

From Late English Papers.

A RUSSIAN BULLETIN.

We are again indebted to the *Invalide Russe* for a pretty little episode. We have already immortalized Uhelegkoff of Odessa, and the midshipman who telegraphed for two hours under a shower of shot and shell. We have now a pilot, one Sederling, who holds a charmed life. Here is the original:—

On the 1st July the pilot Sederling left the island of Rensker in a small boat. An enemy's steamer chased him, and commenced firing.—Nine cannon balls passed just over the head of the pilot. The steamer having touched on a sunken rock gave up the chase, but she sent two armed boats in pursuit, one part of their crews rowing while the others kept firing musketry. The balls whistled round the pilot's head, but he soon gained ground on the English. Sederling then seized his carbine, and fired two shots at his pursuers, to which they replied by a volley, and then returned to their vessel.

The news from the Baltic is deeply interesting. All is bustle and activity now—a determination to do something or die, before the ice comes and stops all, seems the order of the day. Six gunboats have just been launched at Woolwich, intended for despatch to the Baltic. If the accounts given should be entirely realized, these half dozen vessels from a very satisfactory instalment of what has long been required. They are to carry ten inch guns, each of which is to act as a kind of gigantic Minnie Rifle. The bore of each cannon is formed after the fashion of a rifle of the best kind; the shot to be thrown have the form which recent experiments have shown to be best adapted to long and accurate flight. It is supposed they will have a range of more than four miles. The gun boats will float in shallow water where a man-of-war steamer could not venture. They will be able to keep out of range of the guns of Cronstadt, and at their leisure throw their iron shower into that fortress. If the Russians desire to return these unpleasant salutes, they must come out and shake hands with Sir Chas. Napier. But the Czar has no intention of being made to fight. However, *nous verrons!* Antimony shot are found to be more destructive than iron ones, for as soon as the surface is struck, the metal, owing to its greater brittleness breaks, and the various particles become, consequently, widely spread. A supply is being sent out to the Baltic and Black Seas.

In fact, there is no end to the present passion for destructiveness. A sixty-eight pounder gun, ten feet long, and weighing ninety-five hundred pounds, on Lancaster's principle, the box being oval instead of round, which gives the largest guns all the advantages possessed by the best rifles, was found to carry with correct aim a distance of five thousand yards! The long period which elapsed during the flight of the projectile, weighing upwards of eighty-eight pounds, owing to its elongated form, caused at first some anxiety; but when it fell—and in no instance was the shot, or shell wide or short of the target—the spot where it burst presented the appearance of the eruption of volcano.

A correspondent of the *London Chronicle*, writing from Copenhagen, on the 1st inst., says:—"The American agent for the American European Telegraph Company has now nearly arranged every thing here, and will shortly proceed for the same purpose to St. Petersburg."

A despatch dated at Vienna on Aug. 7. is to the following effect:—"The communication from here to St. Petersburg by telegraph is opened. The route is via Grancia. Private messages admitted, provided they do not touch politics. Feldzeugmeister Von Hess has left for Suzaria, his head quarters. The Earl of Westmoreland, so it is currently reported, has declared to Count Buol that he was provided with instructions, in case the new conference should decide to draw up fresh protocol.

All speculations respecting the retrograde movement made by the Russians may be considered to be solved by one of those proclamations for which the Czar has now become famous, and on which the *Charivari*, with its usual piquancy, will soon probably be found amusing itself and its readers.

"The Emperor of all the Russias and Poland," says this precious document, "and the Protector of Moldavia and Wallachia—protector, likewise, of all who profess the orthodox Greek faith—has resolved to withdraw the imperial troops from the unwholesome countries of the Danube, for a short time, to the more healthy districts of the mountains. The enemy—in his narrowness of views—has supposed that we were giving way, because we were afraid of him, and endeavored to attack us during the march of our valiant soldiers. But scarcely had Prince Gortschakoff ordered his troops to repulse the enemy, when they fled shamefully, abandoning their arms and ammunition, which our troops now carry off with them. When the season is more favorable, we will return to you in arms, to deliver you forever from these barbarous Turks—Our retreat will be effected with precaution, and without precipitation, in order that the enemy may not suppose that we are flying before him."

The *Monteur*, in fact, this morning formally announces the Russian retreat, *en masse* upon the Sereth, confirmed, it states, by official despatches from Bucharest of the 28th and 29th of July.—Bucharest, it presumes, must have been evacuated by the 31st, and taken possession of by the Turks.

The meaning of all this—as it has no relation to any new defeats experienced by the Russian generals—is generally supposed to be a desire on the part of the Czar to avoid, if possible, an official rupture with or positive declaration of war from Austria. The efforts made at Vienna by Russian diplomatists seem to confirm this view, and the evacuation of the Principalities may be thought a

means of modifying the policy of Austria, so that the relations of the two empires be maintained on purely diplomatic grounds.

THE TURKS AT SILESTRIA.—There were two English officers in the works of Silistria during the recent siege, both of whom speak in the warmest terms of the courage and devotion of the small Turkish garrison—their heroism from first to last, is described as astonishing. No French or English soldiers, it is openly admitted, could have endured with equal fortitude the privations and perils of a continual bombardment, have repulsed so many fierce assaults and overwhelming numbers, with the same even courage as that manifested by the beleaguered Moslems. When the Russian hosts were finally beaten off, it is further stated that there was scarcely a man among the defenders who could not produce some honorable mark of his valor in the shape of a cicatrized wound, burn, and bruises, of all sorts and sizes. There was, it appears, a general deficit of fingers, ears, noses, and other appendages, to say nothing of legs and arms, all that remained intact was a stout heart, with fullest confidence in the *tahik*, or destiny, which is engraven in invisible characters on the forehead of each Turkish soldier. To show their utter indifference of life, the men in one of the advanced works, during an occasional respite from the Russian fire, were in the habit of reposing in a sort of cafe behind their guns, where they would smoke chibouques at their ease.

On one occasion no less than eight were killed by a single chance projectile falling among them, yet in less than one hour afterwards the smokers were as numerous as ever on the very spot. On the other hand, we have the authority of an Austrian surgeon, serving in the Russian army, that toward the close of the siege the soldiers of the Czar became totally demoralized; courage and self-confidence completely disappeared from their breasts, a dismal, gloomy spirit began to prevail among them, and so exasperated did they finally become at the generals continually leading them up to fruitless assaults, that they turned their muskets against their own officers. From many quarters it had been hinted that the Russian leaders, or several of them, were killed or wounded by their own men. The Austrian surgeon says that 13,000 Muscovite soldiers were killed during the siege of Silistria, and that 10,000 more have been left invalided on account of grievous wounds. Among other Russian generals killed during the last attack, the names of Outschkoff and Samoinoff are given.—[G. W. Kendall's letter to the N^w Orleans Picayune.

PORTSMOUTH.—Contracts for 2,000 quarters of wheat were taken by Captain-Superintendent Courtenay, at the Royal Clarence Victualling-yard, Gosport, on Thursday, the 13th ult., at an average of 74s 6d, per quarter, and 2,000 more are advertised for. The mills and bakers now work all night and day, not excepting Sundays. 8,000 bags (4000 tons) of bread have been shipped off from this establishment during the past week. There are at present one steamship (*the Rajah*), which arrived off the Gosport National Storehouse on Saturday, the 18th ult., from Southampton, and four sailing vessels loading with provisions, forage, &c, for the seat of war.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

The *Medway*, steam transport vessel, having completed taking on board, at the Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, a number of siege guns, mortars, and other munitions of war, and 34 horses; on Wednesday, Capt. Freese's company, 12th battalion Royal Artillery, and the left wing of Major Rowan's company, 12th battalion, marched from the garrison at six o'clock on Thursday morning, and embarked in the *Medway* for service with siege trains in the East. The *Medway* was under orders to leave the Royal Arsenal at 3 o'clock p. m., on Thursday for her destination.

The greatest exertions have been made to have the Austrian steam-transport ready to embark additional siege guns, and about 300 of the Royal Artillery, on Saturday, for conveyance to the seat of war in the East. She has accordingly been coaled off the dock-yard at Woolwich, by working with relays night and day, and on completing her coaling was taken down to the Royal Arsenal, on Thursday, to have her siege guns put on board.

NEW ARTILLERY UNIFORM.—The following is the reported pattern of the new uniform:—Blue frock coat, double breasted, with red collar and blue cuffs; the collar of the coat to be open, and to be edged with yellow cord or twist, with which the cuffs are also to be edged and pointed up to the arm. No epaulettes, but a plain piece of cloth shoulder strap. The shako to be superseded by a black felt helmet with a brass device and curb chain, and to be finished with brass device and curb chain, and to be finished with a brass grenade at the top, but no plumes. The double breasted coat is to lap over wider than at present, which, though it may take away from the smartness and neatness of the appearance, compared with that now worn, will give more warmth and comfort to the wearer. The blue cuffs will be a positive boon to the corps, as the red cuffs at present worn are expensive to the men, who have frequently to pay for new ones from their getting stained with powder. The helmet is a very comfortable and handsome-looking head-dress. The loss of the epaulettes will also take something from the smartness of the uniform, but comfort and less work for the men will be gained.

MILITIA (SCOTLAND) BILL.—The Scotch Militia Bill has been printed. It empowers the Crown to raise, and from time to time to keep up, a force of 10,000 Private Militiamen by voluntary enlistment for the term of five years, the bounty not to exceed £6. The men are to be billeted in the same way as the Regular Army. The period of training is to be 21 days in the year, but may be extended to 56. In case of actual invasion, or im-

minent danger thereof, and in case of foreign war, or rebellion, or insurrection, Her Majesty may order the Militia to be embodied, put under the command of General Officers, and led into any part of the United Kingdom. Enrolment in the Militia is not to cause forfeiture of any interest in a benefit society, nor of any contract for service, but there is to be an abatement of wages for the period of absence during training.

DESERTERS FROM THE MILITIA.—In consequence of the order for embodying several Regiments of Militia for permanent service, the desertion of fellows who prefer an inactive life, and who only enlisted for the sake of the bounty money, have become so numerous, that in addition to the usual insertion of their names in the *Police Gazette* (*Hue and Cry*), the authorities have considered it necessary to forward their names and description to the parochial officers of the parishes in which they resided at the time of their enlistment, and also to those of any parishes in which it was known they had subsequently resided, with a view to their speedy apprehension, and lists of the defaulters are now posted up at the church doors of the districts in which they last resided.

AUSTRIAN ARMY.—The Austrian army in Gallia now consists of 160,000; and that in Transylvania of 170,000 men. The reserve army, placed *en echelon*, in two corps, will be about 70,000 strong. Thus the whole army concentrated for the purpose of maintaining the integrity of Turkey and the political independence of Austria consists of 400,000 men. The support of Prussia cannot be fully depended on, and therefore another 100,000 men will be raised. The army in Italy and in garrison in the other parts of the empire may amount to about 200,000 men so that the Austrian forces will soon amount to 650,000 or 700,000 men.

SINGULAR ACCIDENT.—*A Man shot by a Dog.*—Mr. Peter Kilmore of Copoke was out hunting with a two barreled gun, and having discharged one barrel at a bird he brought the butt of his gun to the ground with the muzzle leaning against his left breast. His dog coming up, jumped with his fore paws against him, and when his paws came down, they struck the trigger of the other barrel, and discharged the whole contents in his breast, and lodged in his shoulder. The accident took place on Sunday the 7th, and the man lived until the next Friday, when he died.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

EFFECT OF INTEMPERANCE.—A Mrs. Dewey of Ellington, was found last week, by her husband, on his return from work at noon, lying in the fireplace, dead, with one side of her person burnt to a crisp. It was in evidence before the Coroner's Jury, that Dewey brought home two quarts of liquor on the night previous, and part of it was found on the premises by the coroner. The pair have been known to be soakers for years, and the verdict of the Jury was—death caused by intemperance.—*Machius Union.*

The fine steamer *John Munn*, was, on Friday night, the 18th inst., sunk on the beach about two miles below the wharf at Three Rivers. Her fore deck is out of water; behind in the windows of the ladies' cabin, is under water. The Crescent steamer took off her passengers, and carried them to their destination. One of the mail bags, containing the newspapers, was lost. The letter bags were all safe.—*Mont. Com. Adv.*

A German woman passed through Dayton, Ohio, a few days since, having snugly packed up in a wine basket her six children, all of one birth. The *Gazette* says they were not much bigger than apple-dumplings, but seemed to be wide awake and kicking. They were six months old, all boys, and all of as near of a size as possible, except the runt of the party, which is described as being the smallest mortal of its age ever seen.

CURIOUS RESULT OF TABLE-MOVING.—Quite an excitement has been in London, as we perceive by the *Advertiser*, of that city, on account of the hands of a young lady having become so firmly clasped together as to require great force to separate the fingers, and then only for a moment, from the palms of her hands. The phenomenon occurred while she was trying the table-moving experiments, and since then she has lost the use of her hands.

An occurrence is reported which has caused much astonishment in England. The British war steamer *Cyclops* was chased when near the Bosphorus, by the Russian steam frigate *Valdimer*, which every one supposed was safely shut up in the harbor of Sebastopol, and equally astonishing is the fact that the other day, a Russian steamer ran into the harbor and burned three Turkish merchantmen at anchor there.

The *Quebec Chronicle* says that orders were received by the latest mail from England, to transport thither immediately, two companies of artillery, with horses and full equipments. One company will be taken from Montreal, and the other from Quebec, leaving but one company in each place, to which no addition will be made.

A TRI-COLOURED BABY.—The latest wonder in Paris is the birth of a tri-colored baby on the Rue Montmartre. The *Constitutional* (whose imagination, says the *Steele*, "passes all bounds," discovered the phenomenon, and declares that the baby's feet and legs are blue, its thighs and body are cherry-red, while its head is as black as a negro's.

We are sorry to hear that owing to some disagreement with the contractors-in-chief, the American sub-contractors on the Shediac Railroad declare their intention to stop work and sell off their stock, &c. We hope the report may prove unfounded.—*Freeman.*

DEATH OF THE MOTHER OF SAM PATCH.—A correspondent of the *Post* announces the death a few days since, in Pawtucket, R. I., of the mother of the world-renowned Sam Patch. She died a humble and faithful Christian at the advanced age of 80 years.

AN OLD PROVERB FALSIFIED.—On the 15th inst., Mr. Benjamin Bird, a bachelor, aged 70 years, was married at the Roman Catholic Church on Fifth street, Cincinnati, Ohio, to Mrs. Julia Chaff, a buxom widow of 30. So the old *Bird* was caught at last by *Chaff*.—*International Journal.*

A man in East Cambridge, Mass. has raised the present season, on eight acres of ground, Strawberries which sold for near \$10,000, and yielded a net profit of \$3,000. The encouragement was such that the same man is stocking eight acres more with plants.

A hotel keeper near Trent Hall, in Pawtucket, and four assistants, employed to sell liquor in disguise, with masks on, to evade the law, have been convicted and committed to jail. The hotel has surrendered and closed its bar.

The quantity of coal produced in 1853, in the various parts of the world, is set down at seventy five millions of tons, of which Great Britain produces forty two millions, and the United States the next highest—over nine millions of tons.

A Penobscot Indian was treated to ten or fifteen glasses of liquor by some lumbermen near Oldtown Me.,—a few weeks ago, and was afterwards found dead.—The jury did not know what killed him!!

We have not assurance enough to say, in general, that we have no faults, and that our enemies have no good qualities; but, in particulars, we seem to think so.

A large number of ship furnaces for making shot red hot have been shipped at the London docks, for the use of the Baltic fleet.

Nineteen thousand six hundred and eighteen foreign immigrants landed at New York from the 1st to the 12th inst., inclusive.

A horse was recently exhibited in England which stands 21 hands high, and weigh, 2,500 lbs.

Eighty oxen make only one meal for the crews of the British fleet in the Baltic.

Wesleyan Missionary Anniversaries.

SERMONS on behalf of the Wesleyan Missionary Society will be preached on *Sunday* the 10th day of September, instant, at the places and times following, viz:

- Woodstock at 11, a. m., and 6, p. m.
 - Victoria and Northampton, at 3, p. m.
 - Jacksonville and South Richmond, at 10 1-2 a. m.
 - The Public Meetings will take place as follows, that is to say—
 - Northampton on Wednesday 6th inst, at 3 p. m.
 - Williamston on Friday 8th inst, at 3 p. m.
 - Victoria on Monday 11th inst, at 3 p. m.
 - Woodstock on Tuesday 12th inst, at 7 1-2 p. m.
 - Jacksonville on Wednesday 13th inst, at 3 p. m.
 - South Richmond on Thursday 14th inst, 3 p. m.
- ☞ Collections in aid of the funds of said Society will be taken up at each of the above services
- * * * The Missionary Deputation are the Rev. Messrs. Knight and Johnson.
- Woodstock, N. B., Aug. 2, 1854.

Holloway's Pills a sure Remedy for Female Complaints.—The invigorating and purifying properties of these invaluable Pills render them safe and even infallible, they may be taken by females of all ages who are suffering from any disorganization of the system, preventing those distressing diseases which frequently occur (from inattention) at the turn of life. It has been incontestably proved by experience that these Pills are the very best remedies ever known for the cure of those disorders to which females are liable, and when taken at certain periods there need be no apprehension of drop-sy. As a family medicine they rank preeminent.

W. T. BAIRD, Agent,
Woodstock, N. B.

Mexican Mustang Liniment.

This article has been thoroughly introduced, and is now universally used throughout the entire Union; British Provinces, Canada, Bermuda, and West India Islands; and its power and influence is fast becoming felt wherever civilization has obtained a foothold. Its mild and soothing influence upon diseased parts—effectually curing in all cases—virtues so diametrically opposed to all other medicines of the kind used—has obtained for it its world wide reputation. A brief summary of its power is given in the following beautiful

ACROSTIC.

Mustang liniment! The mass halls with joy
Earth's healing treasure, whose virtues destroy
Xerasia, that foe to luxuriant hair;
Itch, that the finger nails hopelessly tear;
Cancers, whose gnawings so fearfully tell;
Acute Rheumatism and Chronic as well;
Neuralgia, Toothache, that agony swell!
Mustang—thy progress is upward and on!
Ulcers yield to thee like a dew to the sun.
Scrofulous sores that the doctors perplex;
Tumors of all kinds that bother and vex;
Aches, Cuts, and Bruises, and the running sores,
Nuisances—keeping us locked within doors;
Gout, palsied limbs and a host of such ills,
Lame stricken cripples are raised on their legs,
In joy, quaffing pleasure's bright cup to the dregs,
Nature's great remedy—on with thy work!
Inflamations expelling wherever they lurk,
Men, women, and cattle, like evil must bear.
Each one in like manner this blessing can share
Next thing we say—though the truth may sound strange
That if we don't cure—we give back the change.

TO FARMERS & LIVERY STABLE KEEPERS AND all who have the care of Horses or other animals, this LINIMENT is of immense benefit. All the Express Companies of New York City are using it, and have unanimously certified in its favor. Proof documents at our office.

To Country Merchants.

Every store should be supplied with this valuable LINIMENT, as it pays a good profit, and sells rapidly. Sold in Woodstock by W. L. FERGUSON.