

ing the agreement to pay Mr Wetmore the yearly sum of twenty pounds for such services; be it therefore Resolved,—That the sum of ten pounds just granted to Mr Wetmore be paid him in full for his services as Clerk of the Peace for the year 1856, and that the Secretary Treasurer be directed to notify Mr. Wetmore that the said yearly contract or agreement is at an end,—carried.

On motion of Mr. Hayward seconded by Mr. Burbar.

Resolved, That the Overseers of Poor for the Parish of Brighton be requested to pay Charles Rideout £5 for provisions advanced to William Edwards,—carried.

On motion of Mr Hayward seconded by Mr Burbar.

Resolved, That the Overseers of Poor for the Parish of Brighton be required to pay £5 to Samuel McGurr, to remunerate him for keeping Thomas Anderson,—carried.

On motion ordered—That the several sums passed at this Session be paid; and further ordered that the Gaoler be paid 5s. for this day's attendance. Council adjourned sine die.

GEORGE CLOWSE, Warden.

TOWN COUNCIL.

Saturday Evening, Aug. 2.

On motion, Messrs. Fisher and Baird appointed a Committee to prepare rules of order.

Jas. Bishop applied for truckman's licence.—Granted.

Granted H. Dow, wholesale licence for 1 year.

M. Hart, tavern do. 3 months.

M. Stephenson, do. do. 3 "

J. M. Nutt, do. do. 3 "

Mr. M'Lean opposed this application; he did not know that the house should be licensed, or that he had proper accommodation.

Granted T. Collins, tavern licence for 3 months.

R. L. Armstrong, do. 3 "

Patrick M'Glynn applied for wholesale and tavern licence.

Mr. M'Lean thought that circumstances had lately occurred which disqualified this gentleman.

Mr. Hammond wished to know if one licence covered both wholesale and retail. He thought they were two distinct things.

Mr. Bradley could not see why they should refuse M'Glynn, when the Sessions had granted him licence for several years.

Mr. M'Lane.—Because one party has done wrong it is no reason why we should. He read to prove the characters who should alone have licence.

M'Glynn's application lost. He afterwards applied for a wholesale licence, which was granted.

Granted Thomas Ivory, licence for 3 months.

Catharine Murphy, do 3 "

Daniel Gillan presented a petition signed by a large number of persons, praying that he may be licensed to set up a distillery.

The Mayor explained that the Council had no power to grant such.

A petition, signed by 95 rate payers, was also presented, praying that a Salary be allowed the Marshall.

Mr. Dibblee moved, that — per day be allowed the Marshall for his services. He thought that it was but fair; that the fees should go into the funds of the Council, and the Marshall receive a fair remuneration for his services. There are many duties that the Marshall performs, for which there are no fees, and for which he gets nothing. Therefore the prayer of this respectfully signed petition, should be granted.

Mr. M'Lean concurred with the views of the last Speaker. The Marshall had received some £2 10s. for three months past. He was a necessary officer, should be always on the same spot; could not attend to other business; and it was right that he be paid a salary.

The Mayor thought the Council had better pause before they filled up the blank, and ascertain what salary was paid the Marshall in other places.

On motion the matter was deferred till next meeting of the Council.

Our "nervous" system has suffered so much from a perusal of the Journal this week, that we feel quite "unworthy" the attempt to reply.—However, we shall endeavour to pay our respects to "Tom Jones" and the editor, with discreet haste. Meanwhile, lest Tom should feel very anxious, we would say with reference to the question, "What lawyer has got the most money," &c., that we have not time to make the necessary enquiries, but as two of the late editors of the Journal were members of the League, and had something to do with carrying out the law, he may obtain his information from them.

Our friend of the Standard is rather hasty in his conclusions anent our Town Council, and its doings. None of the members of that Council, we happen to know, ever belonged to the League, and two of those who voted for the £15, have not, we believe, been identified with any temperance organization.

MELANCHOLY CASUALTIES.—It becomes our painful duty to record quite a chapter of melancholy accidents this week. On Sunday last, as two lads were crossing in a canoe to Lockwood's Island, they were upset, and one of them, named Thomas Powers, was drowned.

On Tuesday afternoon, a child of Mr. Caleb Lougee, aged 5 years, was swimming, supported by a plank; he was carried by the current beyond his depth, and losing his hold of the plank, was also drowned. Neither of the bodies have as yet been found.

We deeply sympathize with the parents in their sudden and painful bereavement.

On Wednesday afternoon, a little girl, child of R. Davis, Jr., was caught by some machinery connected with the grist mill, and before she could be extricated, an arm and leg were broken, and she was otherwise severely bruised and injured. A little brother, in his manly exertions to rescue his sister, had several teeth knocked out.

Several articles prepared for this week's impression, we are obliged to omit, to make room for the proceedings of our County Council.

SUDDEN DEATH.—We learn by a telegraphic despatch to the News Room, that the Hon. Colonel Harris Hatch, of St. Andrews, died on Saturday morning, after fourteen hours' illness, of congestion, consequent upon organic diseases of the large blood vessels.

Col. Hatch, who was advanced in life, was President of the Charlotte County Bank, and has filled a number of other public offices in the County of which he has been a resident. For many years past he has been a member of the Legislative Council of this Province. He will be much missed by the community of St. Andrews.—Courier.

ST. ANDREWS AND QUEBEC RAILROAD.—We observe by papers received by the last English mail, that the shares of the New Company are quoted at from 1 1/2 to 2 per cent. premium. From this we infer, that the stock is being taken up rapidly—and congratulate the people of this County on the favourable prospects of having the amount of stock required by the Prospectus to complete the line to Woodstock taken up soon. This augurs well for the road; and we hope soon to be in a position to state that the works on the road are resumed.—Standard.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported for the Carleton Sentinel.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADA.

HALIFAX, August 11.

The Canada arrived at Halifax yesterday afternoon.

Parliament was prorogued. The Queen's speech expressed confidence of an amicable settlement between Britain and United States. Otherwise little or no news. The English papers are mostly filled with railway meetings and law reports.

The city of London has presented a hundred-guinea sword to Gen. Williams.

The Queen reviewed 20,000 troops at Aldershot camp. A gold chronometer was presented by the President of the United States to Capt. Clark of the ship Bacciolla, for saving the crew of the American ship Mayflower.

The citizens of Sheffield gave a banquet to Lord Cardigan and the 4th dragoons.

An earthquake occurred in Moluccas, March 2nd, causing the loss of 2000 lives. The indications in Spain are that the royal cause has triumphed.—The Independence Belge, as well as other journals, represent O'Donnell as in a fix, and flnding that the Moderados will not accept him as their chief, he is again coquetting with the girls. General Narvaez is indignant at the rejection of his proffered services.

The recent rumor circulated that the King of the Belgians would abdicate, is contradicted by himself.

Letters from Austria say that the relations of Austria and Prussia are becoming more friendly.

Letters from Parvia state that the Austrians have made preparations for crossing the Po at four different places.

Gen. Codrington and Admiral Lyons and staff had visited Holland, and are now in France on their way home.

The reported refusal of the Russians to deliver up Kars is explained. The English Commissioner had no authority to ask possession and did not do so. He merely requested permission to examine the state of the fortification, which he was not permitted to do.

Respecting Russian observation of the Isle of Serpents, Lord Stratford has sent Gen. Mansfield to enquire.

Russia has reduced her tariff on sugars. Letters from there deny that the And Islands will be fortified, but admit they will be garrisoned by Russian troops. Accounts from the Russian ports in the Baltic state that trade is very animated, and that the prices of hemp, lincseed, and other description of produce, were well maintained.

LATEST BY MAIL.

MARSEILLS, Aug. 1st.—Marshall Pelissier has arrived. He was received with great pomp. The banquet in his honor will take place on Tuesday next.

LONDON, Aug. 2nd.—Codrington arrived in London last night.

The Daily News city article of Friday evening August 1st, speaks stringently of the money market. Demands continue in the Stock exchange today.

Aug. 2d.—Money is in active demand at 5 per cent. on Government securities. In the discount market there was also a considerable pressure, and the rates for Government bills are maintained at 4 1/2 to 4 3/4 per cent. However, the funds retain a remarkable steadiness; prices have only raised one eighth per cent., and closed one third better than yesterday. The fall in the corn market and the

splendid weather contribute materially to stimulate confidence. The Times city article of Friday evening says: The English funds have been steady throughout the day at yesterday's prices, and the tendency to an improved tone was again observable. There was a great increase of business in the corn market this morning, and the sales would not have been pressed except at a further decline perhaps to the extent of 3 per quarter.

At Paris there is great dullness and a general absence of business. Meanwhile anxiety prevails as to the character of the present harvest.

Consols 90 1/2. Breadstuffs declined, wheat 4d, and flour 1s to 2s lower. Corn 6d lower.

TIMBER.—Yellow Pine 21d to 22d, Red 14d to 15d Birch 13d to 20d, Deals £8 to £8 15s.

St. John, Aug. 11.

A fire broke out in Richie's Tannery on Waterloo street, about 3 A. M. Upwards of fifteen houses were burned. Among them are the Tannery, Myers' Coach Factory, James' joiner-shop, and sundry dwelling houses fronting on Waterloo and Union streets. Amount of insurance not yet known.

A vast outcry was raised by selfish partisans against the late Government for not doing what they called "putting law in force." We do not hold it to be the duty of any ministry to take into their hands the duties of the police. But the grave crime of Murder seems to become frequent, and every trifling dispute seems to end in a death blow; it is time for the Government therefore to devise some incentive to quicken the perceptions of those whose arduous duty it is to search out and bring to punishment the guilty. The Government has power to aid in the arrest of suspected criminals by offering a reward for their capture, and surely, if there ever was a time for using this power, it is while two murderers are at large. It may not be too late yet to take this step, but it should be done without further delay.—Cour.

THE CENTRAL AMERICAN QUESTION.—The London Times of the 19th ult. says:—

"We cannot but feel that the justice of the British construction has been acquiesced in by the government of the United States, when we learn what are the propositions which Mr. Dallas is, it is said, empowered to make. He will, if we are correctly informed, propose the establishment of San Juan as a free port, under Nicaraguan sovereignty, reserving to the Republic of Costa Rica so much of the river San Juan as may be necessary; the Mosquito Indians are to be concentrated into a definite territory, which shall leave clear to the mouth of the river San Juan and the town, but their rights are to be guaranteed, and an annuity for a term paid to the chiefs. The Bay Islands to be restored to the State of Honduras, but Belize to remain as a British possession, with the same territorial limits as in 1850. By this arrangement we merge our separate protectorate of the Mosquitoes into what may be called a general American Protectorate, and we give up the Bay Islands, to which a desultory occupation has given us an uncertain and still questionable claim.

On the other hand, we avoid urging the United States to abrogate the treaty of 1850, which would expose this part of the world to many evils, which the treaty, inconclusive as it may appear, has dissipated. We fully establish the neutrality of Central America, and raise prohibition against any future filibustering or annexation. That we lose anything endorsed by such an arrangement, no one can believe; but still, the arrangement should be clearly understood to be a compromise, in which the country does not give up its construction of the treaty, but only makes concessions corresponding to those of the American government in abandoning its own extreme views. A fifth point in the proposal of Mr. Dallas is, that the Central American States shall make grants similar to that promised by Honduras, respecting any actual or prospective plan for a communication between the two oceans. If the consent of these Republics can be obtained to such an arrangement, it will, no doubt, be a great advantage, and cause us less to regret the temporary differences which have ended in such a result."

OLD FATHER TIME, THE PARENT OF BRIGHT-EYED TRUTH, is daily developing new facts and theories, but among his numerous progeny no fact is more incontestable than that the success attending the introduction of G. W. Stone's Liquid Cathartic and Family Physic to the public use is utterly without a parallel. These families which have made the most thorough trial of its merits are loudest and most enthusiastic in their encomiums of its virtues. It admirably meets a want long experienced by all classes of persons, and is rapidly gaining that confidence which it so richly deserves.—Lowell Courier. 50

HALL & FAIRWEATHER

Have removed to their former stand, Brick Building, Nos. 7 and 8

SOUTH MARKET WHARF,

where they will keep constantly on hand Superfine Flour, Family Flour, Corn Meal, Corn, Rye Flour, Mess Pork, &c. &c.

St. John, N. B., April, 1856.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS a certain cure for Determination of Blood to the Head.—Arthur Holmes, Esqr., Lieut. of H. M.'s 52nd Regiment of foot, was grievously affected with this terrible malady for upwards of seven years, and while in the discharge of his duties, frequently became almost senseless, and completely stupified from the attacks he suffered; finally, he became so bad he resolved on selling out his commission, and quitting the regiment, when he determined on trying Holloway's Pills, these celebrated medicines acted like a charm; they cleared the stomach, restored strength to the body, and thoroughly reinstated the constitution. He is now completely cured, as much to his own astonishment, as to the delight of his friends.

W. T. BAIRD, Agent for Woodstock.

GARRISON & TROOP, [Late Garrison & Marsters] COMMISSION AND FORWARDING AGENTS, CUSTOM-HOUSE & SHIP BROKERS, 129 Custom House Building, ST. JOHN, N. B.

GEO. A. GARRISON | ALPHONSO G. TROOP.

CITY REFERENCE:

Hon. A. M'Leod Seely, Edward Allison, Esquire. Messrs. J. & R. Reed, N. S. Demill, FREDERICTON REFERENCE.—Spafford J. Barker, Esquire. BOSTON " John Ferris, Esquire. NEW YORK " Messrs. Kelly & Smithers.

Particular attention paid to purchasing and selling Goods, Chartering Vessels, &c. Quotations of Markets given at any time. 34y

DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER is one of the most common, as well as the most formidable of diseases known to American physicians. It had for years attracted the attention of the medical faculty in all parts of the United States, and yet up to the time of the discovery of Dr. M'Lane's great Specific, it was almost beyond the reach of medical skill. Thousands have perished without even a hope of relief, and although thousands may yet be destined to feel the direful effects of this most complicated disease, it is now, thanks to the research of Dr. M'Lane, most completely brought within the scope of Medical control. The proprietors of the Liver Pills feel confident that they offer a remedy which has been beautifully tested by time, and which has never failed when fairly tried.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge, and take none else. All other Vermifuges, in comparison, are worthless.

Dr. M'Lane's genuine Vermifuge, also his Celebrated Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and British Provinces.

W. T. BAIRD, Agent for Woodstock.

MARRIED:

In the Wesleyan Church, Woodstock, on the 13th inst., by the Rev. J. Prince, Charles E. Brown, of Halifax, N. S., to Miss Maria L. Connell, third daughter of the late Jeremiah M. Connell, Esq., M.P.P., of Woodstock, Carleton Co., N. B.—Nova Scotia Papers will please copy.

[The Editor tenders his acknowledgments for the usual remembrance.]

On Saturday, 9th inst., by the Rev. Thos. Todd, Mr. Benjamin B. Noble, of Brighton (at his residence), to Miss Lucretia A. V. Dickinson, of same place.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. Thomas A. Sheals, of Fredericton, to Miss Mary Ann Brown, of Wakefield.

DIED:

At Nashua, St. Mary's, on the 5th inst., Mrs. Dorothy Brown, in the 99th year of her age, leaving thirteen children (eleven sons and two daughters), ninety-four grand-children, one hundred and fifty great-grand-children and several great-great-grand-children.

Very suddenly, at his residence in Upper Nelson, M'Connell, on the 1st inst., David Crocker, Esq., aged 39 years much esteemed by his acquaintance as a valuable member of society.

Very suddenly, at Bridgetown, N. S., the Rev. R. Williams, aged 67 years. Mr. Williams was well known in British America, having under the direction of the Missionary Society, in whose service he went to Canada in 1821, sustained their interests, and essentially promoted them, in the principal towns and cities of the Province, including Quebec, Kingston, Fredericton, St. John, N. B. and St. John's, N. F.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE Inspector of Schools for the County of Carleton deems it advisable to apprise Teachers that the Chief Superintendent has recently issued the following Order, under the direction of the Provincial Board of Education:

"That from and after the date of this Circular, the Chief Superintendent shall not place upon his Semi-Annual Schedule the claim of any Teacher to Provincial allowance, unless his or her Return or Register be accompanied by a Certificate from the local Inspector, in addition to the usual one, that the Teacher has submitted to him a memorandum in writing, signed by the Trustees, to the effect that, the terms of Sec. 3 of the Parish School Act having been complied with, they have given their consent to the engagement of the Teacher."

JAMES McLAUCHLAN.

Woodstock, August 15th, 1856.

The following form of Certificate is added in order to assist Trustees, who will please remember that the amount secured by the people must be in the same proportion as the Provincial allowance to the Teachers:

FORM OF CERTIFICATE.

The Trustees of Schools, for the Parish of _____, do hereby certify that _____, a Licenced Teacher of the _____ Class, has been employed in District No. _____ of said Parish, for a period of _____ months, with our consent; the inhabitants of said District having provided a sufficient School House, and secured the pecuniary allowance required by Sec. 3 of the Parish School Act.

A. B. } Trustees. C. D. } E. F. }

(Date here.)

PAINTING.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing the inhabitants of Woodstock and vicinity, that he is prepared to do PAINTING, in the various branches of the business, and hopes, by steady, industrious habits, and strict attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

* Residence at Mr. JACOB TILLEY'S.

Aug. 16. CHARLES PARKER.

Alexandria and Georgetown

FLOUR.

RECEIVED per Schr. "Jalia" from Alexandria, per landing: 400 Bbls. Superfine } Above Brands. 400 Bbls. Fine }

The above were imported as a supply for the hot weather, when Canada and State Flour is liable to corn scald. The fine is but little inferior to the superfine.

—ALSO—

250 Bbls. Superfine State Flour, 200 Bbls. CORN MEAL, 500 Bushels CORN.

HALL & FAIRWEATHER.

Aug. 12. 51st South Wharf, St. John, N. B.