

present a plain surface on the two sides and lower end; the side facing the current being of a wedge shape, in order to break and turn aside the blocks of ice, to provide against whose destructive power has been the great engineering difficulty of the enterprise.

BY TELEGRAPH.

[Reported for the Sentinel.]

ARRIVAL OF THE "ARABIA."

HALIFAX, Dec. 3.

Arabia arrived at Halifax at 1, P.M.

British ships *James Baynes* and *Lightning* arrived at Liverpool with £300,000, specie. In connection therewith, the *Times* anticipates an early return to six per cent. The Bank returns for this week show considerable increase in bullion, and in unemployed notes; bullion now £9,684,000, and the notes £3,606,815.

British Government has ordered steamboats to be fitted out, under efficient officers, to examine thoroughly the coasts of Ireland and Newfoundland, and to sound across the Atlantic between these points, to ascertain the best places for laying and landing the submarine cable. The Government further agrees to guarantee four per cent. interest per annum on the whole capital required to manufacture and lay down the cable, one half by Glass & Co., London, the other by Norrell, Liverpool.—It is all to be completed, and placed on board two steamers, ready for sea, on or before 31st May next, and by the 4th of July next it is confidently expected that England will be in telegraph communication with the U. S.

PARIS, Friday, 21st.—Everything announced a vigorous reaction in the French funds. Closed today as follows: 67½, 75c. 41½; per cents, 91½, 60c.

The condition of the Bank continues to improve. A republican movement has taken place in Spain at Malaga. There have been slight disturbances at Madrid. M. De Bonteniff had again endeavored to obtain from the Porte the dismissal of the English ships from the Bosphorus.

The attempts of Teroukh Khan had failed to effect with Lord Redcliffe a settlement of the disputes between England and Persia.

An English frigate had arrived at Constantinople, and other ships were expected.

All the prisoners at the Malagan insurrection had been executed. The elections at Lisbon have not been favorable to the Government.

Governor of Palermo has ordered a strict surveillance to be exercised upon all French and English commercial vessels.

It is announced that England has agreed to pay to Denmark, as price of redeeming the Sound Dues, a capital sum calculated on an annual revenue of £45,000, stg. British vessels at present pay £70,000 yearly as passing tolls.

Breadstuffs dull, with a declining tendency.—Consols, 92½.

DROWNED.—The dead body of an unknown man was found near Reed's Point Wharf, on Thursday afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock, by two young lads named Daley and Bridges. The deceased was seen to fall through that part of the wharf which remains uncovered, on the evening of the 26th.—Search was made at the time by Sergeant Murray of the Police Force and others, but the effort was without success. The locality is a dangerous one after dark. It is not improbable that sailors or others may have lost their lives there and never been heard of afterwards. We are informed that there is also a dangerous place at the end of the North Wharf, which is liable to cause similar accidents with persons not acquainted with the locality.

REVOLUTIONARY AREA OF THE UNITED STATES.—An American paper reviewing the progress of the United States, says:—

"The territory settled at the time of the Revolution was confined to the Atlantic States, and even the western border was a mere wilderness. The western two-thirds of the States of New York and Pennsylvania were wholly unoccupied. The population line of 1776, forms a narrow belt of two hundred miles width, along the Atlantic coast, limited at the Alleghany ridge. The present great cities were then small towns of some half dozen to twenty thousand inhabitants. New York had a population of about 23,000."

READING A QUALIFICATION.—In the state of Connecticut it has now become a provision of their Constitution, that no person shall be entitled to vote unless he can read or write. At the recent Presidential election, 400 were deprived of the privilege of voting, in consequence of their ignorance, and not being possessed of this qualification.

A great tumult has been raised among the Manchester Presbyterians on account of the Bishop of Manchester having used these words at a public meeting in that town:—"There was one person present whom they ought to hail with more than ordinary interest and satisfaction—a Presbyterian of the Established Church of Scotland. I care not what may be the import attached to the words I utter now, I hail him as a brother in all sincerity and truth." These remarks, conceived and expressed in the spirit of the Church of England, have upset and disquieted the Tractarian divines. They must nevertheless refresh the spirit of those who, sick of sectarian

rivalry, hail with delight every effort to realize the brotherhood of true Christian Ministers. It is only just to add that the bishop's catholic remarks were reciprocated by Dr. Cumming in the same spirit, amid the applause of nearly 6,000 people in the magnificent Free Trade Hall.—*English paper.*

POLICY OF PRESIDENT BUCHANAN.—A Correspondent of the *New York Tribune*, who professes to speak from personal knowledge, says that Mr. Buchanan has come to the following resolution in regard to his cabinet:—

One point is settled in his mind and avowed to his personal friends, that is to imitate the example of General Jackson, by making the Cabinet a unit, and unmaking it, if the purpose be not attained at the first experiment. He is sensible that General Pierce's administration split on the rock of attempting to make harmony with incongruous elements and hostile factions. He believes himself firm in this and other resolves, forgetting his former facile shortcomings.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN WESTMORELAND.—We regret to learn that the Mills of Mr. Frederick Chapman, at Shemongue, in the parish of Botsford, were destroyed by fire, on the night of the 14th instant, together with a blacksmith's shop, a valuable horse, and other property. The origin of the fire has not been ascertained, but there does not appear to be any reason to believe that it was otherwise than accidental. Mr. Chapman was uninsured, and had recently expended a considerable sum in the repair and improvement of his premises. The whole neighborhood deeply sympathize with Mr. Chapman in his loss: more especially as his Mill, with its improvements, would have been a great public benefit. His obliging disposition, no less than his general character, had secured him the esteem of all his acquaintances.—*Courier.*

TERRIBLE DISASTER.—A steamer from Constantinople has brought the intelligence that a Greek merchant of *Solonique*, the ancient Thessalonica of the New Testament, had smuggled two hundred and thirty-five barrels of powder, which he concealed in his store. By some accident, of which the particulars are not given, fire was communicated to the powder, and from the great quantity an explosion followed of fearful destructiveness. A great part of the city was laid in ruins, and nine hundred of the inhabitants are supposed to have perished. The population was about 70,000, of which a very large number were Jews. It had a large commerce, many imposing and beautiful monuments of antiquity, with ten great mosques and numerous Greek churches and Jewish synagogues. The American Board had a mission established here for some years in behalf of the Jews, which has lately been abandoned.

FIRE AT PRESQUE ISLE.—The dwelling house of Hiram Brackett, in Presque Isle, was totally destroyed by fire on the night of the 19th inst. It is supposed the fire took near the fire place about an hour after the family had retired. Most of the furniture was saved by the activity and promptness of the citizens of the village. Loss about \$800, no insurance.—*Bangor Courier.*

The Chinese potato is likely to succeed in the United States, after all; Mr. Piine, of Flushing, L. I., has 35,000 plants of it, and he says it will make good bread, and supersede every other potato, and in thirty years the annual crop in that country will exceed the cotton crop in value.

Will our agricultural friends send for a few of the above, and afford New Brunswick climate an opportunity to prove its efficacy.—*Chronicle.*

RAILWAYS IN THE GOLDEN LAND.—A "Geelong and Ballarat Railroad" is advertised. The line is to form the first section of a direct railway between Victoria and Adelaide. The capital is to be £1,000,000; and a guarantee interest is to be sought from the Colonial Legislature.

Mrs. Selwick, the authoress, died in Stockbridge, Mass., on the 21st ult.

EDUCATIONAL.—The estimated amount of money required this year by the Board of Education of the City of New York, for the support of the present Public School system, is no less than \$1,100,410.82. The appropriation for the present year is nearly exhausted, and the Board is in debt to that city \$125,000.

The ultimatum recently presented by England and France to the Court of Naples was couched nearly in the following words:—"That France and England had no intention to interfere in the Affairs of Naples; but inasmuch as the friendly representations had produced no good effects, they would not permit their Legations to sanction by their assistance a system of Government of which they could not approve. The British fleet would remain at Malta, and the French fleet at Toulon; and, from time to time, a vessel would be despatched to see whether the presence of a portion or the whole of the fleet was needed for the protection of the subjects of the two Powers—for other motives it would not come.

GOOD BUSINESS RULES.—If you want to buy anything; if you want to sell anything; if you want to tell anything; if you want to hear anything; if you want to do anything; if you want anything done; if you want to build up a profitable business—ADVERTISE.

AN ENGLISH SENTENCE.—They do not trifle with defaulters in England. Robson, the Secretary of the Crystal Palace Company, has been tried, found guilty, and sentenced to twenty years imprisonment. Within half an hour of the sentence having been pronounced, he was stripped of his ordinary habiliment, clothed in a convict's dress, and became the associate of half a dozen other transports.

Money may now be transmitted between the principal cities of the British empire by electric telegraph! This facility is afforded to the banking and commercial public by the "Electric and International Telegraph Company." Any amount, from £5 upwards, paid in at one end of the wire, is paid out at the other in a few minutes! Of course, in the transaction of this kind of business the utmost accuracy is necessary, and to prevent the possibility of mistake, the message is repeated back before the money is paid. This operation occupies an additional minute and a half, but for all practical purposes the transmission of money is immediate. "Prompt cash," between Glasgow and London, may now mean cash in five minutes."

A correspondent of the *London Post* writing from St. Petersburg, states that a powerful company has been formed in that city, under government patronage, for the purpose of steam navigation on a grand scale. Twenty screw steamers, of the largest class, are to be built for it as soon as possible,—some in America, some in England, and a few in Russia.

WHAT A CITY.—A ragged school association, in a public appeal, states that there are in London 1,400,000 who never attend public worship, 150,000 habitual drunkards, 150,000 open profligates, 20,000 professed beggars, 10,000 gamblers, 30,000 destitute children, and 30,000 receivers of stolen goods. More than 10,000 young men under eighteen years of age are annually committed for theft in Great Britain.

PRICES CURRENT.

COUNTRY MARKET, ST. JOHN, NOV. 19, 1856.

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Butter in firkins, per lb.	1	0	1	2
" " " " "	1	3	1	4
Beef, per lb.	3	4	3	4
Mutton, " "	3	4	3	4
Pork, " "	5	4	5	4
Cheese, " "	6	4	6	4
Oatmeal, per cwt.	18	4	19	4
Buckwheat Meal, per cwt.	12	6	15	4
Oats, per bush.	2	6	2	10
Potatoes, " "	3	6	4	6
Turnips, " "	2	4	2	6
Flour, per bbl.	40	4	50	4

WOODSTOCK, DEC. 6, 1856.

	s.	d.	s.	d.
Potatoes, per bush.	2	6	2	6
Turnips, " "	1	0	1	0
Butter, per lb.	1	0	1	0
Cheese, " "	0	7	0	7
Beef, " "	3	4	3	4
Geese, each, 1s. 9d.	2	0	2	0
Turkeys, per lb.	5	4	5	4
Eggs, per doz.	0	7	0	7
Oats, per bush.	2	10	2	10

New Advertisements.

Just Received,

And for sale by the subscriber,

Cheap for Cash or Country Produce!

10 CASKS best Cognac BRANDY, 5 do. Holland GIN, 5 do. Jamaica SPIRITS, 100 bbls. Superfine FLOUR, 50 do. CORN MEAL, 15 do. Heavy Mess PORK, 50 bags Salt, 100 bbls. Labrador Herrings, such as never were in this market before; 4 tiers Rice, 15 lbs. Porto Rico Molasses, 4 hds. Sugar, 50 qts. Codfish, 17 chests fine Congou Tea, 10 boxes Saleratus, Starch, Pepper, Spice, Mustard, 5 bbls. Fluid, 5 do. Pale Seal Oil, 5 cwt. White Lead, Boiled and Raw Oils, Rope, Horse Traces, Crosscut Saws, together with a general assortment of Hardware, Crockery, in fact, everything that a person needs in town or country. I would more particularly call your attention to those Labrador HERRINGS, which I have taken so much pains to procure.

HENRY DOW,

Market Square.

Woodstock, Dec. 3.

Wines, Brandy, Gin, Spirits, Jamaica do., Whiskey, &c.,

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL,

AT PRICES BELOW THE ORDINARY MARKET RATES.

For Sickness!—10 doz. Bottles PORT WINE, ordered expressly for medicinal purposes.

Woodstock, Dec. 3. 15 W. W. HAMMOND.

GROCERY AND LIQUOR STORE.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has opened the Store formerly occupied by Mr. Robert Brown, and more recently by Mrs. Murphy, next below Mr. Skillen's, Water-street, where he intends to keep on hand a general assortment of

Groceries and Liquors,

of the best description, among which may be found the following, viz.:—Hennessey's best Brandy, Holland Gin, West India Rum, Port and Sherry Wine, Alcohol, Molasses, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Saleratus, Starch, Mustard, Ginger, Candles, Soap, Tobacco, Salt, Cigars, Snuff, and all articles usual in a Grocery establishment. Also

A Select Lot of Dry Goods,

comprising, in part,—White and Grey Cottons, Calicoes, Orleans, Coburgs, White, Red and Salisbury Flannels, Rook, Milled and Swiss Muslins, Laces, Edgings, Threads, &c., &c., together with some choice CROCKERY and GLASS WARE.

In offering these Goods to the public, the subscriber would say that they are all of the best description, and he trusts, by strict attention to business, to gain a share of patronage.

Purchasers would do well to call before laying out their money elsewhere, and convince themselves that this is no puff.

Country Produce taken in exchange.

OWEN KELLY,

Woodstock, Dec. 1, 1856.

I want Money or Produce!

FOR THE FOLLOWING ARTICLES:

100 BBLs. FLOUR; 50 bbls. MEAL; 100 do. Labrador Herrings; 100 Sacks Salt; 10 chests Tea; 6 hds. Molasses; 4 hds. Sugar; 8 kgs. Tobacco; 8 boxes Candles; 10 boxes Soap; 6 bbls. Burning Fluid; And a large stock of Groceries, too numerous to mention. Woodstock, Dec. 3. W. W. HAMMOND.

WANTED.

1000 BUSHELS good merchantable OATS. Dec. 6. 15-1m E. ATKINSON.

New Advertisements.

Woodstock Mechanics' Institute.

THERE will be a Meeting of the Directors and Officers of the Mechanics' Institute held in the office of D. L. DIBLEE, Esq., on Monday evening next, at 7 o'clock. A full and punctual attendance is requested, as business of much importance will be brought before the meeting.

By Order.

JAS. ROBERTSON, President.

M. M'GUIRE, Secretary.

Woodstock, Dec. 4, 1856.

LOST! LOST!

BETWEEN St. Luke's Church and the Wesleyan Meeting House, an imitation Sable RIDING BOA. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving it at the office of the *Carleton Sentinel*. Dec. 6. 1w

Cash! Cash!

LUKE PETIT hereby gives notice that he will pay cash and the highest prices for Hides and Cat-Skins, at his Tannery. Woodstock, Nov. 25. 14

M. QUINN'S Tailoring Establishment,

CORNER MAIN & WATER STS.

FOR the very liberal patronage extended by his friends and the public since his removal to his present Stand, M. Q. would desire to return his sincere thanks. With increased facilities for making up Garments, and having received a large and elegant assortment of English, French and German

Fancy Vestings, Cloths, Tweeds, Doeskins, &c.

suitable for the present season, he feels prepared to state that he will execute all orders entrusted to him at short notice and most reasonable prices.

Persons finding their own Cloth can have it made up on accommodating terms.

Orders for CUTTING promptly attended to.

Woodstock, Nov. 29.

NEW STORE

AT UPPER WOODSTOCK.

THE subscribers take this means of informing the inhabitants of Upper Woodstock and surrounding country, that they have commenced business at the above place, in the Store formerly owned by

LOOMER & WOODWORTH,

where they will keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries,

—ALSO—

HARDWARE AND PROVISIONS,

which will be sold a little cheaper than they can be had at any other Store in Woodstock.

All we ask is that customers will call and examine for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

Country Produce taken in exchange.

RICHARD KETCHUM,

FRANCIS W. BULL.

Upper Woodstock, Nov. 9th, 1856. 14

FLOUR, CORN MEAL AND PORK.

In Store—600 bbls. Extra Super FLOUR; 150 do. Superfine do. 430 bbls. Kila Dried CORN MEAL; 30 do. Heavy Mess PORK.

For sale at market rates.

St. John, Nov. 26, 1856. 14 READ & LUNT.

23 South Wharf.

CHOICE TEA.—20 chests and 16 hf. chests Extra

Fine Breakfast Souchong.

St. John, Nov. 26, 1856. 14 READ & LUNT.

23 South Wharf.

BUTTER.—50 Firkins prime Camberland BUTTER;

2 bbls. do. do.

St. John, Nov. 26, 1856. 14 READ & LUNT.

23 South Wharf.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

ANY quantity of Homespun PANTS, SOCKS, and MITTS, in exchange for Goods—at CASH PRICES.

J. BRADLEY.

Woodstock, November 28, 1856. 1m14

ALBION HOUSE,

Queen-street, Fredericton.

JOHN THOMAS & CO.,

Importers of Dry Goods,

HAVE completed their FALL IMPORTATION, which embraces all the newest styles of

Dresses, Shawls, Cloaks and Mantles,

with a large stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS.

Our Assortment is now COMPLETE, our Goods entirely

NEW, and our Prices REASONABLE!

Sales made for READY MONEY only.

As we open no Accounts, we can afford to sell at a

Small Advance on Cost.

We respectfully invite the attention of Country Merchants, and Buyers generally, to our present Stock.

JOHN THOMAS & CO.

Fredericton, Nov. 19, 1856.

OWNER WANTED.

FOR 12 Bbls. FLOUR and 2 Bbls. PORK, marked J. M'UTCHEON, which were brought to the subscriber by J. Lockwood, supposing him to be the owner.

JOHN M'KON.

Woodstock, Nov. 29. [From. 1i.]

Large Importations.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and the public, that his FALL STOCK is now complete, comprising in part—

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

MADE CLOTHING,

MILLINERY,

HATS, CAPS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

ROOM PAPER, &c. &c.

Not deeming it necessary to take up a column of a Newspaper in particularizing the different articles now in Stock.

Parties in want of Goods would do well to call and see for themselves, as my present Stock is the

LARGEST & MOST VARIED

I have ever offered, and at such prices as will satisfy those who may pay my establishment a visit.

J. BRADLEY.

Woodstock, November 20th, 1856. 14