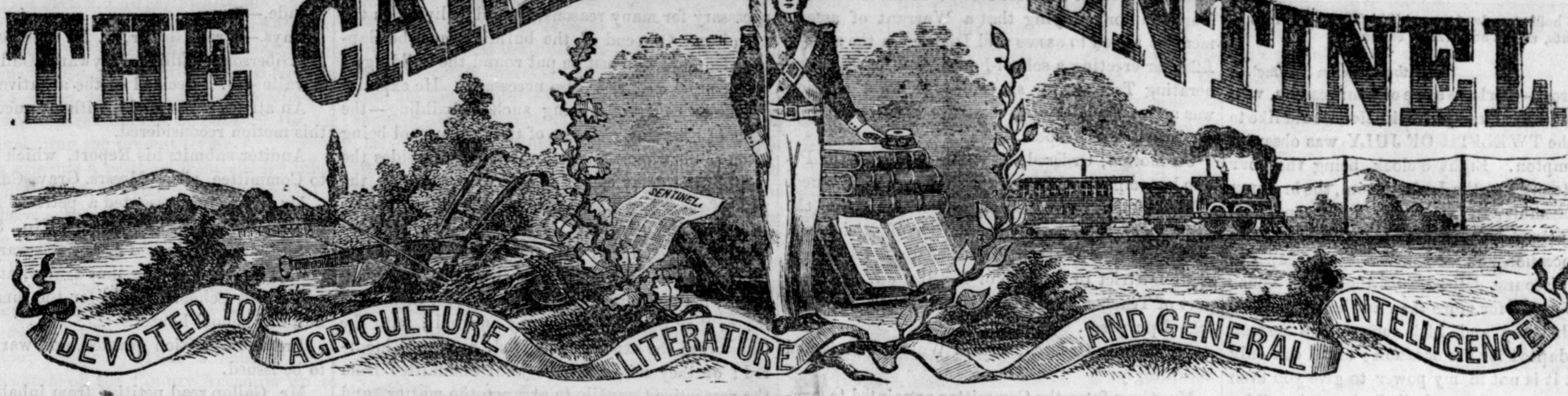


THE CARLETON SENTINEL



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"OUR QUEEN AND CONSTITUTION."

[A. C. & J. A. McLaughlan.

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WOODSTOCK, N. B., JULY 19, 1856.

NO. 47.

The Secretary Treasurer of this Municipality sends the following extract from an Act to regulate the Election of Members to serve in the General Assembly; and requests an insertion in the Sentinel for the information of Revisors and all others interested:—

CHAP. XXXVII.

3. The Assessors of every Parish shall, on or before the first day of August in each year, deliver to the Revisors a copy of the Assessment List for their Parish; and if from any cause any portion of the inhabitants are exempt from taxation therein they shall either include their names in the same, or make a separate list of such portion, so that the list shall contain the names of all persons possessed of real or personal estate, or income; or if they have not received any warrant therefor make out a list of the names of all persons possessed of real or personal estate, or income.

4. The Revisors shall before the first day of September in each year meet and prepare from the assessment list an alphabetical list of the qualified electors in their Parish, distinguishing the residents from the non-resident, and affixing the place of residence of the non-resident when known, and on or before the said first day of September in each year, post up a copy of the said list in three of the most public places in each Polling District of their Parish, with the following notice:—

"The Revisors will meet at _____ in the Parish of _____ on the twenty fifth [if Sunday say twenty sixth] day of October next at _____ o'clock A. M., to revise the list of electors for the Parish of _____ and any person claiming to add to or strike of a name from the list, must give notice thereof with the cause of objection, to either of us on or before the first day of October next, and also notify every person proposed to be struck off.—

Dated the _____ day of _____ 18 _____

A. B. }
C. D. } Revisors."
E. F. }

5. The Revisors shall on or before the tenth day of October in each year post up in the said three most public places of the polling district, an alphabetical list of the persons proposed to be added or struck off respectively, with a notice appropriate to each list to the effect following:—

"The Revisors will on the twenty fifth [if Sunday, say twenty sixth] day of October instant, at _____ in the Parish of _____ adjudicate upon the propriety of adding (or striking off, in case of striking off) the foregoing names to (or from) the list of qualified voters.—Dated the _____ day of October, 18 _____

A. B. }
C. D. } Revisors."
E. F. }

6. The person who proposes to strike a name from the list shall, on or before the first day of October, give notice in writing to the party objected to either personally or by leaving it at his last or usual place of abode, and shall prove on oath the giving the notice to the satisfaction of the Revisors before they hear the objection.

7. At the time and place appointed, the Revisors shall attend and correct the lists, and shall with all convenient despatch, make out an alphabetical list of the resident electors of each polling district of said Parish, and of the non-resident electors, stating their residence when known, and, on or before the tenth day of November, in each year, transmit the same to the Clerk of the Peace; they shall add to or strike off from the list the name of any person whose qualification or disqualification is satisfactorily proved to have existed at the date of the last assessment, or date of the list to be made up by the Assessors in the event of no assessment, if

notice have been given to a Revisor of the claim on or before the first day of October, and in case of disqualification they shaprove to the satisfaction of the Revisor that notice in writing has been given to party objected to within the same period. When the a firm is assessed in respect of property or income sufficient to give each member a qualification, the several persons composing such firm shall be inserted on the list.

8. If the Assessors neglect to make up and deliver the list, or willfully deliver an incorrect list, or if the Revisors neglect to revise the list so delivered or willfully transmit an incorrect list, for every neglect or wilful delivery or transmission of an incorrect list, each Assessor or Revisor so contravening this Act shall pay a fine of twenty pounds, which any person may recover with costs, and each day a list is delayed shall be a separate offence.

9. In incorporated Counties the Councillors of each Parish, with a person to be appointed therefor by the County Council, shall be the Revisors for their respective Parishes; the list shall be sent to the Secretary Treasurer, and revision of the non-residents shall be made by the Warden.

15. The Revisors shall have power to summon witnesses to attend at any time and place appointed, to give evidence as to the qualification or disqualification of any persons, and to administer an oath, and examine the parties and such witnesses on oath; and every person so summoned who shall neglect to attend without good cause shewn therefor to the Revisors, or attending shall refuse to be sworn or give evidence, shall be liable to a fine of five pounds; and every witness attending shall be entitled to receive the same fees and travelling charges as witnesses attending before Justices of the Peace in civil suits, to be paid by the person at whose instance the respective witnesses may be summoned.

The Councillors for each parish together with the following persons elected by the County Council are the revisors for the current year:—

- L. P. FISHER for Woodstock.
- JAMES MCINTYRE, for Richmond.
- ANTHONY KEARNEY, for Wakefield.
- DAVID N. RAYMOND, for Simonds.
- WOLSAY McMULLIN, Wicklow.
- DANIEL BELL, for Kent.
- WILLIAM S. NEVENS, for Brighton.
- WILLIAM HAY, for Northampton.

We have much pleasure in giving place to the following extracts from the "General orders of the the Board of Education," which we do at the request of the County Inspector.

No. III.

GENERAL ORDERS OF THE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

1. That, pursuant to Sec. 12. of the School Act the School Books sanctioned by the Board be those published by direction of the Commissioners of National Education in Ireland, with such additions as may from time to time be approved by the Board, and that the following be forthwith approved:—

- Lennie's English Grammar;
- Pinnock's Catechism of History of England;
- Do. do. History of America.

2. That the following work recommended by Dr. Meilleur, Superintendent of Education for Canada East, receive the sanction of the Board, in order to the instruction of the French population of this Province:—

"Guide de L'Instituteur."

This work is sold by Messrs. Smith & Son, Sheffiac, or may be forwarded for the County of Victoria via Quebec.

11. That the following General Regulations, re-

specting hours of Daily Teaching, Holidays and Vacations, be observed by teachers in the Parish School service:—

1. The hours of teaching in each day shall not exceed six, exclusive of all time allowed at noon for recreation. Nevertheless a less number of hours for daily teaching may be determined upon in any School at the option of the inhabitants of the district.

2. Every alternate Saturday and the Queen's Birth Day shall be a holiday in each School.—Should the Queen's Birth Day fall on a Sunday, then the following Monday shall be observed as a holiday instead.

3. There shall be three vacations in each year: the first, eight days at Easter; the second, the first two weeks in August; the third, eight days at Christmas.

4. All agreement between the inhabitants of School Districts, Trustees, and Teachers, shall be subject to those General Regulations; and no Teacher shall be deprived of any part of his salary on account of his observing allowed holidays and vacations.

N. B. In Districts in which cessation from teaching is compelled at certain seasons, by peculiarities of situation, as in the case of a freshet overflowing intervals lands, the period and relative proportion of the spring and summer vacation may be varied by arrangement between the inhabitants and the Teacher; yet not so as to affect the entire extent of vacation to be allowed.

General News.

EXECUTION OF WM. PALMER.—During the whole of yesterday the railway trains poured in their thousands of souls who were this morning to be spectators of the dreadful tragedy, which was at so early an hour to be enacted. They were not to be deterred from witnessing the execution either by wind or by weather, and although the rain descended pitilessly the greater part of the day, accompanied by convulsive gusts of wind, there was no lack of eagerness displayed to be present on the mournful occasion. The elements lent a melancholy air to the intended proceedings, and the pervading gloom was only relieved by the commotion of the visitors, who were endeavoring to secure favourable spots of observation.

As night came on, all the approaches to the gaol became more crowded than during the afternoon, and up to the dawn of this morning there was no abatement of the interest manifested all day. Here they remained in mud, rain and darkness for several hours; once a position taken it was retained most obstinately, and by eight o'clock this morning there were not less than 20,000 persons present, who exhibited the utmost decorum and regularity. Every available inch of ground was occupied both in front and around the gaol. Precisely at the hour appointed for the execution (eight o'clock) the culprit appeared on the drop. He looked exceedingly well, and had passed an excellent night. It had been announced that he would address the multitude on the scaffold, and considerable anxiety was apparent as to the tenor of his observations.—He did not, however, say anything. He was accompanied by the sheriff, chaplain, and the other officials connected with the prison; was dressed in the prison dress—a suit of grey. None of his relatives were present, but many of his friends of the turf were witnesses of the sad spectacle. Upon the unfortunate man's appearance, the cap was placed over his face by Smith, of Dudley, who performed the duties of executioner, and the rope having been adjusted, in an instant the earthly career of the greatest criminal recorded in the annals of

history was at an end. He made no confession; even yesterday he desired that the visits of Mr. Wright, the prison philanthropist, should be discontinued, it being alleged that he did not desire to be induced to disclose the truth of the offence with which he was charged. As Palmer is now numbered with the dead, his name, as associated with crime of the deepest dye will be spoken of and shuddered at for centuries to come.

"None but himself can be his parallel."

Liverpool Times, June 14.

ANOTHER AMERICAN STEAMER.—Some time ago we noticed that an American Government steamer had passed up the St. Lawrence and through the Canals on her way to the Lakes. She was described as a surveying vessel, and though we heard it suggested that she might turn out to be something more formidable, we treated the idea with indifference. We now learn, however, that another American Government vessel has just passed by Quebec on its way west, and we think that it is time to enquire into the motives for sending these vessels to the lakes, and whether it would not be prudent to refuse them passage until matters become settled. The Quebec Gazette has the following on the subject:

"Wm. F. Cushing."—There is another of Caleb Cushing's pets at Leaycraft's wharf, designed for the Upper Lakes. This steam tow-boat is called the "Wm. F. Cushing," draws eight feet of water (without cargo), is of 98 tons burthen, is propelled by screw, with excellent engines, half on deck and half below, and has coal bunkers at each side of her boilers. She has two masts, and only for her deck cabins and funnel would look very much like a heavy barge laden with railway iron. Of course she is only an American steamer come from Philadelphia to tow vessels across Lakes Ontario and Erie, or Huron. We hope to see a great many of those interesting little crafts passing through our canals for the great lakes, in the course of the season. The Government of this Province does well to encourage the most friendly relations with the Government of the United States, at the present critical moment. Oh! Sir Edmund—HEED!

We understand that there are four more of these nice little Paixhan, American—what d'ye call 'em—gunboats? coming round.—Toronto Globe.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE IN QUEEN'S COUNTY.—On Monday last a fire broke out in the wood house attached to the farm house of Mr. James Pender, in Jerusalem settlement, Petersville, in the above county, about 12 miles from Oak point. The proprietor of the house and part of the family were absent, having gone to a prayer meeting at some distance, but including visitors, there were ten persons in the house at the time of the outbreak. On the alarm of fire being given, all the inmates escaped in the best way they could, except Miss Jemima Reed, who in trying to save some of her wearing apparel was in imminent danger and had to jump from the window after being severely burned, and Robert Pender, aged about 50 years, and two children, Mary Dollar, aged 3 years, and Margaret Thompson, an orphan aged 8 years, who unfortunately perished in the flames. The origin of the fire is unknown, there having been no fire in the house since Saturday. None of the valuable contents of the house were saved, and the estimated loss is about £1000, no part of which is covered by insurance. The Rev. Mr. Stirling, a missionary from the Free Church who was staying there at the time, we are informed, also lost a quantity of valuable books and manuscripts. Not a vestige of the bodies of the man or children was found in the ruins.—Courier.