; they have enjoyed a taste of freedom, and all your arts and wiles will not again place the iron heel upon their necks. The Acts of the Council in advocating extension of the franchise vote by ballot, the carrying out more generally the election principle, &c., requires no defence—these changes are looked for by the people and they will doubtless be made, but when you attempt to bring forward your promised proofs in support of your assertions, you will find us on hand to meet you, and while we rebut we may at the same time bring charges in our turn.

We have not as yet been able to keep up with the debates in the Legislature as well as we could wish; one great cause is that we are compelled to strike off our outside on Tuesday's and the inside on Friday's, or we could not get our papers ready for the Mail on Saturday evening. It is no joke to direct 1100 papers 150 of them being first put up in single wrappers, and the remainder put up in about 150 packages more and again directed, consequently the debates received by Monday evening's Mail are too late for the outside, and by Friday's Mail too late for the inside; thanks, however, to Mr. Taylor, the Head Quarters, and Reporter we are now well posted up, and our next issue as well as subsequent ones during the remainder of the Session, will be almost exclusively devoted to the debates of both branches.

We are extremely sorry that we are unable to publish in this number the joint address of the Woodstock and Melancthon Divisions of the Sons of Temperance to the inhabitants of Carleton, on the subject of "the Repeal of the Act for the suppression of the Liquor Traffic." Previous to its reception we had laid aside two columns of matter already in type, and were compelled to defer the publication of two important communications. Next week will not be too late, as the House will take some time to consider before they act so childish a part as to repeal a law before it has come into operation.

Our reply to Messrs. Dibblee and Lindsay, and several other articles, although in type, are set aside this week to make room for the debates.

"W" came too late for insertion this week, will he be kind enough to forward his favors in future by Monday's Mail.

The gentleman who took the "International Journal" from our Reading Room will please return it forthwith, and at the same time he had better cast his eyes over the rules and regulations of said room.

We learn from the St. Andrews Standard, that a serious fire occurred in that place on the night of the 3d inst., eight houses, principally occupied as stores and dwelling houses were destroyed—amount insured £2,850.

The Anglo American for March is received, containing besides a large amount of other interesting matter, the 3d and 4th chapters of the American war of 1812, '13, & '14. There is more good solid reading matter in this Magazine than in any other we receive, and every number is an improvement over the last.

We have also to acknowledge the receipt of a \$500 prize story "The Faithful Slave," by Robert Morris, written for Dodge's Literary Museum. This story though not so long is not a whit less interesting than "Uncle Tom's Cabin." In the same book are "Dodge's Sketches," a number of amusing and entertaining stories, the whole forming a very interesting book of 80 pages.

Mr. Robert A. Hay delivered a most excellent lecture in the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute on Monday evening last on "Men and things Mechanical." This lecture is said by many to be no way inferior to the best delivered here this season. The Rev. Mr. Hunter will lecture on Monday evening next.

ENGLISH NEWS.

Arrival of the Africa.

(From New York via Quebec Lane)

NEW YORK, March 14th, 1852.

The Africa arrived at this port at 3 o'clock P. M. She was delayed in consequence of a terrific storm at Liverpool which prevented her mails from getting on board.

The most singular feature in the news is, that France, while professing to act in conjunction with Austria in the Montegrano difficulty is on terms of the closest friendship with Turkey.

Apprehensions are entertained of an outbreak in Hungary. Mazzini is supposed to be in Milan.

John Williams, a native of Boston, has been sentenced to death for a murder on the highway, of an old man, named Andrew Maber, at Edinburgh.

The news from England is not important.

MILAN.—Letters state that the Austrian Authorities believing Mazzini to be in Milan had taken most vigorous steps to prevent his escape. The inhabitants are forbidden to appear on the Bastions after 7 o'clock. In case of disturbance, house-holders are to close their doors and every man found on the street to be considered in an affray.

By Telegraph from Fredericton to News Room.

SATURDAY, March 12, 1853.

Petitions from Charlotte and St. John to repeal liquor law. Petitions from Queen's and other Counties not to repeal it. House chiefly occupied in receiving petitions, this being the last day. Exciting debate in the Council yesterday and to-day on the Hon. Mr. Connell's resolutions relative to College and Government House expenses.

MONDAY, March 14.

Several local Bills passed to-day in both branches, little discussion. Militia Law suspended to May 1856. A Bill to incorporate certain bodies of the Wesleyan Church passed. An interesting debate in the Council on Mining Leases, in which the Hon. Messrs. Connell, Hill, Brown, Botsford, Harrison, and Steves took part, a large majority of the Council contended that the soil right belonged to owners of the soil.

TUESDAY, March 15.

Mr. English introduced a Bill to divide the Parish of Woodstock into three separate towns or Parishes. Hon. Mr. Partelow by command of His Excellency laid on the table a message relative to a thousand pounds granted to the Montreal sufferers. A joint address to Her Majesty on the subject of the fisheries—passed.—Two long discussions took place in the Council, one on the Hon. Mr. Hill's Bill relative to an Act—additional—relating to Banks—another on Mining Leases.

WEDNESDAY, March 16.

Progress made in several Bills in Council. Hon. Mr. Botsford chairman of select committee recommends the incorporation of North West Ridge Company, the Gloucester, Blackville, Blissville, and Ludlow Agricultural Societies.

The Assembly agreed to a Bill after a warm discussion to incorporate the Diocesan Church Society in New Brunswick.

An interesting discussion on the Ballot system took place in the Assembly. A large majority spoke in favor of it.

Several Temperance and Orange petitions were presented.

THURSDAY, March 17.

In the Assembly a Bill to divide Kingsward St. John passed. Progress made in a Bill relating to Municipal Corporations. Orange Bill received and read first time.

In Council a Bill to unite a portion of the School District in Parish St. David's and St. James', Charlotte County, passed.

An interesting discussion took place on a Bill to incorporate the North West Bridge Company. Speeches by the Honorable Messrs. Brown, Hill, Steves, Harrison, &c. passed.

Several petitions relating to the Liquor Law received.

HONESTY TURNED UP.—The New York Mirror learns from Prof. Anderson, at present in Charleston, that he has received a letter from Louis Napoleon, Emperor of the French, enclosing a check for £30, which he borrowed some years since from Prof. in London, accompanied with a present of a diamond ring (interest we suppose) and an invitation to visit Paris. This will be cheering news to all who were the Emperor's creditors, in the times that tried his soul.—Boston Daily Times.

New Advertisements.

LOOK AT THIS!

The Subscriber has a large stock of Dry Goods and Groceries, which should have been sold before this time. As he has no knack at puffing in advertising, he asks purchasers to call, as he thinks they cannot fail in being satisfied as regards quality and price.

JOSHUA SNOW.

March, 19.

TO LET.

TWO eligible Building Lots adjoining the premises, of Mr. Wm Blake, apply to

WM. T. BAIRD.

March, 19.

ASSESSORS' NOTICE.

ALL persons liable to pay taxes in the Parish of Woodstock, are hereby required to furnish to either of the Assessors, a written statement under oath of their real and personal estate, on or before the 20th day of April next ensuing.

WILLIAM GRAY, } Assessors
JAS. M'LAUCHLAN, } of Rates.
Woodstock, March 19, 1853.

ASSESSORS' NOTICE.

THE Assessors of Rates for the Parish of Woodstock, having received a Warrant of Assessment to be levied on the Madunakik School District, in the said Parish, for the erection of a School House, do hereby require all persons residing in said District, to furnish to either of the Assessors, an account under oath of their real and personal estate, on or before the 20th day of April next ensuing.

WILLIAM GRAY, } Assessors
JAS. M'LAUCHLAN, } of Rates.
Woodstock, March 9, 1853.

NOTICE.

THIS is to certify that on the 7th day of February last, my two sons, Robert B. Jones and Ephraim Jones, bought out their time, and are now acting independent of me and for themselves, of which all persons will take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

JOHN JONES.

Woodstock, March 19, 1853.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Post Office, Woodstock, 15th March, 1853.

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|--------------------|-------------------|
| Benjamin Atherton, | Margate Mallory, |
| Anthony Blackie, | Patrick M'Guier 3 |
| John Bryden, | John M'Girr, |
| Rev. Dr. Cairns, | Patrick M'Carthy, |
| Geo. Cordrey, | Jas. M'Intosh, |
| Sophia Dickinson, | Agnes M'Gachan, |
| Alice Dumphy, | Donald M'Donald, |
| Chas. Doherty, | John M'Gilvery, |
| Geo. Dow, | Jacob Nigh, |
| James Franc, | Elen Newman, |
| Thos. Golding, | Denis Obrian, |
| Hugh Graham, | Daniel Painten, |
| Honoro Gooly, | Wm. Ross, |
| Geo. W. Giberson, | David Ring, |
| James Hayden, | Patrick Smith, |
| Mrs. Hamon, | Isaac Shearard, |
| James Jakes, | Thos. A. Shales, |
| Patrick Ivory, | Thos. D. Stokoe, |
| Mary Irvine, | Jos. Spaulding, |
| Thos. Moubery, | Thos. Upham, |
| Thos. Murray, | Samuel Watson. |

JAMES GROVER, P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT.

The subscriber wants to purchase hams for which he will pay tea tobacco or yarns. he has oranges and lemons on hand the first in the market this year. if in butter potatoes or grain this spring you intend for to pay me my dues, you will please them along for to bring before the roads comes muddy in the spring

Woodstock

March 1853.

Wm. Q. SHAW.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons living in, or in the vicinity of the three Villages, embraced in District under Section 1 of "Rules and Regulations for Firewardens," published in the Sentinel of the 5th March, not having complied with said Rules &c. in procuring buckets, Ladders, &c. at the expiration of one month from date hereof, will be proceeded against according to law.

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| RICHARD ENGLISH, | } Firewardens |
| WM. T. BAIRD, | |
| JAMES M'LAUCHLAN, | |
| J. R. TUPPER, | |
| W. F. DIBBLEE, | |
| AMOS C. FOLDFORD, | |
| G. L. RAYMOND, | |
| H. STODDARD, | |
| E. R. PARSONS, | |
| RALPH KETCHUM. | |

Woodstock, March 12, 1853.

WAGGONS, WAGGONS.

THE Subscriber has on hand three excellent

White Oak Waggon,

manufactured by W. E. PAYSON, which will be sold cheap for cash to any person applying immediately.

A. PAYSON.

March, 12.

ELECTRICITY!

JUST received, One Case of Dr. Christie's GALVANIC CURATIVE. Comprising Galvanic Belts, Bracelets, and Neck Laces—at once Ornamental and Medicinal—Magnetic Fluid, and Morhead's Magnetic Plaster, for the cure of Rheumatism, Fits and Nervous Diseases.

For particulars see Gratis Almanacs for 1853.

WILLIAM T. BAIRD,

Woodstock, Dec. 11, 1852.