

II

Nashuaak, Pokio, Becagnimic, Tobique, &c.
Continued.

441	Emerson, John	2	Green River,
442	do	4	do
774	Brown, Z. B.	4	do
775	do	2	do
778	do	2	do
1177	do	4	do
1106	do	3	Rockway,
1060	Hart, Geo H	6	do
973	Brown, Z B	5	do
917	do	31-2	do
772	do	2	do
773	do	2	do
776	do	2	do
766	do	2	do
767	do	2	do
769	do	2	do
440	Glazier, John	6	do
768	Brown, Z B	2	Madawaska,
777	do	2	do

R. D. WILMOT, Sur. Gen.

The Carleton Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JULY 1, 1854.

WE are sorry to state to the Subscribers of the *Sentinel* that our Boss is sick, owing to which, they will be deprived of the usual amount of editorial matter in this number they have heretofore been accustomed to. But we are in hopes, and think by the issue of the second number of the present seventh volume that our Boss will again be able to stand to his post.

CORRESPONDENTS will receive attention in our next.

ELECTIONS.

ALBERT COUNTY.—Three Parishes, Harvey, Hillsborough, Hopewell.

McLellan, 186, Lewis, 179, Stevens 267.

Ryan, 81, Styles, 142, Duffy, 188.

Two more Parishes to hear from
Stevens sure; tie between McLellan, Styles and Duffy, thought that Styles is the other Member. So says the operator at Dorchester.

State of Kings County Poll at the close except Springfield.

McLeod, 1014, Ryan, 978,
Purdy, 715, Earle, 569.

Close of the Poll at Sunbury.

Hayward, 336, Lunt, 331, Burpee, 239.
Taylor, 168, Smith, 114, Scoullar, 70.

Montgomery and Botsford elected for Restigouche. Botsford by an overwhelming majority over Dr. Carter.

The following statement shows the names and some few incidents of the first settlers on both sides of the Saint John River, from Long's Creek to Madawaska.

On the East side of the River St. John.

McMichael,	Lieut. Hunt,
Napp,	John Coy,
Brown,	E. Cog,
Ingram,	C. Hagerman,
Capt. Lawrence,	J. Hagerman,
Johnson,	Moore,
Saunders,	Cross,
John Ingraham,	Capt. W. Steward,
Pennington,	Brown,
Furman,	Tibby,
Husted,	Lieut. Morehouse,
Dayton,	Capt. Stevenson,
Flint,	Capt. Cunliffe,
Hazleton,	Stephen Griffin,
McLewer,	Tompkins,
Hall,	Jno. Tompkins,
Genl. Armstrong,	Capt. McCoy,
Bloodworth,	McLauchlan,
Thomson,	Ubives,
Catch,	Burnett,
Lieut. Mathewson,	Wilson,
McFarlane,	Dunlap,

On the West side of the River.

Catch,	Lementine,
Bates,	Phillips,
Warrack,	Chase,
Newton,	Perry,
Pharoah,	Hopkins,
Merrill,	Collard,
Cronkite,	Grant,
Miller,	Wiggins,
Jones,	Tompkins,
Lockwood,	Short,
Latterson,	Kementine,
John S. ayne,	Stanley,
Wm. Shayne,	Simmons,
Grier,	Bell,

WILLIAM T. BAIRD.

Sharp,	Booby,
Orser,	Ginson,
John Grissel,	Lawrence Walsey,
Long,	Terrey,
Smith,	Major Murray, on Long Isl'd.
Kelley,	Prince William,
Kitchen,	Capt. Hilman,
Joslin,	Way,
Slokum,	Capt. Atwood,
Jones,	Sullivan,
Cosow,	Enoch Dow & Sons.
Saunders,	Tidd,
Lawrence,	Fraser,
Colnl. Allgood,	Moore,
Davison,	J. & A. Mastin,
H. Davinson,	Dickinson,
Condon,	Watson,
Mannel,	Murphy,
Allan,	McKeen,
Johnson,	Drummagen,
John McLaughlen,	J. Elliot,
McLaffrey,	Henry Huff,
George McGee,	Wm. Anderson,
Capt. Bull,	R. Sunman,
Richard Rogers,	Wm. Jackson,
Jennings,	Capt. Ketchum,
Capt. J. Ketchum,	Thos. Wolverton
F. Dibblee,	A guard of Her Ma-
York,	jesty's troops under
Peter Clark,	command of Nicholas
Joseph Dickson,	and Allan stationed at
Michael Smith,	Presqu'isle.
Joseph Blackmore,	Markewer,
Edward Neil,	Ralph Dibblee,
Capt. J. Smith,	(Detachment of troops
J. Upham,	at Madawaska.)
Nicholas Cunliffe.	

John Bedell and Michael Smith, the men who brought the first boat of any kind up the St. John River.

The first Election was held in 1791, Poll at Bloodworth's Point.

Higginbottom the first mail carrier, from Houlton to Canada, was frozen to death on one of his tours.

QUEBEC NEWS.

By Telegraph to News Room From Quebec.

Our Parliament was prorogued yesterday, with a view to an immediate dissolution before the Governor's opening speech was replied to. The sudden and unexpected prorogation caused great excitement, and the house protested against it.

THE ELECTIONS.

The result of the Elections, is in the main satisfactory, so far as we have heard. We have no doubt but the loyal men of King's will do their duty. Should Mr. Wilmot not be elected, he will be consoled by the fact, that Mr. Watters has lost four heats, and Mr. McLean two, whilst the present is Mr. W.'s first effort. The Scrutiny here proceeds slowly. The relative position of the parties is about the same as when the poll closed, with the exception that Godard slightly leads Ritchie, and there is little doubt that Godard will be returned; whilst the Hons. Messrs. Wilmot and Gray will ultimately be much further ahead of Ritchie and McLean than they were when the scrutiny commenced, notwithstanding 400 "bad" votes were objected to by their opponents.—*St. Chronicle.*

Communications.

To the Editor of the Carleton Sentinel.

MR. EDITOR:—A voter from Simonds in your paper of the 27th of May, makes some remarks respecting the Polling places in Wakefield, Williamston, &c., of the majority of the place mentioned I know nothing, but of Richmond I can say, that McKenzie's and not the Scotch Corner is the most suitable and convenient spot. Our parish is sixteen miles long, and the Scotch Corner is only three miles from the north end, while McKenzie's Corner is three miles nearer the centre. The Maduxnakik Creek which forms the upper line of the Parish is three miles from the Scotch Corner, while Eel River the lower line, is thirteen miles distant, consequently the man to the northmost has only three miles to travel, while the man from the southmost boundary has thirteen miles. Does not justice demand a change; I think the population are about equal to the north and south of McKenzie's Corner; and I have reason to think, is anxious to accommodate the people in this respect, and appoint the most convenient spot for their assembly in another year.

I remain your ob'dt serv't,

FAIR PLAY.

Druggist, &c. Fredericton, Dec. 24, 1853.
June 19th, 1854.

English News.

By Telegraph to Sentinel News Room via St. John.

The *Atlantic* arrived at New York on the 25th, with dates to the 14th. Desperate fighting continued at Silestria on the 7th the Turkish sortie destroyed Russian siege works. Russian report says Mussa Pasha, commander of Silestria was killed, and it was thought the Turks would hold out until the arrival of the Anglo French reinforcements.

Napier's fleet was off Sweaborg on the 7th, and the Russian fleet remained under the protection shore batteries.—Reported that the Czar refuses the last Austrian note, and threatens to invade Transylvania. Secret negotiations between Austria and Prussia still continued.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS.—Market dull and no change in prices. Western flour 39s 6d. to 40s 6d. Corn 40s. to 40s. 6d. Provisions more active.

WAR INTELLIGENCE.

THE FIRST AFFAIR IN THE BALTIC.

Important events are pending in the Gulf of Finland, for operations have commenced with vigour. The ports are blockaded, and a squadron is to be sent to the White Sea, and Archangel too will be blockaded.

The following letter to the *Morning Herald*, from an officer in the fleet, gives an account of the first affair in the Baltic:—

Her Majesty's Ship St. G., off Hango Head, Gulf of Finland, May 21, 1854.—I am now able to relate a small piece of sport that we have had with the Russians. We joined the fleet about three days ago, and anchored off Hango Head, the north entrance to the Gulf of Finland. We anchored off three Russian forts, the largest mounting about seventy guns. This morning the *Hecla*, *Dragon*, and *Magiciene*, three steamers, went close in under the forts, and opened fire on them. It was a splendid sight; the first shot pitched right on the top of the ramparts, spreading destruction on all sides; the shot was followed by several shells, which smashing right in among them. Presently the forts opened fire on the steamers, and we observed the *Dragon's* ensign shot away from her peak, but it was soon hoisted again to the mainmast. The shot now began to fly about in every direction; no ships, however, opened on the forts but the steamers. The bricks, stones, and mortar also were flying about; the bench was lined with Russian troops, and small batteries were thrown up on shore, which all opened on the ships. I was pulling in a boat from the Duke of Wellington to the St. G., and a shell burst in the air, just astern of me, but without any damage. The cannonading lasted for five hours, when the signal was hoisted to recal. The *Dragon* had 15 shots right through her, and only one man killed and one wounded. We calculated the fort must have lost upwards of 100 men. She had some guns dismounted also. To-morrow morning some of the screw line-of-battle ships are going close in to knock it to pieces. During the action to-day I was on board the Duke on duty, and as she was nearest the shore, I had a splendid view of the affair. However, we shall see a little more to-morrow.

There was also another very smart little affair took place up the coast last Saturday.

The *Hecla* and *Arrogant* cut a Russian barque out from under the batteries. The *Hecla* lost three men, and the *Arrogant* was riddled with shot about her white streak; she lost a few men, but they knocked the fort to pieces. The first lieutenant of the *Hecla* lost his eye from a splinter from the tunnel, where a shot went through it. They also took a Russian pilot; the poor devil was in an awful funk, but he promised to pilot the fleet into all the Russian ports if Sir Charles Napier would promise not to deliver him up to the Russian government again. There will be some splendid work in a day or two. What with Revel, Riga, Helsingfors, and Constadt, we shall do so badly.

"MAY 22d.—I believe three line-of-battle ships are going in to day to batter a large fort down; I do not know which ships they will be. I took a rough sketch of the large fort yesterday; to day it will be a heap of ruins."

In the first named affair the following ships were engaged:—*Hecla*, 6, paddle, Captain (Nemesis) Hall; *Magiciene*, 16, paddle, Captain Fisher; *Dragon*, 6, Captain Wilcox. The casualties were one man killed and one wounded belonging to the *Dragon*.

In the second affair the two ships engaged were:—*Arrogant*, 47, screw, Captain Yelverton; *Hecla*,

GREECE.

Acceptance of the Anglo-French Ultimatum.—The French division of 7,000 men under General Forey accompanied, we believe, by one English regiment reached the Piraeus on the 25th of May, and at once landed, having previously taken possession of the Greek gunboats in the harbour. On the following day King Otho accepted all the propositions made by the ministers of France and England, issued a proclamation declaring his perfect neutrality in the affairs of Turkey, and changed his cabinet.

Private accounts state that the King manifested considerable obstinacy before complying with the requests laid before him. Before the troops actually arrived he threatened to withdraw, to Zamia, the Russian minister promising to follow him thither. The arrival of the force and its immediate occupation alone decided him.

Despatches from the Piraeus, of the 23d ult., report the arrival there of the French division of 8,000 men. The ulterior destination was uncertain.

The Greek insurrection, which has been subdued in Epirus, has acquired new strength in Thessaly, where the Hellenic bands have taken twenty villages. There is no room to doubt that this new attempt is the result of orders recently sent from Athens to the frontier. Tehami-Kara-Tassuos has withdrawn to Mount Athos, with a portion of his band. The regular Turkish troops; which had been sent against him to Ormilis, have returned to Salonica, with four guns taken from the Greeks. It is now confirmed that, on opening the campaign, this chief burnt alive 460 Turks who, without arms, had taken refuge in a church.

The French steam frigate *Gomer* had chased a Greek pirate boat manned by twenty two men, which had captured a merchant vessel off the island of Samos. The *Gomer* released the prize, and captured four of the pirates in the Gulf of Kalamata.

A private letter from the Piraeus, dated the 8th ult., states that the Austrian frigate *Bellona*, detached to the Archipelago by the commandant of the station, had sunk two Greek pirate ships and given chase to a third.

FRANCE.

On Tuesday, General Baraguay, d'Hilliers reached Paris from Marsilles, and proceeded at once to St. Cloud, where he was received by the Emperor in private audience.

NEWFOUNDLAND.—The steamer *Merlin*, at Halifax, brings us dates from Newfoundland to the 13th inst. There is still trouble in the island with the Legislature. The House and the Council have been unable to agree upon the Representative Bill, and the consequence is that the legislation of the Colony has come to a stand still. On the 12th inst. the Speaker was authorized by the House to intimate to the Governor that there was no further business before them, which was simply requesting to be relieved from their legislative functions, which request was acceded to, and His Excellency sent the members to their homes after delivering the following short but pointed Speech:—

"In my reply to the Address of the Assembly in answer to my speech on opening the present Session, I expressed my regret at the course the Assembly resolved to pursue; and that whether the public good had been consulted in arriving at the determination to which they had come, was a question for their own consideration; and that with them would rest the responsibility for any detriment to important public interests which might arise from such a course. And, now, whether circumstances—especially since the communication to the Assembly of the Duke of Newcastle's Despatch of the 21st February last, on the subject of Responsible Government—justify the course of procedure on the part of the Assembly announced by them in their address to his Grace, is a point on which I forbear to express an opinion; but which must be submitted to the consideration of the Imperial Authorities."

The Session having extended over four months and a half, and the Assembly, having at the expiration of that protracted period, stated their determination, for reasons mentioned in their address, to Her Majesty's Supplies for defraying the Expenses of the Civil Government of the Colony, I am induced, by regard for the honour of the Crown, formally to terminate the Session by prorogation.

The wisdom of the conduct of the House is doubted in some of the papers, and *faction* is said to be at the bottom of the movement—not the public good. Meantime, the affairs of the Colony must suffer.

FIRE.—A fire had occurred at St John's, which destroyed the blocks fronting on the north side of George's street, between Queen and Waldegrave streets together with several buildings in the rear. Upwards of ninety families were turned out of doors.

Mrs. John H. A. Prince William

Under Woodstock, March 4