

...the Liquor Law may be successful in a... which time will have to determine; but we think it would be hard to find a place where it has been better observed so far than the town of Montreal.

New Year's day having brought the bill in operation, the Town Council immediately appointed their Agent, and took the other necessary steps to conform to the requirements, but we have not up to this time heard of a single instance where the least disposition has been manifested either to evade or break through the regulations.

Inquest.—A Coroner's Inquest was held at St. Charles, Parish of St. Roch, in King's County on the 27th December, before A. C. Evanson, Esq., one of the Coroners of said County, on view of the body of John Bergesen, an old pensioner, who it appeared from the evidence was a confirmed drunkard. His mind became so unsettled in consequence of continual dissipation, that in a fit of delirium tremens, he committed suicide by cutting his own throat with a shoemaker's knife. Verdict accordingly, in a pecuniary sense he was a tolerable good circumstanced man.

This is the third victim in the space of three months from the same cause, that came under the investigation of the same Coroner.—Chronic.

P. E. Island.—The Storm on Friday last, as we anticipated, had attended with disastrous effects. The Ferry Wheel at the other side of Hillsborough has been entirely destroyed. Several of the blocks were swept away, and the materials of which they were composed scattered along the shores. The Schoer, God, Bagg, from Halifax lying alongside, taking in a cargo of Oats was driven by the fury of the gale upon the wharf, and sunk. Fortunately very little of the cargo was on board. On the opposite side of the coast, we understand, the storm raged with greater violence than here several vessels are reported to have been lost; so much so our list, but of the names we are left in doubt. One vessel which had gone to pieces between Country Harbour and Metigenash, is supposed to have been the Bay Stella, belonging to James Pope Esq. at least the contents of the cargo—Pork, Oats &c which have been washed on shore along the coast, give every probability to the supposition. We much fear that a long list of casualties will have to be made out, when time has been afforded for more correct information. The bark An Radon is said to be among the lost, but on what foundation the rumor is based, we have not been able to learn. It is said to be but too probable. Everything is as yet a matter of conjecture as the telegraph line of posts in Nova Scotia have been prostrated, and communication cut off.—Herald's Gazette, Dec. 12.

Saturday's Canada Gazette contains notice signed by five gentlemen of London C. Y., signifying their intention to apply to Parliament, at its next session, for an Act of Incorporation, authorizing the construction of a railroad, from the Village of St. Mary's to London, and thence to Amherstburg or some point on the Detroit river, etc connect with the Southern Michigan Railway, and to authorize the amalgamation of so same with the London and Port Stanley, and any other Railway or Railways as may be deemed most advantageous to the interests of the proposed Company.

MURDER AT NIAGARA.—We learn through Mr. H. Davis, of the Central R. R., that a dreadful murder was committed at Niagara, C. W. on Friday night. All the particulars of the shooting affair have not been received. A respectable citizen of Niagara, Thornton by name, was seized by another man, instigated to the crime by Thornton's wife, it is supposed. The dreadful deed as perpetrated with a club. The murderer escaped by crossing Niagara river to the American shore, but was closely pursued, and is no doubt in custody here this. The wife of Thornton has been arrested, and an investigation was held on Saturday.—Buffalo paper.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—We learn that a highway robbery was committed in the vicinity of the "Disciples' Meeting House," near the village of Jordan, about twilight on Friday afternoon the 14th. Mr. Chevalier was stopped by two ruffians, and while attempting to escape was stabbed in the shoulder with a dirk by one of them. The other then seized him by the hair and dashed him across a log, where he examined his pockets, the first fellow holding a revolver at his head. They succeeded in getting \$20 from their victim. This daring outrage was perpetrated at the side of a much travelled road, where teams are frequently passing.—We hope that every effort will be made to see the villains arrested and brought to justice. Mr. Chevalier's wound, we understand, is not likely to be in any way very serious.—Niagara Mail.

We understand that all the volunteer Militia Companies of this city have received orders from Government to drill ten successive days, in accordance with the Militia Act passed last session. On Tuesday night last, the Hon. George Moffat, Colonel commanding the District, Major G. R. Spong, Assistant Adjutant General, and Major T. Wiley, Assistant Quarter-Master General, inspected the 2nd Company of Volunteer Rifles, under Captain Fletcher. On that occasion the Company turned out to its full strength. Col. Moffat expressed himself highly delighted with the manner in which the various maneuvers were gone through.—Montreal Pilot.

THE ALLIES AT PERTH.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Times, writing on the 21st ult. says:—The letters received from Kertch and Yenikale bring little information. The Id was severe; the troops quartered almost entirely in houses, were heated by and in good case. Some of the officers write in a high praise of Kertch, which they describe as clean and regular, and as being better quarters than Pera, but for the absence of places of resort—although those places in Pera are of so poor a description that their loss need cause but slight regret. Furniture, fuel, and forage were produced from the surrounding villages. Of hay there was an abundance for the supply of the whole cavalry of the contingent, for the whole winter, and it is a pity that they were not there to take it, since the Cossacks were burning the stacks in the country around. I recently mentioned the departure of the cavalry for Kertch; on arriving there they were ordered to Balaklava, and from Balaklava they were sent back to the Bosphorus, where they arrived this morning!

The Paris correspondent of the Morning Herald has forwarded to that journal the following intelligence, which is not mentioned elsewhere:—Letters from the Sea of Azoff announce that the English at Kertch have obtained a brilliant success, with the troops of the Turkish contingent. They attacked a Russian division 4000 strong, who were guarding a very large depot of forage. The Russians were put to the rout, and all the stacks destroyed by fire. The Turks only lost a few men in the affair. The loss of the enemy is said to have been very great. A very melancholy event has just taken place in the Black Sea. The Sardinia, a Sardinian war steamer, which was bringing to Constantinople a great number of sick from the ambulances of Balaklava, has foundered, and all on board perished. Some confused accounts of the burning of the Russian stores at Gheisk, by the crews of Captain Osborne's gunboats, has probably given rise to this report of an action and destruction of forage; and it may be hoped that the other report will not be confirmed.

THE CRIMEAN RAILWAY.—The Daily News correspondent says, "Since last week two additional locomotives (old ones) have been landed at Balaklava and placed upon the railway. The little 'Alliance' has already begun to run on the line, and, as she puffs and screeches at the rate of eight or ten miles an hour, with her enormous tail of some half-dozen heavily laden trucks, intense is the gaping wonderment, and multitudinous are the moshallahs, of many a crowd of Tartars, Croats, Bulgarians, pureblooded Turks, Arabs, Hipocots, and Heaven knows what other nationalities, besides, whom heavy wages and light work have attracted to this Crimean Rebel. The wire rope so long used by the stationary engine to pull the wagons up the incline near Radkoi has been removed and the entire traction of the line will, it is hoped be done by three locomotives now upon the rails.—If this can be accomplished, the gain to our transport campwards will be immense, and the scores of heavy animals hitherto employed on the line solely will be available for the branch labours through the various divisions, and other parts of the camp not immediately connected with the railway."

NARROW ESCAPE OF THE REV. DR. DUFF.—We understand said the Witness, that the Convener of the Foreign Mission Committee has received a letter from Dr. Duff—one written in the harbor of Corfu, and another at Alexandria—describing the narrow escape from shipwreck of the steamer in which that eminent missionary sailed for Trieste. A tempest suddenly arose in the Mediterranean, though at the time of sailing the weather was unusually serene. The vessel was obliged to abandon, or was driven, from the usual track. The fires on board were extinguished with the waves breaking in, and the steamer was rendered comparatively unmanageable among the islands of the Levant. At last, however, it reached Alexandria—though four days beyond the appointed time—and the passengers from Southampton for India had been obliged to proceed a day before the arrival of the Trieste steamer.—This is, at least, the fourth narrow escape which Dr. Duff has made at sea.

A GOOD CHANCE.—The Roman Catholic Bishop of Malabar has offered 40 days' absolution to all who give shilling or more towards church purposes in this city. This is certainly an "eligible opportunity," though it acquires some degree of foresight to take advantage of the prelate's liberality. We couldn't mind investing a shilling on legal guarantee. It would be rather unpleasant, on getting Purgatory, to find the Bishop had "over-drawn his accounts."

PEACE—THE FRENCH PRESS.—During the last few days a remarkable change has passed over the Paris Press; the most warlike of the journals are at this moment the most impressed with the necessity of a speedy peace. The Debats earnestly desires peace, but does not believe in its re-establishment. The Constitutional believes in a pacific termination of the contest, provided Russia consents to waive all false ideas in favour of civilization and of universal prosperity. The Western Powers can await with confidence the decision of their adversary. If they are to continue the war they know already what they will do with more extensive means of action, and with greater chances of success.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 26.—Miss Nightingale has returned from the Crimea. She is well, and active in the hospitals. I have just seen a medical gentleman from Scutari, who informs me that the cholera continues to diminish. Of the Germans there now remain only 30 cholera patients. The proportion of deaths has been considerably under half, which is considered favourable in cholera.—Among the English cavalry and other troops at Scutari, the disease also appears to be dying away. I understand that the Germans appear lowspirited very possibly from the effect of the climate, some perhaps from *heimweh*. Everything possible is done to cheer them, since moral depression must of course render them more liable to disease. Some games of draughts and dominoes will be purchased for them (cards being forbidden); an attempt is to be made to obtain contributions of German books from residents here, pending the arrival of those which will be collected in England and sent out.—Two German sisters of charity have also been written for.—Times' Correspondent.

"ANNIE LAURIE" AT THE CAMP.—Of all songs the favourite song at the camp is "Annie Laurie." Words and music combine to render it popular; for every soldier has a sweet heart; and almost every soldier possesses the organ of tune. Every new draught from England marches into regimental quarters at the camp, the band playing this old and recently modernised Scotch melody. I heard the song sung on the evening of the 7th September, under circumstances so peculiar that I never can forget them. Codrington had visited us on parade in the afternoon and addressed the men. We are told that on the next day the assault was to be made on the Great Redan; "and," said the General "the Commander in Chief feels assured that the Light Division—never known to fail—will again nobly do its duty." This was a good speech, according to the poetry and romance of war; a Manchester orator would have said—"The Commander in Chief sends his congratulations and begs to state that at this hour to-morrow about 1,500 of you will be killed or wounded. Every man understood it according to the Manchester version; but though a few cheeks turned pale, not an eye quailed, not a muscle trembled. About eight in the evening, walked towards the Victoria Redoubts to gaze for the last time on the terrible batteries of Sebastopol. Hundreds of soldiers were sitting on the other side of the hill, looking down on the doomed city. A song was proposed and silence obtained, and a corporal of the 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade sang "Annie Laurie." He had a tenor voice, tolerably good and sang with expression, but the chorus was taken up by the audience in a much lower key, and hundreds of voices in the most exact time and harmony, and together—

"And for Bonnie Annie Laurie
I'd lay me down and die!"
The effect was extraordinary, at least I felt it so. I never heard any chorus in oratio rendered with greater solemnity. The heart of each singer was evidently far away over the sea.—Letter from the Camp.

CONGRESSIONAL NEWS.—Washington Jan. 3.—In the Senate, Mr. Hale denounced the President's course in sending his message which he ridiculed in strong terms. In the House, three ballottings were had, on the last of which Banks wanted six votes of an election. A resolution offered by Mr. Walker declaring Lyon Boyd, Speaker, was tabled by a majority of 66.

RELEASE OF THE BRITISH CONSUL AT COLOGNE.—The King of Prussia has ordered the release of Mr. Curtis, the British Consul at Cologne, who was lately sentenced to imprisonment by the Prussian Courts for an offence in connection with enlistment of Germans for the British German Legion.

The gossip in Washington, with respect to Mr. Crampton's position towards the United States Government, is, that the British Government, anticipating a demand for his recall, meditate his transference to some other diplomatic station. Sir George Ousley is named as Mr. Crampton's successor. A late and reliable letter is mentioned as authority for this.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS, an unparalleled remedy for Female Complaints.—The daughter of Mrs. Henderson, of St. John N. B., was for a long time in a very peculiar and dangerous state of health, the mother tried a variety of remedies, but without the young lady's deriving any benefit.—As a final recourse, she tried Holloway's Pills, which she used three weeks; and found they considerably improved her; by continuing with these wonderful Pills for ten days more, all obstructions were quickly removed, and she has since enjoyed the best of health.

TAPE WORM CURED BY DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED VERMIFUGE.—New York, August 2, 1852. A certain lady in this City testifies that, after using Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge, she passed a tape worm ten inches long; and has no hesitation in recommending it to every person afflicted with worms; as, in her opinion, it far exceeds every other remedy now in use. The name of the lady, and further particulars can be learned by calling on Mrs. Hardie, Manhattan place, or E. L. Theall, Druggist, corner of Rutgers and Monroe streets.

P. S. Dr. M'Lane's celebrated Vermifuge, also his Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable Drug Stores in the United States and British Provinces. Purchasers will please be careful to ask for and take none but Dr. M'Lane's Vermifuge. All others, in comparison, are worthless. W. T. BAIRD, Agent for Woodstock.

MARRIED: On Thursday 27th ult by the Rev. Thos. Todd, Mr. William Cook to Miss Nancy Porterfield, both of the Parish of Brighton. On the 25th ult., by the Rev. Wm. Allen, Walter Kirkpatrick to Miss Margaret Kirkpatrick, both of the Parish of Richmond.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE. PERSONS having Store Accounts (of over three months standing) are requested to settle them immediately with Geo. A. Bartley. You must not expect any further notice than this, as the very low prices at which I sold the goods renders any further dunning out of the question. I have already put the Constable in motion, and will keep right on through. F. P. SHARP. 10th January, 1853.



CROWN LAND OFFICE, December 29, 1855. THE undermentioned Lots of Crown Lands will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on Tuesday the 6th day of February next, at noon, by the respective Deputies, at their Offices, agreeably to the Regulations of 11th May 1843, and no sale on credit will be made to any person who is indebted to the Crown for previous purchases. (Not to interfere with the right to cut Timber or other Lumber under Licences applied for previous to the applications for the purchase of the Lots.) (No person is allowed to hold more than one hundred acres payable by instalments). YORK. At the Crown Land Office. 297 acres, lot R, block 36, Mamers Sutton, Marshall Robertson. VICTORIA. By Deputy Hartley, Grand Falls. 95 acres, lot 75, Colebrook east, L. B. Rainsford. 95 acres, lot 77, Colebrook east, W. Rainsford. 16 JAMES BROWN, Sur. Gen.

CROWN LAND OFFICE, January 9, 1856. THE right of Licence to cut and carry away Timber and Lumber until the 1st day of May 1856, from Berths applied for by the following persons, in the undermentioned situations, will be offered for sale by Public Auction at this Office, on Wednesday the 27th day of January inst.—Sale to commence at noon. (Not to interfere with any Lots of Land located, or which may have been applied for within one year previous to the date of entry of the application for Licence.) (In all cases of competition the purchaser must immediately pay the amount of purchase money, or else the Berth will be again offered for sale, excluding bids from the defaulter.) All Berths within ten miles of the proposed Lines of Railroad will be subject to the prior right of the European and North American Railway Company to take Timber or other material for the construction of the Railway. No. Name. Sq. Miles. Situation. 245 William E. Perley, 2 S. Branch Oromocto. 246 James Power, 2 Caranquet River. 247 Caleb Bartlett, 2 Bonny River. 248 Alex. Goodfellow, 2 Tabusintac. 249 Michael Bryson, 2 Haawell Lake. 250 Robert Johnston, Jr. 2 Bel River. 251 John M'Dougall, 2 Little Black River. 252 Wm. J. Fraser, 2 Black River. 253 L. P. W. Desbriay, 3 Kouchibouguac. 24*20 JAMES BROWN, Sur. Gen.

Found. Found. A BAG containing a small sum of money; the owner can have the same by applying at this Office. Jan. 9th.